# PUBLIC ACCOUNTS 2014 | 15

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

### **VOLUME 4**

THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF FUNDS, ORGANIZATIONS, AGENCIES AND ENTERPRISES INCLUDED IN THE GOVERNMENT REPORTING ENTITY



# PUBLIC ACCOUNTS 2014/15

For the Year Ended March 31, 2015

### **VOLUME 4**

the financial statements of funds, organizations, agencies and enterprises included in the government reporting entity



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#### INTRODUCTION TO THE PUBLIC ACCOUNTS OF MANITOBA

The Public Accounts of the Province of Manitoba are prepared by statutory requirement, in accordance with *The Financial Administration Act*, which is Chapter F55 of the Continuing Consolidation of the Statutes of Manitoba. The Public Accounts for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015 consist of the following volumes:

#### Volume 1

- Volume 1 is published as part of the Government's Annual Report and contains:
  - The Economic Report
  - The Financial Statement Discussion and Analysis.
  - The audited Summary Financial Statements of the government focusing on the entire reporting entity.
  - Other audited and unaudited Financial Reports.

#### Volume 2

- Contains the audited Schedule of Public Sector Compensation Payments of \$50,000 or more as paid through the Government Departments as well as those paid by Special Operating Agencies.
- Contains details of unaudited Consolidated Fund and Special Operating Agencies' payments in excess of \$5,000 to corporations, firms, individuals, other governments and government agencies.

#### Volume 3

- Contains a reconciliation of core government results to summary results.
- Contains the details of selected core government financial information.
- Contains the details of the core government revenue and expense.
- Contains information provided under statutory requirement.

These statements are all unaudited with the exception of the following:

The Report of Amounts Paid or Payable to Members of the Assembly

#### Volume 4

 Contains a compendium of unaudited financial statements of special funds and audited financial statements of organizations, agencies and enterprises included in the Government Reporting Entity, but is not considered to be part of the Public Accounts of Manitoba.

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Prairie Spirit School Division	June 30, 2014	353
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Seine River School Division	June 30, 2014	413
Seven Oaks School Division	June 30, 2014	425
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Home Inc. Golden Links Lodge	March 31, 2015	430
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Rest Haven Nursing Home	March 31, 2015	498
Rock Lake Health District	March 31, 2015	517
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<ul> <li>First Nations of Southern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority</li> <li>Funeral Board of Manitoba</li> <li>General Child and Family Services Authority</li> <li>Helen Betty Osborne Memorial Foundation</li> <li>Insurance Council of Manitoba</li> <li>Leaf Rapids Town Properties Ltd.</li> <li>Legal Aid Manitoba</li> <li>Liquor and Gaming Authority of Manitoba</li> <li>Manitoba Agricultural Services Corporation</li> </ul>	March 31, 2015 December 31, 2014 March 31, 2015	246 266 277 293 294 306 307 328 346

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<ul><li>Manitoba Water Services Board</li><li>Metis Child and Family Services Authority</li></ul>	March 31, 2015 March 31, 2015	580 595

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### **SPECIAL FUNDS**

# THE ABANDONMENT RESERVE FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	1,462,260	1,238,169
RECEIPTS: Royalties	273,250 9,054 282,304	394,693 13,552 408,245
DISBURSEMENTS: Rehabilitation payments	76,181	184,154
Balance, end of year	1,668,383	1,462,260

# THE BIODIESEL FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year		
RECEIPTS: Miscellaneous		
DISBURSEMENTS: Payments		
Balance, end of year	<u> </u>	

# THE COMMUNITY REVITALIZATION FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	78,917	
RECEIPTS: Levy Revenues	904,210	78,917
DISBURSEMENTS: Payments	825,013	
Balance, end of year	158,114	78,917

# THE ETHANOL FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of period		8,579,058
RECEIPTS: Transfer of Gasoline Tax Revenue	17,144,717	6,642,771
DISBURSEMENTS: Payments	17,144,717	15,221,829
Balance, end of period		

# THE FARM MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT ACT FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	544,307	539,514
RECEIPTS: Interest Revenue	4,746	4,793
DISBURSEMENTS: Claims	<del>-</del> _	
Balance, end of year	549,053	544,307

# FINANCIAL LITERACY FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	81,344	87,048
RECEIPTS: Department of Family Services	24,500	22,000
DISBURSEMENTS: Payments	6,176	27,704
Balance, end of year	99,668	81,344

# THE FISH AND WILDLIFE ENHANCEMENT FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	<u> </u>	
RECEIPTS: Miscellaneous	2,162,773	
DISBURSEMENTS: Payments	647,652	
Balance, end of year	1,515,121	

# LAND TITLES ASSURANCE FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	279,200	355,666
RECEIPTS: Premiums		53,217
DISBURSEMENTS: Claims		129,683
Balance, end of year	279,200	279,200

# MANITOBA LAW REFORM COMMISSION STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	93,334	96,248
RECEIPTS: Department of Justice	85,000	85,000
DISBURSEMENTS: Claims Program and Operating Expenses	41,520 49,339 90,859	34,555 53,359 87,914
Balance, end of year	87,475	93,334

# MANITOBA TRUCKING PRODUCTIVITY IMPROVEMENT FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	1,464,833	1,151,772
RECEIPTS: Contributions	_	<u>-</u>
Interest	12,906	2,373
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	310,688
	12,906	313,061
DISBURSEMENTS:		
Payments		
Balance, end of year	1,477,739	1,464,833

# THE MINING COMMUNITY RESERVE STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	<b>2014</b> \$
Balance, beginning of year	17,072,382	17,543,118
RECEIPTS: Transfer of Mining Tax Revenues Interest received during the year	155,021 88,881 243,902	533,253 115,903 649,156
DISBURSEMENTS:  Manitoba Geological Survey's Far North Geomapping Initiative Inc	- 490,670 35,969 - 99,434 - 75,000 - 485,400 303,000 - 1,489,473	- 845,529 16,363 - - 18,000 - - 240,000 - 1,119,892
Balance, end of year	15,826,811	17,072,382

# THE MINING REHABILITATION RESERVE FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	13,560,897	14,413,597
RECEIPTS: Royalties		
Interest	11,139 11,139	11,308 11,308
DISBURSEMENTS: Payments	126,467	864,008
Balance, end of year	13,445,569	13,560,897

# THE QUARRY REHABILITATION RESERVE FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	5,070,259	5,846,227
RECEIPTS: Royalties Interest	2,842,887 27,128 2,870,015	2,528,510 36,567 2,565,077
DISBURSEMENTS: Rehabilitation payments	3,137,777	3,341,045
Balance, end of year	4,802,497	5,070,259

# THE VETERINARY SCIENCE SCHOLARSHIP FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	<b>2015</b> \$	<b>2014</b> \$
Balance, beginning of year	7,850	7,978
RECEIPTS: Repayment of bursaries	9,000	12,247
DISBURSEMENTS: Payment of bursaries awarded under the Veterinary Science Scholarship Act	11,250	12,375
Balance, end of year	5,600	7,850

### VICTIMS ASSISTANCE FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	<b>2015</b> \$	<b>2014</b> \$
Balance, beginning of year	3,112,322	2,734,240
RECEIPTS: Surcharge on Provincial Fines	7,343,387 22,526 7,365,913	6,223,337 22,770 6,246,107
DISBURSEMENTS: Grants	5,872,703	5,868,025
Balance, end of year	4,605,532	3,112,322

# WASTE REDUCTION AND RECYCLING SUPPORT (WRARS) FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	9,598	9,377
RECEIPTS: Levy Revenues	9,890,918	9,607,070
DISBURSEMENTS:  Municipal Rebates  Program and Operating Expenses	8,943,384 - 8,943,384	7,565,435 2,041,414 9,606,849
Balance, end of year	957,132	9,598

# WORKPLACE SAFETY AND HEALTH PUBLIC EDUCATION FUND STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance, beginning of year	13,142	7,642
RECEIPTS: Department of Labour and Immigration	32,500	8,000
DISBURSEMENTS: Payments	<del>-</del> _	2,500
Balance, end of year	45,642	13,142

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### **CROWN ORGANIZATIONS**

Financial Statements March 31, 2015



July 7, 2015

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### To the Board of Governors of Addictions Foundation of Manitoba

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Addictions Foundation of Manitoba, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Addictions Foundation of Manitoba as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2015

	2015 \$	2014
Assets	•	*
Current assets Cash Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Vacation pay recoverable from the Province of Manitoba (note 4)	10,022,138 635,263 121,516 667,567	8,399,117 541,224 111,300 667,567
	11,446,484	9,719,208
Capital assets (note 5)	10,196,294	10,644,965
Recoverable from Manitoba Health (note 12)	313,222	332,996
Recoverable from the Province of Manitoba Pre-retirement pay (note 7) Long-term pension funding (note 8)	1,153,316 26,243,533	1,153,316 25,603,565
	49,352,849	47,454,050
Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued vacation pay (note 4) Current obligations under capital lease (note 6)	2,373,624 1,436,716 46,371	1,737,873 1,443,179 36,303
	3,856,711	3,217,355
Obligations under capital lease (note 6)	65,577	39,402
Credit facility (note 12)	311,756	332,996
Accrued pre-retirement pay (note 7)	2,327,195	2,293,196
Provision for employee pension benefits (note 8)	26,243,533	25,603,565
Deferred contributions (note 9)	7,566,062	7,920,882
	40,370,834	39,407,396
Net assets Invested in capital assets Internally restricted (note 10) Unrestricted	2,806,676 150,000 6,025,339	3,002,594 150,000 4,894,060
	8,982,015	8,046,654
	49,352,849	47,454,050
Commitments (note 11)		

### Approved by the Board of Directors

Original Document Signed		Original Document	Signe	d
- 6	Chair	8	O	Audit Committee Chair
· · · · · ·				_

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

**Statement of Operations** 

For the year ended March 31, 2015

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Revenue		
Government of the Province of Manitoba		
Operating	21,573,100	20,278,000
Contract funding		
1-800 Phone Line	-	80,004
Knowledge Exchange	3,564	217,499
Riverpoint Centre	(402 EGE)	30,000
Long-term pension - net (note 8)	(193,565) 249,450	14,811
Capital (projects) Manitoba Liquor & Lotteries (Social Responsibility - Gambling)	3,253,100	123,143 3,692,100
Manitoba Liquor & Lotteries (Social Responsibility - Gambling)  Manitoba Liquor & Lotteries (Social Responsibility - Liquor)	1,450,811	323,000
Healthy Living, Seniors and Consumer Affairs Grants	1,430,011	323,000
Marymound Inc.	2,712,000	2,593,000
Main Street Project	-	187,800
Behavioral Health Foundation	-	10,000
Family Services and Labour Funding - Youth Residential Program	255,700	255,700
Term Credit Facility Funding - principal	-	133,390
Term Credit Facility Funding - interest	5,982	3,014
FASD Addictions Services Program	210,930	167,301
Drug Treatment Court Program	465,231	472,409
Drug Treatment Housing Program	-	243,332
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (note 9(b))	383,575	383,632
Other (schedule A)	2,514,790	2,909,727
	32,884,668	32,117,862
Evnances		
Expenses Salaries	14.054.002	14 000 112
Wages	14,954,903 3,062,724	14,800,113 3,086,150
Amortization	699,045	692,458
Drug Treatment Court Program	441,231	448,409
Drug Treatment Housing Program	-	221,211
Employee benefits	1,840,124	1,717,185
Grants to external agencies	, ,	, ,
Marymound Inc.	2,712,000	2,593,000
Main Street	-	187,800
Behavioral Health Foundation	-	10,000
Health and post-secondary education tax levy	384,045	379,360
Pension (note 8)	2,063,001	1,932,346
Fees	634,333	576,854
Food and household supplies	671,215	622,540
Materials, repairs and maintenance	1,087,099	1,110,341
Medical services and supplies  Pont incurance and property toyon (note 11)	475,411	557,486 458 200
Rent, insurance and property taxes (note 11) Other (schedule B)	1,428,776 1,495,400	458,300 1,378,855
Other (soliedule b)	1,430,400	1,370,000
	31,949,307	30,772,408
Surplus	935,361	1,345,454

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31, 2015

				2015	2014
	Invested in capital assets \$	Internally restricted \$	Unrestricted \$	Total \$	Total \$
Balance - Beginning of year	3,002,594	150,000	4,894,060	8,046,654	6,701,200
Surplus	(315,470)	-	1,250,831	935,361	1,345,454
Investment in capital assets	119,552	-	(119,552)	-	
Balance - End of year	2,806,676	150,000	6,025,339	8,982,015	8,046,654

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2015

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Cash provided by (used in)		
Operating activities Surplus Items not affecting cash Amortization Amortization of deferred capital contributions Loss on disposal of capital assets	935,361 699,045 (383,575)	1,345,454 692,458 (383,632) 6,158
Changes in non-cash working capital items     Accounts receivable     Prepaid expenses     Long-term pension funding commitment     Accounts payable and accrued liabilities     Accrued vacation pay     Provision for employee pension benefits  Net change in accrued pre-retirement pay Net change in deferred contributions related to future expenses	1,250,831 (94,039) (10,216) (639,968) 634,285 (6,463) 639,968 33,999 (65,824)	1,660,438 253,375 (29,769) (741,684) 432,532 (25,428) 741,684 102,485 22,241 2,415,874
Investing activities Additions to capital assets	(250,374)	(556,258)
Financing activities Proceeds on capital lease obligations - net of payments Deferred contributions received related to capital assets	36,243 94,579 130,822	(15,356) 301,116 285,760
Increase in cash during the year	1,623,021	2,145,376
Cash - Beginning of year	8,399,117	6,253,741
Cash - End of year	10,022,138	8,399,117

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015

# 1 Nature of the Foundation

Addictions Foundation of Manitoba (the Foundation) is incorporated under the *Addictions Foundation of Manitoba Act*. The Foundation is the provincial authority for providing prevention, education and treatment programs related to addictions to individuals and communities and for promoting the health and well-being of Manitobans. In this respect, the Foundation is dependent upon funding from the Government of the Province of Manitoba. The Foundation is a registered charity within the meaning of the *Income Tax Act*.

# 2 Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations (GNFPO) in CICA Public Sector Accounting Handbook Section PS4200.

# 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

### Cash

Cash includes bank balances and petty cash on hand.

# Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost and contributed capital assets are recorded at their fair value at the date of contribution. The amortization methods and annual rates applicable to the various classes of assets are as follows:

Buildings 5% declining balance
Computer equipment 30% declining balance
Furniture and equipment 20% declining balance
Leasehold improvements Straight-line over the term of the lease

Assets under capital leases are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the asset. Costs incurred for construction in progress are not amortized until construction is complete.

# **Revenue recognition**

The Foundation follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as deferred contributions until the year in which the related expenses are incurred, at which time they are recognized as revenue. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Recovery of wages, medical and treatment services is recognized as revenue upon completion of the related treatment. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements **March 31, 2015** 

# Vacation pay

The Foundation records a liability with respect to vacation pay entitlements accrued and unused as at year-end. This amount is based on current remuneration.

### **Pension costs**

Pension payments are recognized as operating expenses as payments are made under provisions of *The Manitoba Civil Service Superannuation Act*. The provisions of this Act require the Foundation to contribute to the fund 50 percent of the pension obligation upon commencement of an employee's retirement for employees hired prior to October 1, 2002. For employees hired on or after October 1, 2002, the Foundation is required to make an equivalent contribution of 6.6 percent based upon an employee's pensionable earnings up to the yearly maximum pensionable earnings (YMPE) as based upon the Canada Pension Plan; and 8.5 percent on pensionable earnings in excess of the YMPE. These contributions are also recognized as operating expenses. In addition, a provision has been recorded in the accounts of the Foundation for the employer's share of current and past service pension obligations.

### **Financial instruments**

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost.

Amortization cost is determined using the effective interest rate method.

Gains and losses on financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the Statement of Operations in the period the gain or loss occurs.

# Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# 4 Vacation pay recoverable from the Province of Manitoba

The Province of Manitoba funds a portion of the vacation pay benefits of the Foundation, limited to the amount estimated as at March 31, 1995. Accordingly, the Foundation has recorded a receivable in the amount of \$667,567 (2014 - \$667,567) from the Province of Manitoba which reflects the estimated liability for accumulated vacation pay benefits as at March 31, 1995. The vacation pay recoverable has no specified terms of repayment.

The Foundation is expected to fund the change in the liability from annual funding provided by the Province of Manitoba. As at March 31, 2015, the liability for accrued vacation pay is \$1,436,716 (2014 - \$1,443,179).

Notes to Financial Statements **March 31, 2015** 

# 5 Capital assets

			2015	2014
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net \$	Net \$
Land	713,106	-	713,106	713,106
Buildings	12,966,298	4,684,540	8,281,758	8,703,540
Computer equipment	2,132,495	1,665,245	467,250	514,520
Furniture and equipment	904,603	542,869	361,734	359,405
Leasehold improvements	642,125	361,900	280,225	299,574
Construction in progress	92,221	-	92,221	54,820
	17,450,848	7,254,554	10,196,294	10,644,965

Included in computer equipment are assets under capital lease with an original cost of \$235,496 (2014 - \$145,965) and accumulated amortization of \$122,547 (2014 - \$70,645).

# 6 Obligations under capital lease

	2015 \$	2014 \$
2015	-	39,231
2016	52,224	26,596
2017	38,939	13,311
2018	26,736	1,107
2019	4,353	
Net minimum lease payments Less: Amount representing interest	122,252 (10,304)	80,245 (4,540)
Present value of net minimum capital lease payments Less: Current portion	111,948 (46,371)	75,705 (36,303)
	65,577	39,402

# 7 Province of Manitoba pre-retirement pay

The Foundation maintains an employee pre-retirement benefit plan for substantially all of its employees. The plan provides benefit payments to eligible retirees based on length of service and on career earnings from initial eligibility. As at March 31, 2015, the obligation for pre-retirement pay is estimated to be approximately \$2,327,195 (2014 - \$2,293,196) for which the Foundation has recorded an accrued pre-retirement pay liability on the statement of financial position

Notes to Financial Statements **March 31, 2015** 

The amount of funding which will be provided by the Province of Manitoba for pre-retirement pay was initially determined based on the pre-retirement pay liability as at April 1, 1998 and was recorded as a receivable from the Province of Manitoba. Since fiscal 1999, the Foundation has received funding on an annual basis from the Province of Manitoba, which includes funding for the change in the pre-retirement pay liability and retirement payments in the year, including an interest component on the pre-retirement pay receivable. The pre-retirement pay recoverable from the Province of Manitoba at March 31, 2015, aggregates \$1,153,316 (2014 - \$1,153,316) and has no specified terms of repayment.

# 8 Provision for employee pension benefits

The Foundation records the actuarial pension liability and the related pension expense including an interest component, in its financial statements. Based on the most recent actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013, the Foundation has recorded an amount of \$26,243,533 (2014 - \$25,603,565) in its financial statements, representing the estimated unfunded liability for the Foundation's employees as at March 31, 2015. Total net pension expense of \$2,063,001 (2014 - \$1,932,346) has been recorded in the statements of operations.

The Province of Manitoba has accepted responsibility for the pension liability and the related expense including the interest component. The Foundation has therefore recorded an amount recoverable from the Province of Manitoba of \$26,243,533 (2014 - \$25,603,565) equal to the estimated value of its actuarially determined liability in its financial statements. The Foundation has recorded the associated revenue or expense for the change in the liability in the period offset by the contributions made to the Fund in the amount of \$833,533 (2014 - \$726,874). The Province of Manitoba makes payments on the receivable when it is determined that the funding is required to discharge the related pension obligation.

Provision for employer's share of employees' pension plan:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance - beginning of year	25,603,565	24,861,881
Change in trust account held by Province of Manitoba Benefits accrued	(61,056) 1,106,479	(62,765) 1,099,225
Interest accrued (6.5%; 2014 - 6.5%)	1,852,860	1,743,580
Benefits paid Amortization of actuarial loss (gain)	(2,338,481) 80,166	(2,055,518) 17,162
Balance - end of year	26,243,533	25,603,565

The actuarial valuations as at December 31, 2013 and 2012 were completed in December 2014 and 2013, respectively, and the resulting adjustment recorded in the year ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. This resulted in higher (2014 - higher) pension expense and a corresponding adjustment to long-term pension revenue, net in the statement of revenue and expenses in 2015 and 2014.

There is a net unamortized actuarial loss of \$1,436,962 (2014 - \$(1,145,810)) to be amortized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service life of the related employee group (13 years).

# 9 Deferred contributions

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Future expenses (a) Capital assets (b)	288,392 7,277,670	354,216 7,566,666
	7,566,062	7,920,882
a) Future expenses		
	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance - beginning of year Contributions received in the current year Amount recognized as revenue in the current year	354,216 272,132 (337,956)	331,975 322,341 (300,100)
Balance - end of year	288,392	354,216

# b) Capital assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized amount of grants, donations and other revenue received for the acquisition of capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of revenue and expenses. The changes in the deferred contributions related to capital assets are as follows:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Balance - beginning of year	7,566,666	7,649,182
Add: Contributions received for capital purposes	94,579	301,116
Less: Amortization of deferred contributions	(383,575)	(383,632)
Balance - end of year	7,277,670	7,566,666

Unamortized capital contributions include amounts received from the Province of Manitoba for the purchase of capital assets, including amounts to repay the operating interim construction loan credit facility in prior years for the Thompson facility. The Foundation has executed a promissory note payable to the Government of Manitoba for the contribution relating to the Thompson Facility.

Manitoba Health has agreed to fund the principal and interest payments owing on the promissory note over the 20 year term of the debt, and accordingly the loan is presented as a deferred contribution by the Foundation. In the event that such payments are not made, the principal outstanding together with interest owing shall, at the Government of Manitoba's option, become due and payable on demand.

Notes to Financial Statements

March 31, 2015

The balance of the promissory note described above for the Thompson facility is as follows:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Thompson facility Opening balance	6,893,312	7,333,312
Less: Payments made by Manitoba Health	(440,000)	(440,000)
	6,453,312	6,893,312

# 10 Internally restricted net assets

Internally restricted net assets represent commitments for future expenditures on projects and capital expenditures. At the time the commitments are settled, expenditures are recorded in the statement of financial position or statement of revenue and expenses as appropriate and the restrictions are removed.

Internal restrictions in the amount of \$150,000 (2014 - \$150,000) have been imposed relating to the potential cancellation of Ontario Health referrals.

# 11 Commitments

The Foundation leases buildings and equipment under long-term operating leases which expire at various dates between 2015 and 2019. Certain leases contain renewal options at rates to be negotiated. Future minimum lease payments required under operating leases that have initial lease terms in excess of one year are as follows:

	Φ
2016	320,496
2017	239,978
2018	186,894
2019	150,719
2020	10,351

The Foundation is currently negotiating a long-term lease agreement with Manitoba Housing for their new facility for the Men's Program. The associated rent expense, representing the last 10 months of the fiscal year, is \$989,000.

# 12 Credit facility

The Foundation executed a credit facility with a maximum term of 20 years bearing interest at prime less 0.90%. The debt was used to repair and complete necessary upgrades to the facilities. Manitoba Health has agreed to fund the project, and will be paying the annual principal of \$35,340. Total principal and interest payments for the year amounted to \$45,239 (2014 - \$7,660).

Notes to Financial Statements **March 31, 2015** 

# 13 Financial instruments

The fair value of the pre-retirement pay recoverable, credit facility, capital leases and the long-term pension funding recoverable from the Province of Manitoba approximates the carrying value as the interest component (see notes 6, 7, 8 and 12) is comparable to current market rates.

The fair value of accounts receivable, vacation pay recoverable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and accrued vacation pay approximates their carrying value due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk refers to the adverse consequences of interest rate changes in the Foundation's cash flows, financial position and expenses. This risk arises from differences in the timing and amount of cash flows related to the Foundation's liabilities. This risk is not significant to the Foundation as there is minimal debt held by the Foundation subject to floating interest rates.

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a financial loss could arise from a counterparty not being able to meet its obligations. The Foundation's financial assets that are exposed to credit risk consist of accounts receivable. The Foundation performs regular assessments on the collectability of its accounts receivable. The risk is not significant to the Foundation as substantially all of the receivables are from the government.

# 14 Comparative figures

Certain prior year balances have been reclassified to conform to the current year financial statement presentation.

Other Revenue Schedule A

For the year ended March 31, 2015

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Impaired Drivers' Program fees	1,041,070	1,065,030
School Support Program  Resolvery of warres, medical and treatment services and travel expenses	666,469	673,876
Recovery of wages, medical and treatment services and travel expenses Rosaire House Contract Funding	476,517 106,333	868,761 87,000
Training course fees	41,827	53,569
Donations	20,534	19,026
Interest	107,706	78,890
Property and parking rentals	29,081	31,810
Manitoba Government and General Employees' Union	20,782	15,024
Miscellaneous	4,471	16,741
	2,514,790	2,909,727

Other Expenses Schedule B

For the year ended March 31, 2015

2015 \$	2014 \$
106,204 22,293 14,112 71,076 359,874 13,883 2,248 249,593 43,644 35,704 36,412 278,966 261,390	38,997 24,060 9,140 79,694 342,058 6,625 6,158 546 227,730 52,643 24,775 33,495 252,988 279,946
	\$ 106,204 22,293 14,112 71,076 359,874 13,883 - 2,248 249,593 43,644 35,704 36,412 278,966

# **Assiniboine Community College**

Financial Statements
For the year ended June 30, 2014

# **Assiniboine Community College**

# Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

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BDO Canada LLP 148 - 10th Street Brandon MB R7A 4E6 Canada

# Independent Auditor's Report

# To the Directors of Assiniboine Community College

We have audited the financial statements of Assiniboine Community College, which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2014, and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. These financial statements are the responsibility of the organization's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Assiniboine Community College as at June 30, 2014, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Chartered Accountants

Brandon, Manitoba October 21, 2014

BAO Canoda um

# ASSINIBOINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousand \$)

<u>ASSETS</u>	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013
CURRENT		
Cash and short term investments (note 2)	8,038	5,326
Accounts receivable (note 3)	2,293	2,044
Inventories (note 4)	55	49
Prepaids	824	864
•	11,210	8,282
NON-CURRENT		·
Due from Province of Manitoba (note 5)	1,999	1,999
LAND, BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENT (note 6)		
Land, buildings and equipment (note 6)	11,484	11,858
Library holdings (note 6)	661	661
	12,145	12,519
	25,354	22,800
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
CURRENT		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7)	6,387	5,338
Deferred revenue (note 8)	2,980	2,125
Current portion of long term debt (note 9)	120	115
	9,486	7,578
NON-CURRENT		
Long term loan (note 9)	246	355
Accrued Sick Leave (note 10)	552	513
Accrued severance liability (note 11)	2,692	2,569
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,489	3,437
DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS		
Deferred contributions related to capital assets (note 12)	6,117	5,933
NET ASSETS		
Net assets invested in capital assets	5,663	6,117
Net assets internally restricted (note 13)	595	595
Unrestricted net assets	5	(859)
	6,262	5,852
	25,354	22,800

# ASSINIBOINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousand \$)

	Budget	2014	2013
REVENUES			
Academic training fees	3,682	3,514	3,350
Grants	27,671	27,671	26,243
Market driven training	2,177	2,873	2,585
Continuing studies	1,530	1,553	1,430
Ancillary services	174	177	175
Apprenticeship training	2,701	2,677	2,517
Other revenue	578	818	592
Amortization of deferred contributions	1,419	1,419	1,425
-	39,932	40,702	38,317
EXPENDITURES			
Academic	22,840	23,196	21,942
Administration	7,251	7,517	6,816
Program support	2,144	2,159	2,023
Plant	4,593	4,512	4,435
Management information services	1,112	919	1,352
Library	326	312	327
Ancillary services	20	30	19
Amortization of capital assets	1,646	1,646	1,650
•	39,932	40,291	38,564
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	•	411	(247)

# ASSINIBOINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousand \$)

	2014	2013
Cash from operating activities		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	411	(247)
Amortization of capital assets	1,646	1,650
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(1,419)	(1,425)
Change in non-cash working capital items	1,743	1,551
Net cash generated through operating activities	2,381	1,529
Financing and investing activities		
Purchase of capital assets	(1,272)	(2,035)
Donated capital assets	•	(115)
Contributions received for capital purposes	1,603	1,709 <sup>´</sup>
Net cash used in financing and investing activities	331	(441)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and short term investments	2,712	1,088
Cash and short term investments, beginning of year	5,326	4,238
Cash and short term investments, end of year	8,038	5,326

ASSINIBOINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousand \$)

	INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS	INTERNALLY RESTRICTED	UNRESTRICTED	2014 TOTAL	2013 TOTAL
Balance - beginning of year	6,116	595	(859)	6,852	6,099
Excess of revenue over expenditures			411	411	(247)
Transfer to internally restricted					
investment in capital assets	(453)	)	453		
Balance - end of year	5,663	595	5	6,263	5,852

# June 30, 2014

# 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## **Nature of Operations**

Assiniboine Community College operates under the authority of The Colleges Act, Chapter C150.1 of the Continuing Consolidation of the Statutes of Manitoba and is a registered charity under the Income Tax Act.

In accordance with the activities or objectives specified by donors and other sources outside the College and in keeping with their mandate to operate the College, the Board of Governors may approve transfers between funds to achieve the financial objectives of the College. Effective June 1998, the Assiniboine Community College Foundation was created to administer the collection and disbursement of endowment funds and undertake fundraising events.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the organization are the responsibility of management. They have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations as established by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### **Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, equities traded on an active market and derivatives are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in operations, other than financial instruments related to endowment funds. In addition. all bonds and guaranteed investment certificates have been designated to be in the fair value category, with gains and losses reported in operations, other than financial instruments related to endowment funds. Changes in fair value of financial instruments related to the endowment fund are recognized directly in net assets. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs related to the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each statement of financial position date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

# **Inventories**

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the first-in, first-out method.

### June 30, 2014

# Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Land, Buildings and Equipment Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is provided using the straight-line method at the following rates:

Buildings	2 %
Buildings - greenhouse	10 %
Computers and electronics	33 %
Computer systems	10 %
Computer equipment	20 %
Furniture and equipment	10 %
Leasehold improvements	2 %
Laptop program	50 %
Vehicles	30 %

No amortization is taken in the year of acquisition. Contributed capital assets are recorded at the fair value at the date of contribution.

A base library was established at April 1, 1993. holdings are accounted for using the "base stock" method with current library acquisitions not capitalized because annual library acquisitions net of annual library dispositions are not significant. The base stock is reviewed annually to determine if adjustments are required to the total library stock held.

Leases

A lease that transfers substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership is classified as a capital lease. The College evaluates all leases at the inception of the lease agreement to determine if it should be classified as a capital or operating lease. Where a capital lease is identified, the amount of the payment made each year is capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method over the lesser of five years or the remaining lease term. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and rental payments are expensed as incurred.

### June 30, 2014

# 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## **Revenue Recognition**

Government grants are recognized when the amount to be received is readily determinable and revenue is earned.

Tuition and other training revenue is recognized when collection is expected and the revenue has been earned.

The deferral method of accounting for contributions is used. Restricted contributions are deferred and matched with the related expenses when incurred.

Donations are reported when received. Donations of capital assets are reported at fair market value.

# **Employee Future Benefits**

The college provides severance benefits based on length of service and final earnings, payable on retirement, death, or permanent lavoff. Accounting standards require the recognition of a liability and an expense for such employee future benefits in the period in which the employee renders service in return for the benefits. The recognition date begins on the hiring date or the date when credited service begins, and runs until the date when full eligibility is attained. The cost of these future benefits earned by employees is determined by an actuary using the projected benefit method pro rated on service and management's best estimates for the discount rate for liabilities. the rate of salary escalation and the ages of employees. The discount rate used to determine the accrued benefit obligation was determined by reference to market interest rates at the measurement date on high-quality debt instruments with cash flows that match the timing and amount of expected benefit payments. There are no assets supporting the plan benefits.

Actuarial gains and losses are fully recognized in the year immediately following the year in which they arise.

# June 30, 2014

# Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future. Significant estimates included in the financial statements are:

- Allowance for doubtful accounts
- Accrued severance liability
- Accrued sick pay liability
- Valuation of library holdings

### 2. Cash and Short Term Investments

	2014	2013
Cash	151	443
Term deposits - Manitoba Finance	7,887	4,883
	8,038	5,326

Cash and cash equivalents includes bank accounts and term deposits with maturity dates three months or less.

2014

2,294

2013

2,044

June 30, 2014

3. Accounts Receivable

Currer	. 4		
I HIPPOP			

Tuition and contract training 1,987 1,554
Goods and Services Tax rebate 36 61
Allowance for doubtful accounts (200) (83)

**1,823** 1,532

Non-current
Payroll advance
471 512

The payroll advance represents funds advanced to employees as a result of timing differences in payroll dates due a system conversion. The amounts are to be repaid to the College when

# 4. Inventories

employment ceases.

	2014	2013
Books and supplies	55	49

Inventory expensed during the fiscal year was \$1,832,963 (in actual \$) (2013 - \$1,739,165).

June 30, 2014

### 5. Due from Province of Manitoba

	2014	2013
Non-current		
Severance pay	1,124	1,124
Vacation pay	875	875
	1,999	1,999

The Province of Manitoba has guaranteed the receivable for severance and vacation pay in the amount of \$1,999,250 (in actual \$). The amount of this deferred funding was established in 1998 and was calculated as the severance and vacation pay owing at that time to employees for pre-1998 employee service. The amount of this receivable will not change as the liability for vacation and severance pay increases or decreases on an annual basis. The receivable is non-interest bearing and no payment terms have been established. To date, the College has paid out \$1,784,251 in severance pay relating to pre-1998 employee service (in actual \$). No payments have been received from the Province with respect to this receivable.

# 6. Land, buildings and equipment

		2014		2013
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Cost	Accumulated Amortization
Land Buildings	4 3,206	- 286	4 3,187	- 119
Computer systems, equipment and electronics Furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements Laptop program Vehicles	10,679 17,272 4,072 107	8,826 13,153 1,491 107 3	10,068 16,675 4,027 107	8,135 12,418 1,441 107
	35,350	23,866	34,078	22,220
Net book value		11,484		11,858
Library holdings, at estimated value	e		661	661

June 30, 2014

7.	Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities		
		2014	2013
	Trade payables Accrued wages and vacation pay	1,686 4,701	1,242 4,096
		6,387	5,338
8.	Deferred Revenue	2014	2013
	Opening tuition and commitment fees	316	230
	Opening contract training fees Opening other deferrals/revenue	744 304	714 304
	Opening provincial grant		682
	Total opening deferred revenue	2,125	1,930
	Tuition and commitment fees received	393	529
	Contract training fees received	9,117	6,987
	Other deferrals/revenue received	367	211
	Provincial grant received	5,898	1,939
	Total received	15,775	9,666
	Tuition and commitment fees recognized	(431)	(443)
	Contract training fees recognized	(9,022)	(6,957)
	Other deferrals/revenue recognized	(253)	(211)
	Provincial grant recognized	(5,214)	(1,860)
	Total recognized	(14,920)	(9,471)
	Ending tuition and commitment fees	278	316
	Ending contract training fees	839	744
	Other deferrals/revenue	418	304
	Ending provincial grant	1,445	761
		2,980	2,125

June	30.	2014
------	-----	------

2014	2013
366	470
120	115
246	355
	366 120

Principal repayments for the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2015	120
2016	125
2017	121
	366

# 10. Accrued Sick Leave

Assiniboine Community College provides sick days to their employees. The most recent actuarial valuation was at June 30, 2014.

The accrued benefit liability for accrued sick pay is reported in the college's Statement of Financial Position under Accrued Sick Pay Obligation.

Information about the college's accrued sick pay is as follows:

mornation about the conege's accrack sick pay is as follows.	2014	2013
Accrued sick pay obligation	552	513

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the college's accrued sick pay obligation are as follows:

	2014	2013
Discount rate	6.0	6.0
Rate of compensation increase	3.75	3.75

## June 30, 2014

# 11. Accrued Severance Liability

Assiniboine Community College provides certain severance benefits payable upon retirement. The most recent actuarial valuation was at June 30, 2014.

The accrued benefit liability for employee future benefits is reported in the college's Statement of Financial Position under Accrued Severance Liability.

Information about the college's employee future benefits is as follows:

	2014	2013
Accrued severance liability to date Prior year adjustment	2,692 -	2,658 (89)
Accrued severance liability on statement of financial position	2,692	2,569
Interest cost Current service cost	164 200	186 207
Current year severance expense	364	393
Accumulated benefits paid	1,785	1,707

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the college's accrued severance liability and cost are as follows:

	<u> </u>	2013
	·	
Discount rate	6.0	6.0
Rate of compensation increase	3.75	3.75

# 12. Deferred Contributions Related to Capital Assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized portion of contributed capital assets and restricted contributions received that were used to purchase the College's capital assets. Recognition of these amounts as revenue is deferred to periods when the related capital assets are amortized.

	2014	2013
Net book value, beginning of year Add: Capital contributions during the year Less: Current year amortization	5,933 1,603 (1,419)	5,650 1,708 (1,425)
Net book value, end of year	6,117	5,933

Ju	ne	30.	201	4

13.	Net Assets Internally Restricted		
		2014	2013
	General Reserve, opening balance Appropriations Withdrawals	595 - -	595 - -
	General Reserve, ending balance	595	595
14.	COPSE Grants		
		2014	2013
	Grants Received Add:	29,089	27,622
	Less: Deferred capital contributions	(1,418)	(1,114)
		27,671	26,508
	Represented by: Base Market Driven Training	27,671 	26,243 265
		27,671	26,508

# 15. Pension Costs and Obligations

The College's employees are eligible for membership in the Civil Service Superannuation Plan operated by the Province of Manitoba. Although this is a defined benefit pension plan, any experience gains or losses determined by actuarial valuations are the responsibility of the Province of Manitoba. Accordingly, no disclosure has been made in the financial statements relating to the effects of participation in the pension plan by the College and its employees. Effective October 1, 2009, the College is responsible for paying their portion of the current pension costs on behalf of all employees enrolled in the Civil Service Superannuation Plan.

### June 30, 2014

### 16. Commitments

The College has entered into various leases for classroom space, office equipment and a maintenance agreement for the Colleague computer system. The following represents the future payments (in actual dollars):

2014/15	1,565,562
2015/16	628,239
2016/17	602,685
2017/18	475,854
2018/19	319,208

# 17. Economic Dependence

The College presently receives annual funding of approximately \$27,670,990 (\$26,242,696 in 2013) from the Province of Manitoba to finance operations and capital acquisitions (in actual \$). The College is economically dependent on the Province of Manitoba for funding.

# 18. Cash Flows - Supplemental Information

The college paid interest on long term debt in the year of \$20,299 (2013 - \$25,147) (in actual \$). In the year, the college received interest of \$104,462 (2013 - \$81,304) (in actual \$).

June 30, 2014

# 19. Financial Risk Management

There have been no substantive changes in the entity's exposure to financial instrument risks. The board monitors the financial statements including its financial instruments on a monthly basis to determine if there any increases or changes in its risk.

The principal financial instruments used by the entity, from which financial risk arises, are as follows: cash and short-term investments, receivables and payables, accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

### **Market Risk**

Market risk is the risk the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other price risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The investments of the entity are held for trading instruments which are exposed to interest rate risk. The long term debt is also affected by interest rate risk.

Foreign exchange risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The US bank account of the entity is exposed to foreign exchange risk.

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk. The entity is not exposed to other price risk.

# **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the entity will encounter difficulty in having available sufficient funds to meet its commitments. It is the entity's policy to ensure that it will have sufficient cash and short term investments to allow it to meet its liabilities when they come due.

### **Credit Risk**

Credit risk arises principally from receivables. The entity's receivables relate primarily to tuition, sponsorships, refundable GST, and various other trade receivables. The credit risk is minimal.

### 20. Income Taxes

The College is exempt from income taxes.

# June 30, 2014

# 21. Consolidation

The activities of the Assiniboine Community College Foundation Inc. and the Assiniboine Campus-Radio Society Inc. have not been consolidated with the accounts of Assiniboine Community College. The above entities are not controlled or significantly influenced by the College and are governed by their own Board of Directors. The effect of these entities on the financial statements of the College, had these entities been consolidated, would be as follows (in actual dollars):

	micrease
	(Decrease)
Cash	159,025
Accounts receivable	23,205
Investments	2,485,208
Equipment	10,594
Accounts payable	7,718
Deferred revenue	1,148,759
Deferred contributions	90,595
Unrestricted net assets	(20,785)
Endowment funds	1,441,150
Invested in capital assets	10,595
Revenue	446,314
Expenditures	454,995





BDO Canada LLP 148 - 10th Street Brandon MB R7A 4E6 Canada

# Auditor's Comments on Supplementary Financial Information

# To the Directors of Assiniboine Community College

We have audited the financial statements of Assiniboine Community College, which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2014, and the statement of operations, statement of changes in net assets, and cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting polices and other explanatory information, and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2014 which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. The audit was performed to form an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from the underlying accounting records and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such supplementary information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Chartered Accountants

Brandon, Manitoba October 21, 2014

# ASSINIBOINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE UNAUDITED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousand \$)

<b>,</b> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Budget	2014	2013
Academic Training Fees Day program tuition fees	3,682	3,514	3,350
Grants Provincial (note 14)	27,671	27,671	26,243
Market Driven / Contract Training (schedule 2)	2,177	2,873	2,585
Continuing Studies (schedule 3)	1,530	1,553	1,430
Ancillary Services (schedule 4)	174	177	175
Apprenticeship Training (schedule 5)	2,701	2,677	2,517
Sundry and Other Revenue Interest Other	64 515 578	104 714 818	81 511 592
Amortization of Deferred Capital Contributions	1,419	1,419	1,425
Total Revenue	39,932	40,702	38,318

# ASSINIBOINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE UNAUDITED SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousand \$)

Schedule 1 Continued

	Budget	2014	2013
Academic			
Salaries			
Instructional	13,408	13,966	13,172
Administrative	3,091	2,917	2,890
Program Support	207	210	228
Fringe Benefits	2,299	2,199	2,070
Operating	3,835	3,904	3,582
	22,840	23,196	21,942
Administration			<u> </u>
Salaries	4,135	4,002	3,299
Fringe Benefits	1,130	1,052	1,012
Operating	1,985	2,463	2,505
	7,251	7,517	6,816
Program Support			
Salaries	1,697	1,712	1,592
Fringe Benefits	242	244	218
Operating	205	203	213
	2,144	2,159	2,023
Plant			
Salaries	613	660	586
Fringe Benefits	101	99	85
Operating	3,879	3,753	3,764
	4,593	4,512	4,435
Management Information Services			
Salaries	517	516	838
Fringe Benefits	78	70	114
Operating	517	333	400
	1,112	919	1,352
Library			
Salaries	221	209	213
Fringe Benefits	35	32	30
Operating	70	71	84
	326	312	327
Ancillary Services (schedule 4)	20	30	19
Allomary Dervices (soliedule 4)			10
Amortization of Capital Assets	1,646	1,646	1,650
Total Expenditures	39,932	40,291	38,564

# ASSINIBOINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE MARKET DRIVEN TRAINING UNAUDITED SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousand \$)

	Budget	2014	2013
Revenue			
Tuition fee contracts	93	176	127
Contract training	658	1,140	1,224
Grants	1,187	1,313	1,136
Other revenue	239	244	98
Total Revenue	2,177	2,873	2,585
Expenditures Direct Expenditures			
Instructional salaries	880	1,346	1,196
Fringe benefits	108	162	130
Operating	380	635	440
, ,	1,368	2,143	1,766
Indirect Expenditures			
Administrative salaries	227	181	175
Fringe benefits	33	25	23
Operating	51	61	57
	311	267	255
Total Expenditures	1,679	2,410	2,021
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	498	462	563

# ASSINIBOINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE CONTINUING STUDIES UNAUDITED SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousand \$)

·	Budget	2014	2013
Revenue			
Brandon campus	664	553	468
Dauphin campus	124	78	60
Winnipeg campus	119	167	32
Regional centres	623	755	870
Total Revenue	1,530	1,553	1,430
Expenditures			
Direct Expenditures			
Instructional salaries	501	387	417
Fringe benefits	47	35	39
Operating	222	203	190
	770	625	646
Indirect Expenditures			
Administrative salaries	431	405	423
Fringe benefits	66	63	55
Operating	112	140	91
•	609	608	569
Total Expenditures	1,380	1,233	1,215
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	150	320	215

# ASSINIBOINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE ANCILLARY SERVICES UNAUDITED SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousand \$)

	Budget	2014	2013
Revenue	174	177	175
Expenditures			
Salaries & benefits	0	0	0
Operating	20	29	19
Total Expenditures	20	29	19
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures	154	148	156

# ASSINIBOINE COMMUNITY COLLEGE APPRENTICESHIP UNAUDITED SCHEDULE OF REVENUE AND EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousand \$)

Schedule 5

	Budget	2014	2013
Revenue			
Tuition Revenue	2,701	2,677	2,517
Expenditures			
Direct Expenditures			
Instructional salaries	2,015	2,027	1,878
Fringe benefits	299	275	248
Operating	533	465	537
Total Expenditures	2,847	2,767	2,663
Deficiency of Revenue Over Expenditures	(146)	(90)	(146)

## Assiniboine Community College Schedule 6 - Schedule of Board Member Compensation

For the year ended June 30		2014
Alexander Murray	\$	1,500
Andrew Humphreys		900
Henry Bart		450
J Crookshanks		750
Jana Schott		750
Janet Chaboyer		450
John Andrew		1,350
Laura Kempthorne		1,800
Martijn Van Luijn		2,900
Michael Cox		2,300
Randolph Brown		1,800
Raymond Berthelette		1,800
Richard Baker		1,350
Taylor Johnson		1,050
Terry Parlow		1,500
Vickie Hanwell-McLean		1,800
	<u>\$</u>	22,450

(In actual dollars)

#### **BRANDON UNIVERSITY**

#### Responsibility for Financial Statements

The Office of the Vice-President (Administration & Finance) of Brandon University is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and accompanying notes. The financial statements are prepared in conformity with the accounting policies noted in the financial statements, and are reviewed and approved by the Board of Governors. The statements are examined by the Auditor General of Manitoba, whose opinion is included herein.

To fulfil its responsibility, the University maintains internal control systems to provide reasonable assurance that relevant and reliable financial information is produced.

Original Document Signed

Original Document Signed

William Schaffer Treasurer, Board of Governors

Scott J. B. Lamont, FCGA, MBA Vice-President (Administration & Finance)

June 27, 2015



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Lieutenant Governor-in-Council
To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba
To the Board of Governors of Brandon University

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Brandon University, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Brandon University as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

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June 27, 2015 Winnipeg, Manitoba Norm Ricard, CA Auditor General

### Statement of Financial Position as at March 31, 2015

ASSETS		2015	2014
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Short-term investments		\$ 4,036,348	\$ 2,476,171
Accounts receivable (note 3)		1,000,000	700,000
Inventories (note 8)		1,984,779	2,589,465
Prepaid expenses		605,245	581,169
		375,019	462.615
		8.001.391	6,809,420
Long-term Investments (note 4)		1.000,000	600,000
Capital Assets and Collections (notes 21 and 9)		62,205,261	60.895,306
,		\$ <u>71,206,652</u>	\$ <u>68,304,726</u>
2			
LIABILITIES & NET ASSETS Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$ 3,948,772	\$ 3,756,141
Unearned revenue		169,099	103,481
Deferred contributions (note 10)		3,048,627	2,807,650
Current portion of long-term debt (note 13)		82,006	71.281
Long-Term Liabilities		7.248,504	6.738.553
Unfunded post-employment benefits (note 12)		1,512,729	1,481,961
Unfunded pension liability (note 11)		21,559,000	25,098,000
Mortgages payable (note 13)		1.113.385	698.797
			036,797
		24.185,114	<u>27.278.758</u>
Unamortized Deferred Capital Contributions (not	e 10)	50.263,259	48,795,107
Net Assets			
Unrestricted net assets			
Operating			
Post-employment benefits and compensate	rl absences	2.057,154	2,335,401
Pension liability	d dosenees	(1,705,380)	(1,542,857)
Vacation pay		(21,559,000)	(25,098,000)
		(900.838)	(873.651)
Internally restricted net assets (note 7)		(22,108,064)	(25,179,107)
Investment in capital assets and collections		1,310,588 10,307,251	1,008,951
		10,307,231	9,662,464
		_(10.490,225)	<u>(14.507.692</u> )
		\$ <u>71.206.652</u>	\$ <u>68,304,726</u>

Approved by the Brandon University Board of Governors on June 27, 2015

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Treasurer

Vice-President (Administration & Finance)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### Statement of Changes in Net Assets for the year ended March 31, 2015

for the year ended March 31	, 201.			Internally	 nvestment in		Total		Total
		Unrestricted Net Assets		Restricted Net Assets	apital Assets d Collections		2015		2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$	(25,179,107)	\$	1,008,951	\$ 9,662,464	\$	(14,507,692)	\$	(14,554,292)
Excess of revenues over expenses		4,017,467					4,017,467		40,350
Direct increases to net assets Donations of capital assets									6,250
Transfers									
Internally funded									
Capital asset additions		(1,671,572)			1,671,572				
Capital disposals (net)		4,869			(4,869)				
Amortization		1,096,603			(1,096,603)				
Repayment of long-term debt		(74,687)			74,687				
Allocation to internally restricted	1								
net assets		(316,212)		316,212					
Internally restricted									
net asset purchases	-	14,575		(14,575)	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	_		_	
Balance, end of year	\$	(22,108,064)	<b>\$_</b>	1,310,588	\$ 10,307,251	\$_	(10,490,225)	\$_	(14,507,692)

#### **Statement of Operations**

for t	the	vear	ended	March	31,	2015
-------	-----	------	-------	-------	-----	------

	2015	2014
Revenues		
Tuition fees and other student fees	\$ 9,092,676	\$ 8,799,780
Grants		
Advanced Learning Division	38,199,149	37,356,060
Province of Manitoba	329,236	506,237
Government of Canada	1,519,438	1,543,967
Sales of goods and services	6,518,608	6,316,068
Brandon University Foundation	2,992,490	2,029,441
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	2,267,059	2,261,793
Interest income	60,628	54,232
Miscellaneous	921,771	839,022
	61,901,055	59,706,600
Expenses		
Salaries - academic	24,104,292	22,335,407
Salaries - support	13,499,928	13,037,892
Benefits	4,128,956	7,584,281
Travel	1,652,251	1,619,681
Supplies and consumable expenses	6,828,830	7,140,945
Major renovations	239,347	325,330
Property taxes	105,392	134,573
Utilities	986,342	1,146,415
Cost of goods sold	1,558,370	1,602,123
Scholarships and bursaries	1,332,688	1,277,669
Interest on long-term debt	79,532	67,627
Amortization expense	3,363,672	3,394,307
Loss on disposal of capital assets	3,988	
	57,883,588	59,666,250
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$ <u>4,017,467</u>	\$ 40,350

#### **Statement of Cash Flow**

for the ye	ear ended	March	31,	2015
------------	-----------	-------	-----	------

	2015	2014
Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities		
Net excess of revenues over expense before interest	\$ 4,036,371	\$ 53,745
Interest received	60,628	54,232
Interest received	(79,53 <u>2</u> )	(67,627)
Excess of revenues over expenses	4,017,467	40,350
Items not affecting cash flow	4,017,407	40,550
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(2,267,059)	(2,261,793)
Amortization of deferred capital contributions  Amortization of capital assets	3,363,672	3,394,307
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(3,988)	3,374,307
Net change in non-cash operating working capital	(3,700)	
Accounts receivable	604,686	(718,451)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	192,631	(1,239,539)
Deferred contributions	240,977	(1,23),33) $(1,139)$
Unfunded post-employment benefits and compensated absences	30,768	12,344
Unfunded pension liability	(3,539,000)	(1,307,000)
Other non-cash working capital	129,138	(169,092)
Other hon-eash working capital	127,130	(10),0)2)
	2,769,292	(2,250,013)
Cash Provided By (Used In) Capital Activities		(2,200,013)
Capital asset additions	(4,678,496)	(2,500,870)
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	8,857	(2,500,070)
1 roccods on disposar of capital assets	0,037	
	(4,669,639)	(2,500,870)
Cash Used In Investing Activities		
Purchase of short-term investments	(300,000)	(600,000)
Purchase of long-term investments	(400,000)	(600,000)
	,	
	(700,000)	(1,200,000)
Cash Provided By (Used In) Financing Activities		
Long-term debt repayments	(74,687)	(65,745)
Mortgage on 215 & 223 18th Street	500,000	
Capital contributions	3,735,211	3,279,218
	4,160,524	3,213,473
Increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,560,177	(2,737,410)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	2,476,171	5,213,581
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$4,036,348	\$ <u>2,476,171</u>

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Authority and Purpose

Brandon University operates under the authority of the Brandon University Act of the Province of Manitoba. Brandon University offers undergraduate programs in arts, science, education, music, and health studies; and offers graduate programs in education, music, health studies, environmental & life sciences and rural development. The University is a registered charity and is exempt from the payment of income taxes.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Reporting Practices

#### A. General

Brandon University's financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) for government not-for-profit organizations (GNFPOs), including the 4200 series of standards as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

#### B. Fund Accounting

The University uses fund accounting to segregate accounts to be used for specific purposes.

Restricted funds include the research and special project fund, special program fund, and capital fund. The purpose of the research and special project fund is to report the restricted revenues and expenses for these activities. The special program fund reports revenues and expenses for the education programs of PENT, CBE and BUGDEP. The capital fund reports revenues and expenses for major renovation projects and for the acquisition of capital assets.

Unrestricted funds include the general operating fund and Ancillary Services. The purpose of the general operating fund is to report revenues and expenses for operating, research and special projects, and capital activities funded from unrestricted revenues. The purpose of the Ancillary Services fund is to report the revenues and expenses of the residences, food services, bookstore and parking. Ancillary Service funds include a grant for payment of mortgages and sales of goods and services.

#### C. Revenue Recognition

Operating grants are recognized as revenue in the period received or receivable. Revenues received for the provision of goods and services are recognized in the period in which the goods are provided or the services rendered or substantially rendered and collection is reasonably assured.

The University accounts for contributions using the deferral method. Externally restricted non-capital contributions are recorded as deferred contributions when received or receivable and are recognized as revenue in the period in which the related expenses are incurred. Externally restricted amounts can only be used for the purposes designated by external parties.

Externally restricted contributions for the acquisition of capital assets having limited lives are recorded as deferred capital contributions in the period in which they are received or receivable, and, when expended, are transferred to unamortized deferred capital contributions. Unamortized deferred capital contributions are recognized as earned revenue in the periods in which the related amortization expense of the funded capital asset is recorded.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

#### D. Capital Grants

The University entered into promissory notes with the Provincial Government, for the the construction of capital assets and for deferred maintenance projects. These will be repaid from future funding provided by the Provincial Government through Advanced Learning Division (ALD), and are, in substance, capital grants. These grants, under the deferral method of accounting, are reflected as deferred capital contributions and unamortized deferred capital contributions in the statement of financial position. The interest expense and related funding from ALD, over the terms of the promissory notes, to offset the principal payments and interest expense, are both excluded from the statement of operations.

#### E. Cash & Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash balances with Canadian banks and highly liquid temporary money market instruments convertible to cash within three months or less.

#### F. Short-Term Investments

Short-term investments are recorded at amortized cost and are unspent operating, capital and restricted funds that are invested to generate income used to fund general operations of the University. These investments are acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the near term and are part of a portfolio of identified instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent pattern of short-term profit taking.

#### **G.** Long-Term Investments

Long-term investments are fixed income financial instruments, with maturity dates that exceed one year, that are part of a portfolio of identified instruments that are managed together. They are recorded at amortized cost and are unspent operating, capital and restricted funds that are invested to generate income used to fund general operations of the University.

#### H. Brandon University Foundation

Contributions from the Brandon University Foundation to the University are recorded as revenue in accordance with the University's revenue recognition accounting policy.

The accounts of the Brandon University Foundation do not form part of the financial statements of the University. The financial statements of the Foundation are audited on an annual basis.

#### I. Capital Assets and Collections

Capital assets purchased by the University are recorded at cost. Donated assets are recorded at the fair market value on the date received. On the disposition of a capital asset, both the cost and any accumulated amortization are removed from the accounts.

Capital assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Amortization rates are as follows:

Buildings	50 years
Furniture & equipment	10 years
Library collections	10 years
Computer equipment	5 years
Vehicles	5 years

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

The capital assets include collections of works of art, gemstones and rare books which have been donated to the University. These collections are not amortized.

#### J. Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value using a valuation allowance.

#### K. Pension Plan

The University contributes to the Brandon University Retirement Plan which is a trustee-administered pension plan for University employees. The pension expense is determined actuarially using the projected unit credit actuarial cost method pro-rated on service and management's best estimates of investment performance, salary escalation, retirement ages of employees and member mortality. Actuarial gains and losses are amortized on a straight line basis over the expected average remaining service life of active employees (EARSL), commencing in the year following the year the respective annual actuarial gains or losses arise.

The accounts of the Brandon University Retirement Plan are not consolidated in the financial statements of the University. The financial statements of the Plan are audited.

The University's pension liability is the net of pension obligations less Plan assets and adjusted for any unamortized actuarial gains or losses.

#### L. Other Post-Employment Benefits and Compensated Absences

The University provides severance and retiring allowance benefits based on length of service and final earnings, payable on retirement. Accounting standards require the recognition of a liability and an expense for such post-employment benefits in the period in which the employee renders service in return for the benefits. The recognition date for rendered service begins on the hiring date or the date when credited service begins, and runs until the date when full eligibility is attained. The cost of these post-employment benefits earned by employees is determined by an actuary using the projected benefit method pro-rated on service and management's best estimates for the discount rate, the rate of salary escalation and the retirement ages of employees. The discount rate used to determine the accrued benefit obligation was the same rate as used to value the University pension plan. There are no assets supporting the plan benefits. Actuarial gains and losses are amortized on a straight line basis over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL), commencing in the year following the year the respective annual actuarial gains or losses arise.

The University provides for compensated absences to certain employee groups for sick leave benefits that accumulate but do not vest. The cost of this benefit is estimated using the discounted cash flows of the average of the cost of the excess sick leave taken over the annual entitlement earned, as a series of payments over the average remaining service life of employees (EARSL). The discount rate used was the same rate used to estimate the University pension liability.

Certain other employees are entitled to 180 days of sick leave that are non-vesting, non-accumulating and are event driven. The benefit expense and liability are recorded when the event occurs.

#### M. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

period. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to the allowance for doubtful accounts, determination of useful lives of capital assets for amortization and of the liabilities for pension, severance and retiring allowances, and other compensated absences. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### N. Financial Instruments

The financial instruments of the University consist of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, long-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

In the Statement of Financial Position, cash and cash equivalents are measured at cost; short-term investments, long-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt at amortized cost, using the effective interest rate method.

#### 3. Accounts Receivable

		2015		2014
Student receivables	\$	912,591	\$	787,854
Brandon University Foundation		757,645		712,516
Government of Canada				531,000
Province of Manitoba		118,318		372,199
Miscellaneous		223,225		212,896
Less: allowance for doubtful accounts	_	(27,000)	_	(27,000)
	\$_	1,984,779	\$_	2,589,465

#### 4. <u>Long-Term Investments</u>

	2015	2014
Guaranteed investment certificates, interest bearing		
at 1.97% to 2.05%, maturing September 26, 2016	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 600,000

The fair value at March 31, 2015 is \$1,000,000.

#### 5. Financial Risk Management

Financial instruments are exposed to risk through the normal course of operations. These risks are managed through the University's collection procedures, investment guidelines and other internal policies, guidelines and procedures.

#### i) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk consists of these three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and other price risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The University is exposed to this risk through its interest bearing investments. The University's short-term and long-term investments are guaranteed investment certificates. Interest rates range from 1.75% to 2.05%. \$1,000,000 matures on July 2, 2016 and \$1,000,000 matures on September 26, 2016.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

Foreign currency risk is the risk the value of non-Canadian investments measured in Canadian dollars will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Brandon University has no investments held in foreign currencies.

Other price risk is the risk the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk.

#### ii) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk the University will encounter difficulty in having available sufficient funds to meet its commitments.

The cash flow of operating funds is prepared on a just in time basis. The short-term and long-term investments of the University are invested so maturity dates coincide with cash requirements. As well, the University has access to a short-term line of credit with CIBC which is designed to ensure sufficient funds are available as required.

#### iii) Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility a loss may occur from the failure of another party to perform according to the terms of a contract.

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at March 31 was:

	Carrying Amount			
	2015	2014		
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term investments	\$ 5,036,348	\$ 3,176,171		
Long-term investments	1,000,000	600,000		
Accounts receivable	1,984,779	2,589,465		
Totals	\$ <u>8,021,127</u>	\$ <u>6,365,636</u>		

The short-term and long-term investments of the University are purchases made with excess cash intended to be for short periods of time and are held in high quality instruments with a guaranteed credit rating of R1 or backed by an extremely strong borrower.

The credit risk from accounts receivable is relatively low as the majority of receivables are from students and the balance from government agencies. Credit risk from student receivables is managed through registration cancellations and by maintaining standard collection procedures.

There have been no substantive changes in the University's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks or the methods used to measure them from previous periods unless otherwise stated in this note.

#### 6. Brandon University Foundation

The Brandon University Foundation operates under the authority of the Brandon University Foundation Act. The Foundation is dedicated to promoting the advancement of higher education at Brandon University and improving the quality of its facilities and activities by raising funds for future operation and capital expenditures, research and student awards.

Brandon University Foundation is not a controlled entity of Brandon University however, in the event of the dissolution of the Foundation, after the payment of all debts and liabilities, any remaining rights, property and assets of the Foundation shall be transferred or assigned to Brandon University as long as it is at that time a charitable, non-profit corporation.

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### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

The Foundation statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The Brandon University Foundation has adopted Part III - Accounting Standards for Not-For-Profit Organizations following the deferral method of accounting for contributions. The investments of the Foundation are recorded at fair value. The financial position of the Foundation as at December 31 is summarized as follows:

#### Statement of Financial Position

Statement of Financial Position	2014	2013
Assets	\$ <u>60,844,857</u>	\$ <u>54,184,483</u>
Liabilities	\$ 986,740	\$ <u>1,334,407</u>
Deferred contributions Net Assets	4,374,130	3,842,521
Unrestricted and internally restricted net assets Endowment funds	14,054,725 41,429,262 55,483,987	14,121,935 34,885,620 49,007,555
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ <u>60,844,857</u>	\$ <u>54,184,483</u>
Statement of Operations	2014	2013
Revenue	Ф. 1.007.272	Ф 1.701.144
Realized income Unrealized income/(loss)	\$ 1,007,273	\$ 1,721,144
Net investment income	<u>(103,784)</u> 903,489	7,545,312 9,266,456
Donations	1,027,060	780,037
Other contributions	1,785,057	108,241
Expense	3,715,606	10,154,734
Grants to Brandon University	2,891,403	1,685,070
Scholarships and bursaries	872,165	943,702
Campaign expenses	257,619	246,277
Other expenses	29,702	25,346
	4,050,889	2,900,395
Net income/(loss) for the year	\$ <u>(335,283)</u>	\$ <u>7,254,339</u>

The net result of the transactions from January 1, 2015 to March 31, 2015 was a gain of \$2,657,030 (2014 - \$2,741,599) which includes unrealized investment gains of \$646,766 (2014 - \$313,759).

The value of outstanding pledges to the Foundation as at March 31, 2015 is \$400,273 (2014 - \$956,156). These will be recorded as revenue in the Foundation when received.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 7. <u>Internally Restricted Net Assets</u>

Internally restricted net assets represent amounts set aside by the University for the following specific purposes:

	2014 Opening Balance	Current Provision	Purchases	2015 Closing Balance
Ancillary Services	\$ 587,097	\$ 35,175	\$	\$ 622,272
Healthy Living Centre	22,576		(14,575)	8,001
Kiln Replacement	19,000			19,000
Mail & Print Services	5,900	3,000		8,900
Scholarships & bursaries		221,882		221,882
Telephone replacement	349,990	56,155		406,145
Vehicle replacement	24,388			24,388
	\$ <u>1,008,951</u>	\$ <u>316,212</u>	\$ <u>(14,575)</u>	\$ <u>1,310,588</u>

#### 8. <u>Inventories</u>

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The year end carrying values and the amounts recognized as expense during the year were as follows:

		2015 Cos	t of S	2014 ales		2015 Carr	ying V	2014 Values
Athletics	\$	6,779	\$	11,148	\$	24,973	\$	26,296
Bookstore	1	,005,346		1,060,732		531,654		477,139
Food Services		553,024		541,391		30,280		45,166
Print Shop		43,982	_	40,703	_	18,338	_	32,568
	\$ <u>1</u>	,609,131	\$_	1,653,974	\$	605,245	\$	581,169

#### 9. Capital Assets and Collections

	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	2015 Net Book Value	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	2014 Net Book Value
Land	\$ 1,518,666	\$	\$ 1,518,666	\$ 498,680	\$	\$ 498,680
Buildings	93,164,361	(42,670,756)	50,493,605	91,397,689	(40,906,424)	50,491,265
Furniture & equipment	nt 23,129,379	(16,492,184)	6,637,195	22,911,065	(16,693,922)	6,217,143
Library collections	11,909,210	(9,562,287)	2,346,923	11,538,794	(9,059,448)	2,479,346
Collections	1,208,872		1,208,872	1,208,872		1,208,872
	\$ <u>130,930,488</u>	\$ <u>(68,725,227)</u>	\$ <u>62,205,261</u>	\$ <u>127,555,100</u>	\$ <u>(66,659,794</u> )	\$ <u>60,895,306</u>

Capital asset additions during the year included donations in kind in the amount of \$ - (2014- \$6,250).

Buildings include assets under construction of \$141,274 (2014 - \$57,782)

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 10. <u>Deferred Contributions and Unamortized Deferred Capital Contributions</u>

Deferred contributions and deferred capital contributions represent contributions received for special purposes and unspent funds for restricted purposes. Unamortized deferred capital contributions represent the funded portion of capital assets which will be recognized as revenue in future periods and matched against the applicable amortization charged in that period. Changes in the deferred contributions, deferred capital contributions and unamortized deferred capital contributions balances are as follows:

		2015	2015 Unamortized Deferred		2014	2014 Unamortized Deferred
	Co	Deferred ontributions	Capital Contributions	Co	Deferred ontributions	Capital Contributions
Balance, beginning of year	\$	2,807,650	\$ 48,795,107	\$	2,808,789	\$ 47,783,932
Contributions received and receivable						
Tuition and miscellaneous		1,673,060			1,939,418	
COPSE		3,817,960			1,775,000	
Province of Manitoba		594,631			1,353,828	
Government of Canada		1,666,158			2,023,934	
City of Brandon						
Brandon University Foundation	_	1,721,928		_	1,669,392	
		9,473,737			8,761,572	
Transfers to revenue						
Tuition, grants and contributions Amortization of assets acquired		(5,497,549)			(5,489,743)	
from capital assets			(2,267,059)			(2,261,793)
Transferred to acquire capital assets	-	(3,735,211)	3,735,211	_	(3,272,968)	3,272,968
Balance, end of year	\$_	3,048,627	\$ <u>50,263,259</u>	\$_	2,807,650	\$ <u>48,795,107</u>
Balance consists of:						
Research	\$	2,501,697		\$	2,197,235	
Special programs	_	546,930		_	610,415	
Deferred contributions	\$	3,048,627		\$	2,807,650	

#### 11. Pension Plan

The Brandon University Retirement Plan is a final average contributory defined benefit pension plan established April 1, 1974 for the benefit of the employees of Brandon University. The assets of the Plan are held in trust in the name of ten Trustees - eight elected by and from the Plan membership and two appointed by the Board of Governors. The Trustees oversee the administration of the Plan and set forth the investment guidelines. Their obligations and responsibilities are defined in a trust agreement with Brandon University. An asset manager invests the Plan assets according to the terms of an agreement with the trustees and as required by law. The Plan is registered with the Pension Commission of Manitoba and meets the requirements of the Pension Benefits Act of Manitoba and the Income Tax Act (Canada). Unless otherwise stated, all Brandon University employees are eligible to become members of the Plan on their date of employment. Full-time and

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

certain part-time employees are required to join the Plan. Membership is optional for other part-time and certain specified employees. The Plan receives its funds from the contributions of members, the required and special contributions of Brandon University and the income from investments.

An actuarial valuation of the plan, as required by The Pension Benefits Act of Manitoba, was conducted by Eckler Ltd., a firm of consulting actuaries, as at December 31, 2014. The next actuarial valuation is required as at December 31, 2015 and will be completed in 2016.

The defined benefit obligation has been calculated pursuant to CPA Canada Handbook section PS3250, using the projected unit credit actuarial method, prorated on service, and assumptions developed using management's best estimates of investment performance, salary escalation, retirement ages of employees and member mortality.

The University uses a December 31 measurement date for reporting plan assets and obligations.

Plan assets are comprised of:

r	(in thousands of dollars)		
	December 3	31 December 31	
	201	2013	
Accounts receivable and other	\$ 28	\$ \$ 510	
Cash and short-term investments	7,333	3,813	
Bonds and debentures	55,184	47,007	
Canadian equities	52,902	2 52,998	
Foreign equities	40,279	40,102	
Total Assets	\$ <u>155,728</u>	<u>\$ 144,430</u>	

The fair value of plan assets and the actuarial present value of benefits, as of December 31, were as follows:

(in thousands of dollars)

	<b>December 31 2014</b>	December 31 2013
Reconciliation of Plan Assets	2011	2010
Fair value, beginning of year	\$ 144,430	\$ 123,392
Employer contributions	4,451	6,100
Employee contributions	2,169	2,095
Transfers from other plans		193
Benefit payments	(7,602)	(7,440)
Actual return on plan assets (net of expenses)	12,280	20,090
Fair value, end of year	\$ <u>155,728</u>	\$ <u>144,430</u>

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

	December	nds of dollars) 31 December 31
	2014	2013
Reconciliation of Accrued Benefit Obligation		
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$ 151,952	\$ 151,717
Employer service cost	4,794	5,019
Interest cost	8,657	7,907
Benefit payments	(7,602)	(7,440)
Transfers from other plans	( ) ,	193
Actuarial (gains)/losses	2,621	(5,444)
,		
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	\$ <u>160,422</u>	\$ <u>151,952</u>
	(in thousan	ds of dollars)
	December 31	December 31
	2014	2013
Reconciliation of Unamortized Actuarial (Gains)/Losses		
Net unamortized actuarial (gains)/losses, beginning of year	\$ (18,691)	\$ 379
Net actuarial gains	(1,383)	(19,031)
Amortization of actuarial gain/(loss)	2,225	(39)
Timorazation of actualitat gain (1000)		
Net unamortized actuarial gains, end of year	\$ <u>(17,849</u> )	\$ <u>(18,691</u> )
The accrued pension liability and the net pension plan expense, as at March 3	31, are as follows:	
	(in thous	ands of dollars)
	March 31	March 31
	2015	2014
Accrued Pension Liability	2013	2014
Accrued pension liability, beginning of year	\$ (25,098)	\$ (26,405)
Employer contributions	4,320	5,674
Net pension plan expense	(781)	(4,367)
Accrued pension liability, end of year		
Accrued pension hability, end of year	\$ <u>(21,559</u> )	\$ <u>(25,098</u> )
	(in thou	isands of dollars)
	March 31	March 31
	2015	2014
Reconciliation of Deficit to Accrued Liability		
Deficit	\$ (4,694)	\$ (7,522)
Net unamortized actuarial gains	(17,849)	(18,691)
Employer contribution after measurement date	984	1,115
• •		
Accrued pension liability, end of year	\$ <u>(21,559</u> )	\$ <u>(25,098</u> )

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

		(in thousands of dollars)			dollars)
		March 31 Marc			Iarch 31
			2015		2014
Net Pension Plan Expense					
Current service cost, net of employee contri	butions	\$	2,625	\$	2,924
Interest accrued on benefits			8,657		7,907
Expected return on plan assets			(8,276)		(6,503)
Amortization of actuarial (gain)/loss		_	(2,225)	_	39
Net pension plan expense		\$_	781	<b>\$_</b>	4,367
Significant Long-term Actuarial Assumption	ns Used in Measurement of the Per	sion	Expense		
	2015				2014
Discount rate	5.75 %				5.25 %
Rate of salary increase	3.00 %				3.00 %
Mortality rate	CPM2014 Public Sector Table		75% o	f UP19	994 Table
	projected with Scale CPM-B		projecte	d with	Scale AA

Significant Long-term Actuarial Assumptions Used in Measurement of the End of Year Obligations

	2015	2014
Discount rate	5.65 %	5.75 %
Rate of salary increase	3.00 %	3.00 %
Mortality rate	CPM2014 Publice Sector Table projected with	Scale CPM-B

The unamortized net actuarial gains will be amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) which is 2015 - 8.5 years (2014 - 8.4 years).

#### Solvency Deficiency Exemption

The Brandon University Retirement Plan is subject to the Manitoba Pension Benefits Act and Regulations. The University Pension Plans Exemption Regulation 141/2007 allowed the University to make an election to be exempt from solvency and transfer deficiency payments. "2(1) an employer in relation to a university plan may, by filing an election with the plan administrator, elect to be exempt from the solvency and transfer deficiency provisions." On January 19, 2009 the University filed such an election.

#### Funding of Going-Concern Deficiencies

With the exemption, the Plan will continue to be subject to the going-concern funding provisions of the Act. The University will be required to fund the matching contributions, as well as the actuarial cost of the defined benefits in excess of the matching costs. The funding deficit of \$12,480,000 is required to be funded over a maximum of 15 years. The existing funding deficit will be funded over 12 years. Special payments totaling \$1,473,000 will be made in 2015 (2014 - \$1,698,000). The next going-concern valuation will be performed as at December 31, 2015 and will be completed in 2016.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 12. Other Post-employment Benefits and Compensated Absences

#### **Other Post-employment Benefits**

Brandon University provides certain severance and retiring allowance benefits payable upon retirement. An actuarial valuation, using the accrued benefit method, to determine the value of severance pay and retiring allowance benefits is carried out every three years. The most recent actuarial valuation was as at March 31, 2013 with the next valuation due at at March 31, 2016.

Information about the University's employee future benefits is as follows:

	2015	2014
Accrued Benefit Obligation		
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$1,166,000	\$1,244,000
Employer service cost	50,000	53,000
Interest cost	67,000	65,000
Benefit payments	(117,000)	(107,000)
Actuarial (gains)/losses	7,000	(89,000)
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	\$ <u>1,173,000</u>	\$ <u>1,166,000</u>
	2015	2014
Accrued Benefit Liability		
Accrued benefit liability, beginning of year	\$1,290,000	\$1,284,000
Employer contributions	(117,000)	(107,000)
Benefit expense	102,000	113,000
Accrued benefit liability, end of year	\$ <u>1,275,000</u>	\$ <u>1,290,000</u>
	2015	2014
Benefit Plan Expense		
Employer service cost	\$ 50,000	\$ 53,000
Interest cost	67,000	65,000
Amortization of net actuarial loss	(15,000)	(5,000)
Total benefit plan expense	\$ <u>102,000</u>	\$ <u>113,000</u>

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the University's accrued benefit liability and benefit costs are as follows:

	2015	2014
Discount rate (accrued benefit obligation)	5.65%	5.75%
Rate of compensation increase (weighted average)	4.31%	5.15%

The unamortized net actuarial gains of \$102,000 (2014 - \$124,000) will be amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) which is 8.5 years (2014 - 8.5 years).

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

#### **Compensated Absences**

The University provides certain employee groups with a sick leave entitlement that accumulates but does not vest. These plans accumulate at a rate of 1/2 day for each pay period to a maximum of 12 days per year. Each plan has a total accumulation allowed. Accumulated sick days may be used in future years. Sick leave, when paid, is paid at the salary in effect at the time of usage. The sick leave benefit is a consideration of the expectation of future benefit utilization. The expected cost of the liability is estimated using the discounted cash flows of the average cost of the excess sick leave taken over the annual entitlement earned, as a series of payments, over EARSL which is 10 years.

Accrued benefit liability	<b>2015</b> \$ <u>237,729</u>	\$ <b>2014</b> 191,961
Net benefit cost Discount rate	\$ 45,768 5.65%	\$ 6,345 5.75%

The University provides certain other employees with their maximum sick leave entitlement of 180 days upon start of employment. This sick leave neither vests nor accumulates. The expected cost of the liability is recognized in the period in which the event occurs and is based on the salary that will be paid for the sick leave.

	2015	2014
Accrued benefit liability and benefit cost	\$ <u>192,651</u>	\$ <u>60,896</u>

The accrued benefit liability for post-employment and other compensated benefits is reported in the University's Statement of Financial Position under accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term liabilities.

#### 13. Long-term Liabilities

#### **Mortgages Payable**

The mortgage is a building mortgage. The building forms part of the security for the full amount of the moneys secured by the mortgage.

	2015	2014
McMaster Hall, Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation 8 1/4% mortgage, \$66,686 combined principal and interest payable semi-annually April 1 and October 1 to 2021	\$ 698,797	\$ 770,078
215 & 223 18th Street, Province of Manitoba 4.5% mortgage, \$2,247.81 combined principal and interest payable monthly to June 20, 2054	496,594	
	1,195,391	770,078
Current portion of long-term debt	82,006	71,281
Mortgage payable	\$ <u>1,113,385</u>	\$ <u>698,797</u>
Interest expense	\$ 79,532	\$ <u>67,627</u>

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

Principal payments in the next five years are as follows:

2016	\$ 82,007
2017	\$ 88,721
2018	\$ 96,013
2019	\$ 103,900
2020	\$ 112,441
Thereafter	\$ 712,310

#### 14. Brandon Centennial Auditorium Corporation Inc.

Under an arrangement between the University, the Province of Manitoba and the City of Brandon, the University built an Auditorium on its property for the benefit of the citizens of Western Manitoba. The expenditures for the building and furnishings were financed from contributions by the Governments of Canada and Manitoba, the City of Brandon and citizens through fundraising campaigns.

The Auditorium has been leased to the Brandon Centennial Auditorium Corporation Inc. for a nominal consideration of \$1 under a 99 year lease which expires 2064 A.D. The University is reimbursed for services supplied to the auditorium as required by the agreement.

#### 15. Knowles-Douglas Student Union Centre

The Knowles-Douglas Student Union Centre has been leased to the Knowles-Douglas Student Union Centre Inc. for the nominal consideration of \$1 per year under a 50 year lease which expires 2035 A.D. The University supplies certain services to the Centre as required by the lease.

#### 16. Contractual Obligations

An agreement between the University and the Brandon University Students' Union Inc. provides for the equal sharing of profits of the University's bookstore operations. The Students' Union share of profits amounted to \$ 0 for the year ended March 31, 2015 (2014 - \$6,158).

The Brandon University signed an agreement with Penn-Co Construction Canada (2003) Ltd. on July 20, 2011 for the construction of the Healthy Living Centre which involves the construction of a new facility and renovations of the existing facility. The project was substantially complete on November 20, 2013. The project is funded by the Building Canada Fund - Major Infrastructure Component with a federal and provincial share, a municipal contribution from the City of Brandon and through fundraising of the Brandon University Foundation. The total contract is \$18,170,567 with a balance of work still to finish of \$115,525.

#### 17. Related Party Transactions

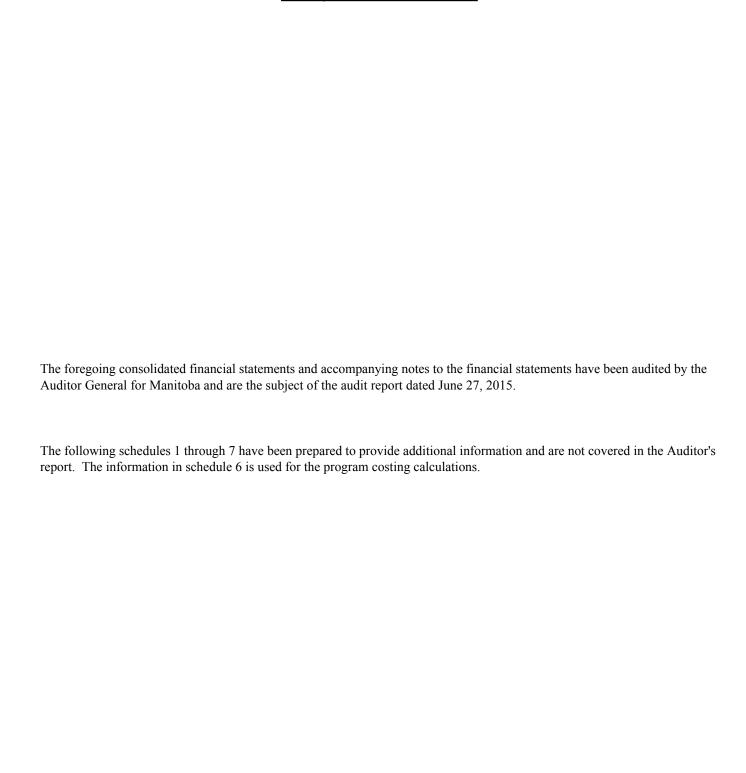
The University is related in terms of common control to all Province of Manitoba created departments, agencies and crown corporations. The University may enter into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 18. <u>Comparative Figures</u>

Comparative figures for the year ended March 31, 2014 have been reclassified where necessary to conform with the presentation adopted for the year ended March 31, 2015.

### Additional Financial Information for the year ended March 31, 2015



Detailed Schedule of Operations - Unrestricted for the Year Ended March 31, 2015

		General Operating		Ancillary Services		Total 2015		Total 2014
REVENUES								
Tuition and other student fees Grants - Advanced Learning Division Sales of goods and services Brandon University Foundation Amortization of deferred capital contributions External cost recoveries Interest income	\$	7,973,984 36,775,028 2,345,847 2,267,059 2,036,688 60,628	\$	133,372 4,481,920	\$	7,973,984 36,908,400 4,481,920 2,345,847 2,267,059 2,036,688 60,628	\$	7,804,880 36,019,401 4,260,178 1,458,496 2,261,793 2,055,890 54,232
Miscellaneous	_	114,255 51,573,489		4,615,292		114,255 56,188,781	_	153,846 54,068,716
EXPENSES		_		_		_		
Salaries - academic		22,227,050				22,227,050		20,697,734
Salaries - academic Salaries - support		10,849,099		1,391,524		12,240,623		11,955,346
Benefits		3,515,678		187,854		3,703,532		7,202,158
Travel		1,208,808		5,477		1,214,285		1,233,982
Supplies and consumable expenses		4,576,297		677,588		5,253,885		5,221,948
Major renovations		101,955		0,7,000		101,955		94,484
Property taxes		105,392				105,392		134,573
Utilities		694,122		292,220		986,342		1,146,415
Cost of goods sold		,		1,558,370		1,558,370		1,602,123
Scholarships and bursaries		1,249,742		82,946		1,332,688		1,277,669
Interest on long-term liabilities		, ,		79,532		79,532		67,627
Amortization		3,363,672		,		3,363,672		3,394,307
Loss on disposal of capital assets	_	3,988	_		_	3,988	_	
	_	47,895,803	_	4,275,511	_	52,171,314	_	54,028,366
Excess of revenues over expenses	\$_	3,677,686	\$	339,781	\$_	4,017,467	<b>\$</b> _	40,350

**Brandon University** 

### Detailed Schedule of Operations - Restricted for the Year Ended March 31, 2015

	Research & Special Projects	Special Programs	Restricted Capital	Total Total 2015 2014								nsfer To nt of Operations 2014		
Revenues														
Tuition fees Grants Advanced Learning	\$	\$ 1,070,093 \$	\$	1,070,093	\$	918,912	\$	48,599	\$	75,988	\$	1,118,692	\$	994,900
Division	1,280,000		2,537,960	3,817,960	]	1,775,000		(2,527,211)		(438,341)		1,290,749		1,336,659
Province of Manitoba	565,324		29,307	594,631	]	1,353,828		(265,395)		(847,591)		329,236		506,237
Government of Canada	1,666,158			1,666,158	2	2,023,934		(146,720)		(479,967)		1,519,438		1,543,967
Brandon University Foundati	ion 646,643		1,075,285	1,721,928		1,669,392		(1,075,285)		(1,098,447)		646,643		570,945
Miscellaneous	574,463		28,504	602,967		1,020,506	-	204,549	_	(335,330)	_	807,516	_	685,176
	4,732,588	1,070,093	3,671,056	9,473,737	8	3,761,572	_	(3,761,463)	_	(3,123,688)	_	5,712,274	_	5,637,884
Expenses														
Salaries - academic	1,149,671	727,571		1,877,242	]	1,637,673						1,877,242		1,637,673
Salaries - support	1,204,507	54,798		1,259,305	1	1,082,546						1,259,305		1,082,546
Benefits	328,753	96,671		425,424		382,123						425,424		382,123
Travel	372,825	65,141		437,966		385,699						437,966		385,699
Supplies and other expenses	1,385,548	189,397		1,574,945	1	1,918,997						1,574,945		1,918,997
Major renovations			137,392	137,392		230,846	-		_		_	137,392		230,846
	4,441,304	1,133,578	137,392	5,712,274		5,637,884	_		_		_	5,712,274		5,637,884
Excess/(deficiency) of														
revenues over expenses	\$ 291,284	\$ (63,485) \$	3,533,664 \$	3,761,463	\$3	3,123,688	\$_	(3,761,463)	\$_	(3,123,688)	\$_		<b>\$_</b>	

### Deferred Contributions and Unamortized Deferred Capital Contributions for the Year Ended March 31, 2015

	Research & Special Projects	Special Programs	Restricted Capital	Total 2015			amortized Deferred apital Contributions 2014
Contributions received							
Tuition and related fees	\$	\$ 1,070,093	\$	\$ 1,070,093	\$ 918,912	\$	\$
Grants	3,511,482		2,567,267	6,078,749	5,152,762		
Brandon University Foundation	646,643		1,075,285	1,721,928	1,669,392		
Miscellaneous	574,463		28,504	602,967	1,020,506		
Expenses	(4,441,304)	(1,133,578)	(137,392)	(5,712,274)	(5,637,884)		
Transfers from/to:							
Unrestricted accounts	214,725			214,725	148,141		
Capital aquisitions	(201,547)		(3,533,664)	(3,735,211)	(3,272,968)	3,735,211	3,272,968
Amortization of deferred capital contributions						(2,267,059)	(2,261,793)
	304,462	(63,485)		240,977	(1,139)	1,468,152	1,011,175
Deferred balance, beginning of year	2,197,235	610,415		2,807,650	2,808,789	48,795,107	47,783,932
Deferred balance, end of year	\$ 2,501,697	\$ 546,930	\$	\$3,048,627	\$ 2,807,650	\$50,263,259	\$ <u>48,795,107</u>

### Schedule of Investment in Capital Assets and Collections for the Year Ended March 31, 2015

	Total 2015	<b>Total</b> 2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 9,662,464	\$ 9,933,731
Internally funded capital asset additions		
General operating funds		
Land and buildings	525,381	1,844
Furniture and equipment	1,265,504	350,060
Library acquisitions	370,416	400,392
Ancillary services		
Furniture and equipment	10,271	36,956
	2,171,572	789,252
Non-amortizable capital asset donations		6,250
Disposals (net book value) - internally funded capital assets	(4,869)	
Amortization of internally funded capital assets	(1,096,603)	(1,132,514)
Mortgage on 215 & 223 18th Street	(500,000)	
Repayment of long-term debt	<u>74,687</u>	65,745
Balance, end of year	\$ <u>10,307,251</u>	\$ <u>9,662,464</u>

### Schedule of Operating Revenues for the Year Ended March 31, 2015

	Total 2015	<b>Total</b> 2014
Grants Advanced Learning Division		
Operating	\$ 36,445,028	\$ 35,556,029
Renovations and equipment	330,000	330,000
	36,775,028	35,886,029
Tuition		
Campus Manitoba		17,548
Faculty of Arts	1,892,286	2,039,351
Faculty of Education	945,619	915,731
Faculty of Science	2,226,918	2,059,856
School of Health Studies	1,514,284	1,423,629
School of Music	390,711	379,041
Visa Premium	340,288	362,330
	7,310,106	7,197,486
Music Conservatory	373,352	341,079
Other student fees	290,526	266,315
Brandon University Foundation	1,402,163	466,304
Interest income	60,628	54,232
Miscellaneous	40,121	41,425
<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	\$ <u>46,251,924</u>	\$ <u>44,252,870</u>

**BRANDON UNIVERSITY** 

### Detailed Schedule of Operating Expenses for the Year Ended March 31, 2015

		Academic Support Benefits			Travel Oth		Supplies & er Expenses	Deduct: Cost Recoveries		Total March 31, 2015		Tota March 31, 201					
Faculty of Arts																	
Office of the Dean	\$	652,774	\$	196,221	\$	116,589	\$	47,305	\$	60,284	\$	6,625	\$	1,066,548	\$	1,062,262	
Drama	Ψ	136,485	Ψ	1,0,221	Ψ	18,740	Ψ	2,682	Ψ	1,740	Ψ	0,020	Ψ.	159,647	Ψ	150,202	
Economics		326,599				51,506		4,647		1,149				383,901		361,814	
English		662,146				103,307		10,026		2,989				778,468		757,871	
History		564,785				91,738		10,560		3,815				670,898		524,428	
Languages		305,273				48,363		2,579		1,235		1,620		355,830		340,882	
Gender & Women's Studies		37,286				5,803		186		1,788		1,020		45,063		32,156	
Philosophy		301,908				50,229		10,187		2,462				364,786		369,236	
Political Science		349,834				53,241		8,322		1,494				412,891		386,115	
Religion		322,911				50,853		5,729		1,494				380,561		355,546	
Sociology		490,950				80,602		3,729		2,405				577,452		542,974	
Native Studies		563,953				80,002 87,994		7,786		4,862				664,595		635,256	
Business Administration		394,114				62,529		5,514		2,701				464,858		427,907	
Fine Arts		429,557		15,318		72,691		6,690		30,547		19,421		535,382		451,059	
				13,318		46,602				956		473		333,990			
Anthropology		280,117				,		6,788						,		287,305	
Rural Development		463,242		0.451		76,123		3,345		1,154		200		543,664		447,338	
Archeology Field School	_	6 201 024	_	9,451	_	842	_	127.041	_	61	_	1,719	_	8,635	_	(2,224)	
	_	6,281,934	_	220,990	_	1,017,752	_	135,841	_	120,710	_	30,058	_	7,747,169	_	7,130,127	
Faculty of Science																	
Office of the Dean		185,269		148,487		61,372		60,322		174,701				630.151		516,733	
Applied Disaster & Emergency		103,207		1 10, 107		01,572		00,522		171,701				050,151		310,733	
Studies		288,857		1.905		47,782		11.657		6.931				357.132		341,131	
Biology		1,091,534		27,927		172,755		12,034		54,897		8,280		1,350,867		1,388,102	
Chemistry		517,461		8,991		85,793		10,679		49,416		22,855		649,485		681,261	
Environmental Science		102,061		0,771		16,349		2,700		1,066		22,633		122,176		116,391	
Geography		600,166		3,922		98,401		11,787		9,026		640		722,662		715,977	
Geology		555,553		4,357		86,268		15,914		43,707		17,740		688,059		650,271	
Mathematics/Comp. Sci.		1,132,196		26,162		169,441		12,071		37,530		17,740		1,377,400		1,284,254	
Environmental & Life Sciences		117,400		42,543		28,740		12,546		87,330 87,170				288,399		19,508	
		612,409		42,543 5,910		28,740 95,419		7,142		11,678		480		732,078		677,492	
Physics/Astronomy				,				,									
Psychology	_	814,868 6.017,774	_	11,115 281.319		129,381 991,701	_	8,097 164,949	_	15,568 491,690		520	_	978,509 7.896,918	_	961,923 7.353,043	
	_	6,01/,//4	_	281,319	_	991,701	_	164,949	_	491,690	_	50,515	_	7,896,918	_	/,353,043	
Faculty of Health Studies																	
Office of the Dean		180,586		62,444		35,015		61,856		53,615				393,516		332,897	
Psychiatric Nursing		2,571,149		104,997		430,596		8,422		178,444		1,871		3,291,737		3,092,349	
Bachelor of Nursing		1,380,565		89,176		258,830		3,422		25,477		2,641		1,754,829		1,579,485	
Indigenous Health & Human		1,500,505		07,170		250,050		5,722		23,777		2,071		1,754,027		1,577,405	
Services		15,051				9,090				318				24,459		58,218	
Masters Psychiatric Nursing		16,788				926		1,774		2,404		1,800		20,092		21,663	
, c		4,164,139		256,617	_	734,457		75,474		260,258		6,312	_	5,484,633	_	5,084,612	

BRANDON UNIVERSITY

### Detailed Schedule of Operating Expenses for the Year Ended March 31, 2015

	Academic	Support	Benefits	Travel	Supplies & Other Expenses	Deduct: Cost Recoveries	Total March 31, 2015	Total March 31, 2014
Faculty of Education Office of the Dean Field Experience Leadership & Ed Administration	140,779 208,479 366,372	160,424 43,093	50,075 30,165 49,796	62,706 11,817	98,008 5,477 1,509	12,789 3,370 10,655	499,203 295,661 407,022	609,696 284,267 1,783,474
Teaching & Learning Ed Psychology & Student Services Curriculum Foundations Physical Education Graduate Studies	690,041 422,358 473,004 528,210		87,279 47,143 69,998 80,023	966 9,032	5,034 3,152 1,656 19,472	4,308 14,153	782,354 469,311 544,658 622,584	633,190
Graduate Studies	52,776 2,882,019	203,517	3,919 418,398	573 85,094	6,622 140,930	14,600 59,875	49,290 3,670,083	104,874 3,415,501
School of Music Campus Manitoba	2,262,043 6,907	182,954	370,315 61	100,612	233,716	96,729	3,052,911 6,968	3,093,557 19,334
Music Conservatory	269,270	28,518	4,013	388	13,146	1,061	314,274	380,268
Total Academic	21,884,086	1,173,915	3,536,697	562,358	1,260,450	244,550	28,172,956	26,476,442
Library Services		1,257,175	227,465	11,400	568,965	114,733	1,950,272	1,807,345
Student Services Student Services Registrar Office of International Activities English for Academic Purposes Recruitment & Retention Indigenous People's Centre		1,057,726 435,689 168,925 112,609 249,760 136,380 2,161,089	180,467 86,977 29,078 6,175 50,379 20,149 373,225	38,695 12,101 33,514 1,200 30,944 10,857 127,311	59,154 27,028 24,241 5,660 60,219 29,908 206,210	7,000 1,965 150 141,491 1,685 152,291	1,329,042 559,830 255,608 (15,847) 391,302 195,609 2,715,544	1,240,483 635,285 176,645 (6,388) 373,475 191,523 2,611,023
Administration Board of Governors President Vice-President (Administration & Fir Vice-President (Academic & Provost	,	556,690 271,124 284,291 1,112,105	75,538 40,145 60,892 176,575	7,061 37,440 7,298 20,899 72,698	50,382 102,306 8,508 50,829 212,025	6,627 6,627	57,443 771,974 327,075 410,284 1,566,776	127,411 614,554 319,081 548,250 1,609,296
General Support Chancellor Convocation Information Technology Services Institutional Advancement Financial & Registration Services		1,343 905,462 340,797 704,880	69 170,362 60,474 141,280	3,228 8,814 5,377 6,709	25,074 310,312 194,412 24,623	60 440,673 13,645 83,861	29,654 954,277 587,415 793,631	3,424 40,392 1,138,948 601,723 771,622
Human Resources Institutional membership fees Print/Mail Services Professional fees		523,786 65,727 2,541,995	175,995 14,779 562,959	9,130	132,197 87,212 (27,043) 127,106 873,893	538,249	841,098 87,212 53,463 127,106 3,473,856	859,429 41,300 47,037 156,829 3,660,704

BRANDON UNIVERSITY

### Detailed Schedule of Operating Expenses for the Year Ended March 31, 2015

	Academic	Support	Benefits	Travel	Supplies & Other Expenses	Deduct: Cost Recoveries	Total March 31, 2015	Total March 31, 2014
Athletic Programs Athletics Campus Recreation Healthy Living Centre		500,979 47,538 352,939 901,456	74,417 5,668 43,395 123,480	379,169  396  379,565	298,223 12,293 215,227 525,743	288,163 16,409 451,280 755,852	964,625 49,090 160,677 1,174,392	899,343 109,460 109,315 1,118,118
Miscellaneous Initiatives Bran-U-Day Care subsidy Research development Other Pension liability payments Junior Kindergarten Rural Development International Student Scholarships University scholarships	211,209	48,523 48,357 9,184	1,888 1,642,254 9,851 875	59,395	4,554 133,034 54,681 798 23,815 246,663 522,940	41,328 252 59,395 41,580	4,554 133,034 316,301 1,642,254 17,678 33,622 65,256 246,663 2,453,501	4,911 66,122 257,522 2,760,787 16,544 202,104 209,482 3,582,728
Physical Plant Plant maintenance Buildings & grounds Insurance Security Service contracts Property taxes Utilities		868,368 641,672	184,277 213,302	16,667	202,963 95,870 267,990 72,652 66,116 110,191 694,122 1,509,904	99,056  83,750  182,806	1,173,219 950,844 267,990 72,652 66,116 110,191 610,372 3,251,384	1,224,622 987,343 259,449 72,205 69,019 133,220 784,142 3,530,000
<b>Total Operating Expenses</b>	\$ 22,095,295	\$ 10,763,839	\$ 7,052,848	\$1,203,257	\$5,680,130	\$ 2,036,688	\$ 44,758,681	\$ 44,395,656

**Brandon University** 

### Detailed Schedule of Ancillary Services for the year ended March 31, 2015

	Bookstore	Food Services	Parking	Residence	Rental Property	Total 2015	Total 2014
Revenues							
Room and board fees	\$	\$ 923,856	\$	\$ 1,232,088		\$ 2,155,944	\$ 2,000,669
Conventions		110,984		80,008		190,992	136,683
Cash sales and vending machines		161,938				161,938	156,826
Internal functions		103,395				103,395	93,210
Other	106,795	46,979	248,759	147,824	21,782	572,139	501,821
Book sales	1,297,512					1,297,512	1,370,969
Total Revenues	1,404,307	1,347,152	248,759	1,459,920	21,782	4,481,920	4,260,178
Expenses							
Salaries	254,667	514,486		622,371		1,391,524	1,505,889
Staff benefits	47,932	88,052		51,870		187,854	216,119
Cost of goods sold	1,005,346	553,024				1,558,370	1,602,123
Supplies and other expenses	78,353	127,487	63,861	333,079	30,840	633,620	683,590
Scholarships				82,946		82,946	58,047
Rent	49,445					49,445	48,589
Utilities		60,830	8,125	223,265		292,220	276,952
Total Expenses	1,435,743	1,343,879	71,986	1,313,531	30,840	4,195,979	4,391,309
Net Gain/(Loss) before specific provisions,							
capital acquisitions and transfers	(31,436)	3,273	176,773	146,389	(9,058)	285,941	(131,131)
Appropriated specific provision				(35,175)		(35,175)	27,576
Capital purchases		(3,848)		(6,423)		(10,271)	(44,216)
Students' Union share of Bookstore profit							(6,158)
Net Gain/( Loss)	\$ (31,436)	\$ (575)	\$ <u>176,773</u>	\$104,791	\$ (9,058)	\$ 240,495	\$ (153,929)

Financial Statements of

### **CANCERCARE MANITOBA**

Year ended March 31, 2015



**KPMG LLP** 

Suite 2000 - One Lombard Place Winnipeg MB R3B 0X3 Canada Telephone Fax Internet (204) 957-1770 (204) 957-0808 www.kpmg.ca

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of CancerCare Manitoba

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of CancerCare Manitoba, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, the statements of operations and changes in fund balances, remeasurement gains and losses and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of CancerCare Manitoba as at March 31, 2015, its results of operations, its remeasurement gains and losses and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

**Chartered Accountants** 

KPMG LLP

June 18, 2015 Winnipeg, Canada

### **CANCERCARE MANITOBA**

**Statement of Financial Position** 

As at March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	C		Canital	Clinical, Basic Research and Special		2017		
	General Fund		Capital Fund	Projects Fund		2015 Total		2014 Tota
Assets								
Current assets								
Cash \$ Restricted cash (note 3)	8,670,439	\$	-	\$ 13,599	\$	8,684,038	\$	3,568,08 2,082,47
Short-term investments (schedule 1)			_	1,057,136		4,310,286		10,700,30
Due from Manitoba Health [note 4(b)]			-	_		3,433,542		1,780,15
Accounts receivable (note 5) Inter-fund accounts	3,678,613		2 606 070	6,850,590		10,529,203		7,896,47
Prepaid expenses	(1,983,845) 478,226	l	2,686,978	(703,133	)	478,226		617,58
Vacation entitlements						470,220		017,00
receivable [note 14(c)]	1,730,141		_			1,730,141		1,730,14
	19,260,266		2,686,978	7,218,192		29,165,436		28,375,20
Restricted cash (note 3) Retirement entitlement	1,418,290		_	_		1,418,290		5,898,73
obligation receivable (note 6)	1,419,400		_	_		1,419,400		1,419,40
nvestments (schedule 2)	20,289,586		-	2,955,576		23,245,162		11,492,88
Capital assets (note 7)			51,123,875	1,313,272		52,437,147		57,010,41
<del></del>	42,387,542	\$	53,810,853	\$ 11,487,040	\$	107,685,435	œ	104,196,63
Associate accepts and associat								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4)	15,235,394 13,854,650	\$	=	\$ 19,156 -	\$	15,254,550 13,854,650	\$	
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses	13,854,650	\$	=	\$ 19,156 -	\$	13,854,650	\$	14,991,947 6,859,140
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4)		\$	=	\$ 19,156 - - - 19,156	\$		\$	6,859,140 2,434,479
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses	13,854,650 2,224,374	\$	<u>-</u>		\$	13,854,650 2,224,374	\$	6,859,140 2,434,479
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)]	13,854,650 2,224,374	\$	- - - 53,650,404		\$	13,854,650 2,224,374	\$	6,859,140 2,434,479 24,285,560
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] Employee future benefits	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418	\$	53,650,404		\$	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389	\$	6,859,146 2,434,479 24,285,566 58,240,169
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)]	13,854,650 2,224,374	\$	53,650,404 53,650,404		\$	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000	\$	6,859,146 2,434,479 24,285,566 58,240,166 7,770,000
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] Employee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000	\$	_	- 19,156 741,985	\$	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389	\$	6,859,146 2,434,479 24,285,566 58,240,166 7,770,000
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] Employee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000	\$	53,650,404	741,985 - 761,141	<b>\$</b>	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963	\$	58,240,162 7,770,000 90,295,720
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] Employee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  Fund balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10)	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418	\$	_	- 19,156 741,985	\$	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804	\$	58,240,162 7,770,000 90,295,720
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] Employee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  Fund balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10) Internally restricted	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418 - 2,102,834	\$	53,650,404	741,985 - 761,141	\$	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804 3,017,615	\$	6,859,140 2,434,479 24,285,560 58,240,160 7,770,000 90,295,720 756,200 9,007,00 2,927,930
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] Employee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  Fund balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10)	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418 - 2,102,834 697,590	\$	53,650,404 160,449 —	741,985 741,985 ————————————————————————————————————	\$	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804 3,017,615 697,590	\$	6,859,146 2,434,479 24,285,566 58,240,160 7,770,000 90,295,720 756,200 9,007,00 2,927,930 1,289,512
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] Employee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  Fund balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10) Internally restricted	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418 - 2,102,834	\$	53,650,404	741,985 761,141 571,287 9,302,804	\$	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804 3,017,615	\$	6,859,146 2,434,479 24,285,566 58,240,162 7,770,000 90,295,726 756,206 9,007,00 2,927,936 1,289,512
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] Employee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  Fund balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10) Internally restricted Unrestricted	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418 - 2,102,834 697,590 2,800,424 268,700	\$	53,650,404 160,449 —	741,985 741,985 - 761,141 571,287 9,302,804 914,781 - 10,788,872 (62,973)		13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804 3,017,615 697,590	\$	6,859,146 2,434,479 24,285,566 58,240,169 7,770,000 90,295,720 756,200 9,007,00 2,927,930 1,289,512 13,980,650
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  referred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] mployee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  und balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10) Internally restricted Unrestricted  Accumulated remeasurement	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418 - 2,102,834 697,590 2,800,424	\$	53,650,404 160,449 —	741,985 741,985 ————————————————————————————————————		13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804 3,017,615 697,590 13,749,745	\$	6,859,144 2,434,475 24,285,566 58,240,165 7,770,000 90,295,726 756,200 9,007,00 2,927,93 1,289,515 13,980,655 (79,756
liabilities  Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] Imployee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  Fund balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10) Internally restricted Unrestricted  Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses)	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418 - 2,102,834 697,590 2,800,424 268,700	\$	53,650,404 160,449 - - 160,449	741,985 741,985 - 761,141 571,287 9,302,804 914,781 - 10,788,872 (62,973)		13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804 3,017,615 697,590 13,749,745 205,727	\$	6,859,146 2,434,479 24,285,566 58,240,166 7,770,000 90,295,726 756,206 9,007,00 2,927,936 1,289,512 13,980,656
liabilities \$ Due to Manitoba Health (note 4) Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)] Imployee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  Fund balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10) Internally restricted Unrestricted  Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses)	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418 - 2,102,834 697,590 2,800,424 268,700	\$	53,650,404 160,449 - - 160,449	741,985 741,985 - 761,141 571,287 9,302,804 914,781 - 10,788,872 (62,973)		13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804 3,017,615 697,590 13,749,745 205,727		6,859,146 2,434,479 24,285,566 58,240,162 7,770,000 90,295,726 756,206 9,007,002 2,927,936 1,289,512 13,980,656 (79,756
liabilities  Due to Manitoba Health (note 4)  Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)]  Employee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  Fund balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10) Internally restricted Unrestricted  Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses)  Commitments (note 11) Contingencies (note 12)	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418 - 2,102,834 697,590 2,800,424 268,700 3,069,124 42,387,542		160,449 	741,985 741,985 - 761,141 571,287 9,302,804 914,781 - 10,788,872 (62,973) 10,725,899		13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804 3,017,615 697,590 13,749,745 205,727 13,955,472		6,859,146 2,434,479 24,285,566 58,240,160 7,770,000 90,295,720 756,200 9,007,000 2,927,930 1,289,512 13,980,650 (79,756
liabilities  Due to Manitoba Health (note 4)  Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)]  Employee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  Fund balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10) Internally restricted Unrestricted  Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses)  Commitments (note 11) Contingencies (note 12)  See accompanying notes to financial state	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418 - 2,102,834 697,590 2,800,424 268,700 3,069,124 42,387,542		160,449 	741,985 741,985 - 761,141 571,287 9,302,804 914,781 - 10,788,872 (62,973) 10,725,899		13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804 3,017,615 697,590 13,749,745 205,727 13,955,472		
liabilities  Due to Manitoba Health (note 4)  Deferred contributions - expenses of future periods [note 8(a)]  Deferred contributions - capital assets [note 8(b)]  Employee future benefits (notes 6 and 14)  Fund balances Invested in capital assets (note 9) Externally restricted (note 10) Internally restricted Unrestricted  Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses)  Commitments (note 11) Contingencies (note 12)	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,314,418 - 8,004,000 39,318,418 - 2,102,834 697,590 2,800,424 268,700 3,069,124 42,387,542		160,449 	741,985 741,985 - 761,141 571,287 9,302,804 914,781 - 10,788,872 (62,973) 10,725,899	\$_	13,854,650 2,224,374 31,333,574 54,392,389 8,004,000 93,729,963 731,736 9,302,804 3,017,615 697,590 13,749,745 205,727 13,955,472	\$	6,859,146 2,434,479 24,285,566 58,240,169 7,770,000 90,295,720 756,200 9,007,000 2,927,939 1,289,519 13,980,659 (79,756 13,900,809

Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

			Clinical, Basic			
			Research			
						2014
Fund		Fund	Fund	Total		Total
131,883,498	\$	_	\$ 434,591	\$ 132,318,089	\$	125,950,417
		_	· · · · · · -	2.089.080		1,815,509
· · · -		_	14,522,655	14,522,655		13,720,438
			,- ,	,- ,		-, -,
317.105		4.968.634	237.329	5.523.068		5,969,793
134,289,683		4,968,634	15,194,575	154,452,892		147,456,157
52 221 718		_	8 477 908	60 699 626		59,157,429
, ,		_	-			14,616,184
, ,		_	440 600			3,310,678
2,701,007		4 968 634				5,945,893
2 976 144		-	,	, ,		4,194,825
, ,		_	, ,	, ,		2,689,643
0,010,102			101,000	0,101,211		2,000,010
4.379.776		_	4.084.222	8.463.998		8,394,610
.,0.0,0			.,00.,===	0, 100,000		0,00.,0.0
45.238.647		_	_	45.238.647		41.997.059
, ,		_	_	, ,		4,012,495
		_	_			1,056,193
		_	150.443			2,886,084
135,481,972		4,968,634	14,981,709	155,432,315		148,261,093
(4.400.000)			040.000	(070, 100)		(004 000)
(1,192,289)		-	212,866	(979,423)		(804,936)
620,728		_	127,781	748,509		541,653
(571,561)		_	340,647	(230,914)		(263,283)
3,371,985		160,449	10,448,225	13,980,659		14,243,942
2,800,424	\$	160,449	\$ 10,788,872	\$ 13,749,745	\$	13,980,659
	134,289,683  52,221,718 17,211,789 2,781,667 2,976,144 3,019,432 4,379,776  45,238,647 3,457,348 1,043,275 3,152,176  135,481,972  (1,192,289) 620,728 (571,561) 3,371,985	Fund  131,883,498 2,089,080 - 317,105 134,289,683  52,221,718 17,211,789 2,781,667 - 2,976,144 3,019,432 4,379,776  45,238,647 3,457,348 1,043,275 3,152,176 135,481,972  (1,192,289) 620,728 (571,561) 3,371,985	Fund Fund  131,883,498 \$ - 2,089,080 317,105 4,968,634  134,289,683 4,968,634  52,221,718 - 17,211,789 - 2,781,667 - 4,968,634  2,976,144 - 3,019,432 - 4,379,776 - 45,238,647 - 3,457,348 - 1,043,275 - 3,152,176 - 135,481,972 4,968,634  (1,192,289) - 620,728 - (571,561) - 3,371,985 160,449	General Fund         Capital Fund         Research and Special Projects Fund           131,883,498 2,089,080 2 14,522,655         - 14,522,655           317,105 4,968,634 237,329         134,289,683 4,968,634 15,194,575           52,221,718 - 8,477,908 17,211,789 440,600 - 4,968,634 398,161 2,976,144 - 1,295,536 3,019,432 - 134,839         134,839           4,379,776 - 4,084,222         45,238,647 4,084,222           45,238,647 13,457,348 1,043,275 150,443         - 150,443           135,481,972 4,968,634 14,981,709         - 212,866           620,728 - 127,781         - 340,647           3,371,985 160,449 10,448,225	General Fund         Capital Fund         Research and Special Projects         2015           131,883,498         -         \$ 434,591         \$ 132,318,089           2,089,080         -         -         2,089,080           -         -         14,522,655         14,522,655           317,105         4,968,634         237,329         5,523,068           134,289,683         4,968,634         15,194,575         154,452,892           52,221,718         -         8,477,908         60,699,626           17,211,789         -         -         17,211,789           2,781,667         -         440,600         3,222,267           -         4,968,634         398,161         5,366,795           2,976,144         -         1,295,536         4,271,680           3,019,432         -         134,839         3,154,271           4,379,776         -         4,084,222         8,463,998           45,238,647         -         -         45,238,647           3,457,348         -         -         1,043,275           3,152,176         -         150,443         3,302,619           135,481,972         4,968,634         14,981,709         155,432,315 </td <td>General Fund         Capital Fund         Research and Special Projects         2015 Fund           131,883,498         \$ -         \$ 434,591         \$ 132,318,089         \$ 2,089,080         -         -         2,086,080         -         -         2,082,065         -         -         -         2,14,452,892         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -</td>	General Fund         Capital Fund         Research and Special Projects         2015 Fund           131,883,498         \$ -         \$ 434,591         \$ 132,318,089         \$ 2,089,080         -         -         2,086,080         -         -         2,082,065         -         -         -         2,14,452,892         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	2015	2014
Accumulated remeasurement losses, beginning of year	\$ (79,750)	\$ (69,478)
Unrealized gains (losses) attributable to investments Realized losses, reclassified to statement of operations	302,709	(79,750)
and changes in fund balances, attributable to investments Unrealized foreign exchange gains on foreign currency balances	(66,498) 49,266	(69,478) –
Net remeasurement gains (losses) for the year	285,477	(10,272)
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), end of year	\$ 205,727	\$ (79,750)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

				Cli	inical, Basic Research				
					and Special				
	General Fund		Capital Fund		Projects Fund		2015 Total		2014 Total
Cash provided by (used in):	1 una		Tunu		1 dila		Total		Total
Cash provided by (used in).									
Operating activities									
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				_		_		_	
over expenses \$	(571,561)	\$	_	\$	340,647	\$	(230,914)	\$	(263,283)
Amortization of capital assets Amortization of deferred contributions	_		4,968,634		398,161		5,366,795		5,945,893
related to capital assets			(4 068 634)		(227 220)		(5 205 063)		(5 771 962)
Amortization of deferred contributions	_		(4,968,634)		(237,329)		(5,205,963)		(5,771,863)
related to expenses of future period	s (317,105)		_		_		(317,105)		(197,930)
Unrealized (gain) loss on investments	(301,648)		_		(1,061)		(302,709)		79,750
Realized loss on investments	51,267		_		15,231		66,498		
Unrealized gain on foreign exchange	49,266		_		-		49,266		_
Change in non-cash operating	•						•		
working capital (note 16)	5,239,936		_		(2,128,584)		3,111,352		11,729,461
Increase in employee future benefits	234,000		_		_		234,000		437,410
	4,384,155		_		(1,612,935)		2,771,220		11,959,438
Comital activities									
Capital activities Additions to capital assets			(GET 170)		(126.260)		(702 520)		(2,089,912)
Deferred contributions	_		(657,170)		(136,360)		(793,530)		(2,009,912)
related to capital assets	_		1,358,190		_		1,358,190		590,500
Tolated to capital accord	_		701,020		(136,360)		564,660		(1,499,412)
			701,020		(100,000)		004,000		(1,400,412)
Investing activities									
Inter-fund accounts	(1,043,682)		(701,020)		1,744,702		_		_
Purchase of investments	(16,785,892)				(748,648)		(17,534,540)		(12,346,111)
Proceeds on disposal of investments	11,642,493		_		766,000		12,408,493		2,206,715
Change in investment classification	(6,415,540)				261,735		(6,153,805)		8,470,929
	(12,602,621)		(701,020)		2,023,789		(11,279,852)		(1,668,467)
Financia e activitia									
Financing activities	6 562 012						6 562 012		(2.246.255)
Decrease (increase) in restricted cash Deferred contributions related	6,562,913		_		_		6,562,913		(2,246,355)
to expenses of future periods	107,000		_		_		107,000		14,001
to expenses or ratare periods	6,669,913		_				6,669,913		(2,232,354)
	0,000,010						0,000,010		(2,202,001)
Increase (decrease) in cash									
and short-term investments	(1,548,553)		_		274,494		(1,274,059)		6,559,205
Oach and short town bound to a									
Cash and short-term investments,	12 472 142				706 244		14 260 202		7 700 179
beginning of year	13,472,142		_		796,241		14,268,383		7,709,178
Cash and short-term investments,									
end of year \$	11,923,589	\$	_	\$	1,070,735	\$	12,994,324	\$	14,268,383
Cash and short-term investments									
are comprised of:	0.070.400	•		•	40 500	Φ.	0.004.000	Φ.	0.500.00:
Cash \$	8,670,439	\$	_	\$	13,599	\$	8,684,038	\$	3,568,081
Short-term investments	3,253,150		_		1,057,136		4,310,286		10,700,302
\$	11,923,589	\$	_	\$	1,070,735	\$	12,994,324	\$	14,268,383
Φ	11,323,309	φ		φ	1,070,735	φ	12,334,324	φ	14,200,303

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Purpose of the Organization

CancerCare Manitoba (the "Organization") is an agency established under the *CancerCare Manitoba Act*. The Organization maintains and co-ordinates a province-wide program for cancer prevention, diagnosis, treatment, education and research.

The Organization is a registered charity under the *Income Tax Act* and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes provided certain requirements of the *Income Tax Act* are met.

### 2. Significant accounting policies

### (a) Basis of presentation

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards including the PS 4200 standards for government not-for-profit organizations.

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions.

### (b) Fund accounting

The General Fund accounts for the Organization's revenue and expenses related to program delivery and administrative activities.

The Capital Fund reports the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses related to the Organization's building expansion, renovations and equipment acquisitions.

The Clinical, Basic Research and Special Projects Fund reports grants received for specific clinical and basic research projects, as well as other revenue and expenses related thereto, undertaken by the Organization. Externally restricted funds are held for research projects, education purposes and other specific purposes. Internally restricted funds represent funds that the Organization has designated for specific purposes based on contractual grant agreements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (c) Revenue recognition

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund when received if the amount to be received can be estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Restricted and unrestricted investment income is recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund in the year in which the income was earned. Investment income includes interest income and realized gains (losses) on investments.

Grant revenue is recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

#### (d) Financial instruments

Derivative instruments and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are reported, on initial recognition and subsequently, at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. Management has elected to record all investments at fair value as they are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis.

Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until they are realized, when they are transferred to the statement of operations and changes in fund balances.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the effective interest method.

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. When a decline is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is reported in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances and any unrealized gain is adjusted through the statement of remeasurement gains and losses.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (d) Financial instruments (continued)

When the asset is sold, the unrealized gains and losses previously recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses are reversed and recognized in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances.

Canadian public sector accounting standards require an organization to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy, which includes three levels of information that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Observable or corroborated inputs, other than level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets or market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

The Organization's investments are classified as level 2. There were no transfers between level 1 and level 2 for the years ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, and there were no transfers in or out of level 3.

#### (e) Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Incremental interest incurred during the construction of capital assets is included in cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Organization's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value.

Amortization is recorded on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives, which for equipment is 3 to 20 years. Amortization of the building is recorded on a straight-line basis over 40 years.

#### (f) Contributed services

A number of volunteers contribute a significant amount of their time each year. Because of the difficulty of determining their fair value, contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

### (g) Employee future benefits

Retirement entitlement obligations are accrued as earned based on an actuarial estimation and vacation entitlement benefits are accrued as employees earn the benefits. Due to the nature of the benefits, the retirement entitlement obligation receivable and payable are classified as long-term whereas the vacation entitlements receivable and payable are classified as current.

The Organization provides accumulating sick leave benefits to certain employee groups. These benefits accumulate with employee service and benefit amounts are determined with reference to employees' final earnings at the time they are paid out. Significant assumptions include discount rate and salary scale. The liability associated with these benefits is calculated as the present value of expected future payments pro-rated for service and is recorded as employee future benefits in the statement of financial position.

#### (h) Deferred contributions

Debt owing to the external lenders is reflected as deferred contributions in the statement of financial position. The related revenue received from Manitoba Health, to offset the interest expense, are both excluded from the statement of operations and changes in fund balances.

#### (i) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of capital assets and obligations related to employee future benefits. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 3. Restricted cash

As at March 31, 2015, the Organization has restricted cash of \$1,418,290 (2014 - \$5,898,730) for future payment of retirement entitlement obligations and nil (2014 - \$2,082,473) for future expansion.

During the year, the Organization invested previously restricted cash of \$2,102,834 (2014 - nil) into short-term and long-term investments for future expansion (schedules 1 and 2).

#### 4. Manitoba Health funding

#### (a) In-globe funding

In-globe funding is funding provided by Manitoba Health for the Organization's operations unless otherwise specified as out-of-globe funding. All costs must be absorbed from within the global funding provided.

The portion of an operating surplus that exceeds 2 percent of the in-globe funding is recorded in the statement of financial position as a payable to Manitoba Health until such time as Manitoba Health reviews the financial statements. At that time, Manitoba Health determines what portion of the surplus may be retained by the Organization, or repaid to Manitoba Health.

Under Manitoba Health policy, the Organization is responsible for in-globe deficits, unless otherwise approved by Manitoba Health.

#### (b) Out-of-globe funding

Out-of-globe funding is funding provided by Manitoba Health for specific programs such as medical remuneration, provincial oncology drug program approved drug costs, and capital and interest costs.

Any operating surplus related to out-of-globe funding arrangements is recorded in the statement of financial position as a payable to Manitoba Health until such time as Manitoba Health reviews the financial statements. At that time, Manitoba Health determines what portion of the approved surplus may be retained by the Organization or repaid to Manitoba Health.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

### 4. Manitoba Health funding (continued)

## (b) Out-of-globe funding (continued)

Conversely, any operating deficit related to out-of-globe funding arrangements is recorded in the statement of financial position as a receivable from Manitoba Health until such time as Manitoba Health reviews the financial statements. At that time, Manitoba Health determines their final funding approvals which indicate the portion of the deficit that will be paid to the Organization. Any unapproved costs not paid by Manitoba Health are absorbed by the Organization.

At March 31, 2015, the Organization had a balance of \$13,854,650 (2014 - \$6,859,140) payable to Manitoba Health, representing repayment of out-of-globe medical remuneration (\$10,567,056), provincial oncology drug program funding (\$2,759,278), capital interest (\$79,401) and other (\$448,915); and a balance of \$3,433,542 (2014 - \$1,780,150) receivable from Manitoba Health as follows:

	2015	2014
Neupogen drug program Employee salary and benefits One-time funding for operations Urgent Cancer Care one-time funding Other Emergency repairs Manitoba breast prostheses program Medical remuneration Approved capital funding Safety and Security Projects	\$ 857,851 827,312 600,000 411,000 252,776 248,228 84,759 82,000 56,816 12,800	\$ 1,054,235 195,920 - 259,208 122,810 80,125 - 28,364 39,488
	\$ 3,433,542	\$ 1,780,150

#### 5. Accounts receivable

	General Fund	Clinical, Basic Research and Special Projects Fund	2015 Total	2014 Total
CancerCare Manitoba Foundation Inc. (note 15) University Medical Group Other Winnipeg Regional Health Authority University of Manitoba Province of Manitoba Government of Canada	\$ - 3,406,105 272,508 - - - -	\$ 3,561,786 - 2,305,502 841,464 141,243 570 25	\$ 3,561,786 3,406,105 2,578,010 841,464 141,243 570 25	\$ 3,477,492 2,899,371 985,669 466,938 52,870 315 13,817
	\$ 3,678,613	\$ 6,850,590	\$ 10,529,203	\$ 7,896,472

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 6. Retirement entitlement obligation receivable

The Organization has a contractual commitment to pay out to employees four days per year of service upon retirement. At March 31, 2015, based on an actuarial estimate, the retirement entitlement obligations are estimated to be \$6,706,000 (2014 - \$6,439,000) for which the Organization has recorded retirement entitlement obligations on the statement of financial position (note 14).

The amount of funding which will be provided by Manitoba Health for these retirement entitlement benefits was initially determined based on the retirement entitlement obligations at March 31, 2004, and was recorded as retirement entitlement obligation receivable from Manitoba Health. Since fiscal 2004, the Organization receives in-globe funding on an annual basis from Manitoba Health, which includes funding for the change in retirement entitlement obligations and retirement entitlement payments in the year, including an interest component on the retirement entitlement obligation receivable. The retirement entitlement obligation receivable from Manitoba Health aggregates \$1,419,400 (2014 - \$1,419,400) and has no specific terms of repayment.

### 7. Capital assets

					2015		2014
			Accumulated		Net book		Net book
		Cost	amortization		value		value
Capital Fund:							
Building	\$	62,670,172	\$ 21,303,122	\$	41,367,050	\$	42,908,775
Equipment		45,207,528	35,450,703	•	9,756,825	•	12,526,564
		107,877,700	56,753,825		51,123,875		55,435,339
Clinical, Basic Research and Special Projects Fund:							
Equipment		2,965,246	1,651,974		1,313,272		1,575,073
	\$	110,842,946	\$ 58,405,799	\$	52,437,147	\$	57,010,412

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 8. Deferred contributions

## (a) Expenses of future periods

Deferred contributions related to expenses of future periods represent contributions for specific projects and other purposes.

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year Add amount received related to future periods Less amounts amortized to revenue	\$ 2,434,479 107,000 (317,105)	\$ 2,618,408 14,001 (197,930)
Balance, end of year	\$ 2,224,374	\$ 2,434,479

### (b) Capital assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized amount and unspent amount of contributions and grants received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of deferred contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances.

	2015	2014
Capital Fund:		
Balance, beginning of year Additional contributions received Less amounts amortized to revenue	\$ 57,260,848 1,358,190 (4,968,634)	\$ 62,184,881 590,500 (5,514,533)
Balance, end of year	\$ 53,650,404	\$ 57,260,848
	2015	2014
Clinical, Basic Research and Special Projects Fund:		
Balance, beginning of year Less amounts amortized to revenue	\$ 979,314 (237,329)	\$ 1,236,644 (257,330)
Balance, end of year	\$ 741,985	\$ 979,314

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 8. Deferred contributions (continued)

#### (b) Capital assets (continued)

The balance of unamortized capital contributions related to capital assets consists of the following:

	2015	2014
Unamortized capital asset contributions used to purchase capital assets Unspent contributions	\$ 52,793,197 1,599,192	\$ 56,640,970 1,599,192
	\$ 54,392,389	\$ 58,240,162

Unamortized capital contributions of \$54,392,389 (2014 - \$58,240,162) include contributions received from Manitoba Health for the purchase of capital assets in the form of demand loans payable to the Bank of Montreal. The balances of the demand loans are as follows:

	2015	2014
Bearing interest at prime: Less 0.50%, repayment terms to be established	\$ 2,604,648	\$ 1,504,996

The Organization has established arrangements for a bridge facility of non-revolving demand loans to a maximum of \$25,000,000 (2014 - \$25,000,000) to assist with the construction or expansion costs of approved projects or the acquisition of equipment and specialized equipment as approved by Manitoba Health. Interest is charged at prime rate less 0.50 percent, repayment terms are established for each individual demand loan and the facility is secured by letters of authorization and comfort from Manitoba Health. The Organization has utilized \$2,604,648 of this facility as of March 31, 2015 (2014 - \$1,504,996).

The Organization has established arrangements for credit facilities for foreign exchange forward contracts, to a maximum of \$1,000,000 (2014 - \$1,000,000), and for overdraft and/or letters of credit for operating purposes to a maximum of \$5,200,000 (2014 - \$5,200,000). The latter facility is charged interest at prime less 0.50 percent, with both facilities secured by a general security agreement. The Organization has not utilized these facilities as of March 31, 2015 or March 31, 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 8. Deferred contributions (continued)

## (b) Capital assets (continued)

Unamortized capital contributions of \$54,392,389 (2014 - \$58,240,162) also include contributions received from the Province of Manitoba to pay down third party borrowings that were utilized for the purchase of capital assets. The Organization has executed promissory notes for these contributions. The promissory notes are payable to the Department of Finance of the Province of Manitoba, and the payment of these liabilities is funded by Manitoba Health. The balances of the promissory notes are as follows:

	2015	2014
6.25% maturing March 31, 2020, repayable in monthly installments of \$76,754, plus interest Variable rate (30-day bankers' acceptance plus 25 basis points), maturing February 28, 2022, repayable	\$ 4,605,262	\$ 5,526,315
in monthly installments of \$50,439, plus interest	4,186,403	4,791,666
4.80% maturing November 30, 2016, repayable in monthly installments of \$50,000, plus interest 3.95% maturing November 30, 2025, repayable in	1,000,000	1,600,000
monthly installments of \$77,778, plus interest	9,955,555	10,888,889
3.35% maturing February 28, 2028, repayable in monthly installments of \$38,889, plus interest	6,027,778	6,494,445
	\$ 25,774,998	\$ 29,301,315

## 9. Invested in capital assets

(a) Invested in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2015		2014
Capital assets Amounts financed by:	\$ 52,437,147	9	57,010,412
Unamortized deferred contributions Inter-fund accounts	(54,392,389) 2,686,978		(58,240,162) 1,985,958
	\$ 731,736	9	756,208

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 9. Invested in capital assets (continued)

(b) Change in invested in capital assets fund balance is calculated as follows:

		2015	2014
Surplus (deficit) for the year:			
Amortization of deferred contributions related			
to capital assets	\$ 5	5,205,963	\$ 5,771,863
Amortization of capital assets	(5	5,366,795)	(5,945,893)
<u> </u>	,	(160,832)	(174,030)
Invested in capital assets:			
Purchase of capital assets Amounts funded by:		793,530	2,089,912
Deferred contributions	(1	1,358,190)	(590,500)
Inter-fund balances	`	701,020	(1,107,514)
		136,360	391,898
	\$	(24,472)	\$ 217,868

## 10. Externally restricted fund balances

The major category of externally imposed restrictions on fund balances is as follows:

	2015	2014
Restricted for research projects, education purposes and other specific purposes	\$ 9,302,804	\$ 9,007,001

# 11. Commitments

The Organization has commitments for premises leases and information technology contracts with minimum annual payments as follows:

2016	\$ 487,800
2017	464,500
2018	438,000
2019	326,600
	\$ 1,716,900

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 12. Contingencies - HIROC

On July 1, 1987, a group of health care organizations (subscribers) formed Healthcare Insurance Reciprocal of Canada (HIROC). HIROC is registered as a reciprocal under provincial insurance acts, which permit persons to exchange with other persons reciprocal contracts of indemnity insurance. HIROC facilitates the provision of liability insurance coverage to health care organizations in the provinces of Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Newfoundland. Subscribers pay annual premiums, which are actuarially determined, and are subject to assessment for losses in excess of such premiums, if any, experienced by the group of subscribers for the years in which they were a subscriber. No such assessments have been made to March 31, 2015.

## 13. Economic dependence

The Organization received approximately 86 percent (2014 - 85 percent) of its total revenue from Manitoba Health and is economically dependent on Manitoba Health for continued operations.

#### 14. Employee future benefits

	2015	2014
Retirement entitlement obligations Accumulated sick leave entitlement	\$ 6,706,000 1,298,000	\$ 6,439,000 1,331,000
	\$ 8,004,000	\$ 7,770,000

### (a) Retirement entitlement obligations

The Organization has a contractual commitment to pay out to employees four days per year of service upon retirement if the employee complies with one of the following conditions:

- (i) have ten years service and have reached age 55; or
- (ii) qualify for the "eighty" rule which is calculated by adding the number of years of service to the age of the employee; or

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 14. Employee future benefits (continued)

- (iii) retire at or after age 65; or
- (iv) terminate employment at any time due to permanent disability.

Information about the Organization's retirement entitlement obligations is as follows:

	2015	2014
Accrued benefit obligation		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 6,439,000	\$ 5,941,790
Current service cost	471,000	499,000
Interest cost	209,000	199,000
Benefits paid	(388,000)	(193,000)
	6,731,000	6,446,790
Amortized actuarial gain	(25,000)	(7,790)
Balance, end of year	\$ 6,706,000	\$ 6,439,000

The Organization undertook an actuarial valuation of the retirement entitlement obligations as at March 31, 2015. The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring the Organization's retirement entitlement obligations include mortality, disability and withdrawal rates, a discount rate of 2.55 percent (2014 - 3.35 percent) and a rate of salary increase of 3.50 percent plus age-related merit/promotion scale (2014 - rate of salary increase of 3.0 percent plus age-related merit/promotion scale).

#### (b) Accumulated sick leave entitlement

Information about the Organization's accumulated sick leave entitlement is as follows:

		2015		2014
Accrued benefit obligation				
Balance, beginning of year	\$	1,331,000	\$	1,390,800
Current service cost	•	129,000	•	107,000
Interest cost		49,000		47,000
Benefits paid		(225,000)		(214,000)
		1,284,000		1,330,800
Amortized actuarial loss		14,000		200
Dalama and of the same	Φ.	4 000 000	Φ.	4 004 000
Balance, end of year	\$	1,298,000	\$	1,331,000

The Organization undertook an actuarial valuation of the accumulated sick leave entitlement as at March 31, 2015. The significant assumptions adopted in measuring the Organization's accumulated sick leave entitlement include a discount rate of 2.55 percent (2014 - 3.35 percent) and a rate of salary increase of 3.5 percent (2014 - 3.0 percent).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 14. Employee future benefits (continued)

### (c) Employee entitlements

The cost of the Organization's vacation, overtime and statutory holiday entitlements is accrued when the benefits are earned by the employees and is reported in accounts payable and accrued liabilities on the statement of financial position. Manitoba Health provides funding for these employee benefits payable on an annual basis and this amount is reported as vacation entitlements receivable on the statement of financial position. The amount of funding which will be provided by Manitoba Health for these employee benefits was initially determined based on the employee benefit obligations at March 31, 2004.

#### (d) Pension plans

Most of the employees of the Organization are members of the Healthcare Employees' Pension Plan - Manitoba (the Plan), which is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan available to all eligible employees. Plan members will receive benefits based on the length of service and on the average annualized earnings calculated on the best five of the eleven consecutive years prior to retirement, termination or death, that provide the highest earnings. The costs of the benefit plan are not allocated to the individual entities within the related group. As a result, individual entities within the related group are not able to identify their share of the underlying assets and liabilities. Therefore, the Plan is accounted for as a defined contribution plan in accordance with the requirements of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada's Handbook, Public Sector Accounting Standards, Section 3250, *Retirement Benefits*.

Pension assets consist of investment grade securities. Market and credit risk on these securities are managed by the Plan by placing Plan assets in trust and through the Plan investment policy. Pension expense is based on Plan management's best estimates, in consultation with its actuaries, of the amount, together with the 5 percent of basic annual earnings up to the Canada Pension Plan ceiling contributed by employees, required to provide a high level of assurance that benefits will be fully represented by fund assets at retirement, as provided by the Plan. The funding objective is for employer contributions to the Plan to remain a constant percentage of employee contributions.

Variances between actuarial funding estimates and actual experience may be material and any differences are generally to be funded by the participating members or through a reduction of benefits. The most recent funding actuarial valuation of the Plan as at December 31, 2013 reported the Plan had a deficiency of actuarial value of net assets over actuarial value of pension obligations as well as a solvency deficiency. Based on the solvency exemption granted to the Plan, the Plan is not required to fund on a solvency basis but is required to fund on a going concern basis. The going concern deficiency will be funded by special payments out of current contributions. Any contribution deficiencies in the Plan would be addressed through pension benefit reductions or contribution rate increases from the participating members.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 14. Employee future benefits (continued)

### (d) Pension plans (continued)

Actual contributions to the Plan made during the year by the Organization on behalf of its employees amounted to \$4,298,496 (2014 - \$3,783,864) and are included in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances. Employer contribution rates increased on April 1, 2014 to 8.7 percent (April 1, 2013 - 7.9 percent) of pensionable earnings up to the yearly maximum pensionable earnings limit (YMPE) and 10.3 percent (April 1, 2013 - 9.5 percent) on earnings in excess of the YMPE. On April 1, 2015, with the inclusion of contributions toward the Healthcare Employees' Pension Plan - Manitoba, Cost of Living Adjustment Plan, employer contribution rates increased to 8.9 percent of pensionable earnings up to the YMPE and 10.5 percent on earnings in excess of YMPE.

#### 15. CancerCare Manitoba Foundation Inc.

The Organization has an economic interest in CancerCare Manitoba Foundation Inc. (CCMF Inc.). At March 31, 2015, net resources of CCMF Inc. amounted to \$49,692,330 (2014 - \$44,597,231), of which \$19,405,831 (2014 - \$17,788,220) are restricted contributions. CCMF Inc.'s purpose is to support the Organization in its provision of a program of diagnosis of, treatment of, and research in respect of cancer. CCMF Inc. will solicit, receive, maintain and accumulate funds for distribution on a periodic basis to the Organization, to support principally research activities that are supplementary to those funded by Manitoba Health. During the year, CCMF Inc. contributed funds in the amount of \$5,613,600 (2014 - \$5,566,561) to the Organization which are recorded in grant revenue in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances. Unpaid grants from fiscal 2015 and prior years amount to \$3,561,786 at March 31, 2015 (2014 - \$3,477,492).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 16. Change in non-cash operating working capital

The change in non-cash operating working capital consists of the following:

	2015	2014
General Fund		
Due from Manitoba Health Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to Manitoba Health	\$ (1,653,392) (498,407) 139,362 256,863 6,995,510 5,239,936	\$ 4,534,517 (509,089) (38,285) 167,037 5,683,936 9,838,116
Clinical, Basic Research and Special Projects Fund		
Accounts receivable Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,134,324) 5,740 (2,128,584)	1,992,603 (101,258) 1,891,345
	\$ 3,111,352	\$ 11,729,461

#### 17. Financial risks

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Organization is exposed to credit risk with respect its accounts receivable and investments.

The Organization assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Organization at March 31, 2015 is the carrying value of these assets.

The carrying amount of accounts receivable is valued with consideration for an allowance for doubtful accounts. The amount of any related impairment loss is recognized in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances. Subsequent recoveries of impairment losses related to accounts receivable are credited to the statement of operations and changes in fund balances. The balance of the allowance for doubtful accounts at March 31, 2015 is nil (2014 - nil).

There have been no significant changes to the credit risk exposure from 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 17. Financial risks (continued)

### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Organization manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Organization prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are generally due within 30 days of receipt of an invoice.

There have been no significant changes to the liquidity risk exposure from 2014.

## (c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates will affect the Organization's revenue or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters while optimizing return on investment.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows or a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates.

Financial assets and financial liabilities with variable interest rates expose the Organization to cash flow interest rate risk. The Organization is exposed to this risk through its demand loans and one of its promissory notes.

As at March 31, 2015, had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1 percent, assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, with all other variables held constant, there would be no material impact on the market value of bonds.

The Organization mitigates interest rate risk on the majority of its promissory notes through fixed rates on the promissory notes. Therefore, fluctuations in market interest rates would not impact future cash flows and operations relating to the majority of the promissory notes.

The Organization's investments, including bonds and deposit notes, are disclosed in schedules 1 and 2.

There has been no change to the interest rate risk exposure from 2014.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 18. Comparative information

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

**Short-Term Investments** 

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

Description	Interest rate %	Maturity date		Cost		Fair value
General Fund:						
Restricted investment (note 3) Corporate	<i>:</i> 1.50%	12-18-2015	\$	1,048,888	\$	1,048,888
, Bonds:			·		·	
Municipal	4.375%	10-28-2015		214,940		203,98
Corporate	1.15% to 1.40%	10-21-2015 to 01-02-2016		2,000,277		2,000,27
Total short-term investments - G	eneral Fund		\$	3,264,105	\$	3,253,150
Special Projects Fund:						
Bonds:						
Provincial	4.30%	12-03-2015	\$	324,433	\$	306,96
Corporate	3.36% to 5.161%	06-26-2015 to 02-15-2016		464,328 788,761		448,393 755,360
Danasit Natas				,. • .		
<b>Deposit Notes:</b> Corporate	4.03% to 5.18%	05-26-2015 to 06-10-2015		320,277		301,770
Fotal short-term investments - S	pecial Projects Fund		\$	1,109,038	\$	1,057,13
Total short-term investments			\$	4,373,143	\$	4,310,286
March 31, 2014						
Description	Interest rate %	Maturity date		Cost		Fair value
General Fund:						
Redeemable short-term GIC:						
Corporate	1.40%	03-30-2015	\$	8,000,000	\$	8,000,000
Bonds:						
Provincial	2.75% to 4.80%	12-01-2014 to 12-03-2014		1,043,699		1,011,95
Deposit Notes:						
Provincial Corporate	3.25% 3.43%	09-08-2014 07-16-2014		415,961 506,000		403,844 503,269
50.po.a.c	0.1070	0. 10 2011		921,961		907,113
Fotal short-term investments - G	eneral Fund		\$	9,965,660	\$	9,919,07
Special Projects Fund:						
Bonds:						
Municipal	4.90%	12-02-2014	\$	218,067	\$	204,98
Corporate	4.853% to 5.20%	10-03-2014 to 12-01-2014		306,956 525,023		295,92 500,90
Damasii Naisa				,		200,00
<b>Deposit Notes:</b> Corporate	3.10%	03-02-2015		127,072		127,98
Medium Term Notes:						
Corporate	3.97%	11-03-2014		157,295		152,34
Total short-term investments - S	pecial Projects Fund		\$	809,390	\$	781,23

Investments

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

Description	Interest rate %	Maturity date		Cost		Fair value
General Fund:						
Restricted investment (note 3):		04.40.0040	•	4 0 40 400	Φ.	4 0 4 0 4 0 0
Corporate	_	01-12-2018	\$	1,049,463	\$	1,049,463
Bonds:						
Provincial	1.60% to 2.45%	09-08-2017 to 12-01-2019		5,244,260		5,414,570
Municipal	2.25% to 4.60%	06-29-2016 to 06-27-2018		1,313,654		1,304,732
Corporate	2.30% to 4.55%	12-08-2016 to 10-21-2019		5,824,121 12,382,035		5,858,110 12,577,412
Deposit Notes:				12,362,035		12,577,412
Corporate	2.24% to 2.948%	08-02-2016 to 07-25-2019		6,560,832		6,662,711
Total investments - General Fund			\$	19,992,330	\$	20,289,586
Special Projects Fund:						
Bonds:	4.050/ / 2.150	00 00 00474 45 54 5545	•	00	_	0011-
Provincial	1.85% to 2.45%	09-08-2017 to 12-01-2019	\$	607,727	\$	624,197
Municipal	2.50% to 4.55%	11-14-2016 to 08-13-2017		465,720		463,390
Corporate	2.25% to 5.48%	02-23-2017 to 04-02-2020		1,195,623 2,269,070		1,215,290 2,302,877
Deposit Notes:				, ,		2,302,011
Corporate	2.281% to 4.10%	10-17-2016 to 07-25-2019		643,914		652,699
Total investments – Special Project	cts Fund		\$	2,912,984	\$	2,955,576
Total investments			\$	22,905,314	\$	23,245,162
March 31, 2014						
Description	Interest rate %	Maturity date		Cost		Fair value
General Fund:						
Bonds:						
Provincial	1.60% to 3.15%	09-08-2015 to 03-01-2019	\$	4,367,843	\$	4,428,985
Municipal	2.75% to 4.60%	10-28-2015 to 06-01-2017	Ψ	1,043,074	Ψ	1,030,122
Corporate	2.68% to 4.55%	12-08-2016 to 06-11-2017		948,742		937,621
				6,359,659		6,396,728
Deposit Notes:						
Corporate	2.24% to 2.948%	08-02-2016 to 12-11-2017		1,832,712		1,833,157
Total investments - General Fund			\$	8,192,371	\$	8,229,885
Special Projects Fund:						
Bonds:	4 0E0/ to 4 000/	10.00.0015 +- 00.05.0010	Φ	005.054	۴	050.040
Provincial Municipal	1.85% to 4.30%	12-03-2015 to 09-05-2018 11-14-2016 to 12-01-2019	\$	865,651	\$	858,040 530,449
Municipal Corporate	2.45% to 4.55% 2.42% to 5.48%	06-26-2015 to 05-27-2019		532,229 1,249,786		1,252,003
Co.porato	2.72/0 10 0.70/0	33 20 20 10 to 00 21 20 13		2,647,666		2,640,492
Deposit Notes:						
Corporate	2.281% to 5.18%	05-26-2015 to 06-08-2017		632,506		622,511
Total investments – Special Project	cts Fund		\$	3,280,172	\$	3,263,003
			,			
Total investments			\$	11,472,543	\$	11,492,888

LE CENTRE CULTUREL FRANCO-MANITOBAIN FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2015

# LE CENTRE CULTUREL FRANCO-MANITOBAIN

MARCH 31, 2015

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the Members of Le Centre Culturel Franco-Manitobain:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Le Centre Culturel Franco-Manitobain, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations and changes in net assets for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Le Centre Culturel Franco-Manitobain** as at **March 31**, **2015** and the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Original Document Signed

Notre-Dame-de-Lourdes, Manitoba June 30, 2015

Lise Deleurme Chartered Accountant Inc.

Notre-Dame-de-Lourdes: (204) 248-2073 St. Claude: (204) 379-2261 Télécopieur / Fax: (204) 248-2847 Courriel / Email: deleurme@mymts.net

# LE CENTRE CULTUREL FRANCO-MANITOBAIN STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT MARCH 31, 2015

The state of the s	we	2015		2014
ASSETS				
CURRENT				
Cash and bank	\$	83,591	\$	117,834
Grants receivable		66,505		127,596
Accounts receivable		75,682		70,101
Accounts receivable Province du Manitoba (Note 2)		25,891		25,891
Prepaid expenses		21,328		21,271
GST receivable		10,817		7,403
Inventory		7,903		10,230
LONG TERM		291,717		380,326
LONG TERM Capital assets (Note 4)		112,152		85,896
Deferred charges (Note 3)		60,000		00,090
and the second s			_	
	\$	463,869	\$	466,222
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	341,789	\$	222,092
Deferred revenue (Note 6)	Φ	16,023	φ	50,165
Deletted revenue (Note 6)		1000		
Pental and damage deposits				
Rental and damage deposits		18,450 376,262		32,823
Rental and damage deposits  LONG TERM LIABILITIES  Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)		18,450		32,823
LONG TERM LIABILITIES		18,450 376,262 37,557		32,823 305,080 46,980
LONG TERM LIABILITIES  Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)		18,450 376,262		32,823
LONG TERM LIABILITIES  Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)		18,450 376,262 37,557		32,823 305,080 46,980
LONG TERM LIABILITIES  Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)  FUND BALANCES		18,450 376,262 37,557		32,823 305,080 46,980
LONG TERM LIABILITIES  Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)  FUND BALANCES  Unrestricted Funds		18,450 376,262 37,557 413,819		32,823 305,080 46,980 352,060
LONG TERM LIABILITIES  Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)  FUND BALANCES  Unrestricted Funds Operations		18,450 376,262 37,557 413,819 (26,452)		32,823 305,080 46,980 352,060
LONG TERM LIABILITIES  Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)  FUND BALANCES  Unrestricted Funds Operations Cultural programs		18,450 376,262 37,557 413,819		32,823 305,080 46,980 352,060
LONG TERM LIABILITIES Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)  FUND BALANCES Unrestricted Funds Operations Cultural programs Internally Restricted Funds		18,450 376,262 37,557 413,819 (26,452) 1,907		32,823 305,080 46,980 352,060 4,254 4,604
LONG TERM LIABILITIES  Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)  FUND BALANCES  Unrestricted Funds Operations Cultural programs		18,450 376,262 37,557 413,819 (26,452)		32,823 305,080 46,980 352,060
LONG TERM LIABILITIES Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)  FUND BALANCES Unrestricted Funds Operations Cultural programs Internally Restricted Funds Invested in Capital Assets (Note 8)		18,450 376,262 37,557 413,819 (26,452) 1,907		32,823 305,080 46,980 352,060 4,254 4,604 38,916
LONG TERM LIABILITIES Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)  FUND BALANCES Unrestricted Funds Operations Cultural programs Internally Restricted Funds Invested in Capital Assets (Note 8)	\$	18,450 376,262 37,557 413,819 (26,452) 1,907 74,595	\$	32,823 305,080 46,980 352,060 4,254 4,604 38,916 66,388 114,162
LONG TERM LIABILITIES Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)  FUND BALANCES Unrestricted Funds Operations Cultural programs Internally Restricted Funds Invested in Capital Assets (Note 8)	\$	18,450 376,262 37,557 413,819 (26,452) 1,907 74,595	\$	32,823 305,080 46,980 352,060 4,254 4,604 38,916 66,388
LONG TERM LIABILITIES Deferred contributions related to capital assets (Note 7)  CONTINGENCIES (Note 12)  FUND BALANCES Unrestricted Funds Operations Cultural programs Internally Restricted Funds Invested in Capital Assets (Note 8) Future Site Development	\$	18,450 376,262 37,557 413,819 (26,452) 1,907 74,595	\$	32,823 305,080 46,980 352,060 4,254 4,604 38,916 66,388 114,162

# LE CENTRE CULTUREL FRANCO-MANITOBAIN STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

The second secon										2015		2014		
	Oj	Operations		Cultural Programs		Invested in Capital Assets		Future Site Development				Total		Total
REVENUES														
Grants														
Province of Manitoba	\$	461,700	\$	89,300	\$	25,000	\$	2	\$	576,000	\$	557,050		
Government of Canada	•	66,000	*	114,000	7		•	-	*	180,000	Ψ.	210,782		
Other		-		39,697		_		_		39,697		61,675		
Amortization of deferred contributions		-		-		9,423		-		9,423		11.824		
-lall rental sales		176,866				-		_		176.866		204.208		
Admission fees		-		105,416		-		-		105,416		107,628		
Rent (Note 1)		75,875		-		-				75,875		106,742		
Technical services		67,199		-				_		67,199		73,566		
Food and beverage sales		67,062		-		-		-		67,062		66,346		
Sponsorships and donations		200		14,158						14,358		14,020		
Other		3,807		3,924		-		*		7,731		4,152		
Janitorial services		6,704		-		-		-		6.704		9,074		
nterest income		3,985		2		-				3,987		3,653		
Administration fees		2,686		-		-		-		2,686		1,749		
Stamp and photocopy sales		2,459		-		-		-		2,459		2,499		
	500000-00-0	934,543		366,497		34,423		-		1,335,463		1,434,968		
EXPENSES (See schedule)		981,789		369,194		48,592		_	3	1,399,575		1,373,580		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVE														
EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR	\$	(47,246)	\$	(2,697)	\$	(14,169)	\$	-	\$	(64,112)	\$	61,388		
FUND BALANCES, beginning of year		4,254		4,604		38,916		66,388		114,162		52,774		
NTERFUND TRANSFER		16,540		-		49,848		(66,388)		2				
FUND BALANCES, end of year	\$	(26,452)	\$	1,907	\$	74,595	\$	-	\$	50,050	\$	114,162		

# LE CENTRE CULTUREL FRANCO-MANITOBAIN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

The second secon		2015		2014
CASH FLOWS FROM (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from:				
Government	\$	789,199	\$	766,050
Other funders	Ψ	39,697	Ψ	61,075
Individuals and customers		515,099		609,413
Cash paid for:		0.0,000		000, 110
Salaries and benefits		(660,137)		(708, 362)
Projects, materials and supplies		(653,880)		(684,068)
Hall rental deposits to clients		(14,373)		(582)
	V(V	15,605		43,526
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Acquisition of capital assets		(49,848)		-
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH DURING THE YEAR		(34,243)		43,526
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		117,834		74,308
CASH AND AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	83,591	\$	117,834
Depresented by				
Represented by				

# LE CENTRE CULTUREL FRANCO-MANITOBAIN SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

#### BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The financial statements of the corporation are the responsibility of management. They have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards as established by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

#### REVENUE RECOGNITION

The corporation follows the deferral method accounting for contributions.

The financial resources of the corporation are allocated to four funds corresponding to the corporation's activities and objectives as follows:

## (i) Unrestricted Funds

Operations - Includes transactions related to the maintenance of facilities and the general operations of the corporation.

Cultural Programs - Includes transactions related to the delivery of cultural programs as outlined in the objectives of the corporation.

#### (ii) Internally Restricted Funds

Invested in capital assets - Involves internal restrictions and is used for recording capital asset additions, major repairs related to the building's operations, amortization of deferred contributions related to capital assets and amortization of capital assets. At year end, an interfund transfer is recorded from the Operations fund to the Invested in capital assets fund representing the corporation's net investment in capital assets.

Future site development fund - This fund is an internally restricted fund established to cover costs of future development of the corporation's premises.

Grants received for specific projects are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. The remaining balance of grants received is accounted for as deferred revenue in the statement of financial position.

Hall rental sales, food and beverage sales, technical services, and sponsorships and donations are recognized as revenue when the services are rendered if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Admission fees are recognized as revenue when the event has occurred if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

# LE CENTRE CULTUREL FRANCO-MANITOBAIN SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, equities traded in an active market are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in the financial statements, if applicable. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstance indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each statement of financial position date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

#### CASH AND CASH EQUIVALIENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank balances and bank indebtedness.

#### INVENTORY

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost, using the first-in-first-out method, and net realizable value

#### CAPITAL ASSETS

Acquired capital assets are stated at their acquisition cost less accumulated amortization and are amortized using the diminishing balance method at the following annual rates:

Technical equipment	20%
Computer equipment	30%
Kitchen equipment	20%
Cash registers	20%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Security system	20%
Maintenance equipment	20%
Telephone systems	20%
Air Make up Unit	10%
Electronic signs	20%
Air Make-up Unit	10 years (straight line method)

### **USE OF BUILDING**

The use of the building is accounted for as described in Note 9.

#### **USE OF ESTIMATES**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates, as additional information becomes available in the future.

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

#### 1. NATURE OF THE CORPORATION

LE CENTRE CULTUREL FRANCO-MANITOBAIN ("the corporation") was incorporated under Chapter C45 of the Statutes of the Province of Manitoba. The corporation's objectives are to maintain, encourage, foster and sponsor, by all means available, all types of cultural activities in the French language and to make French-Canadian culture known to all residents of the province.

#### 2. VACATION PAY RECEIVABLE

The amount recorded as a receivable from the Province of Manitoba for vacation pay expenses was initially based on the estimated value of the corresponding liability as at March 31, 1995. Subsequent to March 31, 1995, the Province of Manitoba has included in its ongoing annual funding to the corporation an amount equal to the current year's expense for vacation pay entitlements.

#### 3. DEFERRED CHARGES

As an inducement to enter into the Lease Agreement with Stella's and for the purpose of completing the tenant's work as related to the premises, the Corporation has agreed to provide the Tenant a leasehold improvement allowance in the amount of \$60,000. This amount will be amortized as an expense over the term of the lease agreement which is expected to begin April 2015.

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

	Cost	 2015 cumulated nortization	Cost	 2014 cumulated mortization
Technical equipment Computer equipment Air Make-up System Furniture and fixtures Security system Electric sign Maintenance equipment Kitchen equipment Cash registers	\$ 201,563 138,313 47,659 37,200 30,420 29,409 28,683 15,541 8,999 6,552	\$ 177,031 133,051 4,766 25,374 27,232 14,351 26,096 13,943 7,001 3,342	\$ 201,563 136,124 - 37,200 30,420 29,409 28,683 15,541 8,999 6,552	\$ 170,898 130,796 22,417 26,435 10,587 25,450 13,544 6,502 1,966
Telephone equipment	\$ 544,339	\$ 432,187	\$ 494,491	\$ 408,595
pook value		\$ 112,152		\$ 85,896

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

#### 5. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

The corporation has a line of credit with Caisse Groupe Financier Ltée for a maximum of \$100,000 bearing interest at prime (3.15% at March 31, 2015). The line of credit is secured by a general security agreement. At March 31, 2015, the line of credit has a balance of \$Nil (\$Nil at March 31, 2014).

#### 6. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue represents unspent resources received during the year related to matching expenses of subsequent periods.

	-	2015		2014
Province of Manitoba - Cultural Programs		6,500		38,200
Other sources of funding - Cultural Programs		7,972		750
Other revenues - Operating		1,551	-	11,215
Balance, end of year	\$	16,023	\$	50,165

#### 7. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS RELATED TO CAPITAL ASSETS

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized portion of grants received with which capital assets have been purchased.

Changes in deferred contributions related to capital assets are as follows:

	<u> </u>	2015	 2014
Balance, beginning of year Amount amortized to revenue	\$	46,980 (9,423)	\$ (58,804) (11,824)
Balance, end of year	\$	37,557	\$ 46,980

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

#### 8. INVESTED IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Investment in capital assets is calculated as follows:

	_	2015	2014
Capital assets Less deferred contributions	\$	112,152 (37,557)	\$ 85,896 (46,980)
	\$	74,595	\$ 38,916

#### 9. USE OF BUILDING

The building used by the corporation is owned by the Province of Manitoba and is made available to the corporation rent-free. The corporation is responsible for all operating and maintenance costs including third party liability insurance.

The corporation charges rent to all tenants, groups and organizations that make use of the building. This rental revenue is retained by the corporation and recorded as revenue in the Operations fund, thereby reducing the corporation's reliance on funding from the Province.

The corporation pays certain expenses related to utility and maintenance costs for the Centre du Patrimoine and for Le Cercle Molière. The corporation recovers the utility and maintenance costs from La Société historique de Saint-Boniface and from Le Cercle Molière.

#### 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

#### General Objectives, Policies, and Processes

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the determination of the corporation's risk management objectives and policies and, whilst retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for designing and operating processes that ensure effective implementation of the objectives and policies to the corporation's Executive Director. The Board of Directors receives monthly reports from the corporation's Executive Director through which it reviews the effectiveness of the processes put in place and the appropriateness of the objectives and policies it sets.

The corporation is exposed to different types of risk in the normal course of its operations, including credit risk and market risk.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies or procedures used to manage financial instrument risks.

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

#### 10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the corporation to credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable.

The corporation's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral or other credit enhancements is as follows:

	V <del>ertical</del>	2015	 2014
Grants receivable	\$	66,505	\$ 127,596
Accounts receivable		75,682	70,101
Accounts receivable - Province of Manitoba		25,891	25,891
GST receivable		10,817	7,403
	\$	178,895	\$ 230,991

Accounts receivable: The corporation is not exposed to significant credit risk as receivables are spread among a large client base and geographic region and payment in full is typically collected when it is due. The corporation establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts that represents its estimate of potential credit losses. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on management's estimates and assumptions regarding current market conditions, customer analysis and historical payment trends. These factors are considered when determining whether past due accounts are allowed for or written off.

Grants receivable and accounts receivable - Province of Manitoba: The corporation is not exposed to significant credit risk as these receivables are from the Provincial and Federal Government.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises two types of risk: interest rate risk and foreign exchange risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The corporation is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. Cash is held in short-term or variable rate products and bank indebtedness is also at variable rates.

The corporation is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any financial instruments denominated in foreign currency and the number of transactions in foreign currency are minimal.

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The corporation has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the corporation's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The corporation ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents.

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

## 11. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The corporation is economically dependent on grants from the Province of Manitoba and Government of Canada.

### 12. CONTINGENCIES

As at March 31, 2015, there are three separate legal claims against the corporation. The probable outcome of the claims is not determinable at this time. No accrual has been recorded in the financial statements.

## LE CENTRE CULTUREL FRANCO-MANITOBAIN SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES For the year ended March 31, 2015

							20	115		2014
		Cultural	Inv	ested in	Inte	ernally				
	Operations	Programs	Capita	I Assets	Rest	tricted	To	otal		Tota
EXPENSES										
Salaries	\$ 501,664	\$ 145,241	\$	-	\$		\$ 646,9	905	\$	691,545
Employment and other contracts	78,849	128,938		-		-	207,7	787		209,554
Repairs and maintenance	103,435	1,285		25,000		-	129,7	720		110,255
Utilities	70,436	-		-		-	70,4	136		71,848
Professional and consulting fees	66,351	398		-		-	66,7	749		29.838
Food and beverage	28,010	17,706		-		-	45,7	716		44,073
Travel	421	44,859		-		_	45,2			43,293
Hall rental and technical services	28,797	2,170		-		-	30,9			39,895
Supplies	27,674	2,765		_		-	30,4	139		30,875
Computer and technology	29,800	489		-		-	30,2	289		16,840
Amortization of capital assets	·	-		23,592		-	23.5	592		23,243
Insurance	21,587	-		-		•	21,5	587		21,648
Advertising and promotion	1,583	14,967		-		4	16,			10,462
Other	2,440	5,217		_		_		557		5,236
Telephone and internet	7,092	-		-		-	7,0	92		8,838
Fees and dues	3,193	3,251		-		-	6,4	144		6,004
Materials	3,784	1,626		-		-	5,4	110		2,759
Bank charges and interest	5,126	21		-		-	5,	147		5,715
Meetings	1,547	261				-	1,8	808		1,659
	\$ 981,789	\$ 369,194	\$	48,592	\$ .	_	\$ 1,399,	575	<b>\$</b> 1	,373,580

# COMMUNITIES ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

#### COMMUNITIES ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

## YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

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## **AUDITORS' REPORT**

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Financial Position	2
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## KENDALL & PANDYA

#### **Chartered Accountants**

Partners .... David Kendall, FCA \* Manisha Pandya, CA \*

300-31 Main St., P.O. Box 175, Flin Flon, MB R8A 1M7 (204) 687-8211 Fax 687-2957 118 Cree Road, Thompson, MB R8N 0C1 (204) 778-7312 Fax 778-7919

\* Operating as professionnal corporations

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the Board of Directors of Communities Economic Development Fund

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the statement of financial position of COMMUNITIES ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles, and for such internal controls as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Communities Economic Development Fund., as at March 31, 2015 and its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian auditing standards for not-for-profit organizations.

#### Other Matters

The financial statements of Communities Economic Development Fund for the year ended March 31, 2014, were audited by another CA firm who expressed a qualified opinion on those statements on June 10, 2014. Note 13 discusses the reasons for the qualified opinion. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

Thompson, Manitoba June 9, 2015

## COMMUNITIES ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2015

ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS	2015	2014
Cash Trust Deposits - Province of Manitoba Due from the Province of Manitoba (Note 2) Accounts Receivable Property Held for Resale Prepaid Expenses	\$ 948,451 1,298,770 3,179,793 10,813 4,419 4,444 \$ 5,446,690	\$ 203,529 1,946,993 2,945,044 68,868 4,425 5,287 \$ 5,174,146
Loan Receivable (Note 3) Capital Assets (Note 4)	\$ 27,885,300 959,278 \$ 28,844,578	\$ 23,939,385 943,281 \$ 24,882,666
	\$ 34,291,268	\$ 30,056,812
CURRENT LIABILITIES		•
Accounts payable and Accrued Liabilities Deferred Contributions (Note 5) Interest Payable to the Province of Manitoba	\$ 1,180,452 157,233 267,500 \$ 1,605,185	\$ 504,286 189,046 259,250 \$ 952,582
Accrued Pension Liability (Note 6)	\$ 2,419,610	\$ 2,794,331
Advances by the Province of Manitoba (Note 7)	30,266,473 \$ 34,291,268	26,309,899 \$ 30,056,812
Commitments (Note 8)		
NET ASSETS	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ 34,291,268	\$ 30,056,812
APPROVED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS: Original Document Signed	Original Document S	igned

## COMMUNITIES ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

REVENUE		2015		2014
Loan Interest				
Business Program	\$	879,772	\$	792,324
Fisheries Program		673,917		734,379
Investment Income		57,964		46,222
	\$	1,611,653	\$	1,572,925
COST OF FUNDS				
Interest paid to the Province of Manitoba				
Business Program	\$	437,166	\$	413,850
Fisheries Program		300,067		297,948
Life Insurance		117,783		115,791
Trust Line of Credit		-		-
	\$	855,016	\$	827,589
GROSS MARGIN		756,637		745,336
OPERATING EXPENDITURES (Note 12)	\$ (	1,764,725)	\$ (	(1,731,992) (986,656)
	\$ (	1,008,088)	\$	(986,656)
OTHER REVENUE				
Administration fees	\$	183,729	\$	157,338
Program Revenues		78,342		-
	\$	262,071	\$	157,338
Deficiency of Revenue Over Expenditures				
Before Provision for Doubtful Loans		(746,017)		(829,318)
Provisions for Doubtful Loans				640.400
Regular Operations		723,389		640,132
Deficiency of Revenue Over Expenditures before		4 460 400		/1 4/0 4 <b>/</b> 0
Subsidy due from Province of Manitoba	(	(1,469,406)		(1,469,450)
Subsidy due from Province of Manitoba		1,469,406	***************************************	1,469,450
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	\$	-	\$	-
Net Assets, beginning of Year		MM		4-0
Net Assets, end of Year	\$	-	\$	-

## COMMUNITIES ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

## YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

	2015	2014
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess of Revenue over Expenditures for the year	\$ -	\$
Adjustments for Non-cash Items	-	~
Amortization of Capital Assets	29,792	26,607
Provision for Doubtful Loans	723,389	640,132
	\$ 753,181	\$ 666,739
Net Changes in Working Capital Balances		
Accounts Receivable	\$ 58,055	\$ 3,102
Prepaid Expenses	843	(2,253)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	676,166	(949,985)
Deferred Contributions	(31,813)	(10,626)
Interest Payable to the Province of Manitoba	8,250	(37,217)
Accrued Pension Liability	(374,721)	166,695
Property for Resale	6_	
	\$ 1,089,967	\$ (163,545)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Net Increase (Decrease) in Amounts Due from  Province of Manitoba	\$ (234,749)	\$ 749,144
Net Increase (Decrease) in Advance by the		2 522 100
Province of Manitoba	3,956,574	2,523,108
	\$ 3,721,825	\$ 3,272,252
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL ACTIVITY		
Acquisition of Capital Assets	\$ (45,789)	\$ (4,679)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITY		
Change in Loans Receivable Net of Repayments	\$ (4,669,304)	\$ (1,592,464)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND		
CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 96,699	\$ 1,511,564
•	,	, ,
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning of Year	\$ 2,150,522	\$ 638,958
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, End of Year	\$ 2,247,221	\$ 2,150,522
	<u>Ψ 2,211,3221</u>	Ψ 2,100,322
REPRESENTED BY:		
Cash and Bank	\$ 948,451	\$ 203,529
Term Deposits - Province of Manitoba	1,298,770	1,946,993
10 mo of mantiou	\$ 2,247,221	\$ 2,150,522

## 1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### a) Nature of Organization

The Communities Economic Development Fund (the "Fund") was established in 1971 (Ch. C155) as a Crown Corporation to encourage the optimum economic development of remote and isolated communities within the Province of Manitoba. With an act revision passed in July 1991, the object of the Fund is to encourage the economic development of northern Manitoba, aboriginal people outside the City of Winnipeg, and the fishing industry in Manitoba. The Business and Fisheries Loans Programs are administered under the CEDF Act.

#### b) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations as established by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

#### c) Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Fund are the responsibility of management.

#### d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits with a duration of less than ninety days from the date of acquisition.

#### e) Revenue Recognition

The Fund follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Interest on loans is recorded as revenue on an accrual basis except for loans which are considered impaired. When a loan becomes impaired, recognition of interest revenue ceases when the carrying amount of the loan including accrued interest exceeds the estimated realizable amount of the underlying security. Investment revenue is recorded on an accrual basis.

Other revenue including administration fees is recorded when the related services or activity is provided.

## f) Allowance for Doubtful Loans

#### **Business Loans Program**

The loans are reviewed quarterly to assess potential impairment or loss of value. Impaired loans are defined as those which are greater than three payments in arrears, no plans in place to address arrears, and for which the value of realizable security is less than the value of the loan outstanding. In these cases, a specific allowance is accrued equal to the value of the potential security shortfall or impairment. In all other cases, including loans that are both current and for which there is excess security value, a non-specific allowance equal to 5% of the outstanding loan balance is recorded.

#### g) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at a fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items re-measured at fair value at each balance sheet date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

#### h) Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the asset is calculated on a straight-line basis as follows:

Building		2%
Office Furniture and Equipment	10% to	30%
Parking Lot		50%

#### i) Employment and Post-Employment Benefits

The Fund provides pension, retirement allowance and sick leave benefits to its employees. Employees of the Fund are provided pension benefits by The Civil Service Superannuation Fund ("the CSSF"). The cost of the pension benefits earned by the employee is charged to expenses as services are are rendered. The cost is actuarially determined using the projected benefit method and reflects management's best estimate of salary increases and the age at which the employee will retire. Retirement allowances are provided to certain qualifying employees. The benefits are provided under a final pay plan. The costs of benefits earned by the employees are charged to expenses as services are rendered. The costs are actuarially determined using projected benefit payments and reflect management's best estimates of future payouts. Adjustments to the allowance are recognized in income immediately.

Employees of the Fund are entitled to sick pay benefits that accumulate but do not vest. The cost of the anticipated future sick pay benefits that will be required by the employee is charged to expenses as services are rendered. The cost is determined using present value techniques.

#### j) Use of Estimates and Measurement Uncertainty

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector accounting standards which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reported period. Significant estimates are involved in the valuation of loans receivable and the accrued pension liability. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### 2. DUE FROM THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

Department of Aboriginal and Northern Affairs

Annually, the Province of Manitoba provides a grant for the Fund's anticipated subsidy requirements for the year. The amount of \$3,179,793 (\$2,945,044 in 2014) represents additional funds needed to fund the actual requirements for the year including the pension liability. The balance is comprised of the following:

2015

2014

- Subsidy Refundable	\$	(44,643)	\$ (85,952)
Order in Council Pending		593,907	171,263
Pension, Unfunded		2,389,537	2,768,754
Pension, Funded		27,891	25,579
Severance Accrued, Unfunded		213,101	65,400
	\$	3,179,793	\$ 2,945,044
3. LOANS RECEIVABLE			
Loans receivable by program are as follows:			
Business Loans Program			
Interest rates applied range from 4.75% to 9.87%			
Principal	\$	20,216,389	\$ 15,283,499
Accrued interest		1,242,640	1,381,798
	-	21,459,029	16,665,297
Allowance for doubtful loans		(3,250,287)	 (2,760,481)
Total Business Loans Program	\$	18,208,742	\$ 13,904,816
Fisheries Loans Program			
Interest rates applied range from 4.25% to 6.25%			
Principal	\$	11,810,502	\$ 12,157,685
Accrued interest		852,218	1,008,831
		12,662,720	 13,166,516
Allowance for doubtful loans		(2,986,162)	(3,131,947)
Allowance for insurance			 
Total Fisheries Loans Programs		9,676,558	 10,034,569
Total Business and Fisheries Loan Programs		27,885,300	\$ 23,939,385

Gross amount of loans	together with the a	llowance for doubtful	loans are as follows:

Performing	Gross amount of loans together v	vith the allowance	for doubtful loans a	re as follows:	
Business Loans Program         Allowance         Balance         Allowance           Impaired         \$ 3,529,450         \$ 2,349,365         \$ 3,571,437         \$ 2,105,788           Performing         17,929,579         900,922         13,093,860         2,760,481           Fisheries Loans Program           Impaired         \$ 2,986,162         \$ 2,986,162         \$ 3,131,947         \$ 3,131,947           Performing         \$ 9,676,558         - 10,034,569            Performing         \$ 9,676,558         - 10,034,569         \$ 3,131,947           The change in the allowance buthful loans are stronglous.           Business Loans Program         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693         \$ 1,492,093         \$ 489,976           Provision for the year         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693         \$ 1,492,093         \$ 489,976           Balance, beginning of year         \$ 2,651,205         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Provision for the year         \$ 2,349,365         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Balance, end of year         \$ 2,349,365         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Balance, beginning of year         \$ 151,052         (138,280)					2014
Performing		Gross Loan	Total	Gross Loan	Total
Impaired   Performing   17,929,579   900,922   13,093,860   654,693   21,459,029   3,250,287   16,665,297   2,760,481		Balances	Allowance	Balance	Allowance
Performing         17,929,579         900,922         13,093,860         654,693           Fisheries Loans Program Impaired         \$ 2,986,162         \$ 2,986,162         \$ 3,131,947         \$ 3,131,947           Performing         9,676,558         -         10,034,569         -         -           The change in the allowance for doubtful loans are as follows:         \$ 2,986,162         \$ 3,131,66,516         \$ 3,131,947           The change in the allowance for doubtful loans are as follows:           Business Loans Program Balance, beginning of year Provision for the year         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693         \$ 1,492,093         \$ 489,976           Provision for the year         \$ 2,651,205         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Loans written off         (301,840)         -         -         -         -           Balance, end of year         \$ 2,349,365         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Recovery) provision for the year         \$ 2,349,365         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Balance, end of year         \$ 3,131,947         \$ 3,350,676         \$ 3,131,947         \$ 3,509,676           (Recovery) provision for the year         \$ 3,349,365         \$ 3,282,999         \$ 3,371,396 <t< th=""><th>Business Loans Program</th><th>•</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Business Loans Program	•			
Fisheries Loans Program	Impaired	\$ 3,529,450	\$ 2,349,365	\$ 3,571,437	\$ 2,105,788
Fisheries Loans Program	Performing	17,929,579	900,922	13,093,860	654,693
Impaired   9,676,558   - 10,034,569   - 2   -		21,459,029	3,250,287	16,665,297	2,760,481
Impaired   9,676,558   - 10,034,569   - 2   -	Fisheries Loans Program				
Performing         9,676,5558         -         10,034,569         -         -           The change in the allowance for doubtful loans are as follows:           Business Loans Program Balance, beginning of year Provision for the year         Specific Sq. (301,848)         Non-Specific Sq. (301,849)         Specific Sq. (301,840)         Non-Specific Sq. (301,840) <t< td=""><td>_</td><td>\$ 2,986,162</td><td>\$ 2,986,162</td><td>\$ 3 131 947</td><td>\$ 3.131.947</td></t<>	_	\$ 2,986,162	\$ 2,986,162	\$ 3 131 947	\$ 3.131.947
S   12,662,720   S   2,986,162   S   13,166,516   S   3,131,947	-	· ·	Ψ 2,700,102	• •	ψ 5,151,511
Business Loans Program         Specific         Non-Specific         Specific         Non-Specific           Balance, beginning of year Provision for the year         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693         \$ 1,492,093         \$ 489,976           Provision for the year         \$ 2,651,205         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Loans written off         (301,840)         -         -         -           Balance, end of year         \$ 2,349,365         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Fisheries Loan Program         \$ 2349,365         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Balance, beginning of year         \$ 3,131,947         \$ 3,509,676           (Recovery) provision for the year         \$ 3,3131,947         \$ 3,509,676           (Recovery) provision for the year         \$ 3,282,999         \$ 3,371,396           Loans written off         (296,837)         (239,449)           \$ 2,986,162         \$ 3,131,947    The provision for fisheries loans losses recorded by the Fund exceeds the value derived by the net present value formula as at March 31, 2015 by NIL (Nil in 2014).  **Total County States S	1 Offorming		\$ 2,986,162		\$ 3,131,947
Business Loans Program         Specific         Non-Specific         Specific         Non-Specific           Balance, beginning of year Provision for the year         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693         \$ 1,492,093         \$ 489,976           Provision for the year         \$ 2,651,205         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Loans written off         (301,840)         -         -         -           Balance, end of year         \$ 2,349,365         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Fisheries Loan Program         \$ 2349,365         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Balance, beginning of year         \$ 3,131,947         \$ 3,509,676           (Recovery) provision for the year         \$ 3,3131,947         \$ 3,509,676           (Recovery) provision for the year         \$ 3,282,999         \$ 3,371,396           Loans written off         (296,837)         (239,449)           \$ 2,986,162         \$ 3,131,947    The provision for fisheries loans losses recorded by the Fund exceeds the value derived by the net present value formula as at March 31, 2015 by NIL (Nil in 2014).  **Total County States S					
Balance, beginning of year Provision for the year         \$ 2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093   \$489,976   \$164,717   \$246,229   \$613,695   \$164,717   \$2,651,205   \$900,922   \$2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093   \$164,717   \$2,651,205   \$900,922   \$2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093   \$1,492,093   \$1,492,093   \$1,492,093   \$164,717   \$1,492,093   \$164,717   \$1,492,093   \$1,49	The change in the allowance for o	doubtful loans are a	as follows:		
Balance, beginning of year Provision for the year         \$ 2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093   \$489,976   \$164,717   \$246,229   \$613,695   \$164,717   \$246,229   \$2,105,788   \$654,693   \$164,717   \$2,651,205   \$900,922   \$2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093   \$2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093   \$2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093   \$2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093   \$2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093   \$2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093   \$2,105,788   \$654,693   \$1,492,093	Business Loans Program	Specific	Non-Specific	Specific	Non-Specific
Loans written off   301,840   -	Balance, beginning of year	\$ 2,105,788		\$ 1,492,093	\$ 489,976
S 2,651,205   S 900,922   S 2,105,788   654,693     Loans written off   (301,840)   -   -   -   -     Balance, end of year   S 2,349,365   S 900,922   S 2,105,788   654,693     Fisheries Loan Program   2015   2014     Balance, beginning of year   S 3,131,947   S 3,509,676     (Recovery) provision for the year   151,052   (138,280)     Loans written off   (296,837)   (239,449)     Example		* *	246,229	613,695	164,717
Balance, end of year         \$ 2,349,365         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Fisheries Loan Program	·	\$ 2,651,205	\$ 900,922	\$ 2,105,788	
Balance, end of year         \$ 2,349,365         \$ 900,922         \$ 2,105,788         \$ 654,693           Fisheries Loan Program Balance, beginning of year (Recovery) provision for the year (Recovery) provision for the year Loans written off (Recovery) provision for the year (Recov	Loans written off	(301,840)	-	-	·
Balance, beginning of year       \$ 3,131,947       \$ 3,509,676         (Recovery) provision for the year       151,052       (138,280)         \$ 3,282,999       \$ 3,371,396         Loans written off       (296,837)       (239,449)         \$ 2,986,162       \$ 3,131,947    The provision for fisheries loans losses recorded by the Fund exceeds the value derived by the net present value formula as at March 31, 2015 by NIL (Nil in 2014). Loan Loss Provision Per accounts \$ 2,986,162 \$ 3,131,947	Balance, end of year	······································	\$ 900,922	\$ 2,105,788	\$ 654,693
Balance, beginning of year       \$ 3,131,947       \$ 3,509,676         (Recovery) provision for the year       151,052       (138,280)         \$ 3,282,999       \$ 3,371,396         Loans written off       (296,837)       (239,449)         \$ 2,986,162       \$ 3,131,947    The provision for fisheries loans losses recorded by the Fund exceeds the value derived by the net present value formula as at March 31, 2015 by NIL (Nil in 2014). Loan Loss Provision Per accounts \$ 2,986,162 \$ 3,131,947	Eighariag I oan Droaman			2015	2014
(Recovery) provision for the year       151,052       (138,280)         Loans written off       \$3,282,999       \$3,371,396         Loans written off       (296,837)       (239,449)         \$2,986,162       \$3,131,947         The provision for fisheries loans losses recorded by the Fund exceeds the value derived by the net present value formula as at March 31, 2015 by NIL (Nil in 2014).         2015       2014         Loan Loss Provision Per accounts       \$2,986,162       \$3,131,947	C				
Loans written off \$ 3,282,999 \$ 3,371,396 \$ (239,449) \$ 2,986,162 \$ 3,131,947 \$ The provision for fisheries loans losses recorded by the Fund exceeds the value derived by the net present value formula as at March 31, 2015 by NIL (Nil in 2014).  Loan Loss Provision Per accounts \$ 2,986,162 \$ 3,131,947				* *	
Loans written off (296,837) (239,449)  \$\frac{2}{3},2986,162}\$  The provision for fisheries loans losses recorded by the Fund exceeds the value derived by the net present value formula as at March 31, 2015 by NIL (Nil in 2014).    Per accounts	(Recovery) provision for the year	11		-	
The provision for fisheries loans losses recorded by the Fund exceeds the value derived by the net present value formula as at March 31, 2015 by NIL (Nil in 2014).  2015  2014  Loan Loss Provision Per accounts  \$ 2,986,162 \$ 3,131,947	Lagra written off			· · ·	, ,
The provision for fisheries loans losses recorded by the Fund exceeds the value derived by the net present value formula as at March 31, 2015 by NIL (Nil in 2014).  2015  2014  Loan Loss Provision Per accounts  \$ 2,986,162 \$ 3,131,947	Loans written off				
by the net present value formula as at March 31, 2015 by NIL (Nil in 2014).  2015  2014  Loan Loss Provision Per accounts  \$ 2,986,162 \$ 3,131,947				\$ 2,980,102	3,131,947
Loan Loss Provision Per accounts \$ 2,986,162 \$ 3,131,947					
Per accounts \$ 2,986,162 \$ 3,131,947				2015	2014
\$ 2,500,10 <b>2</b> \$ 5,101,517					
Per net present value calculation (2,986,162) (3,131,947) \$ - \$ -	•			r r	, , ,
<u>\$ -</u> <u>\$ -</u>	Per net present value calculation	on		(2,986,162)	(3,131,947)
				\$ <u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>

4.	CAPITAL ASSETS	Cos	ts		ımulated ortization	Net B Value	
	Land	\$	92,482	\$		\$	92,482
	Building		931,236		116,405		814,831
	Office Furniture and Equipment		213,130		161,165		51,965
	Parking Lot		73,000		73,000		_
	Total	\$	1,309,848	\$	350,570	\$	959,278
							2014
		Cos	ts	Accu	ımulated	Net B	ook
				Amo	rtization	Value	
	Land		92,482	\$	-	\$	92,482
	Building		931,236		9 <b>7</b> ,780		833,456
	Office Furniture and Equipment		167,341		149,998		17,343
	Parking Lot	_	73,000		73,000		-
	Total	\$	1,264,059	\$	320,778	\$	943,281

#### 5. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

The Government of Manitoba has contributed \$200,000 to the Fund in prior years to establish the Non-Timber Forest Products Program. Transactions for the year and deferred contributions at year end are as follows:

	2015		2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$	189,046	\$ 199,672
Recognized during the year		(31,813)	(10,626)
	\$	157,233	\$ 189,046

## 6. EMPLOYMENT AND POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PAYABLE

#### **Pension Benefits**

The employees of the Fund are not members of the Civil Service of the Province of Manitoba but they contribute to and are pensionable under, The Civil Service Superannuation Fund. In accordance with the provisions of The Civil Service Superannuation Act, the Fund is a "non-matching employer" and contributes 50% of the pension payments made to retired employees. The current pension expense consists of the Fund's share of pension benefits paid to retired employees, as well as the increase in the unfunded pension liability during the fiscal year. The liability is determined every year. The most recent actuarial valuation available is as at March 31, 2015.

2014

The significant actuarial	assumptions adopted in m	easuring the Fund's pension	liability are as follows:

	J	2015	2014
Benefit costs for the year ended March 31			
Discount Rate		6.00%	6.00%
Rate of Compensation Increase		3.75%	3.75%

In fiscal years prior to 1989, the Fund charged to operations contributions to the Manitoba Civil Service Superannuation Fund which amounted to 50% of the pension payments made to retired employees. Beginning in the 1989 fiscal year the Fund has recorded a provision to fund current service obligations. In fiscal years prior to 2015, the pension liability was calculated using the solvency method. Beginning in the 2015 fiscal year the pension liability is calculated using the going concern method in order to comply with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### **Pre-Retirement Benefits**

Employees may be eligible for a pre-retirement benefit provided specific criteria are met. The pre-retirement liability is estimated, based on a first time commissioned actuarial report dated March 31, 2015, to be \$ 213,100 (\$50,700 in 2014) and is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

#### Sick Leave Benefits

Employees of the Fund are entitled to sick leave benefits during employment. Sick leave benefits, which accumulate but do not vest are estimated to be a liability as at March 31, 2015 of \$10,727 (\$9,600 in 2014). The amount is not considered to be significant by management and as such has not been recorded as a liability in the financial statements of the Fund.

#### 7. ADVANCES BY THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

The Communities Economic Development Fund is included under the Province of Manitoba's Loan Act Authority. Advances from the Province of Manitoba bear interest at rates established by the Minister of Finance pursuant to The Loan Act 2014. The advances are repayable at any time in whole or in part at the option of the Lieutenant Governor in Council.

Advances by the Province of Manitoba by program are as follows:

	2015	2014
Business Loan Program		
Advances, beginning of year	\$ 18,826,176	\$ 16,899,265
Loan Advances	8,640,000	7,559,000
Loan Advances Repayments	(4,988,359)	(5,632,089)
Advances, end of year	\$ 22,477,817	\$ 18,826,176
Unfunded allowance for doubtful loans, beginning of year	\$ 2,392,442	\$ 2,689,923
Provision for doubtful loans	791,646	778,412
Loans written off as approved by Order in Council	(193,255)	(1,075,893)
Unfunded allowance for doubtful loans, end of year	2,990,833	2,392,442
Net advances balance, end of year	\$ 19,486,984	\$ 16,433,734

	2015	2014
Fisheries Loans Program		
Advances, beginning of year	\$ 12,659,793	\$ 12,523,053
Loan Advances	4,506,000	4,275,000
Loan Advances Repayments	(3,408,418)	(4,138,260)
Advances, end of year	\$ 13,757,375	\$ 12,659,793
Unfunded allowance for doubtful loans, beginning of year	3,671,226	3,858,039
(Recovery) Provision for doubtful loans	168,114	(138,280)
Loans written off as approved by Order in Council	-	(48,533)
Unfunded allowance for doubtful loans, end of year	3,839,340	3,671,226
Net advances balance, end of year	\$ 9,918,035	\$ 8,988,567
Net Advances due by the Province of Manitoba are as follows:	2015	2014
Business Loans Program	\$ 19,486,984	\$ 16,433,734
Fisheries Loans Program	9,918,035	8,988,567
Building Mortgage	861,454	887,598
	\$ 30,266,473	\$ 26,309,899

The Fund obtains capital, through its Loan Act, for the purpose of carrying out its mandate of providing financial assistance in the form of loans and guarantees through loans provided by the Department of Finance. Term loans bear interest at the rates posted by the Department of Finance at time of issue. The Fund has the option to draw annually approved Loan Act funds on floating rates periodically at the Royal bank prime rate minus 0.75%. At year end, the advances bore rates ranging from 1.75% to 5.25% with a weighted cost of capital of 2.20%.

Principal payments due in each of the next five fiscal years on advances by the Province of Manitoba that exclude unfunded allowances for doubtful loans are as follows:

2016	\$ 10,730,456
2017	\$ 1,321,181
2018	\$ 7,664,864
2019	\$ 4,203,126
2020	\$ 2,217,941

2015

#### 8. COMMITMENTS

Total undisbursed balances of approved loans are \$1,069,635 as at March 31, 2015 (\$3,474,306 at March 31, 2014).

#### 9. LOAN ACT AUTHORITY

Amounts authorized for advances under The Loan Act 2014 are as follows:

	2015	
The Loan Act, 2014	\$ 13,146,0	00
Authority used	13,146,0	00
Unused Loan Act Capital Available	\$	_

#### 10. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The ongoing operations of the Fund depends on obtaining adequate financing and funding from the Province of Manitoba.

#### 11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENT RISK MANAGEMENT AND EXPOSURES

There have been no substantive charges in the Fund's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks or methods used to measure them from previous periods.

The board has overall responsibility for the determination of the Fund's risk management objectives and policies and has identified significant exposure to credit risk.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss to the Fund if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Fund has significant outstanding loans and is mainly exposed to credit risk through the credit quality of the individuals and businesses to whom the Fund has loaned funds. Credit risk rating systems are designed to assess and quantify the risk inherent in credit activities in an accurate and consistent manner. To assess credit risk, the Fund takes into consideration the individual's and business' ability to pay, and value of collateral available to secure the loan. The Fund's maximum exposure to risk, without taking into account any collateral or other credit enhancements is \$27,896,113 (\$24,008,253 in 2014) which consists of loans and accounts receivable.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the impact that changes in market interest rates will have on the operations of the Fund. The Fund holds \$29,184,070 (\$25,886,378 in 2014) in interest bearing deposits and loans receivable at March 31, 2015. The Fund has mitigated this risk by adjusting interest rates for fish loans on a quarterly basis and interest rates for business loans on a monthly basis on its weighed average cost of capital.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they becomes due, and arises from the Fund's management of working capital and collections of loans receivable. The Fund's policy is to ensure that it will have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities when they become due.

#### 12. SCHEDULE OF OPERATING EXPENDITURES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31

	2015		2014
Amortization of Capital Assets	\$ 29,792	\$	26,607
Collection Costs	113,311		46,763
Communications	44,567		35,318
Credit Reports	4,146		2,368
Directors' Fees and Expenses	81,563		81,241
Government Vehicle	38,863		31,420
Insurance	8,569		8,142
Legal Costs	13,336		7,298
MAFRI	95,206		90,846
Mortgage Interest	46,031		47,386
Office Supplies and Expenses	37,717		54,289
Pension	58,391		229,940
Professional Fees	65,627		46,951
Program Expenses	74,386		-
Rent and Utilities	30,066		28,694
Repair and Maintenance	11,542		23,675
Salaries and Benefits	961,833	2	911,090
Sundry	14,016		18,593
Travel	35,763		41,371
	 1,764,725	\$	1,731,992

#### 13. BASIS FOR QUALIFIED OPINION

As discussed in Note 6 to the financial statements, the accrued pension liability recorded in the financial statements by management was calculated by an actuary based on the solvency method rather than the going concern method for fiscal years prior to March 31, 2015. This was a departure from Canadian public sector accounting standards. Based on the going concern method of calculating the accrued pension liability, the accrued pension liability and due from the Province of Manitoba should be decreased by \$779,331 at March 31, 2014, and the pension expense and subsidy due from the Province of Manitoba should be decreased by \$156,568 for the year ended March 31, 2014.

Beginning in the 2015 fiscal year the accrued pension liability is calculated based on the going concern method.



The Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board 400-352 Donald Street Winnipeg, MB R3B 2H8

August 26, 2015

## The Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying Schedule of Loans and Loan Guarantee Transactions and other financial information in the Annual Report for the year ended March 31, 2015 are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Board. This Schedule was prepared by management in accordance with the accounting policies set out in Note 2 to the Schedule. Any financial information contained elsewhere in the Annual Report conforms to the Schedule.

As management is responsible for the integrity of the Schedule, management has established systems of internal control to provide reasonable assurance that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded from loss.

The responsibility of the Office of the Auditor General is to perform an independent examination of the Schedule of Loans and Loans Guarantee Transactions of the Board in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. The Independent Auditor's Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and provides the audit opinion.

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Craig Marchinko Chairperson



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba To the Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board

We have audited the accompanying schedule of loans and loan guarantee transactions of the Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board for the year ended March 31, 2015 and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Schedule

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of this schedule in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the schedule is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the schedule based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the schedule is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the schedule. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the schedule, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the schedule in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the schedule.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the schedule presents fairly, in all material respects, the loans and loan guarantee transactions of the Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board for the year ended March 31, 2015 in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Office of the Auditor General

Office of the Auditor General

August 26, 2015 Winnipeg, Manitoba

## The Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board

#### Schedule of Loans and Loans Guarantee Transactions

Year ended March 31, 2015

Loans (note 3)	Mai	rch 31, 2014	A	dditions	Rep	ayment	Ma	rch 31, 2015
Neechi Foods Co-op Ltd.	\$	1,140,000	\$	16,663	\$	-	\$	1,156,663
	\$	1,140,000	\$	16,663	\$		\$	1,156,663

Loan Guarantees (note 4)	March	31, 2014	Α	dditions	F	Reduction	Mar	ch 31, 2015
Springfield Seniors Non-Profit Housing Cooperative Ltd.	\$	×	\$	900,000	\$	(179,232)	\$	720,768
	\$		\$	900,000	\$	(179,232)	\$	720,768

On behalf of the Board:

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Director	Director	- 1

## The Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board

#### Notes to the Schedule

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. General

The Co-operative Associations Loans and Loans Guarantee Act established the Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board (CLLGB) with the primary objective of ensuring that cooperative organizations have access to basic financial services. The CLLGB is empowered to make loans or guarantee loans to cooperative organizations in Manitoba. Manitoba Housing and Community Development administer the activities of the CLLGB. The Department pays all administrative and general operating costs of the CLLGB. The CLLGB may charge a fee for its loans and loan guarantees. The Department records all revenue received.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### a) Basis of presentation

This financial information is prepared in accordance with Canadian public accounting standards including PS 4200 series for government not-for-profit organizations.

- b) Loans are stated as the total amount of principal outstanding.
- c) Loan guarantees are stated at the maximum amount guaranteed.
- d) In the event of a default on a loan or a loan guarantee, the Province of Manitoba is responsible for the associated costs in settling the defaulted amount(s).

#### 3. Loans

#### Neechi Foods Co-op Ltd.

On August 20, 2012, the CLLGB authorized and approved a loan up to \$1,140,000 to Neechi Foods Co-op Ltd. The loan was approved by Order in Council up to \$1,140,000 to the CLLGB and subsequently on November 21, 2012, the initial loan payment of \$640,000 was issued. Repayment of the loan was due two years after the first advance. During 2013-14 CLLGB issued the remaining \$500,000 loan payment to Neechi Foods Co-op Ltd and subsequently, Neechi Foods Co-op Ltd paid \$20,527 in interest payments against the loan. During 2014-15, the interest on the loan to November 22, 2014 of \$16,663 was accrued and added to the outstanding balance of \$1,140,000 for a revised loan of \$1,156,663. Interest is calculated at the Province of Manitoba's floating rate. Interest accrued to March 31, 2015 is \$8,916. As at March 31, 2015, the loan balance is \$1,156,663 and the floating rate is 2,10%. Subsequent to March 31, 2015, the CLLGB is in the process of finalizing the refinancing of the loan with Neechi Foods Co-op Ltd. in the amount of \$1,156,663. Repayment of the loan is due November 22, 2016 and interest is due quarterly.

### The Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board

#### Notes to the Schedule

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 4. Loan guarantees

#### Springfield Seniors Non-Profit Housing Co-operative Ltd.

On May 14, 2014, the CLLGB approved a loan guarantee up to \$900,000. The Oakbank Credit Union Ltd. accepted the loan guarantee and signed an agreement with the Springfield Seniors Non-Profit Housing Co-Operative Ltd. and the CLLGB dated July 30, 2014. The loan guarantee came into effect once 37 shares out of 47 shares were sold. The loan guarantee is to be reduced by \$89,616 when each remaining ten of the 47 shares are sold. The loan guarantee is to be further reduced by way of the Refundable Rental Housing Construction Tax Credit, if and when received by the Co-op once construction is complete. The expiry date of the loan guarantee is when all 47 units have been committed or March 31, 2016 whichever is sooner. At March 31, 2015, two out of ten remaining shares were sold, eight shares are still outstanding. The loan has been reduced for \$89,616 for each one of the two shares sold which is \$179,232 reduction of the loan guarantee. The remaining balance at March 31, 2015 for the loan guarantee is \$720,768.

#### 5. Loan Act Authority

The Government of the Province of Manitoba has authorized the following amounts to be expended for funding loans and loan guarantees:

	2015	
The Loan Act, 2014	\$ 3.50	0.000
Outstanding loans:	, ,,,,	.,
Advanced	(1,14	0.000
Accrued interest in fiscal 2014/15		6,663
	(1,15	
Guarantees	(72	0,768
	\$ 1,62	2,569

#### 6. Compensation disclosure

The Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act requires disclosure of the aggregate compensation paid The Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board members and of individual compensation paid to board members or staff where such compensation is \$50,000 or more per year. For the period from April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015, The Co-operative Loans and Loans Guarantee Board paid board members an aggregate of \$1,027 (2014 - \$242). This amount is included in note 7. No individuals received compensation of \$50,000 or more.

#### 7. Contributed services

The Government of the Province of Manitoba provides the services of support staff, other administrative support services, office space and utilities. The cost of support staff services for 2015 is estimated at \$17,225 (2014 - \$21,909) with another \$6,592 (2014 - \$9,459) for provincially paid identified expenses. The costs of other administrative support services, office space and utilities are deemed too difficult to estimate and as such no amount has been determined.

The Cooperative Promotion Board 400-352 Donald Street Winnipeg MB R3B 2H8

August 6, 2015

#### The Cooperative Promotion Board

#### Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements and other financial information in the Annual Report for the year ended March 31, 2015 are the responsibility of management and have been approved by the Board.

The financial statements were prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. Any financial information contained elsewhere in the Annual Report conforms to these financial statements.

As management is responsible for the integrity of the financial statements, management has established systems of internal control to provide reasonable assurance that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded from loss.

The responsibility of the Office of the Auditor General is to perform an independent examination of the financial statements of the Board in accordance with Canadian auditing standards. The Independent Auditor's Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and provides the audit opinion.

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Duane Nicol Chairperson of the Board



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba
To the Members of the Cooperative Promotion Board

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Cooperative Promotion Board, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, and the statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Cooperative Promotion Board as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations, changes in fund balances and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Office of the Auditor General

Office of the Auditor General

August 6, 2015

Winnipeg, Manitoba

#### **Statement of Financial Position**

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative figures for 2014

		General Account 2015	F A	nmercial ishing ccount 2015		Total 2015	18	General Account 2014	F	nmercial lishing ccount 2014	Total 2014
Assets											
Current assets:											
Cash (note 3)	\$	91,928	\$	32,304	\$	124,232	\$	103,163	\$	34,350	\$ 137,513
Accounts receivable		418		45		463		1,118		197	1,315
Prepaid expenses		461		=		461		508		-	508
Current investments (note 4)		-		-		-		64,400		41,724	106,124
	n n	92,807		32,349		125,156		169,189		76,271	245,460
Investments (note 4)		128,800		45,580		174,380		64,400		571	64,971
	\$	221,607	\$	77,929	\$	299,536	\$	233,589	\$	76,842	\$ 310,431
Liabilities, Deferred Revenue and Fund Ba	alances										
Current liabilities:											
	S	4 070				4.000					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,079	\$	8	\$	1,079	\$	=	\$		\$ •
		27,300	\$	- E	\$	1,079 27,300	\$	27,300	\$	*	\$ - 27,300
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities  Deferred revenue (note 5)  Fund balances:		1.000,000,000	\$	8	\$	14.74 <b>4</b> .3759-596-5	\$	27,300	\$		\$
Deferred revenue (note 5)	•	1.000,000,000	\$	8	5	14.74 <b>4</b> .3759-596-5	\$	27,300 128,800	\$		\$
Deferred revenue (note 5) Fund balances:		27,300	\$	5	5	27,300	\$		\$		\$ 27,300
Deferred revenue (note 5) Fund balances: Contributed capital (note 8)		27,300 128,800	\$	5	5	27,300 128,800	\$	128,800	\$		\$ 27,300 128,800
Deferred revenue (note 5)  Fund balances:  Contributed capital (note 8)  General account		27,300 128,800 64,428	\$		\$	27,300 128,800 64,428	\$	128,800 77,489	\$		\$ 27,300 128,800 77,489
Deferred revenue (note 5)  Fund balances:  Contributed capital (note 8)  General account		27,300 128,800 64,428	\$	- - - 77,929	\$	27,300 128,800 64,428 77,929	\$	128,800 77,489	\$	76,842	\$ 27,300 128,800 77,489 76,842

See accompanying notes to financial statements

On behalf of the Board:

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Director

#### **Statement of Operations**

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative figures for 2014

		General Account 2015	F	mmercial ishing ccount 2015	hing General Fishing ount Total Account Account		Account					
Revenue:												
Interest	\$	4,043	\$	1,078	\$	5.121	\$	4,248	\$	1.149	\$	5,397
Dividend	•	-	*	9	•	9	*	-	•	8	*	8
Contributed services (note 7)		18,343		-		18,343		20,121		-		20,121
Grants from the Province of Manitoba (note 5)		-		-		-		16,000		-		16,000
Total revenue		22,386		1,087		23,473		40,369		1,157		41,526
Expenses:												
Grants (schedule 1)		13,103		-		13,103		19,949		-		19,949
Administrative services (note 7)		13,401		-		13,401		14,376		-		14,376
Annual report		187		-		187		1,281		-		1,281
Board members' meals and travel		741		-		741		780		-		780
Board members' remuneration		1,125		-		1,125		1,506		-		1,506
Liability insurance		915		-		915		738		-		738
Membership fees		955		-		955		927		-		927
Miscellaneous		318		-		318		231		-		231
Professional services		3,672		-		3,672		4,352		-		4,352
Promotional campaign		-		-		-		16,000		-		16,000
Seminars and workshops		1,030		-		1,030		-		-		
		35,447		-		35,447		60,140		-		60,140
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	(13,061)	\$	1,087	\$	(11,974)	\$	(19,771)	\$	1,157	\$	(18,614)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

#### **Statement of Changes in Fund Balances**

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative figures for 2014

	General Account 2015	F	mmercial Fishing account 2015	Total 2015	General Account 2014	ı	mmercial Fishing Account 2014	Total 2014
Fund balances, beginning of year								
Contributed capital	\$ 128,800	\$	-	\$ 128,800	\$ 128,800	\$	-	\$ 128,800
General account	77,489		-	77,489	97,260		-	97,260
Commercial Fishing account	-		76,842	76,842	-		75,685	75,685
	206,289		76,842	283,131	226,060		75,685	301,745
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	(13,061)		1,087	(11,974)	(19,771)		1,157	(18,614)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 193,228	\$	77,929	\$ 271,157	\$ 206,289	\$	76,842	\$ 283,131

See accompanying notes to financial statements

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative figures for 2014

	Fi Ac	ishing count		Total 2015			F	ishing		Total 2014
\$ (13,061)	\$	1,087	\$	(11,974)	\$	(19,771)	\$	1,157	\$	(18,614)
700		152		852		141		2		143
47		-		47		(115)		-		(115)
1,079		-		1,079		-		-		-
-		-		-		(16,000)		-		(16,000)
 (11,235)		1,239		(9,996)		(35,745)		1,159		(34,586)
(64,400)		(45,000)		(109,400)		(64,400)		-		(64,400)
64,400		41,724		106,124		114,400		-		114,400
-		(9)		(9)		-		(8)		(8)
 -		(3,285)		(3,285)		50,000		(8)		49,992
 (11,235)		(2,046)		(13,281)		14,255		1,151		15,406
103,163		34,350		137,513		88,908		33,199		122,107
\$ 91,928	\$	32,304	\$	124,232	\$	103,163	\$	34,350	\$	137,513
\$ 4,286	\$	1,230	\$	5,516	\$	4,389	\$	1,151	\$	5,540
\$	\$ (13,061)  700 47 1,079 - (11,235)  (64,400) 64,400 - (11,235)  (11,235)	General Account 2015  \$ (13,061) \$  700 47 1,079 - (11,235)  (64,400) 64,400 - (11,235)  (11,235)  (11,235)	Account 2015         Account 2015           \$ (13,061)         \$ 1,087           700         152           47         -           1,079         -           -         -           (11,235)         1,239           (64,400)         (45,000)           64,400         41,724           -         (9)           -         (3,285)           (11,235)         (2,046)           103,163         34,350           \$ 91,928         \$ 32,304	General Account 2015         Fishing Account 2015           \$ (13,061)         \$ 1,087         \$           700         152         47         -           1,079         -         -         -           (11,235)         1,239         (45,000)         (45,000)         (44,400)         (45,000)         (44,724)         -         (9)         -         (3,285)         (11,235)         (2,046)         103,163         34,350         \$         91,928         \$         32,304         \$	General Account 2015         Fishing Account 2015         Total 2015           \$ (13,061)         \$ 1,087         \$ (11,974)           700         152         852           47         -         47           1,079         -         1,079           -         -         -           (11,235)         1,239         (9,996)           (64,400)         (45,000)         (109,400)           64,400         41,724         106,124           -         (9)         (9)           -         (3,285)         (3,285)           (11,235)         (2,046)         (13,281)           103,163         34,350         137,513           \$ 91,928         \$ 32,304         \$ 124,232	General Account 2015         Fishing Account 2015         Total 2015           \$ (13,061)         \$ 1,087         \$ (11,974)         \$           700         152         852         47         - 47         1,079         - 1,079	General Account 2015         Fishing Account 2015         Total 2014         General Account 2014           \$ (13,061)         \$ 1,087         \$ (11,974)         \$ (19,771)           700         152         852         141           47         -         47         (115)           1,079         -         1,079         -           -         -         (16,000)           (11,235)         1,239         (9,996)         (35,745)           (64,400)         (45,000)         (109,400)         (64,400)           64,400         41,724         106,124         114,400           -         (9)         (9)         -           -         (3,285)         50,000           (11,235)         (2,046)         (13,281)         14,255           103,163         34,350         137,513         88,908           \$ 91,928         \$ 32,304         \$ 124,232         \$ 103,163	General Account 2015         Fishing Account 2015         Total 2015         General Account 2014         Faccount 2014           \$ (13,061)         \$ 1,087         \$ (11,974)         \$ (19,771)         \$           700         152         852         141         147         147         (115)         1,079         -         -         (16,000)         -         -         -         (16,000)         -         -         -         (16,000)         (10,000)         (109,400)         (64,400)         (64,400)         (45,000)         (109,400)         (64,400)         (64,400)         64,400         41,724         106,124         114,400         -         -         -         (3,285)         50,000         -	General Account 2015         Fishing Account 2015         Total 2015         General Account 2014         Fishing Account 2014           \$ (13,061)         \$ 1,087         \$ (11,974)         \$ (19,771)         \$ 1,157           700         152         852         141         2           47         -         47         (115)         -           1,079         -         -         -         -           -         -         -         (16,000)         -           (11,235)         1,239         (9,996)         (35,745)         1,159           (64,400)         (45,000)         (109,400)         (64,400)         -           64,400         41,724         106,124         114,400         -           -         (3,285)         (3,285)         50,000         (8)           (11,235)         (2,046)         (13,281)         14,255         1,151           103,163         34,350         137,513         88,908         33,199           \$ 91,928         \$ 32,304         \$ 124,232         \$ 103,163         \$ 34,350	General Account 2015         Fishing Account 2015         Total 2015         General Account 2014         Fishing Account 2014           \$ (13,061)         \$ 1,087         \$ (11,974)         \$ (19,771)         \$ 1,157         \$           700         152         852         141         2         47         (115)         (16,000)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. General

The Cooperative Promotion Board (CPB) operates under the terms of The Cooperative Promotion Trust Act (The Act), which came into force on December 20, 1988. The CPB is a continuation of the Board established under The Wheat Board Money Trust Act. The Wheat Board Money Trust Act was repealed when The Cooperative Promotion Trust Act came into force. The Department of Housing and Community Development administers the activities of the CPB.

#### **General Account**

The General Account funds controlled by the CPB consist of surplus funds of the original Canadian Wheat Board, apportioned to Manitoba by the Government of Canada (recorded as Contributed Capital), assets vested in the CPB when The Cooperative Promotion Trust Act came into force, and assets acquired by the CPB.

The objectives of the CPB with regard to the General Account are to assist in the development of cooperative organizations, to promote the general welfare of cooperative organizations and rural residents in Manitoba and to make recommendations to the Minister responsible with respect to cooperative organizations and related legislation.

#### **Commercial Fishing Account**

The Commercial Fishing Account consists of funds donated by Northern Cooperative Services Ltd. As a condition of the donation, these funds are to be used exclusively for the promotion and development of commercial fishing in Manitoba.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

#### a) Basis of presentation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public accounting standards including PS 4200 series for government not-for-profit organizations.

#### b) Fund accounting

The CPB follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions and maintains a General Account and a Commercial Fishing Account.

#### c) Revenue recognition

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate account in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate account when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Interest revenue earned from cash balances on hand and the Guaranteed Investment Certificates (GICs) are recorded on an accrual basis.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 2. Significant accounting policies continued

#### d) Contributed services

Housing and Community Development provides administrative services to the CPB at no cost. The value of these contributed administrative services is recorded as revenue and expenses.

#### e) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified into one of the two measurement categories: (a) fair value; or (b) cost or amortized cost.

The CPB records its financial assets at cost, which includes cash, accounts receivable and investments. The CPB also records its financial liabilities at cost, which includes accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

Gains and losses on financial instruments measured at fair value are recorded in the fund balances as remeasurement gains and losses until realized. Upon disposition of the financial instruments, the cumulative remeasurement gains and losses are reclassified to the statement of operations. Gains and losses on financial instruments measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the statement of operations in the period the gains or loss occurs.

The CPB did not incur any remeasurement gains or losses during the year (2014 - nil).

#### f) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumption that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. Cash

#### **General account**

The cash balance for the General Account includes \$91,811 (2014 - \$102,232) held in a high yielding savings account at Assiniboine Credit Union at a fixed rate of 0.85% effective March 31, 2015. Interest is paid monthly.

#### **Commercial Fishing account**

The cash balance for the Commercial Fishing Account includes \$32,304 (2014 - \$34,350) held in a high yield savings account at Assiniboine Credit Union at a fixed rate of 0.60% effective March 31, 2015. Interest is paid monthly.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 4. Investments

The guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) are all held at Assiniboine Credit Union (ACU) and are compounded daily with interest paid annually.

#### **Current investments**

	2015	2014
General Account 2.15% GIC - term January 11, 2013 to January 10, 2015	\$ -	\$ 64,400
Commercial Fishing Account 2.15% GIC - term January 11, 2013 to January 10, 2015	-	41,724
	\$ -	\$ 106,124

#### Long-term investments

	2015			2014	
General Account					
2.50% GIC - term January 10, 2014 to January 9, 2017	\$	64,400	\$	64,400	
2.45% GIC - term March 17, 2015 to September 17, 2017		64,400		-	
		128,800		64,400	
Commercial Fishing Account					
ACU - surplus shares		580		571	
2.45% GIC - term March 17, 2015 to September 17, 2017		45,000		-	
		45,580		571	
	\$	174.380	\$	64,971	

#### 5. Deferred revenue

On March 26, 2013, the CPB received \$43,300 from the Department of Housing and Community Development as grant assistance for a promotional campaign to support and enhance the profile of housing cooperatives. During 2013/14, the CPB has incurred costs of \$16,000 associated with this initiative. No additional costs were incurred in 2014/15. The CPB will complete the campaign in the first quarter of 2015/16.

#### 6. Commercial Fishing Account

During 1993 and 1994, Northern Cooperative Services Ltd. donated \$41,724 to the CPB subject to the condition that these funds are to be used exclusively for the promotion and development of commercial fishing in Manitoba. These funds have earned interest and the balance as of March 31, 2015 was \$77,929 (2014 - \$76,842).

#### 7. Contributed services

The Province of Manitoba provides the services of support staff, other administrative support services, office space and utilities. The cost of support staff for 2015 is estimated at \$13,401 (2014 - \$14,376) with another \$4,942 (2014 - \$5,745) for provincially paid identified expenses. The costs of other administrative support services, office space and utilities are deemed too difficult to estimate and as such no amount has been determined.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 8. Contributed capital

Section 4(6) of The Act requires that the CPB maintain a minimum realizable value of \$129,000 for securities held, essentially the amount of the Contributed Capital. The CPB complied with the externally restricted capital requirements during the year.

#### 9. Compensation disclosure

The Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act requires disclosure of the aggregate compensation paid to the Cooperative Promotion Board members and of individual compensation paid to board members or staff where such compensation is \$50,000 or more per year. For the period of April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015, the Cooperative Promotion Board paid board members an aggregate of \$1,125 and held three board meetings. No individuals received compensation of \$50,000 or more.

#### 10. Financial instruments and financial risk management

The CPB has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk; interest rate risk; liquidity risk; and foreign currency risk.

#### a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. The financial instruments that potentially subject the CPB to credit risk consist principally of cash, accounts receivable and investments.

The CPB's maximum possible exposure to credit is as follows:

	2015	2014
Cash (note 3)	\$ 124,232	\$ 137,513
Accounts receivable	463	1,315
Investments (note 4)	174,380	171,095
	\$ 299.075	\$ 309.923

As at March 31, 2015, \$463 (2014 - \$1,315) of accounts receivable were not past due or impaired.

#### Cash

The CPB is not exposed to significant credit risk as cash is held with a reputable financial institution.

#### Account receivable

The CPB is not exposed to significant credit risk as these amounts are accrued interest on the GICs held with a reputable financial institution and typically collected when due. No allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

#### Investments

The CPB is not exposed to significant credit risk as its investments are held by a reputable financial institution.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 10. Financial instruments and financial risk management continued

#### b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to cash and investments.

#### Cash

The interest rate risk on cash is considered to be low due to their short-term nature.

#### Investments

The CPB's investments held with a reputable financial institution are normally held to maturity so changes in interest rates do not affect the value of the investments.

#### c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to the CPB's ability to access sufficient funds to meet its financial commitments.

The CPB manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances and by reviewing cash flows to ensure adequate funding will be received to meet the obligations when they become due. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are typically paid when due.

#### d) Foreign currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates.

The CPB is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

#### 11. Commitments

As of March 31, 2015, the CPB has approved grants in the amount of \$7,000, for which the grant applicants had not yet met the payment conditions. If the payment conditions relating to these grants are met in the future, the commitments will be funded by the General Account.

As of March 31, 2015, the CPB also had an additional outstanding commitment in the amount of \$16,000, for the promotional campaign. This commitment is expected to be completed during 2015/16.

Subsequent to March 31, 2015, the contract relating to the promotional campaign consultant was amended on May 4, 2015 to increase the original contract from \$32,000 to \$42,950. The remaining unpaid amount of \$26,950 was paid in two further installments and the contract was completed in June 2015.

#### 12. Related party transactions

The CPB is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba created Departments, Agencies, Boards and Crown Corporations. The CPB enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of operations and they are measured at the exchange amount agreed to by the related parties.

#### **Schedule of Grants**

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative figures for 2014

Schedule 1

		2015					
Seneral Account							
Albert Street Autonomous Zone	\$	-	\$	3,500			
Canadian CED Network		2,000		2,500			
Canadian Worker Co-op Federation		1,495		1,809			
Compo-Stages Manitoba Services Co-op		-		2,850			
CoopZone Developers' Network Co-operative		1,000		2,000			
Economic Development Council for Manitoba Bilingual Municipalities		-		3,500			
Heartland Community Futures		5,000		-			
Manitoba Cooperative Association Inc.		-		1,000			
Mondragon Worker Co-op		-		1,510			
Natural Cycleworks Worker Cooperative		1,000		-			
Par IT		-		280			
Peg City Car Co-op		2,608		-			
Rural Roots Food Cooperative		-		1,000			
Total of Grants	\$	13,103	\$	19,949			

# CROWN CORPORATIONS COUNCIL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2014

Strengthening Manitoba's Crown Corporations

Renforcer les corporations de la Couronne du Manitoba

### Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements and note disclosures are the responsibility of management of Crown Corporations Council and have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The financial statements have been reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and approved by the Board of Directors on April 28, 2015.

In management's opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality, incorporating management's best judgments regarding all necessary estimates and other data available as at the date of approval by the Board of Directors.

Management maintains internal controls to properly safeguard the assets of Crown Corporations Council and to ensure that transactions and events are accurately recorded and properly approved on a timely basis in order to provide financial information that is free from material misstatement and in accordance with the underlying legislation and regulations applicable to Crown Corporations Council.

The financial statements have been audited by Magnus Chartered Accountants LLP, independent external auditors. The responsibility of the auditor is to express an independent opinion on whether the financial statements of Crown Corporations Council are fairly presented, in all material respects, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The Independent Auditors' Report outlines the scope of the audit and provides the audit opinion on the financial statements.

On behalf of Management of Crown Corporations Council

Original Document Signed

Original Document Signed

C. R. (Chuck) Sanderson
President & CEO

Donna Frame
Senior Corporate Analyst & Manager of Corporate Operations







MAGNUS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS LLP. ADVISORY . ASSURANCE . TAXATION . TRANSACTIONS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Crown Corporations Council

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Crown Corporations Council, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2014 and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Crown Corporations Council as at December 31, 2014 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

April 28, 2015 Winnipeg, Canada

Magnus Chartered Accountants LLP

Magnus

Statement of Financial Position (in thousands) December 31, 2014

	2014 Actual		2013 Actual
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 632	\$	839
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	84		84
	716		923
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	101		102
Levies received in advance	116		187
Due to Crown corporations (Note 5)	314		417
Employee future benefits (Note 6)	149		162
	680		868
Net financial assets	36		55
Non-financial assets			
Tangible capital assets (Note 7)	14		15
Prepaid expenses	5		-
	19		15
Accumulated surplus (Note 8)	\$ 55	\$	70

Designated assets (Note 9)

Commitments (Note 10)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

# Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors:

Original Document Signed	Council Chair
Original Document Signed	
	Council Member

Statement of Operations (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 2014

	2014 Budget		2014 Actual		2013 Actual	
Revenue:						
Recoveries from Crown corporations through levies (Note 11)	\$ 920	\$	855	\$	740	
Board Performance Training: Province of Manitoba Recoveries from participants	80 15		80 9		80 11	
Interest income	4		5		4	
	1,019		949		835	
Expenses:	4-				4.0	
Amortization of tangible capital assets Board remuneration and expenses	15 92		9 90		12 81	
Board Performance Training expenses	104		103		113	
Crown director training	100		40		14	
Equipment, computer and maintenance	21		17		12	
Industry conferences	5		5		3	
Insurance and miscellaneous	3		1		2	
Office supplies and printing	12		13		11	
Professional development	10		8		4	
Professional fees	20		26		28	
Rent	92		94		91	
Salaries and benefits	546		548		482	
Telephone, internet and courier	7		7		7	
Travel and automobile	2		3		1	
	1,029		964		861	
Operating (deficit) for the year	(10)		(15)		(26)	
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	70		70		96	
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 60	\$	55	\$	70	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets (in thousands)

Year ended Decemb	er 31, 2	014
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	_			2014 Actual		2013 Actual
Operating (deficit) for the year	\$	(10)	\$	(15)	\$	(26)
Tangible capital assets:						
Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(5)		(8)		(9)
Amortization of tangible capital assets		Ì5 <sup>°</sup>		`9 <sup>´</sup>		12
Net acquisition of tangible capital assets		10		1		3
Other non-financial assets						
(Increase) in prepaid expenses		-		(5)		-
Net acquisition of other non-financial assets		-		(5)		-
(Decrease) in net (debt) financial assets		_		(19)		(23)
Net financial assets, beginning of year		-		55		78
Net financial assets, end of year	\$	-	\$	36	\$	55

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flow (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 2014

	2014 Actual	2013 Actual		
Cash provided by (applied to):				
Operating activities:				
Operating (deficit) for the year	\$ (15)	\$ (26)		
Adjustment for:				
Amortization of tangible capital assets	9	12		
	(6)	(14)		
Changes in the following:				
Accounts receivable	-	131		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1)	(21)		
Levies received in advance	(71)	36		
Due to Crown corporations	(103)	67		
Employee future benefits	(13)	7		
Prepaid expenses	(5)			
Cash (applied to) provided by operating activities	(199)	206		
Capital activities:				
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(8)	(9)		
Cash (applied to) capital activities	(8)	(9)		
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(207)	197		
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	839	642		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 632	\$ 839		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 2014

#### 1. Nature of organization

Crown Corporations Council (the "Council") is a body corporate established on June 5, 1989 pursuant to *The Crown Corporations Public Review and Accountability Act*. The role of the Council is to facilitate the development of clear mandates, effective performance measures and consistent practices where appropriate for the Crown corporations under its purview. Pursuant to the underlying legislation and applicable regulations, the Council recovers its general operating expenses and direct costs from the Crown corporations under its purview therefore essentially operates on a cost recovery basis.

Commencing in 2010, the Council has also been responsible for providing Board Performance Training for Manitoba Agencies, Boards and Commissions. Revenues and expenses relating to Board Performance Training are tracked separately by the Council and are excluded from the cost recoveries from the Crown corporations under its purview.

## 2. Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards using the significant accounting policies described in Note 3. Canadian public sector accounting standards are generally accepted accounting principles for other government organizations as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

## 3. Summary of significant accounting policies

#### (a) Revenue

#### Recoveries from Crown corporations through levies

In accordance with Regulation 84/90 "Levies on Corporations Regulation" pursuant to *The Crown Corporations Public Review and Accountability Act*, the Council's general operating expenses are recovered from the Crown corporations under its purview through the assessment of levies, and any direct costs incurred on behalf of particular Crown corporations are recovered directly from the respective Crown corporations. These amounts are recognized at the time the general operating expenses and direct costs are incurred.

#### **Board Performance Training**

Board Performance Training for Manitoba Agencies, Boards and Commissions is funded by Government contributions for these services and program related recoveries. The Council receives annual funding from the Province of Manitoba for the provision of Board Performance Training to Manitoba Agencies, Boards and Commissions that is recognized on an accrual basis. Recoveries from participants are recognized when the related services are provided.

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognized on the accrual basis.

#### (b) Expenses

All expenses incurred are recognized on an accrual basis when the related goods or services are received.

Notes to Financial Statements (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 2014

#### 3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Financial assets

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and short term deposits and investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

#### (d) Liabilities

Liabilities are present obligations as a result of transactions and events occurring at or prior to the end of the fiscal year the settlement of which will result in the future transfer or use of assets or other form of settlement. Liabilities are recognized when there is an appropriate basis of measurement and a reasonable estimate can be made of the amount involved.

## (e) Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets do not normally provide resources to discharge existing liabilities of the Council. These assets are normally employed to provide future services.

#### Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are payments for goods or services which will provide economic benefit in future periods. The prepaid amount is recognized as an expense in the year the goods or services are consumed.

#### Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are recognized at cost. Cost includes the purchase price and other acquisition costs. The costs of tangible capital assets, less any residual value, are amortized over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Office furniture and equipment 5 years straight line Computer equipment 3 years straight line

#### (f) Financial instruments - measurement

Financial instruments are classified into one of two measurement categories: (a) fair value; or (b) cost or amortized cost.

The Council records its financial assets at cost, which include cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable. The Council also records its financial liabilities at cost, which include accounts payable and accrued liabilities, levies received in advance and amounts due to Crown corporations.

Gains and losses on financial instruments measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the statement of operations in the period the gain or loss occurs. Gains and losses on any financial instruments measured at fair value are recorded in accumulated surplus as remeasurement gains and losses until realized; upon disposition of the financial instruments, any cumulative remeasurement gains and losses are reclassified to the statement of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 2014

## 3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (g) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates are reviewed periodically and adjustments are recognized in the period they become known. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### 4. Accounts receivable

	2014	2013
Trade accounts receivable Other receivables	\$ 82 2	\$ 84
	\$ 84	\$ 84

Included in trade accounts receivable at year end is \$nil (2013 - \$nil) relating to the recovery of direct costs incurred on behalf of particular Crown corporations during the year (see Note 11).

#### 5. Due to Crown corporations

Amounts due to the Crown corporations under its purview are non-interest bearing with no specified repayment terms and represent a retroactive adjustment to levies based on the Council's actual expenses.

#### 6. Employee future benefits

	2014	2013
Enhanced pension benefits Severance benefits	\$ 92 57	\$ 93 69
	\$ 149	\$ 162

Certain qualifying employees of the Council are eligible for pension benefits and severance benefits in accordance with the provisions of *The Civil Service Superannuation Act* ("CSSA") administered by the Civil Service Superannuation Fund (the "Fund").

#### **Pension benefits**

Employees of the Council are provided regular pension benefits as a result of the participation of its eligible employees in the *CSSA*. Under paragraph 6 of the *CSSA*, the Council is described as a matching employer for regular pension benefits and therefore the Council's contributions towards regular pension benefits is limited to matching the employees' contributions. The amount paid for regular pension benefits for 2014 was \$26 (2013 - \$22). Under the *CSSA*, the Council has no further liability for regular pension benefits.

Notes to Financial Statements (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 2014

#### 6. Employee future benefits (continued)

In addition to regular pension benefits, a former employee of the Council is entitled to enhanced pension benefits in excess of the maximum amount provided by the CSSA. The enhanced pension benefits are provided under a final pay plan which is indexed. The amount of the enhanced pension benefit obligation is based on actuarial calculations using the accrued benefit method. The periodic actuarial valuation of this obligation may determine that adjustments are needed to the accrued obligation when actual experience is different from expected and/or because of changes in the actuarial assumptions used. The resulting actuarial gains or losses are recognized in income immediately as there is no remaining service life of the employee.

The most recent actuarial valuation for the enhanced pension obligation was completed as at December 31, 2013. The actuarial report provides a formula to update the obligation on an annual basis. In accordance with the formula, the Council's actuarially determined obligation for accounting purposes as at December 31, 2014 is \$92 (2013 - \$93).

#### **Enhanced Pension Benefits**

	<u>2014</u>			<u>2013</u>		
Enhanced pension obligation, beginning of year	\$	93	\$	93		
Actuarial gains/losses		(1)		-		
Current service cost		-		-		
Interest cost		6		6		
Benefits paid		(6)		(6)		
Enhanced pension obligation, end of year	\$	92	\$	93		

Significant long-term actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 valuation, and in the determination of the December 31, 2014 enhanced pension benefit obligation are as follows:

Discount rate	6.00% (2013 - 6.00%)
Rate of compensation increase	3.75% (2013 - 3.75%)
Indexing	1.33% (2013 - 1.33%)
Annual employee contributions interest credit	4.00% (2013 - 4.00%)
Annual rate of increase in CPP earnings maximum	2.75% (2013 - 2.75%)
Rate of CRA maximum pension increase	\$2,770 (2013 - \$2,697)

#### Severance benefits

Employees of the Council are also provided severance benefits as a result of the participation of its eligible employees in the *CSSA*. Severance benefits include benefits payable to eligible employees resulting from retirement, death or other termination in accordance with the *CSSA*. Severance benefits are provided under a final pay plan. The costs of benefits earned by employees are charged to expenses as services are rendered. The costs are actuarially determined using the accrued benefit method and reflect management's best estimates of the length of service, salary increases and ages at which employees are expected to retire.

The amount of the severance benefit obligation is based on actuarial calculations. The periodic actuarial valuations of these obligations may determine that adjustments are needed to the accrued obligation when actual experience is different from expected and/or because of changes in the actuarial assumptions used. The resulting actuarial gains or losses are amortized over the 10 year expected average remaining service life of the related employee group if material.

Notes to Financial Statements (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 2014

## 6. Employee future benefits (continued)

The most recent actuarial valuation for the severance benefit obligation was completed as at December 31, 2012. The actuarial report provides a formula to update the obligation on an annual basis. In accordance with the formula, the Council's actuarially determined severance obligation for accounting purposes as at December 31, 2014 is \$57 (2013 - \$69).

#### Severance Benefits

	<u>2</u>	<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Severance benefit obligation, beginning of year	\$	69	\$	62
Actuarial gains/losses		-		-
Plan settlements and curtailments		(11)		-
Current service cost		3		3
Interest cost		3		4
Benefits paid		(7)		<u> </u>
Severance benefit obligation, end of year	\$	57	\$_	69
Unamortized actuarial gains/losses			_	_
Severance benefit obligation, end of year	\$	<u>57</u>	\$_	<u>69</u>

Significant long-term actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2012 valuation and in the determination of the December 31, 2014 severance obligation are as follows:

Discount rate 6.00% (2013 - 6.00%) Rate of compensation increase 2.75% (2013 - 2.75%)

#### Sick pay benefits

The Council provides sick leave benefits for employees that accumulate but do not vest. No amounts for sick pay benefits are included in these financial statements as the amounts are not significant to warrant an accrual in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 2014

#### 7. Tangible capital assets

		2014								2013
		ening lance	A	Closing Additions Disposals Balance		Total				
Cost										
Office furniture and	r.	64	<b>ው</b>	4	Φ.		Ф	e E	Ф	64
equipment Computer equipment	\$	64 37	\$	1 7	\$	(12)	\$	65 32	\$	64 37
Total cost	\$	101	\$	8	\$	(12)	\$	97	\$	101
Accumulated amortiz	ation									
Office furniture and	uuon									
equipment	\$	(56)	\$	(4)	\$	-	\$	(60)	\$	(56)
Computer equipment		(30)		(5)		12		(23)		(30)
Total accumulated										
amortization	\$	(86)	\$	(9)	\$	12	\$	(83)	\$	(86)
Net book value	\$	15	\$	(1)	\$	-	\$	14	\$	15

## 8. Accumulated surplus

The Council has allocated a portion of its accumulated surplus for amounts internally restricted for Board Performance Training. As at year end, the total accumulated surplus from revenues and expenses directly relating to Board Performance Training is \$41 (2013 - \$55).

#### 9. Designated assets

The Council has allocated \$148 (2013 - \$147) of its cash and cash equivalents as designated assets for employee future benefit obligations. This amount is held in a short term interest bearing trust account with the Province of Manitoba to ensure adequate cash is maintained to discharge employee benefit obligations as they arise. Any unused amounts are re-invested at each maturity date.

#### 10. Commitments

The Council is committed under a premises lease expiring on April 30, 2016 to annual basic rental payments of approximately \$47 and annual common area and operating costs of approximately \$42 for a total annual commitment of approximately \$89 for the year ending December 31, 2015 and a total commitment of approximately \$30 for the year ending December 31, 2016.

In addition, the Council has entered into two operating lease agreements for certain computer and office equipment which expire in March and May of 2017 respectively. Total annual payments required under these lease agreements for the years ending December 31, 2015 and 2016 are approximately \$6 with a total payment of approximately \$2 required in 2017.

Notes to Financial Statements (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 2014

# 11. Recoveries from Crown corporations through levies

During the year, the Council incurred \$nil (2013 - \$nil) of direct costs recovered directly from Crown corporations. The total recoveries for the year ended December 31, 2014 of \$855 (2013 - \$740) represent recoveries of general operating expenses.

#### 12. Financial risk management - overview

The Council does not have any significant financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value or denominated in a foreign currency therefore did not incur any remeasurement gains or losses during the year (2013 - \$nil).

#### Financial risk management

The Council has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk; liquidity risk; market risk; interest rate risk; and foreign currency risk.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Council to credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

The maximum exposure of the Council to credit risk at December 31 is:

	 2014	2	2013
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 632 84	\$	839 84
	\$ 716	\$	923

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u> - the Council is not exposed to significant credit risk as these amounts are held by a reputable Canadian financial institution and the Minister of Finance.

Accounts receivable - the Council is not exposed to significant credit risk as any balances are due from the Crown corporations under its purview, the Province of Manitoba and other Provincial Agencies, Boards and Commissions. The Council manages this credit risk through close monitoring of any overdue amounts.

If necessary, the Council establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts that represents its estimate of potential credit losses. The allowance for doubtful accounts as at December 31, 2014 was \$nil (2013 - \$nil). As at December 31, 2014, the aging of accounts receivable is as follows: current \$83 (2013 - \$84) and 30-60 days \$1 (2013 - \$nil).

## Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Council will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Council manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances to meet its obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements (in thousands) Year ended December 31, 2014

#### 12. Financial risk management - overview (continued)

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates, will affect the Council's results of operations or the fair values of its financial instruments.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to cash and cash equivalents. The interest rate risk on cash and cash equivalents is considered to be low because of their short-term nature.

#### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Council is not exposed to foreign currency risk as it does not have any significant financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency.

#### 13. Comparative information

Certain of the amounts for the year ended December 31, 2013 have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

Financial Statements
[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

**Diagnostic Services of Manitoba Inc.** March 31, 2015

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Member of **Diagnostic Services of Manitoba Inc.** 

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Diagnostic Services** of **Manitoba Inc.**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then end, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

# Management's responsibility for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

# Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **Diagnostic Services of Manitoba Inc.** as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Winnipeg Canada June 12, 2015 Ernst & young LLP

Chartered Accountants

Incorporated under the laws of Manitoba

# STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

As at March 31

	2015 \$	2014 \$
ASSETS		
Current		
Cash and cash equivalents	6,805	8,719
Accounts receivable [note 3]	14,010	
Prepaid expenses		14,534
Vacation pay recoverable from	1,469	2,619
Manitoba Health	619	(10
Regional Health Authorities of Manitoba	903	619
Total current assets		903
Capital assets, net [note 4]	23,806	27,394
Pre-retirement leave benefits recoverable [note 5]	57,720	55,276
Future sick leave benefits recoverable [note 12[c]]	13,007	13,176
ruture sick leave beliefits recoverable [note 12[c]]	2,340 96,873	2,362 98,208
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current		
Bank indebtedness [note 6]		1.464
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities [note 7]	10.555	1,464
Current portion of obligations under capital lease [note 8]	10,555	14,806
Accrued vacation pay	248	375
Total current liabilities	9,397	9,164
Accrued pre-retirement leave benefits [note 12[b]]	20,200	25,809
Future sick benefits payable [note 12[c]]	14,004	14,228
Obligations under capital lease [note 8]	2,761	2,767
	9	257
Deferred contributions [note 9]  Total liabilities	59,871	55,119
Commitments [note 10]	96,845	98,180
Net assets	28	28
	96,873	98,208

See accompanying notes

On behalf of the Board:

Original Document Signed

Original Document Signed

Marie Perchotte, Board Chair

Glenn McLennan, Treasurer

# STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

Year ended March 31

	2015 \$	2014 \$
-		
REVENUE		
Manitoba Health operating income	29,720	29,147
Recoveries from Regional Health Authorities	121,799	114,802
Revenue from non-resident out-patient services	90	86
Interest income	11	15
Other recoveries	459	138
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets	(61)	_
Recognition of deferred contributions [note 9]	* *	
Capital – amortization	7,945	7,626
Expenses	67	279
···	160,030	152,093
EXPENSES		
Direct operating [notes 11 and 14]	151,998	144,262
Amortization of capital assets	8,032	7,832
·	160,030	152,094
Excess (deficiency) of expenses over revenue for the year		(1)

See accompanying notes

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

Year ended March 31, 2015

	170	2015		
	Internally restricted for capital assets	Unrestricted	Total	2014 Total
	[note 13]	\$	\$	\$
	more 137			
Net assets, beginning of year	529	(501)	28	29
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over				
expenses for the year	(87)	87	1000	(1)
Net assets, end of year	442	(414)	28	28

See accompanying notes

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

Year ended March 31

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess of expenses over revenue for the year	·-	(1)
Add (deduct) items not involving cash		(1)
Amortization of capital assets	8,032	7,832
Amortization of deferred contributions related to	0,002	7,052
capital assets	(7,945)	(7,626)
Recognition of deferred contributions related to expenses	(67)	(279)
	20	(74)
Net change in non-cash working capital balances		(7.7)
related to operations	(2,075)	(2,062)
Deferred contributions received (distributed) - future expenses	(,)	(-,002)
expenses	(911)	430
Cash used in operating activities	(2,966)	(1,706)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable related to		
capital assets	(321)	4,575
Acquisition of capital assets	(10,886)	(12,715)
Disposal of capital assets	423	1,164
Cash used in investing activities	(10,784)	(6,976)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Deferred contributions received – capital assets	13,675	11,917
Decrease in bank indebtedness	(1,464)	(606)
Repayment of obligations under capital lease	(375)	(422)
Cash provided by financing activities	11,836	10,889
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		
during the year	(1,914)	2,207
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	8,719	6,512
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	6,805	8,719

See accompanying notes

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

#### 1. NATURE OF BUSINESS

Diagnostic Services of Manitoba Inc. ["DSM"] is a not-for-profit organization incorporated under the laws of Manitoba on December 20, 2002. The Minister of Health is the sole member of the corporation. DSM was created with the intention of providing laboratory services throughout the Province of Manitoba, and imaging services within the rural environment.

Effective April 1, 2005, agreements were signed with 11 regional health authorities of Manitoba ["RHAs"] and seven non-devolved facilities ["Facilities"]. This agreement addressed the transfer of non-union staff, management, scientists, and physicians to DSM.

Effective April 1, 2006, DSM entered into an agreement with the Winnipeg Regional Health Authority ["WRHA"] and Facilities to commence the transition of all unionized staff, existing laboratory assets and contracts of the Facilities to DSM. The agreement also outlined the services to be provided by DSM and that related costs are to be recovered from the RHAs and the Facilities.

Effective November 1, 2007, DSM entered into an agreement with 10 RHAs to transfer all unionized staff, existing assets and contracts of the laboratory facilities in the rural regions. Similar to the Winnipeg transition agreements, the services to be provided by DSM will be recovered from the RHAs. The staff transfers from Assiniboine and Churchill in April 2009 completed Stage IV transition.

Effective April 1, 2009, DSM entered into an agreement with Westman Regional Laboratory Services Inc. ["WRL"] and Brandon Regional Health Authority to assign the responsibilities to DSM with respect to the management and operation of laboratory services for the City of Brandon. As part of this transaction, DSM assumed net assets of \$(7) from WRL's operations. Capital assets with a net book value of \$484 and other net assets of \$1,275 were acquired, as well as bank indebtedness of \$1,766 assumed. Specialized equipment funding for WRL new capital purchases was provided directly to DSM starting in 2008 by way of approved loan facilities through Manitoba Health.

In November 2009, the dissolution of the WRL board was executed followed by a formal dissolution of the WRL entity. It now operates under the name of Westman Lab as a division of DSM. The ongoing redevelopment of Westman Lab is expected to meet the growing demand for testing outside of Winnipeg using modern facilities and methodologies.

DSM is a not-for-profit organization under the Income Tax Act and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes, provided certain requirements of the Income Tax Act are met.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with the Public Sector Accounting Handbook, which sets out generally accepted accounting principles for government not-for-profit organizations in Canada. DSM has chosen to use the standards for government not-for-profit organizations ["GNFPO"] that include Sections PS 4200 to PS 4270. The significant accounting policies are described hereafter.

#### [a] Basis for accounting

These financial statements were prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis recognizes revenues as they become available and are measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of receipts of goods or services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

Certain expenses related to diagnostic operations are incurred and paid directly by the RHAs. Since the legal obligation for these expenses lies with the RHAs, the expenses are not reflected in the financial statements for DSM.

#### [b] Revenue recognition

DSM follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Unrestricted contributions are recorded as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are recognized and are recorded as deferred contributions until that time. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

#### [c] Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and short-term deposits with maturities [at time of purchase] of less than 90 days.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

#### [d] Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis using an annual rate of:

Computer hardware/intangibles	10% - 20%
Furniture and equipment	10% - 15%
Equipment under capital lease	10% - 20%

System software-in-progress is recorded at cost. When the specific project is completed, all capitalized costs are transferred to the appropriate category of capital asset. No amortization is taken on system software-in-progress.

#### [e] Sick leave benefits

Non-vesting sick leave benefits are recorded as an expense and liability in the period in which services are rendered and benefits accumulate. The costs are actuarially determined using management's best estimate of the length of service, salary increases, rates of sick leave accumulation and utilization and ages at which employees will retire. In fiscal year 2014 the sick leave liability was determined by management using their best estimate of salary escalation, accumulated sick days at retirement, long term inflation rates and discount rates. The change in valuation arising from the change in valuation methods is being amortized over the average service life.

#### [f] Pre-retirement leave benefits

The costs of pre-retirement leave benefits earned by employees are charged to expenses as services are rendered. The costs are actuarially determined using the projected benefit method and reflect management's best estimate of the length of service, salary increases, and ages at which employees will retire.

#### [g] Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting periods presented. Actual results could differ from these estimates. The amounts estimated include amortization of capital assets, employee future benefits payable and sick leave benefits.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

# [h] Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified in one of the following categories: [i] fair value [ii] cost or amortized cost. DSM determines the classification of its financial interest at initial recognition.

Financial instruments including accounts receivable, vacation pay recoverable, pre-retirement leave benefits recoverable, future sick leave benefits recoverable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, obligations under capital lease, accrued vacation pay, accrued pre-retirement leave benefits payable, and future sick benefits payable, are initially recorded at their fair value and are subsequently measured at amortized cost, net any provisions for impairment.

#### 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Due from Manitoba Health	2,405	2,678
Due from RHAs	10,488	10,863
Other	1,117	993
	14,010	14,534

There are no significant amounts that are past due or impaired.

#### 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

		2015	
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net Book Value \$
Computer hardware/intangibles	6,052	4,943	1,109
Furniture and equipment	85,173	41,107	44,066
System software-in-progress	11,742	29 <del></del> 2	11,742
Equipment under capital lease	2,975	2,172	803
	105,942	48,222	57,720

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

		2014	
	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	Net Book Value \$
Computer hardware/intangibles	6,052	4,615	1,437
Furniture and equipment	77,229	33,827	43,402
System software-in-progress	9,243	· ·	9,243
Equipment under capital lease	2,975	1,781	1,194
	95,499	40,223	55,276

System software-in-progress is not amortized until such time as it becomes available for use.

A seven-year contract was signed by DSM commencing January 2010 with Roche Diagnostics for the installation and supply of chemistry analyzers and related reagents and consumables to the Winnipeg and Brandon laboratory sites. The contract was extended to a ten-year term, ending November 2019, during 2015. The amortization impact due to the extended operational life of the analyzers received as a part of the original agreement has been reflected for in the current year, with an impact of decreasing current year depreciation by \$439.

#### 5. PRE-RETIREMENT LEAVE BENEFITS RECOVERABLE

	2015 \$	2014 S
Pre-retirement leave benefits recoverable from		
Manitoba Health	735	735
RHAs	12,272	12,441
	13,007	13,176

Pre-retirement leave benefits recoverable from Manitoba Health represent the amount guaranteed by the Province of Manitoba.

The amount recorded as a receivable for pre-retirement leave costs was initially determined based on the value of the corresponding actuarial liability for pre-retirement leave costs as at March 31, 2004. Subsequent to March 31, 2004, the Province of Manitoba [through Manitoba Health] has included in its ongoing annual funding to DSM an amount equivalent to the change in the pre-retirement leave liability, which includes annual interest accretion related to the receivable. The receivable will be paid by the Province of Manitoba when it is determined that the funding is required to discharge the related pre-retirement leave liabilities.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

Pre-retirement leave benefits recoverable from the RHAs will be repaid as benefits are provided and represent their proportionate share of the actuarial determined liabilities [note 12[b]].

The pre-retirement leave benefits recoverable represent a financial instrument and have been classified as loans and receivables, and are valued at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. The carrying value of the pre-retirement leave benefits recoverable approximates their fair value, because the annual interest accretion is funded.

#### 6. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

DSM has a \$7,000 [2014 - \$7,000] credit facility which was not utilized at year-end. Interest is payable at bank prime less 0.90%.

#### 7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following:

	2015	2014 \$
Trade accounts payable	3,836	7,771
Due to RHAs	6,719	7,035
	10,555	14,806

# 8. OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASE

The acquisition of electron microscopes was financed through a lease agreement. The lease has an implicit rate of interest of 6.23% and a lease repayable in fixed blended monthly amounts of approximately \$12. The obligation was fully paid in May 2014.

In December 2008, DSM entered into a lease contract for the acquisition and installation of a toxicology screening system at the Health Sciences Centre. The original lease had an implicit rate of interest of 7.9% and was repayable in fixed blended monthly payments of \$8. In May 2013, the renegotiated contract lease added a service contract to the agreement adding \$72 principal, dropped the monthly payments to \$7 and extended the expiry date to April 2015. The revised implicit interest rate is 16.4%.

Two other leases were entered into with NexCap Finance Corporation ["NexCap"] for the acquisition of a mass spectrometer and office furniture. These leases have an implicit rate of 4.525% repayable in fixed blended monthly payments of \$9. These leases expire January 2016.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

In August 2011, DSM entered into an agreement with NexCap for the lease of chemistry analyzer equipment with a value of \$86. The lease has an implicit rate of 3.9% repayable in fixed blended monthly payments of \$2. The lease expires in July 2016.

In May 2012, DSM entered into two new leases for solvent recyclers with a value of \$67. These leases have an implicit rate in the range of 7.044% - 7.086% repayable in fixed blended monthly payments of \$1.5. The leases expire in May 2016.

In December 2012, DSM entered into a lease for a liquid chromatograph tandem mass spectrometer with a value of \$347. The lease has an implicit rate of 4.652% repayable in fixed monthly payments of \$12. The lease expires in January 2016.

The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under capital lease, together with the balance of the obligations:

	\$
2016 2017	254 9
Less interest	263 (6)
Less current portion	257 (248)
	9

#### 9. DEFERRED CONTRIBUTIONS

Deferred contributions consist of the following:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Deferred contributions		
Future expenses	1,432	2,410
Capital	58,439	52,709
	59,871	55,119

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

# [a] Deferred contributions, future expenses

Deferred contributions related to future expenses represent the unspent amount of funding received for DSM's externally restricted operating expenses. The deferred contributions for these expenses are recognized as revenue in the statement of operations at the time the related specifically restricted expenses are incurred.

Deferred contributions, future expenses consist of the following:

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Balance, beginning of year	2,410	2,259
Deferred contributions received (distributed)	(911)	430
Amounts amortized to revenue	(67)	(279)
Balance, end of year	1,432	2,410

#### [b] Deferred contributions, capital

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized amount and unspent amount of grants and donations received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations.

2015	2014
	2
52,709	48,418
13,675	11,917
(7,945)	(7,626)
58,439	52,709
	\$ 52,709 13,675 (7,945)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

#### 10. COMMITMENTS

# [a] Lease payments

Future aggregate minimum lease payments under the terms of the operating lease agreements for office facilities are as follows:

	\$
2016	200
2017	200
2018	200
2019	200
2020	100
	900

The lease with the landlord was amended in October 2014, increasing the annual lease payment by \$44. The lease expires September 2019.

In addition to the minimum lease payments, DSM is also required to pay for various operating costs related to the leased space. In the year ended March 31, 2015, common area costs and property taxes expensed amounted to \$191.

# [b] Radiology Information System and Picture Archiving and Communication System ["RIS/PACS"]

In the year ended March 31, 2011, Manitoba Health approved an additional \$8,700 to continue with the next phase of the project implementation. As at March 31, 2015, \$6,252 [2014 – \$5,872] of the amount has been incurred. DSM will continue its role as funds custodian for the project.

# [c] Provincial Laboratory Information System ["PLIS"]

Manitoba Health approved \$24,700 overall for this capital project implementation. As of March 31, 2015, \$5,589 of the amount has been incurred, and \$2,980 of amount has been incurred from April 1, 2014 to March 31, 2015.

In the fiscal year ending 2015, Manitoba Health approved \$803 for project operating costs. As of March 31, 2015, \$551 of the amount has been incurred.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

## 11. DIRECT OPERATING EXPENSES

Direct operating expenses consist of the following:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Salaries and benefits [note 12]	136,306	130,681
Communications	11	26
Equipment	7,519	6,081
External consulting	639	156
Grants	_	47
Insurance	154	154
Interest	57	84
Laboratory and diagnostic supplies	3,857	3,947
Legal and audit	206	109
Meetings	34	26
Miscellaneous	152	171
Printer, paper and office supplies	866	755
Recruitment	195	179
Rent and utilities	647	650
Staff training and development	706	559
Telephone	130	116
Travel	519	521
	151,998	144,262

Related party amounts related to direct operating expenses are recorded in the corresponding lines included in note 14.

#### 12. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

## [a] Multi-employer pension plan

Substantially all full-time and part-time employees of DSM are members of the Healthcare Employees Pension Plan ["HEPP"] or the Civil Service Superannuation Plan ["CSSP"]. DSM's liability is limited to the contributions required during the year under the respective agreements.

HEPP is a specified multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan. HEPP is accounted for as a defined contribution plan since DSM has insufficient information to apply defined benefit plan accounting. Employee and employer contributions were made at a rate of 8.7% [2014 - 7.9%] each on the first \$52,500 [2014 - \$51,500] of earnings, and at a rate of 10.3% [2014 - 9.5%] on

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

earnings in excess of this amount. Employer contributions made to the Plan during the year by DSM and expensed amounted to \$7,049 [2014 – \$6,056]. The most recent actuarial valuation of the Plan was as of December 31, 2013 which disclosed actuarial value of assets of \$5,031,593 with pension liabilities of \$5,235,151 resulting in a going concern deficit of \$203,558. DSM is considered a "non-matching employer" in the CSSP under the Civil Service Superannuation Act. Employers with this status are not required to make contributions towards the pension benefits.

# [b] Accrued pre-retirement leave benefits

DSM has a commitment to provide pre-retirement leave benefits for employees who meet certain eligibility criteria. If eligibility criteria are met, pre-retirement leave of four days per year of service is earned and paid out in a lump sum at retirement or at any time due to permanent disability. The earned amounts, at the option of the employee, may also be taken as a continuation of salary, bridging the leave date to their retirement date.

DSM measures its accrued obligation for the pre-retirement leave benefits as at March 31 of each year. The most recent actuarial valuation report was at March 31, 2015.

During the current year, the pre-retirement leave obligation incurred amounted to \$1,218 [2014 – \$1,465] and has been recorded as an expense of the year. An offsetting recovery of \$1,008 [2014 – \$1,415] with respect to transferred employees has also been recorded.

Information about DSM's pre-retirement leave benefits is as follows:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Accrued benefit obligation	14,507	13,416
Unamortized net actuarial gain (loss)	(503)	812
Accrued benefit liability	14,004	14,228
Change in benefit liability is as follows:		
	2015 \$	2014 \$
Accrued benefit liability, beginning of year	14,228	13,804
Current expense	1,218	1,465
Benefit payments	(1,442)	(1,041)
Accrued benefit liability, end of year	14,004	14,228

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

The breakdown of the expense related to DSM's pre-retirement leave benefits is as follows:

	2015	2014
-	\$	\$
Current year service cost	832	1,028
Interest cost	432	308
Amortization of actuarial loss (gain)	(46)	129
Total expense	1,218	1,465
	2015 \$	2014 \$
Current year recovery of pre-retirement leave with respect to transferred employees	1,008	1,415

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring DSM's pre-retirement leave benefit obligation are as follows:

	2015 %	2014 %
Discount rate	2.55	3.35
Rate of base compensation increase	3.50	3.00
Expected average remaining service life for amortization of actuarial gains/losses	8.60	9.20

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring DSM's expense for the pre-retirement leave benefits are as follows:

2015	2014
	%
3.35	2.125
3.00	3.00
	3.35

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

# [c] Non-vested sick-leave payouts

DSM does not provide sick-leave payouts on retirement. There were no cash payments made to employees in the current year upon retirement [2014 - nil]. The benefit costs and liabilities related to this plan are included in the financial statements. An offsetting recovery of \$2,340 [2014 - \$2,362] with respect to transferred employees has also been recorded.

All employees are credited 1.3 days per month for use as paid absences in the year, due to illness or injury. Employees are allowed to accumulate unused sick day credits each year, up to the allowable maximum provided in their respective employment agreement. Accumulated credits may be used in future years to the extent that the employee's illness or injury exceeds the current year's allocation of credits. The use of accumulated sick days for sick-leave compensation ceases on termination of employment. The benefit costs and liabilities related to the plan are included in the financial statements.

Information about DSM's non-vesting sick leave benefits to current employees as at March 31 is as follows:

	2015	2014
		\$
Accrued benefit liability	2,761	2,767
Accrued offsetting recovery	2,340	2,362

The actuarial valuation is based on assumptions about future events. The economic assumptions used in these valuations are DSM's best estimates of expected rates of:

	2015 %	2014 %
Discount rate	2.55	3.35
Rate of base compensation increase	3.50	3.00
Expected average remaining service life for amortization of actuarial gains/losses	8.50	9.98

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

The significant actuarial assumptions adopted in measuring DSM's expense for the non-vested sick leave are as follows:

	2015	2014 %
Discount rate	3.35	2.125
Salary escalation	3.00	3.00
The breakdown of the expense related to DSM's no	m-vested sick leave is as follows.	
	2015 \$	2014
Change in liability Change in amount recoverable	2015 S	2014 \$

# 13. INTERNALLY RESTRICTED FOR CAPITAL ASSETS

Change in net assets internally restricted for capital assets is calculated as follows:

	2015 \$	2014 \$
[a] Deficit		
Amortization of capital assets Amounts funded by deferred capital contributions,	(8,032)	(7,832)
amortized to revenue	7,945	7,626
	(87)	(206)
[b] Purchase of capital assets		
Acquisitions	10,886	12,715
Amounts funded by	4945 P. P. S.	
Accounts payable	321	(1,930)
Deferred contributions received	(13,675)	(11,917)
Deferred contributions reserves	1,859	1,569
Outstanding loan transfers	984	(15)
Capital lease obligations	(375)	(422)
	-	
Change in net assets	(87)	(206)

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

# 14. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

DSM had transactions and balances with the following related parties during the year:

Entity	Relationship	
Manitoba Health	Controlling entity	
RHAs	Entities under common control	

Related party transactions are recorded at the exchange amount and are in the normal course of operations. In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, DSM had the following transactions with the RHAs. Amounts are recorded in the corresponding lines of direct operating expenses [note 11].

	2015 \$	2014 \$
Salaries and benefits	114,125	109,492
Equipment	6,536	5,105
External consulting		56
Insurance	117	117
Laboratory and diagnostic supplies	(1)	6
Legal and audit	70	14
Meetings		44
Printer, paper and office supplies	124	51
Purchased services		85
Recruitment	144	_
Rent	13	13
Staff training and development	326	212
Telephone	4	212
Travel	216	219
	121,674	115,416

# 15. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

During the year, DSM received all of its revenue from Manitoba Health directly or indirectly through the RHAs and is economically dependent on Manitoba Health for continued operations.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

[Expressed in thousands of dollars]

March 31, 2015

# 16. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS - RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

## Financial risks

DSM is exposed to various financial risks through transactions in financial instruments. The following provides helpful information in assessing the extent of DSM's exposure to these risks:

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. DSM's main credit risk relates to its trade accounts receivable. DSM manages and controls this risk by only dealing with recognized, credit worthy third parties.

#### Interest rate risk

DSM is subject to interest rate risk with respect to its operating line of credit since the interest rate fluctuates with charges in the prime rate.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that DSM will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. DSM is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and accrued liabilities, obligations under capital lease, contributions to the pension plan and operating lease commitments. To manage liquidity risk, DSM keeps sufficient resources readily available to meet its obligations.

## 17. COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

Certain of the prior year's figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

Financial Statements of

# **ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT WINNIPEG INC.**

Year ended December 31, 2014



KPMG LLP Suite 2000 - One Lombard Place Winnipeg MB R3B 0X3 Canada Telephone Fax Internet (204) 957-1770 (204) 957-0808 www.kpmg.ca

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Directors of Economic Development Winnipeg Inc.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Economic Development Winnipeg Inc. which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2014, the statements of revenue and expenditures, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Economic Development Winnipeg Inc. as at December 31, 2014, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

### Other Matter

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information in the Schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

**Chartered Accountants** 

KPMG LLP

February 12, 2015

Winnipeg, Canada

Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2014, with comparative information for 2013

		2014		2013
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	1,133,432	\$	1,293,690
Investments (note 3)		841,953		536,37
Accounts receivable		71,165		81,70
Prepaid expenses		89,604		84,63
		2,136,154		1,996,403
Capital assets (note 4)		45,451		60,072
	\$	2,181,605	\$	2,056,475
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	134,578	\$	112,24
	Ψ	134,370	Ψ	,
Deferred rent	Ψ	18,299	Ψ	13,309
Deferred contributions:	Ψ		Ψ	
	Ψ	18,299 590,826	•	13,309 578,063
Deferred contributions:	Ψ	18,299		13,30 578,06
Deferred contributions: Future expenses (note 5)  Net assets:	Ψ 	18,299 590,826 743,703		13,309 578,063 703,617
Deferred contributions: Future expenses (note 5)  Net assets: Invested in capital assets		18,299 590,826 743,703 45,451		13,309 578,065 703,617 60,072
Deferred contributions: Future expenses (note 5)  Net assets: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted		18,299 590,826 743,703		13,309 578,065 703,617 60,072
Deferred contributions: Future expenses (note 5)  Net assets: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted Internally restricted:		18,299 590,826 743,703 45,451 563,519		13,309 578,060 703,617 60,072 487,056
Deferred contributions: Future expenses (note 5)  Net assets: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted Internally restricted: Appropriated for Yes! Winnipeg initiative reserve (note 7)		18,299 590,826 743,703 45,451 563,519 153,500		13,309 578,063 703,617 60,072 487,056 153,500
Deferred contributions: Future expenses (note 5)  Net assets: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted Internally restricted:		18,299 590,826 743,703 45,451 563,519		13,309 578,060 703,617 60,072 487,056
Deferred contributions: Future expenses (note 5)  Net assets: Invested in capital assets Unrestricted Internally restricted: Appropriated for Yes! Winnipeg initiative reserve (note 7)		18,299 590,826 743,703 45,451 563,519 153,500 675,432		13,309 578,063 703,613 60,072 487,056 153,500 652,230

See accompanying notes to financia	l stateme
On behalf of the Board:	
Original Document Signed	_ Director
Original Document Signed	_ Director

Statement of Revenue and Expenditures

Year ended December 31, 2014, with comparative information for 2013

	2014	2013
Revenue:		
Funding:		
The City of Winnipeg	\$ 2,248,292	\$ 2,301,479
Province of Manitoba	1,412,000	1,412,000
Partnerships and investors contributions	1,537,787	1,678,504
Interest	18,472	19,871
Amortization of deferred contributions - capital assets (note 6)	_	26,334
	5,216,551	5,438,188
Expenditures:		
Initiatives and marketing	1,386,707	1,520,171
Personnel	3,219,402	3,251,489
Administrative	298,531	306,542
Occupancy and facilities	226,867	231,704
	5,131,507	5,309,906
Excess of revenue over expenditures	\$ 85,044	\$ 128,282

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year ended December 31, 2014, with comparative information for 2013

		 Un			Internally restricted Yes! Winnipeg						
	nvested in tal assets	Operating	Yes	Winnipeg initiative	Co	ntingency reserve	163:	Initiative reserve	2014 Total		2013 Total
Balances, beginning of year \$	60,072	\$ 303,455	\$	183,601	\$	652,230	\$	153,500	\$ 1,352,858	\$	1,224,576
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(30,648)	237,343		(121,651)		_		-	85,044		128,282
Transfer of funds for internally restricted purposes (note 7)	_	(23,202)		_		23,202		_	_		_
Transfer to Yes! Winnipeg initiative	_	(132,996)		132,996		_		_	_		_
Transfer for acquisition of capital assets	16,027	(16,027)		-		-		-	-		_
Balances, end of year \$	45,451	\$ 368,573	\$	194,946	\$	675,432	\$	153,500	\$ 1,437,902	\$	1,352,858

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2014, with comparative information for 2013

	2014	2013
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Excess of revenue over expenditures Items not involving cash:	\$ 85,044	\$ 128,282
Amortization of capital assets	30,648	59,268
Amortization of deferred contributions - capital assets	_	(26,334)
Amortization of deferred rent	4,990	2,963
Change in non-cash operating working capital:		
Accounts receivable	10,535	122,618
Prepaid expenses	(4,966)	48,787
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	22,333	(36,047)
Net increase (decrease) in deferred contributions -		
future expenses	12,763	(90,874)
	161,347	208,663
Capital activities:		
Purchase of capital assets	(16,027)	(38,137)
Investing activities:		
Investments, net	(305,578)	166,854
Increase (decrease) in cash	(160,258)	337,380
Cash, beginning of year	1,293,690	956,310
Cash, end of year	\$ 1,133,432	\$ 1,293,690

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2014

#### 1. General:

Economic Development Winnipeg Inc. (EDW or the Organization) is the City of Winnipeg's lead Organization for economic development and tourism development. EDW is an arm's length Organization led by an independent private sector Board of Directors appointed by the members. The City of Winnipeg and the Province of Manitoba are the members and provide core funding to the Organization.

EDW facilitates investment promotion and attraction, capacity building, marketing and the management of market information. EDW leads global investment attraction, and local business retention and expansion, with its Yes! Winnipeg initiative. EDW is also responsible for the City's tourism development activities, which it orchestrates through its Tourism Winnipeg division. Its mission is to facilitate a healthy, prosperous, responsible and fully integrated tourism industry that enhances Winnipeg's economic growth.

### 2. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards including the 4200 standards for government not-for-profit Organizations and include the following significant accounting policies:

### (a) Revenue recognition:

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the period in which the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2014

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

#### (b) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. All financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. Management has elected to record all investments at fair value as they are managed and evaluated on a fair value basis.

Unrealized changes in fair value are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until they are realized, when they are transferred to the Statement of Revenue and Expenditures.

The Organization did not incur any remeasurement gains and losses during the year ended December 31, 2014 (2013 - nil) and therefore a statement of remeasurement gains and losses is not required to be included in these financial statements.

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. When a decline is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is reported in the Statement of Revenue and Expenditures and any unrealized gain is adjusted through the statement of remeasurement gains and losses.

When the asset is sold, the unrealized gains and losses previously recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses are reversed and recognized in the Statement of Revenue and Expenditures.

All financial instruments recognized at fair value are classified using a fair value hierarchy, which includes three levels of information that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities:
- Level 2 Observable or corroborated inputs, other than level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets or market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2014

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (c) Capital assets:

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis to amortize the cost of the assets less their residual values over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Asset	Rate
Computer hardware and software Office furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements	2 - 3 years 5 years Over the term of the related lease

### (d) Deferred rent:

As part of the Organization's operating premises lease, a period of free rent was incurred and is being amortized over the term of the related lease. This lease also has escalating rents which are expensed on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

### (e) Income taxes:

The Organization is a not-for-profit Organization under the *Income Tax Act* and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes, providing certain requirements of the *Income Tax Act* are met.

### (f) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. Investments:

Investments consist of investments in money market instruments aggregating \$686,979 (2013 - \$381,340) and guaranteed investment certificates aggregating \$154,974 (2013 - \$155,035). The fair value of investments has been determined using Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2014

### 4. Capital assets:

				2014	2013
			cumulated	Net book	Net book
	Cost	ar	nortization	value	value
Computer hardware and software \$ Office furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements	211,424 143,197 351,467	\$	192,550 118,828 349,259	\$ 18,874 24,369 2,208	\$ 32,477 19,752 7,843
\$	706,088	\$	660,637	\$ 45,451	\$ 60,072

### 5. Deferred contributions - future expenses:

The deferred contributions are externally restricted contributions that have been received and relate to expenses to be incurred in future years.

	2014	2013
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 578,063	\$ 668,937
Amounts received during the year	1,318,292	1,449,955
	1,896,355	2,118,892
Less: amounts recognized into revenue		
in the year	(1,305,529)	(1,540,829)
Balance, end of year	\$ 590,826	\$ 578,063

Deferred contributions for future expenses are related to the following initiatives:

		2014	2013
Yes! Winnipeg:			
Province of Manitoba funding	\$	135,000	\$ 135,000
Investors contributions	·	395,855	416,555
Team Winnipeg		29,745	21,896
Winnipeg Tour Connection		5,925	4,612
She Day 2015		24,301	_
	\$	590,826	\$ 578,063

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2014

### 6. Deferred contributions - capital assets:

Deferred contributions - capital assets represent the unamortized amount of externally restricted contributions that have been received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the Statement of Revenue and Expenditures.

	2014	2013
Balance, beginning of year Amount amortized to revenue	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 26,334 (26,334)
Balance, end of year	\$ _	\$ 

### 7. Internally restricted:

### (a) Yes! Winnipeg initiative reserve:

The Yes! Winnipeg initiative reserve was established by the Board of Directors during fiscal 2011 to internally restrict net assets of the Organization for funds to be available for contractual obligations in the event that operating funding for the initiative is terminated. The Yes! Winnipeg initiative reserve is funded by \$153,500 (2013 - \$153,500) included in investments at December 31, 2014 (note 3).

### (b) Contingency reserve:

A contingency reserve was established to accumulate funds to be available for employee contractual obligations in the event that operating funding for the Organization is terminated by The City of Winnipeg and the Province of Manitoba. As at December 31, 2014, \$23,202 (2013 - \$131,273) was added to the contingency reserve and deducted from unrestricted net assets, based on the calculation of the contingency reserve requirement as at December 31, 2014. The contingency reserve is funded by \$675,432 (2013 - \$652,230 in cash) in investments at December 31, 2014 (note 3).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2014

#### 8. Commitments:

The Organization is committed under leases for office premises for a total of \$314,400. The minimum lease payments until maturity are as follows.

2045	¢.	470 CE7
2015	\$	179,657
2016		134,743

### 9. Segregated funds:

The Organization holds funds that are segregated for partners (including the Organization) in separate accounts; a convention development fund and a special event marketing fund. These funds are held in interest-bearing accounts for the benefit of convention development and special event marketing activities, respectively. Payments to the special event marketing fund are based on recommendations approved by The City of Winnipeg's council on October 22, 2008. During the year, the Convention Development Fund was closed as all funds were utilized at the end of 2013.

The balances of these funds and the income and expenditures associated therewith are not included in these financial statements.

	2014	2013
Convention development fund:		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ _	\$ 72,214
Funds used during the year	_	(72,214)
Balance, end of year, and amount of funds held	\$ 	\$ 

	2014	2013
Special event marketing fund: Balance, beginning of year Funds received during the year Funds used during the year Interest earned	\$ 1,575,378 311,666 (605,601) 17,308	\$ 1,733,867 317,642 (502,097) 25,966
Balance, end of year, and amount of funds held	\$ 1,298,751	\$ 1,575,378

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2014

### 9. Segregated funds (continued):

The funds of \$1,298,751 held at December 31, 2014 have been committed from the special event marketing fund towards several tourism attractions occurring during fiscal 2015. In addition, the following commitments have been entered into from the special marketing fund towards several tourism attractions utilizing funds to be received within the fiscal years or carried over from the previous fiscal year:

2015 2016 \$ 1,538,48 153,88
2016 153.88

#### 10. Financial risks:

The Organization has exposure to the following risks associated with its financial instruments:

### (a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Organization is exposed to credit risk with respect to the accounts receivable, cash and investments.

The Organization assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Organization at December 31, 2014 is the carrying value of these assets.

At December 31, 2014, all accounts receivable were current, there were no amounts past due.

The maximum exposure to investment credit risk is as disclosed in note 3.

There have been no significant changes to the credit risk exposure from 2013.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2014

### 10. Financial risks (continued):

### (b) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Organization manages liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Organization prepares budgets and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

All accounts payable and accrued liabilities are due within fiscal 2015.

There have been no significant changes to the liquidity risk exposure from 2013.

### 11. Defined contribution plan:

The employees of the Organization are members of a voluntary group registered retirement savings plan administered by Investors Group and RBC Asset Management Inc.

Employer contributions made to the plan during the year amounted to \$116,482 (2013 - \$110,272).

### 12. Comparative information:

Certain comparative information has been reclassified to conform with the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

Schedule - Statement of Revenue and Expenditures - Yes! Winnipeg

Year ended December 31, 2014, with comparative information for 2013

		2014		2013
Revenue:				
Province of Manitoba funding	\$	135,000	\$	135,000
Investors contributions	Ψ	982,288	Ψ	1,080,646
IIIVOSTOIO GONTINGUIONO		1,117,288		1,215,646
Expenditures:				
· •		146 000		111 115
Initiatives and marketing Personnel		146,088 1,007,699		111,445 1,072,514
Administrative				
		82,594		72,578
Occupancy and facilities		2,558		1,257
		1,238,939		1,257,794
Deficiency of revenue over expenditures	\$	(121,651)	\$	(42,148)
Unrestricted Yes! Winnipeg net assets as at December 31, 2013			\$	183,601
Deficiency of revenue over expenditures, before transfer from unrestricted operating net assets of the Organization				(121,651)
Transfer from unrestricted operating net assets of the Organization during the year ended December 31, 2014				132,996
Unrestricted Yes! Winnipeg net assets as at December 31, 2014			\$	194,946

Yes! Winnipeg is a five year initiative of EDW (January 1, 2011 - December 31, 2015). Revenue and expenditures related to the Yes! Winnipeg initiative, which is included in the Statement of Revenue and Expenditures of the Organization, are presented above.

In conjunction with the transfer of net assets of Yes! Winnipeg to the Organization on January 1, 2011, the Board had approved an annual transfer of \$132,996 from the unrestricted operating net assets of the Organization towards the operations of the Yes! Winnipeg initiative. For the year ended December 31, 2014, the Organization has allocated \$132,996 (2013 - \$132,996) of these unrestricted operating net assets towards the operations of the Yes! Winnipeg initiative. At December 31, 2014, the Yes! Winnipeg initiative has unrestricted net assets in aggregate of \$194,946 (2013 - \$183,601).

First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority
Financial Statements
March 31, 2015



### Management's Responsibility

To the Members of First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority:

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and ensuring that all information in the annual report is consistent with the financial statements. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting policies and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgment is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fairness of the financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting systems and related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are authorized, assets are safeguarded and financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of financial statements

The Board of Directors is composed of an Administrator who is neither a member of management nor an employee of the Authority The Administrator is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities, and for approving the financial information included in the annual report. The Administrator fulfils these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by management and discussing relevant matters with management and external auditors. The Administrator is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the Authority's external auditors.

MNP LLP is appointed by the Administrator on behalf of the members to audit the financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Administrator and management to discuss their audit findings.

July 24, 2015

Original Document Signed

Chief Financial Officer



### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Members of First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations, changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Winnipeg, Manitoba

July 24, 2015

Chartered Accountants



### First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2015

	2015	201
Assets		
Current		
Cash	943,054	1,846,552
Marketable securities (Note 3)	689,886	689,886
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	838,380	888,357
Prepaid expenses and deposits	36,979	373,316
Working capital receivable from agencies (Note 5)	3,038,724	3,038,724
	5,547,023	6,836,835
Capital assets (Note 6)	49,808	60,909
	5,596,831	6,897,744
_iabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable and accruals (Note 7)	1,419,019	2,957,867
Deferred contributions (Note 8)	223,098	13 <del>-</del>
Working capital payable to Province of Manitoba (Note 9)	3,038,724	3,038,724
	4,680,841	5,996,591
Contingency (Note 10)		**- ***
let Assets		
Unrestricted	183,742	38 484
Internally restricted (Note 11)	682,440	665,280
Externally restricted		136,480
Invested in capital assets	49,808	60,909
	915,990	901,153
	5,596,831	6,897 744

Approved on behalf of the Board Original Document Signed

Administrator

24/15



### First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority Statement of Operations For the year ended March 31, 2015

	2015	201
Revenue		
Province of Manitoba: agency operating grants	21,667,640	20,182,447
Province of Manitoba: Authority operating grants	2,774,059	2,774,059
Province of Manitoba: additional grants	818,272	768,753
Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada	250,000	250,000
Other	126,222	38,961
Interest	7,264	7,589
Revenue deferred to subsequent year (Note 8)	(223,098)	
	25,420,359	24,021,809
Expenses		
Agency operating grants	21,667,640	20,182,447
Agency additional supports	885,908	424,894
Amortization	42,330	43,359
Annual general meeting	17,751	11,191
Audit	12,995	4,980
Bad debts	71,562	205,883
Bank and service fees	2,756	3,266
Board and committee meetings	6,444	15,232
Board honorariums	28,609	46,461
Donations	•	1,000
IT support	44,881	37,944
Insurance	25,692	23,888
Janitorial	14,503	8,510
Meetings and conferences	13,329	12,278
Membership fees	702	805
Miscellaneous	12,479	23,676
Office supplies	34,766	35,600
Payroll processing	5,250	6,641
Postage	3,647	3,292
Printing and stationary	3,142	4,093
Professional development	7,993	3,636
Professional fees	66,797	124,714
Property tax	8,846	22,599
Recruitment costs	131	3,663
Rent	184,976	182,435
Repairs and maintenance	828	158
Salaries and benefits	1,871,031	1,885,278
Special projects	136,976	227,000
Telephone	35,892	35,173
Training and education	43,092	100,368
Travel	151,242	216,776
Website development	3,332	•
	25,405,522	23,897,240
xcess of revenue over expenses	14,837	124,569



### First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority Statement of Changes in Net Assets For the year ended March 31, 2015

	Unrestricted	Internally restricted	Externally restricted	Invested in capital assets	2015	2014
Net assets, beginning of year	38,484	665,280	136,480	60,909	901,153	776,584
Excess of revenue over expenses	14,837	•	-	•	14,837	124,569
Amortization of capital assets	42,330	-	-	(42,330)	-	-
Deferral of externally restricted net assets	136,480	•	(136,480)	-	-	•
Purchases of capital assets	(31,229)	-	-	31,229	-	•
Internal restrictions	(17,160)	17,160	•	-	-	-
Net assets, end of year	183,742	682,440		49,808	915,990	901,153

## First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2015

	2015	2014
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities		
Operating		
Excess of revenue over expenses	14,837	124,569
Amortization	42,330	43,359
	57,167	167.928
Changes in working capital accounts		107,020
Accounts receivable	49.977	13,998
Prepaid expenses and deposits	336,337	(27,282)
Accounts payable and accruals	(1,538,848)	(573,426)
Change in deferred contributions	223,098	-
	(872,269)	(418,782)
Financing	· · · · · ·	
Working capital payable to Province of Manitoba	<u> </u>	141,000
Investing		
Purchase of capital assets	(31,229)	(18,086)
Working capital receivable from agencies		(141,000)
	(31,229)	(159,086)
Decrease in cash resources	(903,498)	(436,868)
Cash resources, beginning of year	1,846,552	2,283,420
Cash resources, end of year	943,054	1,846,552

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 1. Incorporation and nature of the organization

The First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority ("the Authority") has been incorporated under the Child and Family Services Authority Act, which was proclaimed by the Province of Manitoba on November 24, 2003.

The mandate of the Authority is to administer and provide for the delivery of child and family services in Manitoba to people who are members of the northern First Nations, people who identify with those northern First Nations and others as determined in accordance with protocols established in the regulations which form part of the Child and Family Services Authority Act. The Authority is exempt from income taxes under Section 149(1)(1) of the Income Tax Act.

On June 10, 2002 legislation to create the First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority was introduced in the Legislative Assembly. Royal Assent was received on August 9, 2002. The Child and Family Services Act came into force upon proclamation on November 30, 2003. All assets and liabilities of 4601149 Manitoba Association Inc. as of November 30, 2003 were transferred to the First Nations of Northern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority on December 1, 2003.

### 2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not for profit organizations as issued by the Accounting Standards Board in Canada using the following significant accounting policies:

#### Financial instruments

The Authority recognizes its financial instruments when the Authority becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. All financial instruments are initially recorded at their fair value, including financial assets and liabilities originated and issued in a related party transaction with management. Financial assets and liabilities originated and issued in all other related party transactions are initially measured at their carrying or exchange amount in accordance with CPA 3840 Related Party Transactions.

At initial recognition, the Authority may irrevocably elect to subsequently measure any financial instrument at fair value. The Authority has not made such an election during the year.

The Authority subsequently measures investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market and all derivative instruments at fair value. Investments in equity instruments not quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. All other financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized in the statement of operations for the current period. Conversely, transaction costs and financing fees are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost or cost.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and marketable securities with maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted cash.

#### Revenue recognition

The Authority follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Other revenue is recognized when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.



For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

#### Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution if fair value can be reasonably determined.

Amortization is provided using the straight-line method at the following rates intended to amortize the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives.

Computer equipment	3 years
Computer software	5 years
Office equipment	5 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years

In the year of acquisition, amortization is taken at one half of the above rates.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary. Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of capital assets.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in the statement of operations in the periods in which they become known.

#### Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets consist of capital assets. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies.

The Authority performs impairment testing on long-lived assets held for use whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset, or group of assets, may not be recoverable. Impairment losses are recognized when undiscounted future cash flows from its use and disposal are less than the asset's carrying amount. Impairment is measured as the amount by which the asset's carrying value exceeds its fair value. Any impairment is included in the statement of operations for the year.

#### 3. Marketable securities

2015

2014

Guaranteed investment certificate, bearing interest at 1.05%, maturing Jan 2016

689,886

689,886



For the year ended March 31, 2015

Accounts receivable		
	2015	2014
GST receivable	50,521	54,663
Province of Manitoba	604,201	916,473
Other	363,689	97,252
	1,018,411	1,068,388
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(180,031)	(180,031)
	838,380	888,357

### 5. Working capital receivable from agencies

The working capital receivable from agencies represents amounts advanced to agencies to provide required cash flow for operations to support the administration of payments related to the maintenance of children in care. The amounts are non-interest bearing and are due on demand at the end of each annual contribution agreement with each agency until such time that a new contribution agreement with each agency has been entered into.

### 6. Capital assets

	Cost	Accumulated amortization	2015 Net book value
Computer equipment	319,220	291,841	27,379
Computer software	29,343	28,505	838
Office equipment	50,839	50,839	-
Furniture and equipment	161,675	142,671	19,004
Leasehold improvements	11,514	8,927	2,587
<del></del>	572,591	522,783	49,808
			2014
		Accumulated	Net book
	Cost	amortization	value
Computer equipment	290,715	253,344	37,371
Computer software	28,412	28,412	•
Office equipment	61,043	61,043	-
Furniture and equipment	161,675	141,053	20,622
Leasehold improvements	9,720	6,804	2,916
	551,565	490,656	60,909



For the year ended March 31, 2015

Accounts payable and accruals		
	2015	2014
Accounts payable to suppliers Accruals	21,938	83,630
Accounts payable to agencies	189,542 1,207,539	219,511 2,654,726
	1,419,019	2,957,867
Deferred contributions		
	2015	2014
Unspent portion of Transition Grant Funding received from the Province of Manitoba, to be used for the Aboriginal Justice Inquiry - Child Welfare Initiative one-time transition activities connected to the establishment of the Authority and to assist Family Service Agencies in extending their operations.	136,480	-
Unspent portion of project funding received from Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada to be used for the research and development of culturally appropriate services, practices and procedures for child and family services.	86,618	27.5
	223,098	-

### 9. Working capital payable to Province of Manitoba

The working capital payable to the Province of Manitoba represents amounts advanced to the Authority in order for the Authority to provide cash flow advances to the various agencies which deliver the services administered by the Authority. The amounts are non-interest bearing and are due on demand.

### 10. Contingency

The Authority expects to be named as one of the defendants in a lawsuit on behalf of a former employee of one of the agencies administered by the Authority, who is seeking to recover damages allegedly sustained by them as a result of unjust dismissal. As litigation is subject to many uncertainties, it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome of this pending lawsuit or to estimate the loss, if any, which may result.



For the year ended March 31, 2015

Internally restricted net assets		
	2015	2014
Capital assets	50,000	50.000
Unfunded positions	75,000	100,000
Repatriation	•	20,000
Information technology	408,240	408,240
Aging out initiative	124,200	62,040
Educational outcomes	25,000	25,000
	682,440	665,280

#### 12. Financial instruments

The Authority, as part of its operations, carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Authority is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

#### Credit concentration

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Authority to concentrations of credit risk consist primarily of accounts receivable. Included in accounts receivable at year-end are balances owing from the Province of Manitoba which make up 51% (2014 - 83%) of the balance. Due to the nature of the Authority's establishment by the Child and Family Services Act, these amounts are considered to be collectible in full.

### 13. Economic dependence

The Authority's primary source of revenue is from the Province of Manitoba. The funding can be cancelled if the Authority does not observe certain established guidelines. The Authority's ability to continue viable operations is dependent upon maintaining its right to follow the criteria within the provincial government guidelines. As at the date of these financial statements the Authority believes that it is in compliance with the guidelines.

### 14. Commitments

The Authority has entered into operating lease agreements for office space and equipment. These agreements result in commitments over the next 4 years as follows:

2016	124,860
2017	100,014
2018	6,018
2019	6,018



# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY

Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2015

## FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY

Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2015

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BDO Canada LLP/s.r.l./S.E.N.C.R.L. 700 - 200 Graham Avenue Winnipeg MB R3C 4L5 Canada

### **Independent Auditor's Report**

### To the Administrator FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

**Chartered Accountants** 

BDO Canada LLP

Winnipeg, Manitoba October 6, 2015

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Statement of Financial Position

March 31		2015	2014
Assets			
Current Assets  Cash and cash equivalents  Accounts receivable (Note 2)  Prepaid expenses and deposits	\$	1,505,861 2,409,070 147,846	\$ 504,109 2,002,433 63,581
		4,062,777	2,570,123
Capital assets (Note 3)		1,945,461	2,417,092
Oue from agencies (Note 4)	_	5,537,990	5,537,990
	\$	11,546,228	\$ 10,525,205
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Current Liabilities  Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 5)  Due to Province of Manitoba (Note 4)		3,097,462	\$ 4,511,234 300,000
Deferred revenue (Note 6)	_	941,252	324,337
		4,038,714	5,135,571
Due to Province of Manitoba (Note 4)	-	5,537,990	 5,537,990
	_	9,576,704	10,673,561
Commitments (Note 9)			
Net Assets Operating Fund Capital Fund Repatriation Fund	_	1,969,524 - -	(2,679,043) 2,417,092 113,595
		1,969,524	(148,356)

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31		2015		2015		2014
		Budget		Actual		Actual
Davience		(Unaudited)				
Revenue Province of Manitoba (Note 7)						
Authority Core (Schedule 1)	\$	2,792,764	\$	2,882,403	\$	2,795,720
Joint Training (Schedule 5)	Ψ	525,894	Ψ	525,894	Ψ	523,238
IT Support (Schedule 2)		856,400		706,286		706,286
Agency Grants (Schedule 3)		45,832,291		47,002,970		46,076,441
Golden Eagle Support		1,175,000		1,111,110		1,097,036
Ji-Zhaabwiing Support (Schedule 4)		1,825,625		1,826,174		1,851,199
Emergency Foster Care Stand By Fees		27,000		10,105		-
Other		- ,,,,,,,,		219,842		-
Deferred Revenue - Recognition		150,000		77,060		65,612
Total Province of Manitoba		53,184,974		54,361,844		53,115,532
AANDC						
		250 000		270.260		250,000
IT Capacity Development (Schedule 2, 6) RAC Meeting		250,000 30,000		279,360 30,000		250,000 30,000
RAC Meeting		30,000		30,000		30,000
Total AANDC		280,000		309,360		280,000
A						
Agency IT Support (Schedule 2)		417 120		100 005		104 290
Morningstar		417,120		100,005 126,042		104,280
Moningstal	_			120,042		
Total Agency		417,120		226,047		104,280
Other						
Other				22 400		
Ji-Zhaabwing Miscellaneous (Schedule 4) Miscellaneous		-		23,199		10 247
iviiscellarieous				7,122		12,347
		-		30,321		12,347
		53,882,094		54,927,572		53,512,159
Evmanage						
Expenses Core						
Staffing (Schedule 1)		2,197,029		2,319,036		2,898,212
Operating (Schedule 1)		611,000		697,589		705,246
Education and Training (Schedule 5)		344,694		348,866		455,151
IT Support (Schedule 2)		1,194,573		1,133,818		1,175,511
Grant Funding (Schedule 3)		45,832,291		47,002,973		46,076,439
Programming		, ,		, ,		
Golden Eagle		1,175,000		1,111,110		1,097,036
Ji-Zhaabwiing (Schedule 4)		1,973,450		1,879,911		1,892,188
Morningstar		-		130,108		-
Age of Majority		27,000		11,143		12,718
Emergency Foster Care Stand by Fees		27,000		10,105		25,575
Stepping out on Saturdays		96,500		17,784		56,657
Regional Meetings		30,000		31		20,336
Eyes For Me		-		-		4,067
		53,508,537		54,662,474		54,419,136
Face of the Color		070 55		005.000		(000 077)
Excess (deficiency) before amortization		373,557		265,098		(906,977)
Amortization		727,188		591,947		780,723
Deficiency before Other Items		(353,631)		(326,849)		(1,687,700)
Recoveries (Non-Recoverable Expenses) (Note 8)		(555,651)		108,999		(25,616)
Debt forgiveness (Note 8)		-		1,607,595		(20,010)
Revenue recognized for differential response (Note 8)		-		728,135		<del>-</del>
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	•	(353,631)	•		\$	(1,713,316)
Exocos (delicional) of revenue over expenses	Ψ	(555,051)	Ψ	2,117,000	Ψ	(1,113,310)

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the vear ended March 31				2015	2014
	Operating	Capital	Repatriation	Total	Total
Fund balance, beginning of year	\$ (2,679,043) \$	5 2,417,092	\$ 113,595	\$ (148,356)	\$ 1,564,960
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses Transfer of capital additions Interfund transfer	2,430,467 159,044 2,059,056	(312,587) (159,044) (1,945,461)	- - (113,595)	2,117,880 - -	(1,713,316) - -
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,969,524 \$	<b>.</b>	\$ -	\$ 1,969,524	\$ (148,356)

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31		2015	2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities  Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses  Adjustments for Items not involving cash	\$	2,117,880	\$ (1,713,316)
Amortization of capital assets		591,947	780,723
Changes in non-cash working capital balances		2,709,827	(932,593)
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and deposits		(406,637) (84,265)	1,170,551 (5,767)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue Due to Province of Manitoba		(1,413,771) 616,915 (300,000)	(1,320,444) (1,542,983) -
		1,122,069	(2,631,236)
Cash Flows from Capital Activities Purchase of capital assets	_	(120,317)	(224,371)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Working capital advance		-	300,000
Net increase (decrease) in cash during the year		1,001,752	(2,555,607)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	_	504,109	3,059,716
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,505,861	\$ 504,109

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Notes to Financial Statements

### For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 1. Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### (a) Nature of the Organization

The First Nations of Southern Manitoba Child and Family Services Authority (the "Authority") was incorporated on November 24, 2003 under the Province of Manitoba through The Child and Family Services Authority Act, S.M. 2002, c. 35 excerpt section 20; the Act came into force by proclamation on November 24, 2003.

The Authority was established as a non-profit organization with the responsibility for administering and providing for the delivery of a system of child and family services to Southern First Nations people who are members of the Southern First Nations and other persons who are identified with those Southern First Nations. In partnership with the Province of Manitoba, the Authority is committed to establishing a jointly coordinated child and family services system that recognizes the distinct rights and authorities of First Nations and Metis people in Manitoba.

The Authority is a non-profit organization and as such is exempt from income taxes under The Income Tax Act (the "Act"). In order to maintain its status as a non-profit organization under the Act, the Authority must meet certain requirements within the Act. In the opinion of management, these requirements have been met.

### (b) Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Authority are the responsibility of management.

### (c) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations as established by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

### (d) Fund Accounting

In order to ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the Authority, the accounts are maintained on a fund accounting basis. Accordingly, resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds. These funds are held in accordance with the objectives specified by the contributors or in accordance with the directives issued by the Board of Directors.

The Operating Fund is used to account for all revenue and expenditures related to general and ancillary operations of the Authority.

The Capital Fund is used to account for all capital assets of the Authority and to present the flow of funds related to their acquisition and disposal, unexpended capital resources and debt commitments.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (d) Fund Accounting (continued)

The Repatriation Fund is an internally restricted fund used to account for monies for specific purposes.

Interfund balances are non-interest bearing, and have no terms of repayment or security. In the current year the Authority has discontinued the us of fund accounting as there are no limitations or restriction in place to make this necessary.

#### (e) Revenue Recognition

The Authority follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

#### (f) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank balances and investments in money market instruments with maturities of three months or less.

#### (g) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization is provided using the declining balance and straight-line method at rates intended to amortize the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives.

Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures 30% declining balance basis 20% declining balance basis

Leasehold improvements are amortized over the term of the lease.

#### (h) Use of Estimates and Measurement Uncertainty

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards which require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reported period.

Certain accounts receivable amounts contain measurement uncertainty as they relate to funding based upon the latest communication with the Province of Manitoba.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (i) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired, transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each balance sheet date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

#### 2. Accounts Receivable

	_	2015	2014
Aboriginal and Northern Affairs Department Due from agencies Due from Province of Manitoba	\$	69,840 140,491	\$ 280,000 317,096
Golden Eagle funding IT support cost recoveries Ji-zhaabwiing funding Other from government		182,300 315,236 456,406 1,135,809	146,426 26,400 271,396 247,455
GST receivable Other 800 Adele - renovation cost reimbursements	_	68,079 40,909	123,836 6,802 583,022
	\$	2,409,070	\$ 2,002,433

#### 3. Capital Assets

	_			2015			2014
		Cost	 ccumulated mortization	Net Book Value	Cost	 ccumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures Leasehold	\$	4,225,525 429,328	\$ 3,128,555 286,073	\$ 1,096,970 143,255	\$ 4,111,847 422,689	\$ 2,682,784 251,089	\$ 1,429,063 171,600
improvements	_	1,221,272	516,036	705,236	1,221,272	404,843	816,429
	\$	5,876,125	\$ 3,930,664	\$ 1,945,461	\$ 5,755,808	\$ 3,338,716	\$ 2,417,092

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 4. Due from Agencies and Due to Province of Manitoba

The Province of Manitoba advanced the Authority a working capital advance in the amount of \$5,537,990 (\$5,537,990 in 2014), which in turn was advanced by the Authority to the Agencies. The advances are repayable by the Authority if the Authority's operations cease. The amounts due from the Agencies have no fixed terms of repayment and are non-interest bearing.

		2015	2014
Animikii-Ozoson Child and Family Services Child and Family All Nations Coordinated Response Network Dakota Ojibway Child and Family Services Intertribal Child and Family Services Peguis Child and Family Services Sandy Bay Child and Family Services Southeast Child and Family Services	\$	1,204,000 538,400 689,610 121,030 221,820 158,700 1,368,830	\$ 1,204,000 538,400 689,610 121,030 221,820 158,700 1,368,830
West Region Child and Family Services	_	1,235,600	1,235,600
	\$	5,537,990	\$ 5,537,990

The Province of Manitoba has also provided the Authority an additional working capital advance of \$300,000 as at March 31, 2014 to assist the Authority to meeting cash flow requirements. This advance has been repaid on June 30, 2014.

#### 5. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	 2015	2014
Due to agencies Due to Province of Manitoba Trade payables Accrued expenses	\$ 1,696,893 - 1,179,042 217,716	\$ 2,531,643 1,607,588 138,265 231,754
Social fund	3,811	1,984
	\$ 3,097,462	\$ 4,511,234

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 6. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represents funds received during the year, which have been deferred to periods when their specified expenditures are expected to be incurred.

	 2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 324,337	\$ 1,867,320
Funds Received Province of Manitoba Add amounts transferred from accounts payable Less amounts transferred to accounts payable	47,801,688 540,000 -	48,042,299 - (1,534,363)
Less amounts recognized as revenue in the year	 47,724,773)	(48,050,919)
Balance, end of year	941,252	324,337
Less current portion	 941,252	324,337
Deferred revenue relating to future years	\$ -	\$ 

#### 7. Revenue from Province of Manitoba

Revenue as per Province of Manitoba confirmation	\$	51,509,963
Add:     Deferred revenue amounts recognized as revenue in the year     Current years receivables     CSA withheld from operating grants     Reimbursement - Authority     Reimbursement - Agency		77,060 310,019 1,673,911 300,000 1,000,000
		3,360,990
Deduct: Funding of prior year accounts receivable Revenue deferred during the year Other		355,143 153,980 (14)
	_	509,109
Revenue from Province of Manitoba	\$	54,361,844

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 8. Other Items

Other items are related to the Authority working with the Province of Manitoba to obtain working capital and financing as follows:

- recovery of a previously disallowed receivable amount of \$108,999;
- debt forgiveness of \$1,607,595; and
- a cash payment of \$728,135, to be disbursed to All Nations Coordinated Response, as partial payment for the \$1,600,385 in differential response funding due to the agencies. The remaining balance due to agencies will be \$872,250.

#### 9. Commitments

The Authority has entered into various lease agreements for premises for its operations and to support other agencies and programs expiring between November 2015 and January 2019.

The minimum annual lease payments for the next four years are as follows:

2016	\$ 874,397
2017	556,278
2018	490,208
2019	416,250

#### 10. Employment Benefits

#### **Pension Benefits**

The Authority has a defined contribution pension plan for its employees. Employees contribute at least 4% of their salaries and the Authority contributes 5%. The Authority's total pension contribution for 2015 was \$175,912 (\$207,670 in 2014).

#### Sick Leave Benefits

Employees of the Authority are entitled to sick leave benefits during their employment. Sick leave benefits, which accumulate but do not vest, are not considered to be significant by management. As such, management has not recorded a liability for these benefits in the financial statements of the Authority.

#### 11. Comparative Figures

The comparative amounts presented in the financial statements have been restated to conform to the current year's presentation.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 12. Financial Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to different types of risk in the normal course of operations, including credit risk and market risk. The Authority's objective in risk management is to optimize the risk return trade-off, within set limits, by applying integrated risk management and control strategies, policies and procedures throughout the Authority's activities.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Authority to credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable.

The Authority's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral or other credit enhancements is \$2,409,070 (\$2,002,433 at March 31, 2014).

The Authority is not exposed to significant credit risk as the majority of the receivables are from the the Province of Manitoba and agencies.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other price risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Authority is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as its cash and investments are held in short-term or variable rate products.

The Authority is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Authority will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they become due, and arises from the Authority's management of working capital. The Authority's policy is to ensure that it will have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities when they become due.

#### Fair Value

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value due to the relatively short periods to maturity of these items or because they are receivable or payable on demand.



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## Auditor's Comments on Supplementary Financial Information

To the Administrator FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY

We have audited the financial statements of the FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and the statements of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and have issued our report thereon dated October 6, 2015 which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. The audit was performed to form an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. Schedules 1 to 6 are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such supplementary information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

#### Restriction on Distribution and Use

The supplementary information for Schedule 1 through Schedule 6 is prepared to assist the FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY to meet the requirements of the Minister of Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development (the "Minister"). As a result, the supplementary information is not presented in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY and the Minister and should not be distributed to or used by parties other than the FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY or the Minister.

BDO Canada LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Winnipeg, Manitoba October 6, 2015

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Schedule 1 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Core Grant Revenue

For the vear ended March 31		2015	2015	2014
Parrane		Budget (Unaudited)	Actual	Actual
Revenue Province of Manitoba - Core grant Province of Manitoba - Other	\$	2,792,764	\$ 2,792,766 89,637	\$ 2,795,720
	_	2,792,764	2,882,403	2,795,720
Expenses Staffing				
Salaries and benefits Travel - staff Training - staff Recruitment Health and education tax levy		2,137,029 35,000 25,000	2,246,014 27,028 18,181 17,256 10,557	2,788,348 33,829 27,892 48,143
,	_	2,197,029	2,319,036	2,898,212
Operations Office rent and parking Professional fees Telephone and fax Agency relations Cultural expenses Office supplies Board costs Building maintenance Annual general meeting Insurance Community relations Bank service charges		259,200 100,000 25,000 20,000 50,000 48,000 41,000 16,200 12,000 28,600 4,000 7,000	250,280 270,905 28,281 26,837 25,067 23,309 22,120 17,631 13,189 10,961 4,804 4,205	257,930 212,382 24,566 37,076 34,106 35,502 22,601 17,228 12,124 33,718 11,609 6,404
Total expenses	_	2,808,029	3,016,625	3,603,458
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$	(15,265)	\$ (134,222)	\$ (807,738)

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY

## Schedule 2

### Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Information Technology

For the vear ended March 31		2015	2015	2014
Paragraph	(	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual	Actual
Revenue Province of Manitoba AANDC - Capacity development Agency revenue - IT	\$	856,400 250,000 417,120	\$ 706,286 279,360 100,005	\$ 706,286 250,000 104,280
		1,523,520	1,085,651	1,060,566
Expenses Salaries and benefits Internet Information technology Travel Telephone and fax Training and development Recruitment	_	533,472 418,800 202,301 25,000 5,000 10,000	556,409 365,917 184,467 19,594 7,063 368 -	500,511 378,290 267,957 16,824 4,418 7,078 33
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses		328,947	(48,167)	(114,545)
Capital asset purchases		470,659	113,678	254,192
Deficiency after capital purchases	\$	(141,712)	\$ (161,845)	\$ (368,737)

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Schedule 3

### Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Agency Grant Funding

For the vear ended March 31	2015	2015	2014
	Budget (Unaudited)	Actual	Actual
Revenue	,		
Province of Manitoba	\$ 45,832,291	\$ 47,002,970	\$ 46,076,441
Expenses			
Protection	23,723,165	23,800,231	22,611,788
Central support	12,567,464	11,718,664	11,704,448
Core	6,607,171	6,701,986	6,607,169
Prevention	3,415,069	3,415,071	3,415,071
Other	-	1,561,616	1,863,494
CFSIS data entry clerk	408,954	558,954	540,000
Workload relief	-	224,000	224,000
Family care	541,263	541,263	541,263
Designated intake	76,085	76,087	76,086
Vacancy management	(1,506,880)	(1,594,899)	(1,506,880)
	45,832,291	47,002,973	46,076,439
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$ -	\$ (3)	\$ 2

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Schedule 4 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Ji-zhaabwiing

For the vear ended March 31		2015	2015	2014
	(	Budget Unaudited)	Actual	Actual
Revenue				
Province of Manitoba Other	\$ 	1,825,625 -	\$ 1,826,174 23,199	\$ 1,851,199 -
		1,825,625	1,849,373	1,851,199
Expenses				
Grant funding		1,277,700	1,277,700	1,276,453
Office rent and parking		480,000	465,190	446,134
Building maintenance		60,000	96,256	33,899
Utilities		-	26,102	24,104
Telephone and fax		7,000	5,887	6,921
Professional fees		, -	5,251	, <u>-</u>
Insurance		6,400	2,223	-
Office supplies		5,000	944	4,837
Travel		500	358	247
Salaries and benefits		136,850	-	98,477
Training		-	-	500
Security		-	-	616
		1,973,450	1,879,911	1,892,188
Deficiency of revenue over expenses	\$	(147,825)	\$ (30,538)	\$ (40,989)

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Schedule 5 Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Education and Training Department

For the vear ended March 31		2015	2015	2014
	(L	Budget Inaudited)	Actual	Actual
Revenue	-	-		
Province of Manitoba	<u>\$</u>	525,894	\$ 525,894	\$ 523,238
Expenses				
Rent		136,800	131,875	134,735
Salaries and benefits		95,094	131,287	120,302
Training - agency		93,000	61,787	182,052
Office supplies		7,000	12,665	7,285
Building maintenance		10,800	9,822	9,814
Travel		1,000	1,430	788
Telephone		1,000	-	332
Training - staff (recovery)		-	-	(157)
		344,694	348,866	455,151
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	181,200	\$ 177,028	\$ 68,087

# FIRST NATIONS OF SOUTHERN MANITOBA CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Schedule 6 AANDC Funding and Expenditures - Capacity Development

For the vear ended March 31		2015	2015	2014
P	(l	Budget Jnaudited)	Actual	Actual
Revenue AANDC Contribution	\$	250,000	\$ 279,360	\$ 250,000
Expenses and capital assets				
Virtualization		151,214	169,617	208,285
ACCPAC VolP		30,000 138,231	15,031 94,712	-
Records management		-	-	45,907
SAN storage		43,877	-	-
Palo Alta Network		64,428	-	-
Brocade		42,909	-	
		470,659	279,360	254,192
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	(220,659)	\$ -	\$ (4,192)

## THE FUNERAL BOARD OF MANITOBA

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014



# Funeral Board of Manitoba 254 Portage Avenue, Winnipeg, MB R3C 0B6 Canada Conseil des services funéraires du Manitoba 254, avenue Portage, Winnipeg (MB) R3C 0B6 Canada

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The accompanying financial statements and all the information in the annual report are the responsibility of the Funeral Board of Manitoba and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. In the Board's opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality, incorporating Board's best judgment regarding all necessary estimates and all other data available to June 22, 2015.

As the Board is responsible for the integrity of the financial statements, the Board has established systems of internal control to provide assurance that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded from loss and that revenues are complete.

The responsibility of the Office of the Auditor General of Manitoba is to express an independent, professional opinion on whether the financial statements of the Board are fairly presented in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards. The Independent Auditor's Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and provides the audit opinion.

On behalf of Management Funeral Board of Manitoba

Denise Koss, Chairperson

Original Document Signed

June 22, 2015

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba
To the Board of Directors of the Funeral Board of Manitoba

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Funeral Board of Manitoba (Board), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2014, and the statements of operations, change in net debt, and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Board as at December 31, 2014 and the results of its operations, changes in net debt, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Going Concern

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 9 in the financial statements which indicates the Funeral Board of Manitoba has incurred annual losses in prior years with a current year surplus but an accumulated deficit remains as at December 31, 2014. These conditions as well as the uncertainty of grant funding described in note 10 indicates the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.

Office of the Auditor General

Office of the Auditor General

June 22, 2015

Winnipeg, Manitoba

## THE FUNERAL BOARD OF MANITOBA STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2014

	-	
	2014	2013
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 118,663	\$ 83,908
Accounts Receivable	60,000	_
Total Financial Assets	178,663	83,908
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 7)	127,366	79,408
Deferred revenue	92,388	90,250
Total Liabilities	219,754	169,658
NET DEBT	(41,091)	(85,750)
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Prepaid Expenses	571	-
Supplies Inventory	775	2,231
Tangible Capital Assets (note 11)	2,171	-
	3,517	2,231
ACCUMULATED (DEFICIT)	\$ (37,574)	\$ (83,519)
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.		
Approved on behalf of The Funeral Board of Manitoba		
Original Document Signed	Original Docu	ıment Signed
Denise Koss	Board Member	
Chairperson	Dodia MEHIDEI	

## THE FUNERAL BOARD OF MANITOBA STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	201	2013	
	Budget	Actual	Actual
REVENUE			
Operations Revenue			
Funeral Home Licences	\$ 44,000	\$ 44,500	\$ 44,000
Funeral Director and Embalmer Licences	51,450	51,500	51,450
Cemeteries Act Licences	-	6,415	·
Miscellaneous Income	8,500	20,372	8,454
	103,950	122,787	103,904
Grant Revenue - VSA (note 10)	180,000	180,000	· •
Total Revenue	283,950	302,787	103,904
EXPENSES			
Administration Charges (note 6)	124,800	108,500	24,000
Amortization	-	241	· -
Audit	3,800	3,831	3,776
Board Meetings	3,400	8,023	2,009
Board Members - Honoraria	6,500	10,137	3,488
Communications	1,200	8,001	7,359
Conferences	6,800	8,234	1,234
Consultation costs	1,000	1,000	, -
External Audit Fees	20,000	-	-
Legal Fees	30,000	32,651	17,702
Miscellaneous	700	2,422	525
Office Supplies , Printing and Postage	2,900	2,733	2,856
Salaries and Benefits	63,200	62,216	61,356
Start-up costs	5,000	-	-
Travel	8,965	8,853	6,450
Total Expenses	278,265	256,842	130,755
Surplus (Deficit)	5,685	45,945	(26,851)
Accumulated (Deficit), beginning of period	(83,519)	(83,519)	(56,668)
Accumulated (Deficit), end of period	\$ (77,834)	\$ (37,574)	\$ (83,519)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## THE FUNERAL BOARD OF MANITOBA STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET DEBT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	***************************************			******	
		2014	ļ		2013
		Budget	Actual		Actual
Surplus (Deficit)	\$	5,685 \$	45,945	\$	(26,851)
TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS					
Acquisition of Capital Assets		-	(2,412)		_
Amortization of Capital Assets		-	241		_
			(2,171)		-
OTHER NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS				•	
Decrease (increase) in Prepaid expense		_	(571)		-
Acquisitions of Supplies Inventory		-	_		(2,348)
Consumption of Supplies Inventory		1,456	1,456		117
Decrease/ (Increase) in Other non-financial assets		1,456	885		(2,231)
DECREASE (INCREASE) IN NET DEBT	Submin State Control	7,141	44,659		(29,082)
NET DEBT, beginning of period		(85,750)	(85,750)		(56,668)
NET DEBT, end of period	\$	(78,609) \$	(41,091)	\$	(85,750)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### THE FUNERAL BOARD OF MANITOBA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		W		
		2	2014	2013
Cash flow p	rovided by (applied to):	-		
Operating				•
	Surplus (Deficit), for the period	\$	45,945	\$ (26,851)
	Amortization of tangible capital assets		241	-
			46,186	 (26,851)
Change in:				
	Accounts receivable		(60,000)	-
	Supplies inventory		1,456	(2,231)
•	Prepaid		(571)	-
	Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		47,958	41,846
	Deferred revenues		2,138	5,300
		•	37,167	18,064
		Amy to control and control of the co	······································	 <del></del>
Capital				
	Acquisition of tangible capital assets		(2,412)	_
		**************************************	(2,412)	 -
		***************************************	······································	 
Net Increase	e in Cash		34,755	18,064
Cash, begins	ning of period		83,908	65,844
Cash, end of	f period	\$	118,663	\$ 83,908
		<del></del>	<del></del>	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### THE FUNERAL BOARD OF MANITOBA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

#### 1.) Nature of Operations

The Funeral Directors and Embalmers Act established The Funeral Board of Manitoba (the Board) to licence and regulate Funeral Homes, Funeral Directors and Embalmers and to prescribe the courses of training and instruction for articling students. As at December 5, 2013 the Board has been assigned the responsibility to licence and regulate under The Cemeteries Act.

#### 2.) Significant Accounting Policies:

#### a. Basis of accounting

These financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Canadian Public Sector Accounting Board.

#### b. Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and bank balances.

#### c. Deferred Revenue and Revenue Recognition

The Board recognizes revenue under The Funeral Directors and Embalmers Act and The Cemeteries Act on an accrual basis. Any license fees which are received prior to December 31 and are applicable to the subsequent fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue.

Grant revenue is recognized when it is authorized and any eligibility criteria have been met. Receivables are recognized by the Board for those grants authorized by the Province prior to the end of the accounting period but not received.

#### d. Expenses

Expenses are reported on an accrual basis. The cost of all goods consumed and services received during the year is expensed.

#### e. Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the period.

Estimates are based on the best information available at the time of preparation of the financial statements and are reviewed annually to reflect new information as it becomes available. Measurement uncertainty exists in these financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### f. Non-Financial Assets

Tangle capital assets and other non-financial assets do not normally provide resources to discharge liabilities of the Board. These assets are normally employed to provide future services.

Tangible capital assets are recorded at cost. Cost includes the purchase price as well as other acquisition costs. The costs of tangible capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer equipment

Rate Method 20% Straight

Straight line

One-half of the annual amortization is charged in the year of the acquisition and in the year of disposal.

#### 3.) Financial instruments and Financial Risk Management

<u>Measurement</u>

Financial instruments are classified into one of the two measurement categories: (a) fair value; or (b) cost or amortized cost.

The Funeral Board of Manitoba (the Board) records its financial assets at cost, which includes cash and accounts receivable.

The Board also records its financial liabilities at cost, which includes accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

#### THE FUNERAL BOARD OF MANITOBA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

#### 3.) Financial instruments and Financial Risk Management (continued)

Gain and losses on financial instruments measured at fair value are recorded in accumulated deficit as re-measurement gains and losses until realized. Upon disposition of the financial instruments, the cumulative re-measurement gains and losses are reclassified to the statement of operations. Gains and losses on financial instruments measure at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the statement of operations in the period the gain or loss occurs.

The Board did not incur any re-measurement gains and losses during the year (2013 - \$ nil).

#### Financial Risk Management - overviews

The Board has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk; liquidity risk; market risk; interest risk; and foreign currency risk.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Board to credit risk consist principally of cash and accounts receivable.

The maximum exposure of the Board to credit risk at the year end is:

	2014	2013
Cash	\$ 118,663	\$ 83,908
Accounts Receivable	 60,000	-
	\$ 178,663	\$ 83,908

Cash: the Board is not exposed to significant credit risk as these amounts are held a Canadian Chartered Bank.

Accounts Receivable: the Board is not exposed to significant credit risk as accounts receivable are from the Vital Statistics Agency, a provincial government organization. Accounts receivable are neither past due or impaired.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Board will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Board manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates, will affect the Board's income or the fair value of its financial instruments.

#### Interest Rate Risl

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to cash.

The interest rate risk on funds on cash is considered to be low because of their short-term nature.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Board is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

#### 4.) The Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act

In accordance with Section 2 of The Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act, the following summarizes compensation paid:

Employee paid \$ 50,000 or more	2014		2013
J. Delaney - Investigator	\$ 57,597	\$	56.550
The aggregate amount paid to Board members was:		•	,
(a) Honoraria, Board Members	\$ 9.810	\$	4.033

#### 5.) Related Party Transactions

The Board is related in terms of common control to all Province of Manitoba created Departments, Agencies, Boards and Crown Corporations. The Board enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of operations and they are measured at the exchange rate amount agreed to by the related parties.

#### THE FUNERAL BOARD OF MANITOBA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

#### 6.) Administrative Charges - Vital Statistics Agency

Effective January 1, 2014 the administrative charges paid to Vital Statistics Agency have been increased. The increase is based on evaluation of workload and overhead contribution provided by Vital Statistics Agency to the Board. In prior years these charges were lower as the Board's activities were significantly lower.

#### 7.) Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

Accounts Payable and accrued liabilities consist of the following :

	2014	2013
General	\$ 12,680	\$ 24,979
Administrative Charges	108,500	48,000
Salaries and Benefits	6,186	5,270
CRA Deductions Payable	 	1,159
	\$ 127,366	\$ 79,408

#### 8.) Budgeted Figures

Budgeted figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the annual budget approved by the Board.

#### 9.) Going Concern

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the going concern assumption that the Board will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. The Board has incurred annual losses in prior years with a current year surplus; an accumulated deficit remains as at December 31, 2014.

The Board continues to review their financial position and the long term viability of the Board and are reviewing all options.

#### 10.) Grant Funding

The Board has been approved to receive funding of \$160,000 for fiscal period 2015 from Vital Statistics Agency. The Board is required to explore options to reduce expenditures and reliance on Agency funding and return with an alternate funding model. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2014 the Board has recognized \$180,000 as income.

#### 11.) Tangible Capital Assets

	 	2014	
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Computer Equipment	\$ 2,412	\$ 241	\$ 2,171
	\$ 2,412	\$ 241	\$ 2,171
		2013	
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value
Computer Equipment	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -

# GENERAL CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2015



June 23, 2015

#### Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of management of the General Child and Family Services Authority and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations. In management's opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality, incorporating management's best judgments regarding all necessary estimates and all other data available as at June 23, 2015.

Management maintains internal controls to properly safeguard the assets of the General Child and Family Services Authority and to provide reasonable assurance that the books and records from which the financial statements are derived accurately reflect all transactions and that established policies and procedures are followed.

The financial statements of the General Child and Family Services Authority have been audited by Magnus Chartered Accountants LLP, independent external auditors. The responsibility of the auditor is to express an independent opinion on whether the financial statements of the General Child and Family Services Authority are fairly presented, in all material respects, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations. The Independent Auditors' Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and provides the audit opinion on the financial statements.

On behalf of Management of the General Child and Family Services Authority.

Doreen Draffin Board Chair

Debbie Besant Chief Executive Officer

Phone: (204) 984-9363

301-180 King Street Winnipeg, Manitoba Canada R3B 3G8

Phone: (204) 984-9360 Toll Free: 1-866-803-2814 Fux: (204) 984-9366

Original Document Signed

Original Document Signed

Debbie Besant Chief Executive Officer Janice Rees Chief Financial Officer

JR/kmb

HEALTHY, SAFE CHILDREN
RESPONSIBLE, NURTURING FAMILIES
CARING COMMUNITIES



MAGNUS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS LLP. ADVISORY. ASSURANCE. TAXATION. TRANSACTIONS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of the General Child and Family Services Authority

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the General Child and Family Services Authority, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, the statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the General Child and Family Services Authority as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to the Supplementary Schedule of Training Revenue and Expenses included in these financial statements. The supplementary financial information included in this schedule is unaudited.

June 23, 2015 Winnipeg, Canada

Magnus Chartered Accountants LLP

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2015

	(	Operating	Agency	Total	Total
		Fund	Fund	2015	2014
sets					
ent assets:	_				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	90,154 \$	-	\$ 90,154	
Accounts receivable (Note 4)		22,388	-	22,388	
Advances receivable (Note 5)		- 1,135,557	116,600	116,600	
Portfolio investments (Note 6) Prepaid expenses		35,015	_	1,135,557 35,015	1,621,995 56,408
nterfund balances		(552,934)	552,934		30,400
iteriuna balances		730,180	669,534		1,881,423
ital assets (Note 7)		130,212	· -	130,212	159,620
tal access (Note 1)	\$	860,392 \$	660 534	\$ 1,529,926	
rent liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued					
accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 8)	\$	297,794 \$		\$ 297,794	\$ 244,399
Vorking capital advances (Note 5)	Ψ	291,194 φ	116,600	116,600	
Deferred contributions (Note 9)		133,962	-	133,962	
retiened contains dische (Note c)		431,756	116,600	548,356	
d balances:					
nternally restricted (Note 10)		-	-	-	692,280
Inrestricted (Note 10)		428,636	552,934	981,570	194,131
		428,636	552,934	981,570	886,411
nmitments (Note 14)					
	\$	860,392 \$	669,534	\$ 1,529,926	\$ 2,041,043
accompanying notes to financial statements					
accompanying notes to infancial statements	•				
ROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF	DIF	RECTORS:			
Original Document Signed	DIF	RECTORS:			

Original Document Signed	Director
Original Document Signed	Director

Statement of Operations

Year ended March 31, 2015

	Operating Fund	Agency Fund	Total 2015	Total 2014
Revenue:				
Province of Manitoba:				
Operating grant (Note 11)	\$ 2,181,706	\$ -	\$ 2,181,706	\$ 2,666,993
Agency grants (Notes 11 and 12)	-	12,432,726	12,432,726	11,462,942
Brandon Friendship Centre (Note 11)	57,500	-	57,500	57,400
Other grants (Note 11)	4,445	-	4,445	4,995
David Thomas Foundation	90,142	-	90,142	44,576
Children's Aid Foundation	87,278	_	87,278	49,588
Investment income	31,367	-	31,367	33,925
Other revenue and recoveries	25,668	-	25,668	29,503
	2,478,106	12,432,726	14,910,832	14,349,922
Expenses:				
Agency allocations (Note 12)	_	11,879,792	11,879,792	11,462,942
Agency support	91,539	-	91,539	59,544
Amortization	44,989	-	44,989	37,431
Board meetings and expenses	35,397	-	35,397	20,973
Differential Response	9,835	-	9,835	14,066
Grant expenses (Note 13)	368,338	-	368,338	401,705
Insurance	7,208	-	7,208	7,044
Interest and bank charges	794	-	794	838
Legal and audit	21,208	-	21,208	29,715
Mileage and parking	31,226	-	31,226	32,384
Office and supplies	41,653	-	41,653	52,568
Professional services	74,150	-	74,150	28,671
Rent	124,232	-	124,232	119,505
Telephone	24,589	-	24,589	25,499
Training and development	166,396	-	166,396	212,044
Travel	24,114	-	24,114	25,809
Utilities	2,717	-	2,717	1,419
Wages and benefits	1,867,496		1,867,496	1,817,765
	2,935,881	11,879,792	14,815,673	14,349,922
(Deficiency) excess of revenue over expenses	\$ (457,775)	\$ 552,934	\$ 95,159	\$ -

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended March 31, 2015

	(	Operating Fund	Agency Fund	Total 2015	Total 2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$	886,411 \$	- \$	886,411 \$	886,411
(Deficiency) excess of revenue over expenses		(457,775)	552,934	95,159	-
Balance, end of year	\$	428,636 \$	552,934 \$	981,570 \$	886,411

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flow Year ended March 31, 2015

	2015	2014
Cash provided by (applied to)		
Operating activities:		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 95,159	\$ -
Adjustments for:		
Amortization	44,989	37,431
Recognition of deferred contributions	(806,177)	(345,050)
	(666,029)	(307,619)
Changes in the following:		
Accounts receivable	10,181	59,663
Prepaid expenses	21,393	(30,532)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	53,395	(106,676)
Cash (applied to) operating activities	(581,060)	(385,164)
Investing activities:		
Net changes in portfolio investments	486,438	314,260
Cash provided by investing activities	486,438	314,260
Financing activities:		
Deferred contributions received	146,506	170,604
Cash provided by financing activities	146,506	170,604
Cash provided by illiancing activities	140,500	170,004
Capital activities:		
Purchases of capital assets	(16,181)	(158,747)
Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	600	750 <sup>°</sup>
Cash (applied to) capital activities	(15,581)	(157,997)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	36,303	(58,297)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	53,851	112,148
Cash and Cash equivalents, beginning of year	55,05 I	114,140
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 90,154	\$ 53,851

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of organization

The General Child and Family Services Authority (the "Authority") was established on November 24, 2003 pursuant to *The Child and Family Services Authorities Act*. The Authority is a Government not-for-profit organization within the Department of Family Services responsible for the administration and provision of child and family services by the agencies under its jurisdiction, being Child and Family Services of Western Manitoba, Child and Family Services of Central Manitoba, Jewish Child and Family Service, and Winnipeg Rural and Northern Child and Family Services (Winnipeg Regional Office and Interlake, Eastman, Parkland and Northern Regions).

The Authority is a not-for-profit organization and is exempt from income taxes pursuant to *The Income Tax Act* (Canada).

#### 2. Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board, including the standards available to government not-for-profit organizations (PS 4200 - PS 4270).

#### 3. Summary of significant accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector standards for government not-for-profit organizations using the following significant accounting policies:

#### (a) Fund accounting

The Authority records its activities in the following funds:

#### (i) Operating Fund

The operating fund accounts for the activities relating to the primary activity of the Authority as described in Note 1 to these financial statements.

#### (ii) Agency Fund

The Province of Manitoba provides the Authority with grant payments for the private mandated child and family services agencies under its jurisdiction. As set out in Section 19 of *The Child and Family Services Authorities Act*, the Authority is responsible for determining funding allocations among its mandated agencies. The mandated agencies include both private agencies and government offices, which have different funding arrangements with the Authority. Private agencies receive all of their funding from the Authority (excluding child maintenance), while government offices receive funding directly from the government based on the approval of allocations by the Authority.

#### (iii) Interfund transfers

Interfund transfers can only be made with approval from the Department.

#### (b) Revenue recognition

The Authority follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Externally restricted contributions are deferred and recognized as revenue in the applicable fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the applicable fund when received or receivable. Externally restricted contributions for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and recognized as revenue on the same basis as the amortization expense related to the acquired capital assets.

Investment income and all other revenue is recognized on the accrual basis.

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 3. Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

#### (c) Expenses

All expenses incurred are recognized on the accrual basis when the related goods or services are received.

#### (d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and short term investments and deposits with original maturities of three months or less.

#### (e) Portfolio investments

Portfolio investments include term deposits with original maturities greater than three months. These investments are recorded at cost.

#### (f) Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Cost includes the purchase price and other acquisition costs. The costs of capital assets, less any residual value, are amortized over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Method</u>
Computer software	3 years	Straight-line
Furniture and fixtures	5 years	Straight-line
Leasehold improvements	5 years	Straight-line

#### (g) Financial instruments - measurement

Financial instruments are classified into one of two measurement categories: (a) fair value; or (b) cost or amortized cost.

The Authority records its financial assets at cost, which include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, portfolio investments and advances receivable. The Authority also records its financial liabilities at cost, which include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and working capital advances.

Gains and losses on financial instruments measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the statement of operations in the period the gain or loss occurs. Gains and losses on any financial instruments measured at fair value are recorded in accumulated surplus as remeasurement gains and losses until realized; upon disposition of the financial instruments, the cumulative remeasurement gains and losses are reclassified to the statement of operations.

#### (h) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reported period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 4. Accounts receivable

Accounts receivable at March 31 is comprised of the following:

	2015	2014
Interest receivable Province of Manitoba Other receivables	\$ 16,040 190 6,158	\$ 17,019 1,866 13,684
	\$ 22,388	\$ 32,569

#### 5. Working capital advances and advances receivable

Working capital advances are provided to the Authority's agencies through the Province of Manitoba. The Province has approved the advances based on two twelfths of the annual expenditures an agency invoices Family Services and Housing for child maintenance. The advances are non-interest bearing and are repayable at the time the agency is no longer providing services on behalf of the department. Total working capital advances to agencies at March 31, 2015 are \$116,600 (2014 - \$116,600).

#### 6. Portfolio investments

As at March 31, 2015, the fair value of the Authority's portfolio investments is \$1,151,598 (2014 - \$1,639,014).

#### 7. Capital assets

	Accumulated			Net bo	ok va	ok value	
	Cost	amortization 2015		2015	2014		
Computer software	\$ 53,259	\$	44,389	\$	8,870	\$	11,625
Furniture and fixtures	110,650		77,973		32,677		34,081
Leasehold improvements	253,479		164,814		88,665		113,914
	\$ 417,388	\$	287,176	\$	130,212	\$	159,620

#### 8. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at March 31 is comprised of the following:

	2015	2014
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 46,393	\$ 125,655
Wages payable	13,740	3,742
Vacation pay accrual	3,015	11,721
Due to the Province of Manitoba	 234,646	103,281
	\$ 297,794	\$ 244,399

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 9. Deferred contributions

Deferred contributions are externally restricted for specific purposes as determined by the funders and will be recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund in the period the specific expenditures are incurred. Changes in deferred contributions during the year are as follows:

#### (a) Deferred contributions - Operating Fund

Deferred contributions in the Operating Fund relate to grants from various sources as follows:

		2015	2014
Province of Manitoba - Operating:			
Balance, beginning of year	\$	105,007	\$ 337,805
Add: contributions received (see (i) below)	•	-	2,434,195
Less: amounts recognized as revenue (Note 11)		105,007	2,666,993
Balance, end of year		-	105,007
Province of Manitoba - Differential Response:			
Balance, beginning of year		_	23,738
Less: amounts recognized as revenue		_	23,738
Balance, end of year			-
Office of the Standing Committee:		105 560	07.070
Balance, beginning of year Add: contributions received		105,569	87,078 57,333
		0.025	57,333
Less: amounts recognized as revenue		9,835	38,842
Balance, end of year		95,734	105,569
David Thomas Foundation:			
Balance, beginning of year		21,386	-
Add: contributions received, net of repayment		68,756	65,962
Less: amounts recognized as revenue		90,142	44,576
Balance, end of year		=	21,386
Children's Aid Foundation:			
Balance, beginning of year		47,756	50,035
Add: contributions received		77,750	47,309
Less: amounts recognized as revenue		87,278	49,588
Balance, end of year		38,228	47,756
		30,220	47,730
Other:			
Balance, beginning of year		3,600	3,600
Less: amounts recognized as revenue		3,600	-
Balance, end of year		-	3,600
Total Operating Fund	\$	133,962	\$ 283,318
	*	,	+ ===,===
(b) Deferred contributions - Agency Fund			
		2015	2014
		2010	2017
Province of Manitoba - Agency grants:			
Balance, beginning of year	\$	510,315	\$ 455,740
Add: contributions received (see (i) below)		-	11,517,517
Less: amounts recognized as revenue (Note 11)		510,315	11,462,942
Balance, end of year	\$	_	\$ 510,315
	7		,,

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 9. Deferred contributions (continued)

(i) During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Authority received notification from the Department that the operating grant and agency funding received from the Province of Manitoba is unrestricted and should be recognized as revenue in the respective fund (see Note 11). In the prior year, this funding was externally restricted therefore included in deferred contributions.

#### 10. Internally restricted and unrestricted fund balances

Internally restricted fund balances represent amounts that have been internally designated for specific purposes as approved by the Board of Directors of the Authority. Internally restricted funds may not be established with funding provided by the Department of Family Services without approval by the Department. During the year ended March 31, 2015, all amounts previously included in the internally restricted fund balance have been transferred to the unrestricted fund balance pending completion of a Departmental review which may impact how the surplus funds are to be used by the Authority.

#### 11. Province of Manitoba - funding reconciliation

The Authority received the following funding from the Province of Manitoba during the year:

		I	Deferred Revenue	Cash Withheld for	Current Year
		R	ecognized	Secondments	Revenue
Funding received:					
Total per Province of Manitoba					
confirmation	\$12,537,931				
Plus: Receivable from the Province	. , ,				
of Manitoba at year end	190				
Less: Prior year receivable from					
the Province of Manitoba	(1,866)				
Total current year funding	\$ <u>12,536,255</u>				
Funding applied to:					
Agency grants	\$11,922,411	\$	510,315	\$ -	\$12,432,726
Operating grant	551,899		105,007	1,524,800	2,181,706
Brandon Friendship Centre	57,500		_	-	57,500
Province of Manitoba - other grants	4,445		-		4,445
	\$12,536,255	\$	615,322	\$ 1,524,800	\$14,676,377

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2015

### 12. Agency grants

During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Authority received funding from the Province of Manitoba in the amount of \$11,922,411 plus contributions previously deferred of \$510,315 for total funding recognized of \$12,432,726 (2014 - \$11,462,942) to be allocated to the agencies under its jurisdiction. Agency grants were allocated as follows:

Child and Family

367,650 \$11,879,792 \$11,462,942

	Š				
	Child Protection	D	ifferential	Total	Total
Agency	Branch	F	Response	2015	2014
Child and Family Services of Central Manitoba	\$ 4,218,125	\$	367,650	\$ 4,585,775	\$ 4,175,540
Child and Family Services of Western Manitoba Jewish Child and Family Service	6,799,307 494,710		-	6,799,307 494,710	6,855,050 432,352

Child maintenance is paid directly to the above agencies from the Province of Manitoba and is not included in the accounts of the Authority.

\$11,512,142 \$

### 13. Grant expenses

Total

Grant payments and expenses for the year include the following:

	2015	2014
Children's Aid Foundation - CIBC Miracle Fund	\$ 5,500	\$ 6,891
Children's Aid Foundation - FC Transition & Comfort Kits	\$ 37,648	\$ _
Children's Aid Foundation - Scotia Capital Stay in School Fund	35,856	42,697
New Canadian Awareness Education Initiative	36,963	48,195
Post Secondary Education and Support	42,882	35,599
SOS - Brandon Friendship Centre	57,500	57,400
Vision Catchers	9,028	13,468
Wings of Power	-	25,000
Youth Initiatives including Building Futures	142,961	172,455
	\$ 368,338	\$ 401,705

### 14. Commitments

The Authority has entered into a lease agreement to lease space on the third and sixth floors at 180 King Street. The agreement pertaining to the space on the third floor is for a ten year term expiring on November 30, 2022. The agreement pertaining to the space on the sixth floor is for a five year term expiring on November 30, 2017 with a five year renewal option. Occupancy charges for the year ending March 30, 2016 are estimated to be \$122,800 (2015 actual - \$124,232).

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2015

### 15. Financial instruments and financial risk management

The Authority does not have any significant financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value or denominated in a foreign currency therefore did not incur any remeasurement gains or losses during the year (2014 - \$nil).

### Financial risk management - overview

The Authority has exposure to the following risks resulting from its financial instruments: credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, interest rate risk; and foreign currency risk.

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Authority to credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, portfolio investments and advance receivable.

The maximum exposure of the Authority to credit risk at March 31 is:

	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90,154	\$ 53,851
Accounts receivable	22,388	32,569
Portfolio investments	1,135,557	1,621,995
Advances receivable	116,600	116,600
	\$ 1,364,699	\$ 1,825,015

<u>Cash and cash equivalents and portfolio investments</u>: The Authority is not exposed to significant credit risk as the cash and cash equivalents and portfolio investments are held by a reputable financial institution.

<u>Accounts receivable and advances receivable</u>: The Authority is not exposed to significant credit risk as the nature of the accounts receivable and advances receivable are primarily with the Province of Manitoba resulting in minimal credit exposure.

The Authority establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts that represents its estimate of potential credit losses. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on management's estimates and assumptions regarding current economic conditions and historical funding and payment trends. These factors are considered when determining whether past due accounts are allowed for or written off. The balance in the allowance for doubtful accounts at March 31, 2015 is \$nil (2014 - \$nil).

As at March 31, 2015, the aging of accounts receivable is all current (2014 - current).

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Authority will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due.

The Authority manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances and by review from the Province of Manitoba to ensure adequate funding will be received to meet the obligations.

Notes to Financial Statements Year ended March 31, 2015

### 15. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates, will affect the Authority's income or the fair values of its financial instruments. The significant market risk the Authority is exposed to is interest rate risk.

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to cash and cash equivalents and portfolio investments.

The interest rate risk on cash and cash equivalents is considered to be low because of their short term nature. The interest rate risk on portfolio investments is considered to be low because the original deposits and investments are reinvested at similar rates with similar terms and conditions.

### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Authority is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any significant financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency.

### 16. Comparative information

Certain of the amounts for the year ended March 31, 2014 have been reclassified to conform to the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

Supplementary Schedule of Training Revenue and Expenses Year ended March 31, 2015 (Unaudited)

Schedule 1

		2015		2014
Revenue:				
Operating grant allocation	\$	352,397	\$	352,397
Expenses:				
General Authority training events		170,933		160,557
Conferences		19,177		37,446
Training space		67,541		81,897
Salaries and benefits*		87,710		87,789
Supplies		7,893		14,041
		353,254		381,730
(Deficiency) of revenue ever expenses	•	(0.5.7)	¢	(20, 222)
(Deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	(857)	\$	(29,333)

<sup>\*</sup> Includes .5 Leading Practice Specialist - Term \* Includes .8 Administrative Support - Term

HELEN BETTY OSBORNE MEMORIAL FOUNDATION AUDITED FINANCIAL

STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 WERE NOT AVAILABLE AT

THE TIME OF PRINTING THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

VOLUME IV

# INSURANCE COUNCIL OF MANITOBA

Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2015

### **INSURANCE COUNCIL OF MANITOBA**

# Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2015

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BDO Canada LLP/s.r.l. 700 - 200 Graham Avenue Winnipeg MB R3C 4L5 Canada

### Independent Auditor's Report

### To the Members of the INSURANCE COUNCIL OF MANITOBA

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the **INSURANCE COUNCIL OF MANITOBA**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets, remeasurement gains and losses and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **INSURANCE COUNCIL OF MANITOBA** as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Chartered Accountants

BDO Canada LLP

Winnipeg, Manitoba May 12, 2015

# INSURANCE COUNCIL OF MANITOBA Statement of Financial Position

March 31		***************************************	2015	 2014
Assets				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Interest receivable Prepaid expenses		\$	355,836 23,150 6,700	\$ 193,551 26,839 3,855
			385,686	224,245
Portfolio investments (Note 4)			1,030,923	1,000,747
Capital assets (Note 5)		-	446,463	524,275
		\$	1,863,072	\$ 1,749,267
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (Note 6)		\$	36,911 174,415	\$ 21,275 170,028
			211,326	191,303
Commitments (Note 7)				
Net Assets Information Technology Reserve Unrestricted net assets			200,000 1,450,797	200,000 1,340,327
			1,650,797	1,540,327
Accumulated remeasurement gains			949	17,637
			1,651,746	1,557,964
		\$	1,863,072	\$ 1,749,267
Approved on behalf of the Council:				
Original Document Signed	_ Member			
Original Document Signed	_ Member			

# INSURANCE COUNCIL OF MANITOBA Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31		2015		2014
Revenue	•		•	00.400
Examinations	\$	68,893	\$	62,162
Interest income		29,562		33,909
Licences (Note 8)		1,074,665		1,001,528
Other		88,279		48,422
Realized gain on sale of portfolio investments		16,778		29,151
		1,278,177		1,175,172
Expenses				
Advertising, dues and subscriptions		21,753		24,341
Amortization		168,247		154,723
Computer consulting fees		58,327		51,186
Conferences		1,000		-
Council		43,450		34,750
Equipment leases		4,926		4,509
Insurance		4,165		3,812
Meetings and travel		28,318		35,972
Merchant card expense, bank charges and interest		24,510		21,059
Office and equipment rental		21,085		23,082
Postage and courier		5,691		18,552
Professional fees		48,462		99,134
Recruiting and human resource		-		5,105
Rent		84,408		86,244
Salaries and benefits		641,884		555,953
Telephone and Internet		9,023		8,307
Training		2,458		387
		1,167,707		1,127,116
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year		110,470		48,056
Net assets, beginning of year		1,340,327		1,292,271
Net assets, end of year	\$	1,450,797	\$	1,340,327

# **INSURANCE COUNCIL OF MANITOBA**Statement of Remeasurement Gains and Losses

For the year ended March 31	2015	2014
Accumulated remeasurement gains, beginning of year	\$ 17,637 \$	46,195
Unrealized gain attributable to portfolio investments	90	593
Amounts reclassified to the statement of operations attributable to disposition of portfolio investments	 (16,778)	(29,151)
Net remeasurement losses during the year	 (16,688)	(28,558)
Accumulated remeasurement gains, end of year	\$ 949 \$	17,637

### INSURANCE COUNCIL OF MANITOBA Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31	2015	2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	\$ 93,782 \$	19,498
Adjustments for		
Amortization	168,247	154,723
Unrealized loss on portfolio investments	 (90)	(593)
	261,939	173,628
Changes in non-cash working capital balances		
Interest receivable	3,689	(6,194)
Prepaid expenses	(2,845)	5,210
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	15,636	(4,202)
Deferred revenue	 4,387	2,888
	 282,806	171,330
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Purchase of capital assets	(90,435)	(63,045)
Proceeds on sale of investments	168,289	304,540
Purchase of investments	 (198 <sup>°</sup> ,375)	(328,768)
	(100 =01)	(0= 0=0)
	 (120,521)	(87,273)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents for the year	162,285	84,057
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	 193,551	109,494
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 355,836 \$	193,551

### For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 1. Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Nature of Business

The Council was created under the provisions of the Insurance Act (Manitoba) on October 17, 1991 and commenced activities on May 6, 1992. The purpose of the Council is to administer the examinations for and licensing of insurance agents and adjusters in Manitoba. The Council is exempt from income taxes under section 149(1) of the *Income Tax Act*.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Council are the responsibility of management. They have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for non-for-profit organizations as established by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization and are amortized over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Computer hardware Computer software Furniture and fixtures Leasehold improvements Licence database Website 30% diminishing balance basis 30% diminishing balance basis 20% diminishing balance basis 5 year straight-line basis 5 year straight-line basis 30% diminishing balance basis

### Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each statement of financial position date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

### For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 1. Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Information Technology Reserve

The Information Technology Reserve is to be used for funding future upgrades to the Council's information technology system.

### Revenue Recognition

Licence fees are recognized as income over the term of the licence period. Examinations revenue is recognized when the exam is administered. Interest revenue is recognized on an accrual basis. Other fee revenue is recognized as services are provided.

### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

### 2. Employee Benefits

The Council contributes 5.1% of employee salaries to a self administered RRSP on behalf of the employees up to the first \$35,400 of earnings. The Council matches employee contributions to a maximum of 7% on earnings thereafter up to the maximum level allowed under federal taxation regulations. The Council's contributions to employee RRSPs for the year ended March 31, 2015 were \$29,496 (\$24,853 in 2014).

### 3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	 2015	2014
Cash and bank Short term investments	\$ 53,042 302,794	\$ 52,063 141,488
	\$ 355,836	\$ 193,551

The fair value of the cash and cash equivalents approximates the carrying value.

### For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 4. Long-term Investments

		2015	2014
	 Cost	Fair Value	Fair Value
Home Trust GIC, 1.95%, due October 26, 2015	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ -
Home Trust GIC, 2.05%, due October 24, 2016	20,000	20,000	-
Canadian Tire Bank GIC, 2.45%, due August 20, 2019	55,743	55,743	-
Laurentian Bank GIC, 2.46%, due August 20,2019	50,000	50,000	-
Home Trust GIC, 2.55%, due October 24, 2019	52,632	52,632	-
Manulife Bank of CDA GIC, 3.65%, due June 22, 2015	69,943	69,943	69,943
HSBC Bank of CDA GIC, 3.70%, due June 22, 2015	100,000	100,000	100,000
Equitable Bank GIC, 2.20%, due October 7, 2015	19,355	19,355	19,355
Mont Trust GIC, 2.95%, due June 23, 2016	100,000	100,000	100,000
Maple Trust GIC, 2.95%, due June 23, 2016	38,916	38,916	38,916
Bank of Montreal GIC, 2.37%, due October 7, 2016	19,000	19,000	19,000
Royal Bank of Canada GIC, 2.45%, due November 17, 2016	33,272	34,166	34,117
AGF Trust Company GIC, 2.52%, due June 26, 2017	36,649	36,704	36,662
Advisor's Advantage Trust GIC, 2.40%, due July 10, 2017	34,051	34,051	34,051
Manulife Bank of CDA GIC, 2.60%, due July 10, 2017	30,000	30,000	30,000
Royal Bank of CDA GIC, 2.40%, due July 10, 2017	60,000	60,000	60,000
Canadian Western GIC, 2.40%, due November 27, 2017	41,159	41,159	41,159
Bank of Montreal Mortgage GIC, 2.60%, due July 4, 2018	199,683	199,683	199,683
Laurentien Bank GIC, 2.55%, due March 28, 2019	49,571	49,571	49,571
Equitable Trust GIC, 3.41%, matured August 7, 2014	-	-	81,973
Home Trust GIC, 3.35%, due matured October 22, 2014	 -	-	86,317
	\$ 1,029,974	\$ 1,030,923	\$ 1,000,747

The investments are classified as long-term since it is the intent of the Council to reinvest the investments when they mature.

### For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 5. Capital Assets

	_			2015			2014
		Cost	 cumulated ortization	Net Book Value	Cost	ccumulated mortization	Net Book Value
Computer hardware Computer software Furniture and fixtures Leaseholds	\$	199,292 111,787 129,592	\$ 164,808 108,088 96,422	\$ 34,484 3,699 33,170	\$ 184,605 111,787 129,592	\$ 153,575 105,925 88,130	\$ 31,030 5,862 41,462
improvements Licence database Website Licence database #2 Online renewal		25,000 249,700 27,353 37,239	25,000 224,730 24,617 22,343	24,970 2,736 14,896	25,000 249,700 27,353 37,239	20,000 174,790 23,445 14,895	5,000 74,910 3,908 22,344
system Online renewal system: CE enhancements		290,225 193,113	106,416 44,414	183,809 148,699	290,225 117,365	48,371 19,460	241,854 97,905
Cimanocinents	\$	1,263,301	\$ 816,838	\$ 446,463	\$ 1,172,866	\$ 648,591	\$ 524,275

### 6. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represents payments received for licenses and fees that cover more than the current fiscal year. The deferred portion will be recognized as revenue in the year to which it pertains to.

Licenses are recognized as revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the license. Examination fees are recognized at the time the related exam is held.

### 7. Commitments

The Council leases equipment and office premises under the provisions of operating leases. These commitments are as follows:

2016	\$ 33,055
2017	2,526
2018	210

### For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 8. Related Party Transactions

The Council and the Office of the Superintendent of Insurance of Manitoba ("OSIM") levy fees on members. The Council acts as agent and remits 44% of licence and other fees and 15% of examination fees to the OSIM. These amounts are not included in the financial statements. In 2015, this amount is \$911,407 (\$825,627 in 2014).

### 9. Financial Risk Management

The Council is exposed to different types of risk in the normal course of operations, including credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Council's objective in risk management is to optimize the risk return trade-off, within set limits, by applying integrated risk management and control strategies, policies and procedures throughout the Council's activities. The Council limits its exposure to credit risk and market risk by maintaining a diversified portfolio and by investing in high quality investments.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. The Council is exposed to credit risk from its interest receivable from various investments they hold. The risk is mitigated by investing in safe and secure investments, such as Guaranteed Investment Certificates and Provincial bonds.

### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of an investment will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual investment or factors affecting all securities traded in the market. The Council limits its exposure to market risk by placing its cash and bank and investments in low risk investment vehicles. Risk and volatility of investment returns are mitigated through the diversification of investment vehicles.

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Council is exposed to interest rate risk through its investments. The Council limits its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in only fixed rate guaranteed investment certificates and bonds.

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Council will not be able to meet its obligations as they fall due. The Council has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Council's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Council ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents.

LEAF RAPIDS TOWN PROPERTIES LTD AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 WERE NOT AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF PRINTING
THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA PUBLIC ACCOUNTS VOLUME IV

# Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements of Legal Aid Manitoba are the responsibility of management and have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies stated in Note 2 to the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2015.

As management is responsible for the integrity of the financial statements, management has established systems of internal control to provide reasonable assurance that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded from loss.

The responsibility of the Auditor General is to express an independent professional opinion on whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with the accounting policies stated in the financial statements. The Auditor's Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and provides the audit opinion.

Original Document Signed

Gil Clifford **Executive Director** Legal Aid Manitoba

August 24, 2015

# Auditor's Report



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba To the Management Council of Legal Aid Manitoba

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Legal Aid Manitoba, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Legal Aid Manitoba as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Office of the Auditor General

August 24, 2015 Winnipeg, Manitoba

### Statement of Financial Position As at March 31

	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 2,088,880	\$ 3,017,150
Short-term investment	1,518,277	-
Client accounts receivable (Note 3)	187,444	258,838
Receivable from the Province of Manitoba	5,790,000	5,115,000
Other receivables (Note 4)	221,448	334,433
Prepaid expenses	232,621	244,124
	10,038,670	8,969,546
Capital Assets (Note 5)	299,302	325,865
Long-term receivable - charges on land (Note 6)	877,702	742,633
Long-term receivable - severance - Province of Manitoba (Note 7)	716,166	716,166
Long-term receivable - pension - Province of Manitoba (Note 14)	23,320,997	22,017,688
	\$ 35,252,837	\$ 32,771,897
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 4,705,345	\$ 5,183,560
Accrued vacation pay	1,242,116	1,344,588
Deferred revenue from clients	670,323	616,814
	6,617,784	7,144,962
Provision for employee future benefits (Note 8)	2,815,603	2,388,693
Provision for employee pension benefits (Note 14)	23,320,997	22,017,688
	26,136,600	24,406,381
Net Assets		
Invested in Capital Assets	299,302	325,865
Externally Restricted Net Assets (Note 15)	78,559	78,559
Internally Restricted Net Assets (Note 16)	1,500,000	-
Unrestricted Net Assets	620,592	816,130
	2,498,453	1,220,554
	\$ 35,252,837	\$ 32,771,897

### Approved by the Council

Original Document Signed	Chairperson
Original Document Signed	Council Member

# D Legal Aid Manitoba

### LEGAL AID MANITOBA

# Statement of Operations for the year ended March 31

	2015	2014
Revenue		
Province of Manitoba (Note 9)	\$ 31,985,141	\$ 30,305,241
Manitoba Law Foundation (Note 10)	1,420,635	1,273,629
Contributions from clients	750,827	923,768
Recoveries from third parties	879,747	958,524
Government of Canada	-	25,000
Judgment costs and settlements	169,501	127,430
Interest income	20,611	8,849
Other	20,965	8,692
	35,247,427	33,631,133
Expense		
Private bar fees and disbursements (Note 13)		
Legal aid certificates	11,577,889	10,807,024
Duty counsel services	546,371	463,324
Transcripts	55,667	48,250
	12,179,927	11,318,598
Community Law Centres, Schedule 1	12,736,438	13,024,953
Public Interest Law Centre, Schedule 1	1,717,032	1,733,025
University of Manitoba Community Law Centre, Schedule 1	128,093	124,632
General and Administrative, Schedule 1	7,208,038	6,786,018
	33,969,528	32,987,226
Excess of revenue over expense	\$ 1,277,899	\$ 643,907

# Annual Report 2014 / 2015 7

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						ges in Ne ded Marc				
						2015				2014
	Ca	sted in ptial sets	Re Ne	cternally estricted t Assets lote 15)	F N	nternally lestricted et Assets Note 16)		Unrestriced Net Assets	Total	Total
Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 3	25,865	\$	78,559	\$	-	\$	816,130	\$ 1,220,554	\$ 576,647
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expense	(6	67,872)		-		-		1,345,771	1,277,899	643,907
Capital Asset Additions		41,309		-		-		(41,309)	-	-
Internally imposed restriction		-		-		1,500,000		(1,500,000)	-	-
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 2	99,302	\$	78,559	\$	816,130	\$	620,592	\$ 2,498,453	\$ 1,220,554

# R Legal Aid Manitoba

### LEGAL AID MANITOBA

### Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended March 31

	2015	2014
Cash Flow Provided by (Used In) Operating Activities:		
Excess of revenue over expense	\$ 1,277,899	\$ 643,907
Add items not affecting cash		
Amortization	67,872	95,464
Loss on disposal of capital assets	-	94,311
Changes in working capital:		
Client accounts receivable	71,394	(90,252)
Receivable from Province of Manitoba	(675,000)	226,692
Receivable from Government of Manitoba	-	167,450
Other receivables	112,985	138,021
Prepaid expenses	11,503	(16,265)
Accounts payable and accrued vacation pay	(580,687)	(175,074)
Deferred revenue from clients	53,509	162,274
Charges on land	(135,069)	40,204
Long-term receivable - pension	(1,303,309)	(1,430,011)
Severance liability	42,410	214,266
Sick Leave liability	384,500	-
Provision for employee pension benefits	1,303,309	1,430,011
	631,316	1,500,998
Cash Flow Provided by (Used In) Capital Activities:		
Purchase of short-term investment	(1,518,277)	-
Purchase of capital assets	(41,309)	(73,758)
	(1,559,586)	(73,758)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash for the Year	(928,270)	1,427,240
Cash - Beginning of Year	3,017,150	1,589,910
Cash - End of Year	\$ 2,088,880	\$ 3,017,150

Supplemental Cash Flow Information	2	2015	2014
Interest Received	<b>\$</b>	20,611 \$	8,849

-	- - -	_		LEGAL AID MANITOBA	MANITOF	Ϋ́				
				Schedule o	Schedule of Expenses	S		SCH	SCHEDULE 1	
	Community Law Centres	aw Centres	fo Public Intere	for the year ended March 31	nded March 31 University of Manitoba	h 31 Manitoba	General and A	General and Administrative	Total	<u>-a</u>
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015 2014	aw Centre 2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
Advertising	\$	-	- <del>⇔</del>	-	- <del>\$</del>	-' <del>⇔</del>	\$ 22,427	\$ 21,807	\$ 22,427	\$ 21,807
Amortization	42,514	41,871	2,110	2,412	1,515	2,816	21,733	48,365	67,872	95,464
Bad debts	•	1	•	1	-	•	286,951	239,674	286,951	239,674
Bank charges	-	1	•	•	-	•	2,384	2,075	2,384	2,075
Collection costs		1	-		'	-	15,150	14,230	15,150	14,230
Computer costs	992'69	21,835	7,047	972	3,912	159	75,063	20,493	155,588	43,459
Council expenses		1	-	-	,	,	85,370	103,123	85,370	103,123
Duty counsel	202,712	196,100	3,669	3,899	-	,	735	904	207,116	200,903
Equipment maintenance	57,728	81,600	3,918	3,280	-	612	28,273	32,160	89,919	117,652
File disbursements	312,606	287,114	711,347	641,893	2,090	3,551	26,370	24,621	1,052,413	957,180
Library	71,732	79,391	11,522	9,627	140	133	2,651	1,707	86,045	90,858
Meetings	2,965	4,238	292	206	1,544	1,813	096'6	8,752	15,232	15,710
Office expenses	160,042	187,158	14,591	13,936	5,552	5,019	132,110	129,856	312,295	335,969
Office relocation	7,425	6,767	3,176	480	-	,	3,773	·	14,374	7,247
Pension costs (Note 14)			-			,	2,352,428	2,376,552	2,352,428	2,376,552
Premise costs	908,055	998,498	61,965	56,044	29	95	310,154	303,131	1,280,241	1,357,765
Professional fees	212,774	204,886	20,663	19,423	029	775	146,164	133,732	380,251	358,816
Salaries, benefits and levy	10,332,351	10,577,137	845,862	948,543	97,228	98,547	2,941,823	2,965,636	14,217,264	14,589,863
Severance benefits		-	-		-	-	269,039	269,947	269,039	269,947
Sick leave provision		1	-		-	1	384,500	-	384,500	'
Staff development	91,545	45,547	4,452	7,966	'	'	15,774	7,156	111,771	699'09
Staff recruitment	7,501	21,812	264	214	40	34	855	262	8,660	22,322
Telephone	99,026	109,302	12,902	10,419	2,614	2,696	61,199	67,366	175,741	189,783
Transcripts	20,662	14,517			-	1	Ī	-	20,662	14,517
Travel	137,234	147,180	12,781	13,010	12,741	8,385	13,152	14,469	175,908	183,044
TOTAL	\$ 12,736,438	\$ 13,024,953	\$ 1,717,032	\$ 1,733,025	\$ 128,093	\$ 124,632	\$ 7,208,038	\$ 6,786,018	\$ 21,789,601	\$ 21,668,628

# **Notes to Financial Statements**

### **LEGAL AID MANITOBA**

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

### Nature of the Corporation

Legal Aid Manitoba (the Corporation) was established by an Act of the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba.

The purpose of the Corporation, as set out in the Act, is to service the public interest by:

- a) Providing quality legal advice and representation to eligible low-income individuals;
- b) Administering the delivery of legal aid in a cost-effective and efficient manner; and
- c) Providing advice to the Minister on legal aid generally and on the specific legal needs of low-income individuals.

The Corporation is economically dependent upon the Province of Manitoba. Other revenue sources include the Manitoba Law Foundation, individual clients, and third party agencies.

### 2. <u>Significant Accounting Policies</u>

### a) Basis of Presentation

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Canadian standards for government not-for-profit organizations ("GNFPO") including Public Sector Accounting Handbook 4200 series as issued by the Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards Board.

### b) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost.

Amortized cost is determined using the effective interest rate method.

Gains and losses on financial instruments measured at fair value are recorded in accumulated surplus as re-measurement gains and losses until realized. Upon disposition of the financial instruments, the cumulative re-measurement gains and losses are reclassified to the statement of operations. The Corporation did not incur any re-measurement gains and losses during the year ended March 31, 2015 (2014 – \$nil).

Gains and losses on financial instruments subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the statement of revenue and expense in the period the gain or loss occurs.

The Corporation's financial instruments include cash, short-term investments, client accounts receivable, receivable from the Province of Manitoba, other receivables, long-term receivables, and accounts payable.

### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

### Use of Estimates c)

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates include the allowance for doubtful accounts, accrual for private bar fees and the severance liability and provision for employee pension benefits. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

### Revenue Recognition d)

The Corporation follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

### **Short-Term Investments** e)

Short-term investments consist of Guaranteed Investment Certificates with maturity dates within one year.

### f) Recognition of Contributions from Clients

Clients may be required to pay a portion or all of the legal costs incurred on their behalf by the Corporation based on the clients' ability to pay.

### i) Agreements to Pay – Partial

Clients who are able to pay, sign an Agreement to Pay for their portion of the applicable legal costs. The amount the client is required to pay is specified on the Legal Aid Certificate. The revenue and receivable are recognized when the service is provided.

### ii) Agreements to Pay – Full

Under terms of Agreements to Pay - Full, clients are required to pay all of the legal costs and an administration fee of 25% of the Corporation's cost of the case. The maximum administration fee is \$250. The revenue and receivable are recognized based on the date of the lawyer's billing which coincide with when the service is provided.

### iii) Charges on Land

Charges on land are registered under section 17 of the Corporations Act in a land titles office against property owned by clients. The revenue and receivable are recognized at the later of the date the lien is filed or the

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

date of the lawyer's billing which coincide with when the service is provided. Collection of these accounts in the future is dependent on the client disposing of the property or arranging for payment.

### g) Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

The allowances for doubtful accounts are determined annually based on a review of individual accounts. The allowances represent management's best estimate of probable losses on receivables. Where circumstances indicate doubt as to the ultimate collectability of an account, specific allowances are established for individual accounts. In addition to the allowances identified on an individual account basis, the Corporation establishes a further allowance representing management's best estimate of additional probable losses in the remaining accounts receivable.

### h) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization of capital assets is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets as follows:

- Furniture and office equipment 10 years
- Computer hardware & software 4 years
- Leasehold improvements over the term of the lease

Work in progress assets are not amortized until the asset is available to be put into service.

### i) <u>Pension Plan</u>

Employees of the Corporation are pensionable under the *Civil Service Superannuation Act*. The Civil Service Superannuation Plan is a defined benefit pension plan. The Corporation accrues a provision for the liability for the employer's share of employee pension benefits, including future cost of living adjustments, based on actuarial calculations. When actual experience varies from actuarial estimates, the adjustment is amortized over the expected remaining service life of the employee group (EARSL) which is currently 15 years (2014 – 15 years). Amortization commences the year following the year when the actuarial gain or loss arises.

### j) <u>Severance Liability</u>

The Corporation records the estimated liability for accumulated severance pay benefits for their employees. The amount of this estimated liability is based on actuarial calculations. The periodic actuarial valuation of this liability may determine that an adjustment is needed to the actuarial calculation when actual experience is different from that expected and/or because of changes in actuarial assumptions used. The resulting actuarial gains or losses are recognized on a

### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of the related employee group. Amortization commences the year following the year when the actuarial gain or loss arises.

### Sick Leave Liability k)

The Corporation records the estimated liability for accumulated sick leave benefits for their employees. The amount of this estimated liability is based on actuarial calculations. The periodic actuarial valuation of this liability may determine that an adjustment is needed to the actuarial calculation when actual experience is different from that expected and/or because of changes in actuarial assumptions used.

### 3. Client Accounts Receivable

	2015	2014
Agreements to Pay – Partial	\$ 36,540	\$ 51,655
Agreements to Pay – Full	391,670	442,805
	428,210	494,460
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	240,766	235,622
Client accounts receivable	\$ 187,444	\$ 258,838

### Other Receivables 4.

	2015	2014
Court costs	\$ 375,126	\$ 273,886
Child and Family Services agencies	91,859	61,762
Employment and Income Assistance	110,300	153,809
Employee advances, GST recoverable, and miscellaneous	12,838	113,302
	590,123	602,759
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	368,675	268,326
Other receivables	\$ 221,448	\$ 334,433

# Legal Aid Manitoba

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

### 5. <u>Capital Assets</u>

	2015 20					)14		
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization			Cost		cumulated ortization	
Furniture and office equipment	\$ 299,555	\$	217,277	\$	318,731	\$	216,469	
Computer hardware & software	281,496		224,304		324,385		266,036	
Leasehold improvements	211,322		51,490		198,923		33,669	
	\$ 792,373	\$	493,071	\$	842,039	\$	516,174	
Net book value		\$	299,302			\$	325,865	

### 6. Charges on Land

	2015	2014
Charges on land	\$ 1,873,004	\$ 1,587,154
Less: Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	995,302	844,521
Charges on land	\$ 877,702	\$ 742,633

### 7. <u>Long-term Receivable - Severance Benefits</u>

The amount recorded as a receivable from the Province of Manitoba for severance pay was initially based on the estimated value of the corresponding actuarially determined liability for severance pay as at March 31, 1998. Subsequent to March 31, 1998, the Province provides annual grant funding for severance expense. As a result, the change in the severance liability each year is fully funded. The interest component related to the receivable is reflected in the funding for severance expense. The receivable for severance pay will be paid by the Province when it is determined that the cash is required to discharge the related severance pay liabilities.

### 8. <u>Provision for Employee Future Benefits</u>

	2015	2014
Severance benefits	\$ 2,431,103	\$ 2,388,693
Sick leave benefits	384,500	-
	\$ 2,815,603	\$ 2,388,693

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

### Severance benefits

Effective April 1, 1998, the Corporation commenced recording the estimated liability for accumulated severance pay benefits for their employees. The amount of this estimated liability is based on actuarial calculations. The periodic actuarial valuation of this liability may determine that an adjustment is needed to the actuarial calculation when actual experience is different from that expected and/or because of changes in actuarial assumptions used. The resulting actuarial gains or losses are recognized on a straight-line basis over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of the related employee group. Amortization commences the year following the year when the actuarial gain or loss arises.

An actuarial report was completed for the severance pay liability as at March 31, 2015 by Ellement Consulting Group. The Corporation's actuarially determined net liability for accounting purposes as at March 31, 2015 was \$2,431,103 (2014 - \$2,388,693). The report provides a formula to update the liability on an annual basis.

Severance pay, at the employee's date of retirement, will be determined using the eligible employee's years of service and based on the calculation as set by the Province of Manitoba. The maximum payout is currently 23 weeks at the employee's weekly salary at the date of retirement. Eligibility will require that the employee has achieved a minimum of 9 years of service and that the employee is retiring from the Corporation.

	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 2,461,648	\$ 2,258,837
Benefits accrued	117,594	117,444
Interest accrued on benefits	150,653	149,761
Benefits paid	(226,629)	(55,681)
Actuarial (gain) loss	(200,336)	(8,713)
Balance at end of year	2,302,930	2,461,648
Unamortized actuarial gains (losses)	128,173	(72,955)
	\$ 2,431,103	\$ 2,388,693

The Corporation's severance costs consist of the following:

## Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

	2015	2014
Benefits accrued	\$ 117,594	\$ 117,444
Interest accrued on benefits	150,653	149,761
Amortization of actuarial losses (gains)	792	2,742
	\$ 269,039	\$ 269,947

Significant long-term actuarial assumptions used in the March 31, 2015 valuation, and in the determination of the March 31, 2015 present value of the accrued severance benefit obligation were:

	2015	2014
Annual rate of return		
Inflation component	2.00%	2.00%
Real rate of return	4.00%	4.00%
	6.00%	6.00%
Assumed salary increase rates		
Annual productivity increase	0.75%	0.75%
Annual general salary increase	2.00%	2.00%
Service, merit, & promotion (SMP) – average	1.00%	1.00%
	3.75%	3.75%

### Sick leave benefits

Effective April 1, 2014, the Corporation commenced recording the estimated liability for sick leave benefits for their employees that accumulate but do not vest. The amount of this estimated liability is based on actuarial calculations.

An actuarial report was completed for the sick leave liability as at March 31, 2015 by Ellement Consulting Group. The valuation is based on employee demographics, sick leave usage and actuarial assumptions. These assumptions include an annual rate of return of 6.00% and a salary increase rate of 3.75%. The Corporation's actuarially determined net liability for accounting purposes as at March 31, 2015 was \$384,500.

### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

### Revenue from the Province of Manitoba 9.

	2015	2014
Grant	\$ 16,648,632	\$ 15,014,767
Salaries and other payments	12,955,017	12,984,329
Health and post secondary education tax levy	280,012	276,993
Employer portion of employee benefits	1,984,780	1,949,402
Other government agencies	116,700	79,750
	\$ 31,985,141	\$ 30,305,241

Grant revenue from the Province of Manitoba includes the Corporation's share of provisions recorded for unfunded pension liabilities.

### 10. Revenue from the Manitoba Law Foundation

	2015	2014
Statutory grant	\$ 1,154,635	\$ 1,007,629
Public Interest Law Centre	180,000	180,000
University of Manitoba Community Law Centre	86,000	86,000
	\$ 1,420,635	\$ 1,273,629

A statutory grant, pursuant to subsection 90(1) of the Legal Profession Act, is received annually from the Manitoba Law Foundation. The Corporation's share under the Act is 50% of the total interest on lawyers' trust accounts as received by the Foundation or a minimum of \$1,007,629, whichever is greater. In the event that interest received by the Foundation in the preceding year, after deduction of the Foundation's operational expenses, is not sufficient to pay the statutory minimum of \$1,007,629 to the Corporation, the Act provides for pro-rata sharing of the net interest.

Other grants from the Manitoba Law Foundation are received pursuant to subsection 90(4) of the Legal Profession Act. These grants are restricted for the Public Interest Law Centre and the University of Manitoba Community Law Centre. At March 31, 2015, all funds received through these grants have been spent in the current year.

### 11. Commitments

### a) <u>Lease</u>

The Corporation rents facilities under operating leases. Unpaid remaining commitments under the leases, which expire at varying dates are:

# Legal Aid Manitoba

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

2016	\$ 1,165,875
2017	1,106,776
2018	1,114,686
2019	1,122,183
2020	1,074,599
Thereafter	5,318,565
	\$ 10,902,684

### b) Private Bar

Estimated total commitments for future billings on outstanding Legal Aid Certificates amount to \$2,866,000 as at March 31, 2015 (2014 - \$2,587,000).

### 12. Related Parties Transactions

The Corporation is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba created departments, agencies and crown corporations. The Corporation enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount.

### 13. Private Bar Fees and Disbursements

			2015			2014	
	Fees		Disbursements		Total		Total
Legal aid certificates	\$ 10,895,053	\$	682,836	\$	11,577,889	\$	10,807,024
Duty counsel services	546,371		0		546,371		463,324
Transcripts	0		55,667		55,667		48,250
	\$ 11,441,424	\$	738,503	\$	12,179,927	\$	11,318,598

### 14. <u>Provision for Employee Pension Benefits</u>

Pension costs consist of benefits accrued, interest accrued on benefits and experience (gain) loss. This liability is determined by an actuarial valuation annually with the balances for the intervening periods being determined by a formula provided by the actuary. The most recent valuation was completed as at December 31, 2014 by Ellement Consulting Group. The actuary has projected the pension obligation to March 31, 2015.

### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

	2015	2014
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 22,718,698	\$ 22,017,185
Benefits accrued	858,640	853,343
Interest accrued on benefits	1,357,407	1,428,121
Benefits paid	(1,049,120)	(945,541)
Actuarial (gain) loss	95,703	(634,410)
Balance at end of year	23,981,328	22,718,698
Unamortized actuarial gains (losses)	(660,331)	(701,010)
	\$ 23,320,997	\$ 22,017,688

The Corporation's pension costs consist of the following:

	2015	2014
Benefits accrued	\$ 858,640	\$ 853,343
Interest accrued on benefits	1,357,407	1,428,121
Amortization of actuarial (gains) losses	136,381	94,088
	\$ 2,352,428	\$ 2,375,552

The key actuarial assumptions were a rate of return of 6.00% (2014 – 6.00%), 2.00% inflation (2014 - 2.00%), salary rate increases of 3.75% (2014 - 3.75%) and post retirement indexing 2/3 of the inflation rate. The projected benefit method was used and the liability has been extrapolated to March 31, 2015.

The Province of Manitoba has accepted responsibility for funding of the Corporation's pension liability and related expense which includes an interest component. The Corporation has therefore recorded a receivable from the Province equal to the estimated value of its actuarially determined pension liability \$23,320,997 (2014 -\$22,017,688), and has recorded revenue for 2014/15 equal to its increase in the unfunded pension liability during the year of \$1,303,309 (2014 - \$1,430,011). The Province makes payments on the receivable when it is determined that the cash is required to discharge the related pension obligation.

### Externally Restricted Net Assets - Wrongful Conviction Cases 15.

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2006, the Province of Manitoba approved a reallocation of \$130,000 from the Corporation's unrestricted net assets. This funding was provided for section 696 applications under the Criminal Code for wrongful conviction

### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

appeals. In the current fiscal year, the Corporation did not incur any expenses (2014 - nil) for private bar fees and disbursements related to wrongful conviction cases. The balance remaining is \$78,559.

### 16. <u>Internally Restricted Net Assets – Access to Justice Initiatives</u>

Effective the fiscal year ended March 31, 2015, the Management Council internally restricted \$1,500,000 of the accumulated surplus for the purpose of implementing access to justice initiatives and addressing the low financial eligibility guidelines. These funds are not available for other purposes without approval by the Management Council.

### 17. <u>Public Sector Compensation Disclosure</u>

For the purposes of the *Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act*, all compensation for employees, Management Council members, and the private bar fees and disbursements from the Corporation is disclosed in a separate statement.

### 18. <u>Financial Risk Management</u>

The Corporation has potential exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- · Credit risk;
- · Liquidity risk;
- Market risk;
- Interest rate risk; and
- Foreign currency risk

The Corporation manages its exposure to risks associated with financial instruments that have the potential to affect its operating performance. The Corporation's Management Council has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Corporation's objectives, policies and procedures for measuring, monitoring and managing these risks.

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Corporation to credit risk consist principally of cash and accounts receivable.

The maximum exposure of the Corporation to credit risk at March 31, 2015 is:

### **LEGAL AID MANITOBA**

### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

Cash	\$ 2,088,880
Short term investment	1,518,277
Client accounts receivable	187,444
Receivable from the Province of Manitoba	5,790,000
Other receivables	221,448
Long-term receivables:	
Charges on land	877,702
Severance - Province of Manitoba	716,166
Pension - Province of Manitoba	23,320,997
	\$ 34,720,914

Cash: The Corporation is not exposed to significant credit risk as the cash is held by a large financial banking institution.

Short term investment: The Corporation is not exposed to significant credit risk as the short term investments consists of a Guaranteed Investment Certificate held by a large financial banking institution.

Client accounts receivable includes clients that contribute toward the cost of their case under the Agreements to Pay – Partial and Agreements to Pay – Full payment programs based on a contract. The Corporation manages its credit risk on these accounts receivables which are primarily small amounts held by a large client base. It is typically expected that clients will settle their account based on their payment program. The Corporation establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts that represents its estimate of potential credit losses.

Receivable from the Province of Manitoba: The Corporation is not exposed to significant credit risk as the receivable is from the provincial government.

Other receivables include court costs, Child and Family Services agencies, Employment and Income Assistance, and miscellaneous. The Corporation is exposed to significant credit risk related to court costs and therefore, an allowance of 95% is set up to recognize the likelihood of collection. In the case of receivables from Child and Family Services agencies and Employment and Income Assistance, they are funded through the Province of Manitoba. Miscellaneous includes employee advances, GST and other recoverable costs. Employee advances are usually paid within one month, GST is received quarterly and other recoverable costs are usually paid within 90 days of receipt of an order to pay by the courts or other authority.

Long-term receivable - charges on land: The Corporation manages its credit risk on these accounts receivables which primarily consists of small amounts held by a large client base for which payment is secured by a lien on property. The Corporation

### **LEGAL AID MANITOBA**

### Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts that represents its estimate of potential credit losses. The allowance for doubtful accounts is calculated on a specific identification basis and a general provision based on historical experience.

Long-term receivables – severance and pension – Province of Manitoba: The Corporation is not exposed to significant credit risk as the receivables are with the provincial government.

The Corporation establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts that represents its estimate of potential credit losses. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on management's estimates and assumptions regarding current market conditions, client analysis and historical payment trends. These factors are considered when determining whether past due accounts are allowed for or written off.

The change in the allowance for doubtful accounts during the year was as follows:

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of the year	\$ 1,348,469	\$ 1,399,172
Provision for bad debts	286,951	239,674
Amounts written off	(30,677)	(290,377)
Balance, end of the year	\$ 1,604,743	\$ 1,348,469

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due.

The Corporation manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances. The Corporation prepares and monitors detailed forecasts of cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. Identified funding requirements are requested, reviewed and approved by the Minister of Finance to ensure adequate funding will be received to meet the obligations. The Corporation continuously monitors and reviews both actual and forecasted cash flows through periodic financial reporting.

### **Market risk**

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Corporation's income or the fair values of its financial instruments. The significant market risks the Corporation is exposed to are: interest rate risk and foreign currency risk.

# Annual Report 2014 / 2015

### **LEGAL AID MANITOBA**

Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to cash and accounts payable.

The interest rate risk is considered to be low on cash because of its short-term nature and low on accounts payable because they are typically paid when due.

### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Corporation is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

### LIQUOR AND GAMING AUTHORITY OF MANITOBA

Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2015

### LIQUOR AND GAMING AUTHORITY OF MANITOBA

### **Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2015

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba, and To the Board of the Liquor and Gaming Authority of Manitoba:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Liquor and Gaming Authority of Manitoba, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations and surplus (deficit), change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Liquor and Gaming Authority of Manitoba as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations, the change in its net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Office of the Auditer General

Office of the Auditor General

June 26, 2015

Winnipeg, Manitoba

### LIQUOR AND GAMING AUTHORITY OF MANITOBA Statement of Financial Position

			Actual	Actual
For the year ended March 31			2015	 2014
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (Note 5) Long-term investment (Note 6)		\$	4,332,628 340,645 146,079	\$ 3,196,958 54,466 146,079
			4,819,352	3,397,503
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note Deferred revenue (Note 8)	7)		1,348,529 579,666	751,906 0
Severance benefits (Note 9) Retirement benefits (Note 9) Non-vested sick leave benefits (Note 9)			890,178 94,939 153,086	 830,626 94,909 75,653
Total employee future benefits			1,138,203	 1,001,188
			3,066,398	 1,753,094
Net financial assets			1,752,954	 1,644,409
Non-financial assets				
Tangible capital assets (Note 10) Prepaid expenses		-	321,193 62,137	 279,963 36,825
			383,330	 316,788
Accumulated surplus	70.7 ( 2000)	\$	2,136,284	\$ 1,961,197
On behalf of the Board:				
Original Document Signed				
Original Document Signed	Board Member			
	Board Member			

## LIQUOR AND GAMING AUTHORITY OF MANITOBA Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus (Deficit)

		Budget		Actual	Actual
For the year ended March 31		2015		2015	2014
Revenue					
Licence fees – gaming Licence fees – liquor MLLC funding transfer Other revenue Interest earned	\$	6,058,200 1,605,000 3,500,000 36,000 31,800	\$	6,062,160 1,755,184 2,500,000 39,550 37,300	\$ 5,762,317 0 0 32,540 45,416 5,840,273
Expenses Salaries and benefits Rent		7,753,300 703,900		7,513,169 611,762	4,321,320 377,994
Transportation Supplies and services Legal and professional fees		569,800 433,000 501,600		406,412 385,150 304,962	145,554 174,373 234,921
Communications Public education Education, training, conferences Amortization		228,800 225,000 240,000 390,800		268,072 235,741 211,148 83,827	123,922 0 109,082 68,154
Accommodations Board Other expenses HR/Systems support		90,300 48,000 69,800 43,900		73,320 33,410 32,644 32,218	49,312 121,759 21,896 30,715
Amalgamation expenses (Note 11) First Nations legal and professional Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	***********	0 0 0 136,800		21,163 5,934 175	183,370 64,196 1,711
		11,435,000	·····	10,219,107	 6,028,279
Annual surplus (deficit)		(204,000)		175,087	(188,006)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		1,825,400		1,961,197	 2,149,203
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$	1,621,400	\$	2,136,284	\$ 1,961,197

### LIQUOR AND GAMING AUTHORITY OF MANITOBA Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

	Budget	Actual	Actual
For the year ended March 31	2015	2015	2014
Annual surplus (deficit)	\$ (204,000) \$	175,087 \$	(188,006)
Acquisition of tangible capital assets Amortization of tangible capital assets Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets	(2,500,000) 390,800 136,800	(125,232) 83,827 175	(49,683) 68,154 1,711
	(1,972,400)	(41,230)	20,182
Increase in prepaid expenses	0	(25,312)	(1,016)
Increase (decrease) in net financial assets	(2,176,400)	108,545	(168,840)
Net financial assets, beginning of year	1,541,800	1,644,409	1,813,249
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ (634,600) \$	1,752,954 \$	1,644,409

### LIQUOR AND GAMING AUTHORITY OF MANITOBA Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31		2015	 2014
Operating transactions			
Operating transactions Annual surplus (deficit)	\$	175,087	\$ (188,006)
Loss on disposal of tangible capital assets		175	1,711
Changes in non-cash items Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses		(286,179) (25,312)	(14,727) (1,016)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		596,623	158,001
Deferred revenue		579,666	0
Provision for employee severance benefits		59,552	49,589
Provision for employee sick leave benefits		77,433	12,842
Provision for employee pension benefits Amortization		30 83,827	41,849 68,154
Amortization		00,021	 00,104
Cash provided by operating transactions		1,260,902	128,397
Capital transactions			
Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets		(125,232)	 (49,683)
Investing transactions			
involing transactions	***************************************	0	 0
Financing transactions			
g transactions	·****	0	 0
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,135,670	78,714
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		3,196,958	 3,118,244
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	4,332,628	\$ 3,196,958
Supplemental cash flow information			
Interest received		36,869	45,369

# LIQUOR AND GAMING AUTHORITY OF MANITOBA Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2015

### 1. Nature of Operations

The Liquor and Gaming Authority of Manitoba (LGA) began its operations on April 1, 2014. The LGA was established by *The Liquor and Gaming Control Act* and accompanying Lieutenant Governor in Council and LGA board regulations. As per this act, the Manitoba Gaming Control Commission (MGCC) is continued under the name LGA. The LGA regulates liquor sales, service and manufacturing, and regulates gaming employees, products and operations.

### 2. Amalgamation

In April 2012, as part of the provincial budget announcements, the Government of Manitoba announced its intention to merge the regulatory responsibilities for gaming (MGCC) and liquor (Manitoba Liquor Control Commission's Regulatory Services Division), into a single agency. The primary reason for the amalgamation was that the two agencies serve many of the same client groups including the hospitality industry, charities and citizens. As well, each of the agencies regulates adult consumer products that require oversight to ensure public safety and fairness. The 2012 provincial budget also announced that the operational responsibilities held by the Manitoba Liquor Control Commission and Manitoba Lotteries Corporation would be combined into a single operating entity, now Manitoba Liquor and Lotteries Corporation.

Thirty nine employees were transferred from the Manitoba Liquor Control Commission to the LGA effective April 1, 2014. The regulatory responsibilities that were also transferred consist of licensing and approval for all regulated liquor activities as well as ensuring compliance with applicable terms and conditions, regulations and legislation. Particulars on the nature of assets and liabilities transferred, and revenues and expenses related to the transferred responsibilities are described in subsequent notes.

A new funding model was established for the LGA. Prior to the amalgamation, Manitoba Liquor Control Commission's Regulatory Services Division's expenses were covered in part by licence and permit fees, with the shortfall covered within the Manitoba Liquor Control Commission's operating budget. The MGCC was entirely self-funded by licence and registration fees. The Act mandates a new model which allows the LGA to be funded by licence and permit fees supplemented by an annual funding transfer from Manitoba Liquor and Lotteries Corporation, subject to Treasury Board approval.

Unionized staff of the LGA is currently represented by two separate legacy agency bargaining units of the Manitoba General Employees' Union. The MGCC's collective agreement ended in March 2014, while the Manitoba Liquor Control Commission's Regulatory Services Division's collective agreement, which ended in March 2013, was extended by formal agreement to March 2014 to lay the foundation for negotiating a new unified agreement. As of March 31, 2015, negotiations were ongoing. The LGA will be responsible for any negotiated retroactive pay subsequent to April 1, 2014.

The financial statements have not been restated to retroactively report the effects of the amalgamation as if the amalgamation took place prior to April 1, 2014. The amalgamation resulted in the MGCC continuing as the LGA from April 1, 2014 and onward. It does not change the history or accountability of the MGCC for the past.

### 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### a. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements are prepared by management in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards, established by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

### b. Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value. These short-term investments generally have a maturity of three months or less at acquisition and are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investing.

### c. Employee Future Benefits

- The cost of severance obligations is determined using the annual actuarial (i) report as at March 31, 2015. Severance pay, at the employee's date of retirement, will be determined using the eligible employee's years of service and based on the calculation as set by the Province of Manitoba. For legacy MGCC employees and former non-unionized Manitoba Liquor Control Commission's Regulatory Services Division employees, the maximum payout is currently 19 weeks at the employee's weekly salary at the date of retirement. Eligibility will require that the employee has achieved a minimum of nine years of service and that the employee is retiring from the LGA. For former unionized Manitoba Liquor Control Commission's Regulatory Services Division employees, entitlement is 1 week's pay for each complete year of continuous service, to a maximum of 25 weeks at the employee's weekly salary at the date of retirement. Manitoba Liquor and Lotteries Corporation will maintain the severance liability to March 31, 2014 for all former Manitoba Liquor Control Commission employees who transferred to the LGA.
- (ii) All LGA employees belong to the Province of Manitoba's Civil Services Superannuation Fund (Superannuation Fund), which is a multi-employer joint trustee plan. The Superannuation Fund is a defined benefit plan, providing a pension on retirement based on the member's age at retirement, length of service and highest earnings averaged over five years.

The joint trustee board of the Superannuation Fund determines the required contribution rates.

The LGA's contribution to the Superannuation Fund is recorded as an expense for the year.

(iii) The cost of non-vested sick leave benefits is determined by an estimation of the number of days earned during the year that will be used in future periods in excess of the annual entitlement.

### d. Tangible Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization. Amortization based on the estimated useful life of the asset is calculated as follows:

Equipment 20% declining balance basis Furniture and fixtures 10% declining balance basis Computer equipment 30% declining balance basis

Leasehold improvements Straight-line method over remaining term of lease (21 months)

### e. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses include rent, insurance and supplies and are charged to expenses over the periods expected to benefit from it.

### f. Revenues

Revenues related to the transferred regulatory responsibilities include liquor service, liquor retail and beer vendor licence fees, liquor licence application fees, and occasional permit fees. Retail liquor licence fees were collected for the first time in the year ended March 31, 2015 as mandated by *The Liquor and Gaming Control Act*. These fees are classified as Licence fees — liquor on the Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus (Deficit).

Revenues are recorded on an accrual basis except for gaming event licence fees, supplier licence fees, occasional permit fees, and licence application fees which are recognized on a cash receipt basis.

The annual funding transfer from Manitoba Liquor and Lotteries Corporation is the amount that the LGA, with the approval of Treasury Board, directs Manitoba Liquor and Lotteries Corporation to pay to the LGA.

### g. Expenses

Expenses related to the transferred regulatory responsibilities include salaries and benefits and transportation expenses.

Expenses are recorded on an accrual basis.

### h. Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

### 4. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management

### Measurement

Financial instruments are classified into one of the two measurement categories: (a) fair value; or (b) cost or amortized cost.

The LGA records its financial assets at cost. Financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, temporary investments and accounts receivable. The LGA also records its financial liabilities at cost. Financial liabilities are accounts payable.

Gains and losses on financial instruments measured at fair value are recorded in accumulated surplus as re-measurement gains and losses until realized. Upon disposition of the financial instruments, the cumulative re-measurement gains and losses are reclassified to the statement of operations. Gains and losses on financial instruments measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the statement of operations in the period the gain or loss occurs.

The LGA did not incur any re-measurement gains and losses during the year ended March 31, 2015 (2014 - \$nil).

The LGA has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk, liquidity risk, market risk, interest risk and foreign currency risk.

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the LGA to credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and accounts receivable.

The maximum exposure of the LGA to credit risk as at March 31, 2015 is:

	 2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,332,628	\$ 3,196,958
Accounts receivable	 340,645	 54,466
	\$ 4,673,273	\$ 3,251,424

Cash and cash equivalents: The LGA is not exposed to significant credit risk as the deposits are primarily held by the Minister of Finance.

Accounts receivable: The LGA is not exposed to significant credit risk as the receivable is composed of fees due from clients and payment in full is typically collected when it is due. The LGA does not use an allowance for doubtful accounts. The policy is to write off any accounts deemed uncollectible during the year.

The aging of accounts receivable as at March 31, 2015 was:

Current	\$ 77,634
30 to 60 days past billing date	5,400
61 to 90 days past the billing date	2,556
More than 90 days past the billing date	 <u> 255,055</u>
	\$ 340.645

\$252,381 of the accounts receivable balance relates to the vacation liability for the former Manitoba Liquor Control Commission's Regulatory Services Division employees who transferred to the LGA as of April 1, 2014. This receivable is currently more than 90 days past due and is expected to be collected from Manitoba Liquor and Lotteries Corporation during the 2015/16 fiscal year.

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the LGA will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due.

The LGA manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances. The LGA prepares and monitors forecasts of cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing

activities. The LGA continuously monitors and reviews both actual and forecasted cash flows through periodic financial reporting.

### Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices, will affect the LGA's income or the fair values of its financial instruments. The significant market risk the LGA is exposed to is interest rate risk.

### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to cash and cash equivalents. The interest rate risk on cash and cash equivalents is considered to be low because of their short-term nature.

### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The LGA is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

### 5. Accounts Receivable

	 2015	 2014
MLLC	\$ 277,567	\$ 25,969
Liquor service/retail beer vendor licensees	3,750	0
First Nations casinos	10,600	7,200
Occasional permits	3,950	0
Gaming event licensees	805	1,832
Interest on short-term investments	5,218	4,787
Other trades	38,755	3,233
Supplier investigations	0	2,452
Employee advances	 0	 8,993
	\$ 340,645	\$ 54,466

The Manitoba Liquor and Lotteries Commission receivable includes \$252,381 related to the vacation liability for the former Manitoba Liquor Control Commission's Regulatory Services Division employees who transferred to the LGA as of April 1, 2014.

### 6. Long-Term Investment

The Province of Manitoba had accepted responsibility for the severance pay benefits of \$146,079 accumulated to March 31, 1998 for certain employees. Effective March 31, 2014 the Province of Manitoba placed the amount of \$146,079 into an interest-bearing trust account to be held on the LGA's behalf until the cash is required to discharge the related liabilities. Interest earned on this investment in the year was \$1,432 (2014 - \$1,561).

### 7. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	 2015	 2014
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 283,553	\$ 166,187
Salaries and benefits payable	239,348	98,720
Accrued vacation pay	820,852	474,802
Other	 4,776	12,197
	\$ 1,348,529	\$ 751,906

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Accrued vacation pay now includes the vacation liability for the former Manitoba Liquor Control Commission's Regulatory Services Division employees who transferred to the LGA as of April 1, 2014. The value of this additional liability as at March 31, 2014 was \$252,381.

### 8. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue consists of liquor service and retail beer vendor licence fees received to be recognized as revenue in the year in which the related revenues are earned.

	Balance at Beginning of Year	Receipts During Year	Transferred to Revenue	Balance at End of Year
Licence Fees	\$ -	\$ 1,461,275	\$ 881,609	\$ 579,666

### 9. Employee Future Benefits

### a. Severance Benefits

The amount of the estimated liability for accumulated severance pay benefits for LGA employees is determined using the annual actuarial report of severance obligations as at March 31, 2015. It should be noted that Manitoba Liquor and Lotteries Corporation will maintain the severance liability earned to March 31, 2014 for all former Regulatory Services Division Manitoba Liquor Control Commission employees who transferred to the LGA. The LGA will continue to accrue the severance liability for the former MGCC employees and will accrue the severance liability for the former Regulatory Services Division Manitoba Liquor Control Commission employees April 1, 2014 and onwards.

For former MGCC employees and former non-unionized Regulatory Services Division Manitoba Liquor Control Commission employees, the maximum payout is currently 19 weeks at the employee's weekly salary at the date of retirement. Eligibility will require that the employee has achieved a minimum of nine years of service and that the employee is retiring from the LGA. For former unionized Regulatory Services Division Manitoba Liquor Control Commission employees, entitlement is 1 week's pay for each complete year of continuous service, to a maximum of 25 weeks at the employee's weekly salary at the date of retirement.

An actuarial report was completed for the severance pay liability as of March 31, 2015. The LGA's actuarially-determined net liability for accounting purposes as at March 31, 2015 was \$829,464 (2014 - \$747,452). An actuarial loss of \$11,097 will be amortized over the expected average remaining service life of the employee group. This loss will begin to be amortized at the beginning of the next fiscal year. Severance payments for 2015 amounted to \$0 (2014 - \$10,327).

Significant long-term actuarial assumptions used in the March 31, 2015 valuation and in the

determination of the March 31, 2015 present value of the accrued severance benefit obligation were:

Annual rate of return	
(i) inflation component	2.00%
(ii) real rate of return	4.00%
( )	
	<u>6.00%</u>
Annual salary escalation rates	
(i) general increases	
a) salary increase	2.00%
b) real rate	0.75%
•	2.75%

(ii) service, merit and promotional increases. The rates used vary by age groupings from a high of 3.0% to a low of 0%.

The severance benefit liability at March 31, 2015 includes the following components:

		2015	2014
Accrued benefit liability	\$	829,464	\$ 747,452
Unamortized actuarial gains (losses)	-	60,714	 83,174
Severance benefit liability	<u>\$</u>	890,178	\$ 830,626

The total expenses related to severance benefits at March 31, 2015 include the following components:

	2015	 2014
Interest on obligation	\$ 48,584	\$ 45,426
Current period benefit cost	 22,331 70,915	 24,618 70,044
Amortization of actuarial gain over expected average remaining service lifetime	 (11,363)	(10,128)
Total expense related to severance benefit	\$ 59,552	\$ 59,916

### b. Retirement Benefits

All employees of the LGA, including former Regulatory Services Division Manitoba Liquor Control Commission employees, are members of the Province of Manitoba's defined benefit Superannuation Fund.

In accordance with the provisions of the *Civil Service Superannuation Act*, LGA employees are eligible for pension benefits. Plan members are required to contribute to the Superannuation Fund at prescribed rates for defined benefits and will receive benefits based on the length of service and on the average of annualized earnings calculated on the best five years prior to retirement, termination or death that provides the highest earnings. The LGA is required to match contributions contributed to the Superannuation Fund by the employees at prescribed rates, which is recorded as an operating expense. Under the *Civil* 

Service Superannuation Act, the LGA has no further pension liability.

The LGA's portion of contributions to the Superannuation Fund is recognized as an operating expense in the period of contribution. Total contributions for the year are \$417,610. Contributions for the 2013/14 year were \$231,567.

For employees whose annual earnings exceed the limit under the Superannuation Fund or are a disability retirement, a pension liability is established. Based on the annual actuarial report of pension obligations as at March 31, 2015, a reserve of \$94,939 (2014 - \$94,909) has been established as a pension liability. Due to the nature of the liability, actuarial gains or losses are recognized in operations in the year. Pension costs realized in the year were \$30 (2014 - \$41,849). Significant long-term actuarial assumptions used in the March 31, 2015 valuation and in the determination of the March 31, 2015 present value of the accrued basic pension benefit obligations were:

Annual rate of return (i) inflation component (ii) real rate of return	2.00% <u>4.00%</u> <u>6.00%</u>
Annual salary escalation rates  (i) general increases  a) salary increase  b) productivity component	2.00% <u>0.75%</u> <u>2.75%</u>

(ii) service, merit and promotional increases. The rates used vary by age groupings from a high of 3.0% to a low of 0%.

### c. Non-Vested Sick Leave Benefits

All employees are credited with sick day credits for use as paid absences in the year, due to illness or injury. Employees are allowed to accumulate unused sick day credits each year, up to the allowable maximum provided in the most recent collective agreements. Accumulated credits may be used in future years to the extent that the employee's illness or injury exceeds the current year's allocation of credits. The use of accumulated sick days for sick leave compensation ceases on termination of employment. The benefit costs and liabilities related to the plans are included in the financial statements. The accrued benefit obligation related to sick leave entitlement earned by employees is determined using a valuation model developed by an actuary. The valuation is based on employee demographics, sick leave usage and actuarial assumptions. The cost of non-vested sick leave benefits is determined by an estimation of the number of days earned during the year that will be used in future periods in excess of the annual entitlement. These assumptions include a 2.225% annual return and a 3.00% annual salary increase.

10. Tangible Capital Assets

March 31, 2015

	Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Computer Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Cost					
Opening balance	\$54,442	\$432,628	\$1,075,934	\$57,318	\$1,620,322
Additions		12,242	110,879	2,111	125,232
Disposals		(926)			(926)
Closing balance	\$54,442	\$443,914	\$1,186,813	\$59,429	\$1,744,598
		ere de des reconstruction de la construction de la construction de la construction de la construction de la co			
Accumulated amortization	zation				
Opening balance	\$46,377	\$305,841	\$950,946	\$37,195	\$1,340,359
Amortization	1,613	13,297	996'09	7,951	83,827
Disposals		(781)			(781)
Closing balance	\$47,990	\$318,357	\$1,011,912	\$45,146	\$1,423,405
				et ein delinante proprieta par antique antique antique de la constant de la constant de la constant de la cons	en de la companya de

Net Book Value

\$321.193

March 31, 2014

	Equipment	Furniture and Fixtures	Computer Equipment	Leasehold Improvements	Total
Cost					
Opening balance	\$54,442	\$430,830	\$1,040,795	\$57,318	\$1,583,385
Additions		1,798	47,885		49,683
Disposals			(12,746)		(12,746)
Closing balance	\$54,442	\$432,628	\$1,075,934	\$57,318	\$1,620,322
				ORNININI SORRININI SORRININI SORRINI S	THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPE
Accumulated amortization	uc				
Opening balance	\$44,361	\$291,892	\$917,109	\$29,878	\$1,283;240
Amortization	2,016	13,949	44,872	7,317	68,154
Disposals			(11,035)		(11,035)
Closing balance	\$46,377	\$305,841	\$950,946	\$37,195	\$1,340,359
- Expression of the Control of the C				a de l'estrate propriété de l'étre des mercennes experiences de l'estre de l'estre de l'estre de l'estre de l'e	

\$279,963

### 11. Amalgamation Expenses

The LGA has incurred certain expenses as a result of the amalgamation process. These expenses have been recognized when incurred.

### 12. Commitments

The LGA has an operating lease for its premises expiring December 31, 2016.

The minimum annual lease payment for the next three years is:

2016 2017 \$311,834 \$233,876

### 13. Budgeted Figures

Budgeted figures have been provided for comparison purposes and have been derived from the estimates approved by the LGA Board.

### 14. Working Capital Advance

The Minister of Finance, with Lieutenant Governor in Council approval by Orders in Council (341/1997) has arranged for working capital advances to be available to the LGA. The aggregate of the outstanding advances is not to exceed \$2,000,000 (2014 - \$2,000,000). As at March 31, 2015, \$2,000,000 (2014 - \$2,000,000) of these advances were unused and available.

### 15. Related Party Transactions

The LGA is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba created departments, agencies, and Crown corporations. The LGA enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount.





### RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of the Manitoba Agricultural Services Corporation is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and reliability of the financial statements, accompanying notes and other financial information in the annual report.

Management maintains internal control systems to ensure that transactions are accurately recorded in accordance with established policies and procedures. In addition, certain best estimates and judgments have been made based on a careful assessment of the available information.

The financial statements and accompanying notes are examined by the Auditor General for Manitoba, whose opinion is included here. The Auditor General has access to MASC's Board of Directors, with or without management present, to discuss the results of their audit and the quality of MASC's financial reporting.

Original signed by Original signed by

**NEIL HAMILTON** JIM LEWIS

PRESIDENT & CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER VICE PRESIDENT, FINANCE & ADMINISTRATION

August 6, 2015



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba To the Board of Directors of Manitoba Agricultural Services Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Manitoba Agricultural Services Corporation, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, and the statements of operations, change in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Agricultural Services Corporation as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations, changes in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Original signed by

Office of the Auditor General Winnipeg, Manitoba August 6, 2015

### Statement of Financial Position

AS AT MARCH 31, 2015 IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

	NOTE	MARCH 31, 2015	MARCH 31, 2014
FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Cash		\$ 2,081	\$ 4,951
Accounts receivable	8	4,490	4,914
Receivables from the Province of Manitoba	9	13,425	15,123
Receivables from the Government of Canada	10	8,330	12,115
Investments	11	350,596	310,822
Loans receivable	12	463,659	410,488
Total Financial Assets		\$ 842,581	\$ 758,413
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	13	\$ 21,224	\$ 23,867
Claims payable	14	16,953	19,602
Loans from the Province of Manitoba	15	482,549	438,108
Provisions for losses on guaranteed loans	16	15,191	15,100
Future employee benefits	17	8,850	8,957
Total Liabilities		\$ 544,767	\$ 505,634
Net Financial Assets		\$ 297,814	\$ 252,779
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS			
Inventories held for use	2	\$ 274	\$ 350
Prepaid expenses	2	133	128
Tangible capital assets	19	314	152
Total Non-Financial Assets		\$ 721	\$ 630
Accumulated surplus		\$ 298,535	\$ 253,409
Loan guarantees and contingencies	16		
Commitments	18		

The accompanying notes and schedules are an integral part of these financial statements.

Approved by the Board:

Original signed by Original signed by

Frieda Krpan Jonathan Hildebrand

Chair, Board of Directors Chair, Board Audit and Finance Committee

### **Statement of Operations**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

	2	2015	2014
	BUDGET	ACTUAL	ACTUAL
REVENUE			
Premiums from insured producers	\$ 127,386	\$ 121,788	\$ 147,292
Interest from loans	20,415	22,011	20,296
Contribution from the Province of Manitoba	105,105	96,614	100,569
Contribution from the Government of Canada	97,034	95,156	116,190
Investment income	3,380	3,774	2,894
Other income	182	436	553
	353,502	339,779	387,794
EXPENSE			
Lending Programs	24,644	22,570	17,475
Agrilnsurance Program	261,195	214,575	180,572
Hail Insurance Program	31,521	17,273	30,038
Wildlife Damage Compensation Program	3,413	4,168	3,697
Farmland School Tax Rebate Program	36,039	34,021	32,583
Western Livestock Price Insurance Program	2,332	1,067	751
Other Programs	74	979	(9,793)
_	359,218	294,653	255,323
Income for the year	\$ (5,716)	45,126	132,471
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	<u> </u>	253,409	120,938
Accumulated surplus, end of year	_	\$ 298,535	\$ 253,409

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ and \ schedules \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ financial \ statements.$ 

### Statement of Change in Net Financial Assets

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

	2015	2014
	ACTUAL	ACTUAL
Income for the year	\$ 45,126	\$ 132,471
Tangible capital assets		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(223)	(46)
Amortization of tangible capital assets	61	58
Disposal of tangible capital assets	-	4
	(162)	16
Other non-financial assets		
Disposal of inventory held for use	76	101
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(5)	11
	71	112
Increase in net financial assets	45,035	132,599
Net financial assets, beginning of year	252,779	120,180
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 297,814	\$ 252,779

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ and \ schedules \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ financial \ statements.$ 

### **Statement of Cash Flows**

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

	2015	2014
Cash provided by (used for):		
<u>Operating</u>		
Income for the year	\$ 45,126	\$ 132,471
Amortization of tangible capital assets	61	58
	45,187	132,529
Changes in:		
Receivables	5,907	21,273
Loans receivable	(1,448)	(7,060)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,643)	130
Claims payable	(2,649)	(27,078)
Provisions for losses on guaranteed loans	91	(1,076)
Future employee benefits	(107)	92
Prepaid expenses	(5)	11
Inventories held for use	76	101
Cash provided by (used for) operating activities	44,409	118,922
<u>Capital</u>		
Acquisition of tangible capital assets	(223)	(46)
Disposal of tangible capital assets	-	2
Cash used for capital activities	(223)	(42)
Investing		
Investments redeemed (purchased)	13,304	(25,083)
Loans disbursed	(143,235)	(136,347)
Loan principal received	91,512	86,565
Cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(38,419)	(74,865)
Financing		
Debt repayments to the Province of Manitoba	(83,559)	(80,963)
Loans from the Province of Manitoba	128,000	132,000
Cash provided by financing activities	44,441	51,037
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	50,208	95,052
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	211,469	116,417
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 261,677	\$ 211,469
Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of the following:		
Investments	\$ 350,596	\$ 310,822
Investments with terms greater than 90 days	(91,000)	(104,304)
Investments with terms of 90 days or less	259,596	206,518
Cash	2,081	4,951
	\$ 261,677	\$ 211,469
Supplemental Cash Flow Information		. ,
Interest paid	\$ 16,619	\$ 15,583
Interest received	\$ 25,785	\$ 23,060
he accompanying notes and schedules are an integral part of these financial statements.		,

 $The \ accompanying \ notes \ and \ schedules \ are \ an \ integral \ part \ of \ these \ financial \ statements.$ 

### **Notes to Financial Statements**

### **AS AT MARCH 31, 2015** TABULAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

#### 1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION

The Manitoba Agricultural Credit Corporation (MACC) was established under The Agricultural Credit Corporation Act. The Manitoba Crop Insurance Corporation (MCIC) was established under The Crop Insurance Act. As a result of the proclamation of The Manitoba Agricultural Services Corporation Act, C.C.S.M. c.A25 on September 1, 2005, MACC and MCIC were amalgamated to form a provincial Crown corporation called the Manitoba Agricultural Services Corporation (MASC) and the legislation establishing the former corporations was repealed.

MASC provides lending, insurance and other programs and services. Its core programs include direct loans to agriculture producers, loan guarantees, Agrilnsurance and Hail Insurance. MASC also delivers the Wildlife Damage Compensation Program, Farmland School Tax Rebate Program, Western Livestock Price Insurance Program and other programs and services.

### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND REPORTING PRACTICES

MASC's financial statements are presented in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting (PSA) standards.

### (A) INVESTMENTS

Funds in excess of operational needs are invested with the Province of Manitoba, in accordance with Section 52(1) of The Manitoba Agricultural Services Corporation Act. Investments are carried at cost or amortized cost. Investments are normally held to maturity, but if early redemption is required and results in a gain or loss, the gain or loss is realized on disposal.

### (B) LOANS RECEIVABLE

Loans receivable are recorded at cost or amortized cost less any amount for provisions for credit losses.

Provisions for impaired loans are made when collection is in doubt. Interest is accrued on loans receivable until the date of write-off. The provision represents management's best estimate of probable losses. Where circumstances indicate doubt as to the ultimate collectability of principal or interest, specific provisions are established for individual accounts. These accounts are valued at the lower of their recorded value or the estimated net realizable value of the security held for the accounts. In addition to the provision for loss on loans identified on an individual loan basis, MASC establishes a general provision representing management's best estimate of additional probable losses based on other factors including the composition and credit quality of the portfolio and changes in economic and business conditions. Actual loan accounts that have been written off are charged to the appropriate provision once the available security has been realized and all other collection efforts have been exhausted.

### (C) CLAIMS PAYABLE

Claims payable is comprised of claims approved but not yet disbursed and a provision for claims in process. The provision represents management's best estimate of probable claims against the programs and is determined through a review of each program. For most programs, the provision is established by reviewing outstanding claims and either providing individual claim estimates or establishing an average loss and multiplying this amount by the number of claims outstanding.

### (D) LOANS FROM THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

Loans from the Province of Manitoba are carried at cost.

#### (E) PROVISION FOR LOSSES ON GUARANTEED LOANS

The provision for losses on loan guarantees is determined annually through a review of each guarantee program. The provision represents management's best estimate of probable claims against the loan quarantees. Such provision is intended to cover MASC's share of principal, accrued and unpaid interest and any additional amounts that are recoverable by the financial institution that issued the loan.

Current year provisions for guaranteed loan losses are charged as expenses to the provision for guaranteed loan losses. Loan guarantee claims that have been paid are charged to the appropriate provision.

### (F) FUTURE EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The employees of MASC belong to The Civil Service Superannuation Fund plan, which is a multi-employer joint trustee pension plan. This plan is a defined benefit plan, providing a pension on retirement based on the member's age at retirement, length of service and highest earnings averaged over five years. Inflation adjustments are contingent upon available funding. The joint trustee board of the plan determines the required plan contributions annually. Pension costs included in these statements are comprised of: the cost of employer contributions for the current year of service of employees, employer costs for past service costs relating to a portion of current and retired employees, plan amendments and accrued benefits. Experience gains and losses are amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Lifetime beginning in the year of the actuarial valuation.

MASC employees are entitled to vacation and severance pay in accordance with the terms of the collective agreements and corporate policy. The severance pay liability is recorded based on an actuarial valuation and vacation pay is recorded based on management's best estimate. Experience gains and losses are amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life beginning in the year of the actuarial valuation.

Note 17 provides additional information on future employee benefits.

### (G) INVENTORIES HELD FOR USE

Real estate that was acquired for the purpose of providing long-term leases to producers through the Land Lease Option Program is recorded at cost. Occasionally, real estate is acquired through foreclosure and voluntary transfer of title in the settlement of loans and is recorded at the appraised value of the real estate at acquisition date.

### (H) PREPAID EXPENSES

Prepaid expenses are payments for goods or services, which will provide economic benefit in future periods. The prepaid amount is recognized as an expense in the year the goods or services are consumed.

### (I) TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

MASC's tangible capital assets are recorded at historical cost and amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful life, as follows:

Leasehold improvements remaining term of lease

Furniture and equipment 10 years

Computer hardware and software 4 years

Major software development 8 years

### (J) REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenues are recognized in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues. All revenues are recorded on an accrual basis, except when the accruals cannot be determined with a reasonable degree of certainty or when their estimation is impractical.

Transfers (revenues from non-exchange transactions) are recognized as revenue when: the transfer is authorized, all eligible criteria are met, and a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

### (K) PREMIUMS AND GOVERNMENT CONTRIBUTIONS

MASC recognizes as revenue all premiums earned on insurance policies in force during the year.

The Canada-Manitoba Agrilnsurance Agreement, which is consolidated in Annex B of Growing Forward 2: A Federal Provincial Territorial Framework Agreement on Agriculture, Agri-Food and Agri-Based Products Policy, provides for the cost sharing of Agrilnsurance premiums. For most Agrilnsurance Programs, premiums are paid 40% by insured producers, 36% by the Government of Canada and 24% by the Province of Manitoba. The exceptions are: the Excess Moisture Insurance (EMI) Reduced Deductible Option, which is paid entirely by participating producers; the highest EMI High Dollar Value Option, which is paid 67% by insured producers, 20% by the Government of Canada and 13% by the Province of Manitoba; and the Hay Disaster Benefit which is paid 60% by the Government of Canada and 40% by the Province of Manitoba.

### (L) ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Identifiable administrative expenses for all of the programs administered by MASC are charged directly to the specific program. Where the direct charging of administrative expenses to specific programs is not possible, these expenses are allocated to each program on a basis approved by MASC's Board of Directors.

The Canada-Manitoba Agrilnsurance Agreement referred to in Section (K) of this note, stipulates that associated administrative expenses, net of any administrative revenues, will be shared by the Government of Canada (60%) and the Province of Manitoba (40%).

### (M) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

MASC's financial instruments include: cash, receivables, investments, loans receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, claims payable, loans from the Province of Manitoba and provisions for losses on guaranteed loans.

All financial instruments are held at cost or amortized cost. The effective interest method is used to recognize interest income or expense. Transaction costs related to all financial instruments are expensed as incurred.

### (N) MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements that conform to Canadian PSA standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, all at the date of the financial statements; as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Items requiring the use of significant estimates include: provisions for losses on accounts receivable, loans receivable, loan guarantees, liabilities for claims and program payments, future employee benefits and accrued administration liabilities.

### 3. FINANCIAL STRUCTURE

### (A) FUNDING

The Board of Directors approved MASC's 2014/15 budget in April 2014. MASC's approved budget includes provincial funding of \$105,149,000. Activities relating to Other Programs, with the exception of the Inspection Services component, do not have budgeted amounts. The table below provides the budgeted amounts for the Province of Manitoba and the Government of Canada and a reconciliation to the amounts that are shown in MASC's Statement of Operations:

	PROVINCE OF MANITOBA	GOVERNMENT OF MANITOBA
Funding approved by governments	\$ 105,149	\$ 97,010
Non-cash items*	(44)	24
Funding approved by governments	\$ 105,105	\$ 97,034

<sup>\*</sup>Includes items such as amortization and unfunded pension expense.

### (B) AGRIINSURANCE AND HAIL INSURANCE FUND BALANCE RESTRICTIONS

The Agrilnsurance and Hail Insurance funds are restricted as set out in Sections 58 and 61 of *The Manitoba* Agricultural Services Corporation Act. The only items to be paid out of these funds are: indemnities payable under the contracts of insurance; premiums or other amounts payable for reinsurance; interest on any money borrowed for the purpose of the funds; and expenses relating to the administration of the funds (for Hail Insurance only).

### 4. WILDLIFE DAMAGE COMPENSATION PROGRAM

MASC administers the Wildlife Damage Compensation Program, which pays producers for damage to agricultural crops and related products caused by migratory waterfowl or wildlife (big game animals), as well as for the injury or death of domestic livestock caused by natural predators. The program compensates for 90% of production loss with the top-up level (80% to 90%) of protection funded entirely by the Province of Manitoba. Administrative expenses and program payments up to the 80% level of protection are shared by the Government of Canada (60%) and the Province of Manitoba (40%).

### 5. FARMLAND SCHOOL TAX REBATE PROGRAM

In April 2005, MASC became responsible for administering the Farmland School Tax Rebate Program. The purpose of the program is to assist Manitoba farmland owners by providing a rebate on the school tax paid on farmland. The rebate level of 80% remained unchanged from the 2013 tax year to the 2014 tax year. The rebates are subject to a \$5,000 maximum, which includes all parties that are related persons of the applicant. The definition of related persons for this program includes the spouse or common-law partner and any corporation controlled by the applicant and/or the applicant's spouse or common law partner. Eligible individuals and corporations who apply must be Manitoba residents. The application deadline is March 31 of the year following the taxation year.

Recorded rebate payments of \$33,398,000 are comprised of \$33,500,000 for the 2014 tax rebates, and a decrease of \$102,000 for rebates relating to prior years. Included in the 2014 tax rebates is a provision of \$1,821,000 for rebates that have been applied for and are in process of payment as of March 31, 2015. A provision of \$170,000 remains for pre-2014 rebates that are in process of payment. The Province of Manitoba pays for the full cost of the Farmland School Tax Rebate Program.

### WESTERN LIVESTOCK PRICE INSURANCE PROGRAM

Introduced in Manitoba as a four-year pilot, the Western Livestock Price Insurance Program (WLPIP) offers price protection for cattle and hog producers, with settlement prices based on the average price in Western Canadian markets. Livestock price insurance was first implemented for Alberta producers in 2009 through the Agriculture Financial Services Corporation (AFSC). Producers in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and British Columbia were able to participate in the program starting in April 2014. In Manitoba, MASC is the insurer, with the Internet application, premium payment and indemnity settlement being handled by AFSC (on behalf of MASC). AFSC's administrative expenses are shared by the participating provinces with MASC paying 20% of the cost. Participating producers pay 100% of the insurance premiums, with Canada and Manitoba cost sharing the administration expenses 60% and 40%, respectively. Canada is providing a financial backstop for WLPIP for the duration of the pilot. Any deficit on account of Manitoba producers at the end of the four-year pilot will be the responsibility of Manitoba. No indemnities were paid or are projected to be paid related to 2014/15 policies.

### 7. OTHER PROGRAMS

### (A) INSPECTION SERVICES

In support of Manitoba's agricultural sector, MASC provides inspection services at a reasonable cost. These services include such things as adjusting services for another province, certificates of local production for vendors at the St. Norbert Farmers Market, third-party loss appraisals for private sector property insurers, and on-farm livestock inspections for the Manitoba Livestock Cash Advance Program. Inspection Services revenue totaled \$109,000 in 2015 (2014 - \$29,000).

### (B) FLOOD 2011 - BUILDING AND RECOVERY ACTION PLAN

In May 2011, MASC was given the responsibility of administering the following flood assistance programs announced under the Flood 2011 - Building and Recovery Action Plan. All funding for these programs was provided to MASC by the Province of Manitoba.

### a) Lake Manitoba Financial Assistance Program

Part A - Lake Manitoba Pasture Flooding Assistance Component: This program assisted Manitoba livestock producers in managing their feed requirements resulting from the loss of pasture in the designated Lake Manitoba Flood Zone.

Part B - Lake Manitoba Agricultural Infrastructure, Transportation and Crop/Forage Loss Component: This program assisted agricultural producers with flood mitigation measures, lost crop production, damage to agricultural infrastructure and extra costs for feeding and transporting livestock in the Lake Manitoba Flood Zone.

Part C - Lake Manitoba Business, Principal and Non-Principal Residence Component: This program compensated residents and businesses for the cost of uninsurable property damage and flood protection measures taken as a direct result of the elevated water levels in the Lake Manitoba Flood Zone.

Part D - Lake Manitoba Flood Protection for Principal Residences, Non-Principal Residences and Business Structures: This program provided financial assistance for flood protection measures undertaken individually or cooperatively for the purpose of protecting principal residences, non-principal residences and business structures in the Lake Manitoba Flood Zone.

### b) Hoop and Holler Compensation Program

This program provided compensation to families, businesses and agricultural producers in the area of the controlled release of water from the Assiniboine River near the Hoop and Holler Bend on Highway 331, and the overflow of water diverted from the Assiniboine River into the Portage Diversion. Compensation covered the majority of the cost of property damage, income loss and flood protection measures.

### c) 2011 Dauphin River Flood Assistance Program

This program provided compensation to commercial fishers in the Dauphin River area for 2011 income losses resulting from the inability to access their fishery and fish processing facilities.

### d) 2011 Lake Dauphin Emergency Flood Protection Program

This program provided financial assistance for emergency structural flood protection measures to protect principal residences and non-principal residences in the Lake Dauphin Flood Zone.

### e) Shoal Lakes Agricultural Flood Assistance Program

This program provided financial support to agricultural producers affected by chronic flooding in the Shoal Lakes complex in the Interlake area of Manitoba. This program consisted of: assistance for lost income due to flooded hay and pasture land in 2010 and 2011, transportation assistance for movement of feed and/or animals, a voluntary buy-out option for producers with flooded property and transition assistance for producers who participated in the voluntary buy-out option. The buy-out component of this program was administered by Manitoba Agriculture, Food and Rural Development.

### Lake St. Martin Fishers Program

This program provided compensation to Lake St. Martin commercial fishers who experienced net income losses due to not being able to participate in the 2011/12 winter commercial fishery resulting from ice and/or flooding, or because they were evacuated from their community.

### g) 2012 Dauphin River Commercial Fishers Income Loss Assistance Program

This program provided compensation to commercial fishers who experienced income losses for the 2012 summer commercial fishing season, due to lack of access to their fishery and fish processing facilities as a direct result of elevated water levels on Dauphin River in 2011.

### h) 2012 Dauphin River Flood-Related Commercial Fishers Fall Income Loss Assistance Program

This program provided ongoing support for commercial fishers for income losses during the 2012 fall commercial fishing season resulting from elevated water levels on Dauphin River in 2011.

The table below outlines the total costs for each program as of March 31, 2015.

PROGRAM		COMPENSATION ADMINISTRATION <sup>1</sup>					ADMINISTRATION <sup>1</sup>			TOTAL
	EXF	PENSED (RECOVER IN YEAR ENDED	RED)		PROVISION	ЕХР	ENSED (RECOVEI IN YEAR ENDED	RED)		MARCH 31, 2015
	MARCH 31, 2013⁴	MARCH 31, 2014 <sup>3</sup>	MARCH 31, 2015	TOTAL COMPENSATION	FOR PAYMENTS <sup>2</sup>	MARCH 31, 2013⁴	MARCH 31, 2014	MARCH 31, 2015	TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	
Lake Manitoba Financial Assistance Program:										
Part A	\$ 2,763	\$ (2,106)	\$ (1)	\$ 656	\$ 10					
Part B	36,785	(6,047)	(828)	29,910	850					
Part C	71,377	(5,781)	96	65,692	1,505					
Part D	8,565	(253)	(42)	8,270	-					
	\$ 119,490	\$ (14,187)	\$ (775)	\$ 104,528	\$ 2,365	\$ 14,534	\$ (1,449)	\$ (1,071)	\$ 12,014	\$ 116,542
Hoop and Holler Compensation Program	11,272	(838)	(1,713)	8,721	24	408	22	(3)	427	9,148
2011 Dauphin River Flood Assistance Program	1,973	-	-	1,973	-	1	1	-	2	1,975
2011 Lake Dauphin Emergency Flood Protection Program	288	5	-	293	-	39	21	(1)	59	352
Shoal Lakes Agricultural Flood Assistance Program	5,278	29	-	5,307	-	-	(4)	-	(4)	5,303
Lake St. Martin Fishers Program	127	-	(4)	123	-	6	(1)	(3)	2	125
2012 Dauphin River Commercial Fishers Income Loss Assistance Program	259	-	-	259	-	2	-	-	2	261
2012 Dauphin River Flood-Related Commercial Fishers Fall Income Loss Assistance Program	_	281	_	281	_	_	1	_	1	282
	¢ 138 697	-	\$ (2,402)	-	\$ 2380	\$ 14 000		\$ (1.079)		\$ 133,988
TOTAL	\$ 138,687	\$ (14,710)	\$ (2,492)	\$ 121,485	\$ 2,389	\$ 14,990	\$ (1,409)	\$ (1,078)	\$ 12,503	\$ 133,98

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes provision for administration of claims in process and Flood Appeals Commission expenses and is net of any interest revenue and bad debt expense.

### (C) 2011 MANITOBA AGRIRECOVERY PROGRAMS

In June 2011, MASC was given the responsibility of administering the following emergency assistance programs. The purpose of these programs was to provide financial assistance for the restoration, maintenance and rehabilitation of farms that were impacted by excess moisture and flooding in 2011.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The provision for payments is as of March 31, 2015 and represents the expected outstanding payments for each program. These amounts are included in total compensation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In March 2014, \$7,664,000 of compensation from the Lake Manitoba Financial Assistance Program was reallocated to the 2011 Manitoba AgriRecovery Programs. Of this amount, \$2,048,000 was removed from Part A and \$5,616,000 was removed from Part B.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Includes costs incurred in the fiscal years ended March 31, 2012 and March 31, 2013.

### a) 2011 Manitoba Excess Moisture Assistance Program

This program provided financial assistance to farmers who could not seed a crop by June 20, 2011 or who had an annual crop or newly seeded forage crop that was destroyed by flooding or excess moisture prior to September 15, 2011. Producers received \$30 per acre for unseeded land or drowned out crop. This program was partially funded by the Government of Canada under the Canada-Manitoba Agricultural Recovery Program. The Government of Canada provided funding for 57% of the compensation payments and 60% of the program's administrative expenses. The remaining program cost was paid by the Province of Manitoba. The total program cost of \$109,378,000 was funded by the Government of Canada (\$62,399,000) and the Province of Manitoba (\$46,979,000).

### b) 2011 Manitoba Transportation Assistance Program

This program provided livestock producers with financial assistance to deal with the extraordinary costs of transporting feed and animals, due to flooding and excess moisture conditions in 2011. The program covered breeding and market animals and provided for transportation costs associated with the pasture and overwinter feed shortages that were incurred from May 15, 2011 to March 31, 2012. This program was partially funded by the Government of Canada under the Canada-Manitoba Agricultural Recovery Program and the Canada-Manitoba Forage Shortfall and Restorative Assistance Initiative. The Government of Canada provided 60% of the funding for the cost of either transporting feed to breeding animals or transporting breeding animals to feed. The Government of Canada paid 60% of the related administrative expenses. The remaining program cost was paid by the Province of Manitoba. The total program cost of \$3,320,000 was funded by the Government of Canada (\$1,788,000) and the Province of Manitoba (\$1,532,000).

### c) 2011 Manitoba Forage Shortfall Assistance Program

This program provided livestock producers with financial assistance to deal with extraordinary pasture and overwinter feeding costs due to shortfalls in their forage production caused by flooding or excess moisture conditions in 2011. The program was partially funded by the Government of Canada under the Canada-Manitoba Agricultural Recovery Program and the Canada-Manitoba Forage Shortfall and Restorative Assistance Initiative. The Government of Canada provided 60% of the funding for the feeding costs of breeding animals and related administrative expenses. The remaining cost was provided by the Province of Manitoba. The program's total program cost of \$19,961,000 was funded by the Government of Canada (\$9,697,000) and the Province of Manitoba (\$10,264,000).

### d) 2011 Manitoba Forage Restoration Assistance Program

This program provided forage producers with financial assistance to restore established tame forage and forage seed crops that were damaged by excess moisture in 2011. Producers were eligible for \$50 for each acre of forage that was destroyed and reseeded to forage. This program was partially funded by the Government of Canada under the Canada-Manitoba Forage Shortfall and Restoration Assistance Initiative. The Government of Canada provided 60% of the funding for the first \$30 of compensation per acre, plus 60% of the related administrative expenses during the period of June 1, 2011 to March 31, 2013. The remaining cost was provided by the Province of Manitoba. The total program cost of \$1,322,000 was funded by the Government of Canada (\$483,000) and the Province of Manitoba (\$839,000).

### e) 2011 Manitoba Greenfeed Assistance Program

This program provided financial assistance to compensate producers who seeded greenfeed by July 22, 2011 on land that was left unseeded due to excess moisture. Producers were eligible for \$15 per acre based on the number of acres of greenfeed seeded that were in excess of the producers' normal acreage of greenfeed. Greenfeed crops that were harvested for seed did not qualify for compensation. This program was funded entirely by the Province of Manitoba (\$3,018,000).

### f) Manitoba 2011 Infrastructure and Individual Assessment Program

This program provided financial assistance to agricultural crop and livestock producers to recover from flood losses related to mitigation and damage to agricultural property and inventory that were not eligible for compensation under Disaster Financial Assistance or the Flood 2011 - Building and Recovery Action Plan. This program was funded entirely by the Province of Manitoba (\$3,922,000).

The table below outlines the cost expended for each program as of March 31, 2015.

PROGRAM		CO	MPENSA	ΓΙΟΝ			ADMINIS	TRATIO	N¹	TOTAL
	EXF	PENSED (RECOVER IN YEAR ENDED	RED)		PROVISION		ENSED (RECOVEF IN YEAR ENDED	RED)		MARCH 31, 2015
	MARCH 31, 2013	MARCH 31, 2014 <sup>3</sup>	MARCH 31, 2015	TOTAL COMPENSATION	FOR PAYMENTS <sup>2</sup>	MARCH 31, 2013	MARCH 31, 2014	MARCH 31, 2015	TOTAL ADMINISTRATION	
2011 Manitoba Excess Moisture Assistance Program	\$ 107,720	\$ 1,293	\$ -	\$ 109,013	\$ -	\$ 427	\$ (48)	\$ (14)	\$ 365	\$ 109,378
2011 Manitoba Transportation Assistance Program	2,043	1,161	-	3,204	-	118	(2)	-	116	3,320
2011 Manitoba Forage Shortfall Assistance Program	14,311	5,202	-	19,513	-	463	(14)	(1)	448	19,961
2011 Manitoba Forage Restoration Assistance Program	1,241	(100)	(19)	1,122	-	295	(51)	(44)	200	1,322
2011 Manitoba Greenfeed Assistance Program	2,841	-	-	2,841	-	177	-	-	177	3,018
2011 Manitoba Infrastructure and Individual Assessment										
Program	5,494	(1,162)	(695)	3,637	430	452	(126)	(41)	285	3,922
TOTAL	\$ 133,650	\$ 6,394	\$ (714)	\$ 139,330	\$ 430	\$ 1,932	\$ (241)	\$ (100)	\$ 1,591	\$ 140,921

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes provision for administration of claims in process and appeal committee expenses and is net of any interest revenue and bad debt expense.

## (D) 2014 CANADA-MANITOBA FORAGE SHORTFALL & TRANSPORTATION INITIATIVE

In October 2014, MASC became responsible for the administration of the 2014 Canada-Manitoba Forage Shortfall & Transportation Initiative. The purpose of the program was to provide assistance to Manitoba livestock producers who experienced extraordinary costs caused by elevated water levels or excess moisture conditions in 2014. The program included a forage shortfall component that provided feed assistance to producers in the Lake Manitoba, Lake Winnipegosis and Lake St. Martin regions to maintain their breeding herds and an all-province transportation component that provided assistance for extraordinary costs incurred in transporting feed to livestock or livestock to feed. Funding as an AgriRecovery initiative was provided 60% by the Government of Canada and 40% by the Province of Manitoba. Total compensation payments of \$3,393,000 included a provision for outstanding claims of \$3,083,000. Administrative expenses are estimated to be \$295,000. The program's total cost of \$3,688,000 was funded by the Government of Canada (\$2,216,000) and the Province of Manitoba (\$1,472,000).

### (E) 2014 MANITOBA PORTAGE DIVERSION FAIL-SAFE COMPENSATION PROGRAM

In October 2014, MASC became responsible for the administration of the 2014 Manitoba Portage Diversion Fail-Safe Compensation Program. The purpose of the program was to provide financial assistance to Manitoba agricultural producers affected by 2014 flooding as a result of the operation of the Portage diversion fail-safe. The program was funded entirely by the Province of Manitoba. Total compensation payments of \$1,441,000 included a provision for outstanding claims of \$395,000. Administrative expenses are estimated to be \$25,000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The provision for payments is as of March 31, 2015 and is included in the total compensation amounts.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> In March 2014, \$7.664,000 of compensation from the Lake Manitoba Financial Assistance Program was reallocated to the 2011 Manitoba AgriRecovery Programs. Of this amount, \$1,293,000 was added to the 2011 Manitoba Excess Moisture Assistance Program, \$1,161,000 to the 2011 Manitoba Transportation Assistance Program, \$5,202,000 to the 2011 Manitoba Forage Shortfall Assistance Program, and \$8,000 to the 2011 Manitoba Forage Restoration Assistance Program.

#### 8. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2015	2014
Amounts from insured persons:		
Agrilnsurance	\$ 2,507	\$ 4,236
Hail Insurance	1,045	1,223
Other	1,698	880
	5,250	6,339
Less provision for credit losses	(760)	(1,425)
	\$ 4,490	\$ 4,914

The provisions for credit losses of \$760,000 (2014 - \$1,425,000) includes estimated losses on premiums and other accounts receivable, and is subject to measurement uncertainty. The provision estimate is formula based and depends on an assessment of MASC's ability to collect the outstanding balance. A 100% provision is assessed on accounts in arrears for more than two years, with lower provisions based on actual collection experience over the last seven years being applied to accounts that are in arrears by less than two years.

## 9. RECEIVABLES FROM THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

	2015	2014
Agrilnsurance premiums (Note 2K)	\$ 3,066	\$ 3,939
Administrative expenses	2,278	1,705
Pension liability	6,400	6,418
Severance liability	429	429
Vacation pay liability	169	169
Other Programs (Note 7)	1,083	2,463
	\$ 13,425	\$ 15,123

#### Pension liability

The Province of Manitoba has accepted responsibility for funding MASC's pension liability (for pensionable service earned by employees of the former MACC prior to the amalgamation of MACC and MCIC on September 1, 2005) and related expense, which includes an interest component. MASC has therefore recorded a receivable from the Province of Manitoba equal to the estimated value of its actuarially determined pension liability of \$6,400,000 as of March 31, 2015 (2014 - \$6,418,000), and has recorded a decrease under other contributions from the Province of Manitoba for 2014/15 equal to the related pension reduction of \$18,000 (2014 - \$69,000 reduction). The Province of Manitoba makes payments on the receivable when it is determined that the cash is required to discharge the related pension obligation.

#### Severance pay liability

The amount recorded as a receivable from the Province of Manitoba for severance pay was initially based on the estimated value of the corresponding actuarially determined liability for severance pay as of March 31, 1999. Subsequent to that date, the Province of Manitoba has included in its ongoing annual funding to MASC, an amount equal to its share of the current year's expense for severance. As a result, the change in the severance liability each year is fully funded. The interest component related to the receivable is reflected in the funding for severance pay expense. The receivable for severance pay will be paid by the Province of Manitoba when it is determined that the cash is required to discharge the related severance pay liabilities. As of March 31, 2015, the receivable for severance pay liability was \$429,000 (2014 - \$429,000).

## Vacation pay liability

The amount recorded as a receivable from the Province of Manitoba for vacation pay expenses was initially based on the estimated value of the corresponding liability as of March 31, 1999. Subsequent to that date, the Province of Manitoba has included in its ongoing annual funding to MASC, an amount equal to its share of the current year's expense for vacation pay entitlements. As of March 31, 2015, the receivable for vacation pay liability was \$169,000 (2014 - \$169,000).

## 10. RECEIVABLES FROM THE GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

	2	015	2014
Agrilnsurance Program	\$ 5,	613 \$ 6	6,793
Wildlife Damage Compensation Program		130	234
Western Livestock Price Insurance Program		146	451
Other Programs	2,	441	4,637
	\$ 8,	330 \$ 1.	2,115

## 11. INVESTMENTS

MASC's investments as of March 31, 2015 consist of the following:

Maturity Terms	Average Interest Rate	Lending Programs	Agrilnsurance Program	Hail Insurance Program	Farmland School Tax Rebate Program	Other Programs	2015	2014
90 days or less	0.702%	\$ 5,000	\$ 209,310	\$ 29,550	\$ 240	\$ 15,063	\$ 259,163	\$ 206,085
1 year	0.960%	-	40,000	-	-	-	40,000	58,429
2 years	-	-	=	-	-	-	-	-
3 years	1.388%	-	=	26,000	-	-	26,000	24,000
5 years	2.136%	-	=	25,000	=	=	25,000	21,875
	0.886%	5,000	249,310	80,550	240	15,063	350,163	310,389
Accrued Interest		-	173	254	1	5	433	433
		\$ 5,000	\$ 249,483	\$ 80,804	\$ 241	\$ 15,068	\$ 350,596	\$ 310,822

## 12. LOANS RECEIVABLE

MASC's loans receivable as of March 31, 2015 consist of the following:

		2015			2014	
	Regular Program Loans	Special Assistance Loans*	TOTAL	Regular Program Loans	Special Assistance Loans*	TOTAL
Recorded investment	\$ 456,726	\$ 18,429	\$ 475,155	\$ 404,505	\$ 19,115	\$ 423,620
Specific provision	(2,899)	(13,356)	(16,255)	(2,521)	(15,020)	(17,541)
General provision	(2,313)	(675)	(2,988)	(1,933)	(1,432)	(3,365)
Unamortized discount on loans with concessionary interest	-	(450)	(450)	-	-	-
	451,514	3,948	455,462	400,051	2,663	402,714
Accrued interest	7,845	352	8,197	7,319	455	7,774
Net carrying value	\$ 459,359	\$ 4,300	\$ 463,659	\$ 407,370	\$ 3,118	\$ 410,488

 $<sup>*</sup> Includes\ Manitoba\ Hog\ Assistance,\ BSE\ Recovery,\ Producer\ Recovery,\ Flood\ Proofing\ Assistance\ and\ Enterprise\ Development\ Loans.$ 

## Impaired loans included in the preceding schedule:

		2015		2014					
	Regular Program Loans	Special Assistance Loans*	TOTAL	Regular Program Loans	Special Assistance Loans*	TOTAL			
Impaired loan balance	\$ 16,874	\$ 16,672	\$ 33,546	\$ 12,035	\$ 15,118	\$ 27,153			
Specific provision	(2,899)	(13,356)	(16,255)	(2,521)	(15,020)	(17,541)			
	\$ 13,975	\$ 3,316	\$ 17,291	\$ 9,514	\$ 98	\$ 9,612			

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Manitoba Hog Assistance, BSE Recovery, Producer Recovery, Flood Proofing Assistance and Enterprise Development Loans.

A loan becomes impaired as a result of deterioration in credit quality to the extent that MASC no longer has reasonable assurance of timely collection of the full amount of principal and interest. The table above provides the amount of impaired loans and the specific provision for credit losses on these loans as of March 31, 2015. A total of \$1,534,000 (2014 - \$1,464,000) of interest on impaired loans was included in revenue for the year ended March 31, 2015.

## Provisions for impaired loans:

			20	15			20	014	
		Regular Program Loans	A	Special ssistance Loans*	TOTAL	Regular Program Loans	А	Special ssistance Loans*	TOTAL
Beginning provision balance	\$	4,454	\$	16,452	\$ 20,906	\$ 4,366	\$	26,545	\$ 30,911
Write-offs, net of recoveries		(4)		(588)	(592)	(72)		(6,347)	(6,419)
Provision (recovery) expense		762		(1,833)	(1,071)	160		(3,746)	(3,586)
Ending provision balance	\$	5,212	\$	14,031	\$ 19,243	\$ 4,454	\$	16,452	\$ 20,906

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Manitoba Hog Assistance, BSE Recovery, Producer Recovery, Flood Proofing Assistance and Enterprise Development Loans.

Included in loans receivable is a specific provision of \$16,255,000 (2014 - \$17,541,000) and a general provision of \$2,988,000 (2014 - \$3,365,000) that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amount established for specific and general provisions of \$19,243,000 (see Note 2 (B)) could change substantially in the future, if the factors considered by management in establishing these estimates change significantly.

Loans receivable are secured by tangible assets consisting predominantly of land, followed by buildings, livestock and other assets. The estimated value of such tangible securities is \$873,104,000 (2014 - \$822,371,000).

## Remaining terms to maturities are as follows:

		2015			2014	
	Regular Program Loans	Special Assistance Loans*	TOTAL	Regular Program Loans	Special Assistance Loans*	TOTAL
Less than 5 years	\$ 59,649	\$ 14,362	\$ 74,011	\$ 47,538	\$ 18,748	\$ 66,286
5 years to up to 10 years	76,356	67	76,423	74,301	367	74,668
10 years to up to 15 years	88,627	-	88,627	88,346	-	88,346
15 years to up to 20 years	135,115	4,000	139,115	118,361	-	118,361
More than 20 years	96,979	-	96,979	75,959	-	75,959
Recorded investment	\$ 456,726	\$ 18,429	\$ 475,155	\$ 404,505	\$ 19,115	\$ 423,620

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Manitoba Hog Assistance, BSE Recovery, Producer Recovery, Flood Proofing Assistance and Enterprise Development Loans.

## 13. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities at March 31, 2015 consist of the following:

	ending grams	,	nsurance Program	D Comper	Vildlife amage nsation rogram	Livestoc Ins	lestern k Price urance ogram	P	Other rograms	;	2015	2014
Accounts payable - general	\$ -	\$	3,612	\$	407	\$	256	\$	679	\$ 4	,954	\$ 6,089
Salaries and benefits	52		451		10		2		441		956	1,973
Accrued vacation pay	-		1,248		-		-		-	1	,248	1,248
Other*	266		3,072		-		-		10,728	14	,066	14,557
	\$ 318	\$	8,383	\$	417	\$	258	\$	11,848	\$ 21	,224	\$ 23,867

<sup>\*</sup> Other Programs accounts payable of \$10,728 includes amounts owing to the Province of Manitoba (\$10,596) and the Government of Canada (\$132) for various other programs administered by MASC.

## 14. CLAIMS PAYABLE\*

	2015	2014
Agrilnsurance Program	\$ 8,397	\$ 4,840
Hail Insurance Program	13	-
Wildlife Damage Compensation Program	213	373
Farmland School Tax Rebate Program	2,033	6,861
Other Programs	6,297	7,528
	\$ 16,953	\$ 19,602

<sup>\*</sup>Includes claims approved but not paid and provisions for outstanding claims.

## 15. LOANS FROM THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

Following the practices established by the Province of Manitoba, MASC must repay advances according to the amortization schedule or be subject to a prepayment penalty. The prepayment penalty is calculated as the net present value of the future cash flows of the loan being prepaid minus the net present value of a loan with the same terms, except for the interest rate, which is equal to the rate for a semi-annual non-callable Province of Manitoba bond with the same term to maturity. Advances are repayable in equal annual blended installments of principal and interest, with March 31, 2015 interest rates ranging from 0.960% to 7.625% (2014 - 1.340% to 7.625%).

Maturities of principal over the following terms	2015	2014
1 year	\$ 96,276	\$ 82,967
2 years	50,037	49,965
3 years	51,658	43,585
4 years	44,687	41,060
5 years	41,301	37,941
More than 5 years	198,590	182,590
	\$ 482,549	\$ 438,108

## 16. LOAN GUARANTEES AND CONTINGENCIES

(A) Contingent liabilities and the corresponding provisions for MASC's loan guarantee programs as of March 31, 2015 are shown below:

		2015			2014		
	Contingent liability	Provision for losses	Net Contingent Liability	Contingent liability	Provision for losses	Net Contingent Liability	
Operating Credit Guarantees for Agriculture	\$ 9,441	\$ (944)	\$ 8,497	\$ 9,389	\$ (939)	\$ 8,450	
Operating Credit Guarantees for Rural Small Business	132	(13)	119	148 (15)		133	
Manitoba Livestock Associations Loan Guarantees	5,399	(1,080)	4,319	5,009	(1,002)	4,007	
Enhanced Diversification Loan Guarantees	53,797	(11,419) <b>42,3</b> 7		54,542	(11,342)	43,200	
Rural Entrepreneur Assistance Program	9,983	(1,735)	8,248	10,422	(1,802)	8,620	
	\$ 78,752	\$ (15,191)	\$ 63,561	\$ 79,510	\$ (15,100)	\$ 64,410	

The change in the provision for guaranteed loan losses is as follows:

	2015	2014
Beginning provision balance	\$ 15,100	\$ 16,176
Write-offs, net of recoveries	(43)	(138)
Provision expense (recovery)	134	(938)
Ending provision balance	\$ 15,191	\$ 15,100

The Operating Credit Guarantee for Agriculture Program was introduced in 2003, replacing the Guaranteed Operating Loan Program. Participating lending institutions are provided a guarantee of 25% of the maximum amount advanced on an individual's line of credit (not to exceed 25% of the approved operating limit). The maximum allowable loan is \$700,000 for individuals and \$1,000,000 for partnerships, corporations and co-operatives.

The Operating Credit Guarantee for Rural Small Business Program was introduced in 2009. Participating lending institutions are provided a guarantee of the lesser of 25% of the maximum amount advanced on an individual's line of credit (not to exceed 25% of the approved operating limit) or 75% of the lender's actual eligible loss. To be eligible for the program, annual sales have to be less than \$2,000,000. The maximum allowable loan is \$200,000.

The Manitoba Livestock Associations Loan Guarantee Program was introduced in 1991. For each livestock association, MASC provides a 25% guarantee to the association's lending institution, based on a maximum loan of \$5,000,000 per association.

The Diversification Loan Guarantee Program was introduced in 1995 to provide guarantees on loans made by participating lenders for diversification or farm value-added activities. Under this program, 25% of the lender's total associated loan portfolio was guaranteed. The maximum allowable individual loan was \$3,000,000. The Enhanced Diversification Loan Guarantee Program replaced the Diversification Loan Guarantee Program in 2001. Under the new program, guarantees are based on 25% of the original principal amount of each individual loan, with no maximum loan amount.

The Rural Entrepreneur Assistance (REA) Program provides a guarantee of up to 80% on loans made by participating lenders to small rural non-agricultural businesses. REA guarantees loans up to a maximum of \$200,000. MASC assumed administration of the program in 2005.

(B) Certain legal actions for additional indemnity payments have been commenced by insured producers against MASC. The outcome of these claims cannot be determined at this time.

## 17. FUTURE EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

#### Severance Liability

MASC's employees are eligible for severance, as a result of retirement, permanent layoff or death. Benefits are based on an employee's years of service. Commencing March 31, 1999, MASC began recording the accumulated severance pay benefit. The amount of recorded severance pay obligation is based on actuarial calculations.

Actuarial valuations are carried out every three years to provide an estimate of the accrued liability for severance pay benefits. An actuarial valuation of the severance obligations as of March 31, 2014 was conducted by Ellement & Ellement Ltd., Consulting Actuaries. The key actuarial assumptions include an interest rate of 6.5% (2011 - 6.5%), severance rate of 0.74% of average salary of \$64,946 for administration staff and 0.44% of average salary of \$42,015 for adjusting staff (2011 - 0.72% of average salary of \$59,978 for administration staff and 0.39% of average salary of \$38,454 for adjusting staff), and salary inflation rate increases of 3.75% (2011 - 2.75%). The accrued benefit cost method with salary projection was used.

The average remaining service life of the employees is 13 years. For 2014/15, the amortization of the net actuarial loss was \$11,000 (2014 - 11,000).

Provision for severance liability	2015	2014
Accrued severance obligation, beginning of year	\$ 2,718	\$ 2,424
Benefits accrued	97	92
Interest accrued on benefits	35	158
Benefits paid	(224)	(88)
Actuarial loss	-	132
Accrued severance obligation, end of year	2,626	2,718
Unamortized actuarial loss	(111)	(121)
Provision, end of year	\$ 2,515	\$ 2,597

MASC's severance costs consist of the following:	2015	2014
Benefits accrued	\$ 97	\$ 92
Interest accrued on benefits	35	158
Amortization of experience loss	11	11
Severance cost	\$ 143	\$ 261

## **Pension Liability**

MASC's employees are eligible for defined benefit pensions under The Civil Service Superannuation Act. MASC contributes 50% of the pension disbursements made to retired employees of the former MACC for service up to September 1, 2005. In addition, MASC has pension liability for employees whose earnings are out of the scope of The Civil Service Superannuation Fund plan.

Effective April 1, 1998, the former MCIC became a fully funded matching employer. Upon the formation of MASC, the current pension obligations to the Civil Service Superannuation Board (CSSB) for former MCIC employees continued to be matched by MASC. As a matching employer, MASC discharges its pension liability on a current basis and, therefore, has no additional pension obligation.

Prior to the amalgamation of MACC and MCIC into MASC, MACC did not match employees' current service contributions, and instead contributed 50% of the pension disbursements made to retired employees. Starting September 1, 2005, the current pension contributions for former MACC employees have been matched. MASC accrues a provision for its liability for the pensionable service that was earned by former MACC employees prior to September 1, 2005, which includes future cost of living adjustments based on an actuarial valuation. The Province of Manitoba provides funding for this liability (Note 9).

Actuarial valuations are carried out every year to provide an estimate of the accrued liability for unfunded pension benefits. An actuarial valuation of the pension obligations as of December 31, 2013 was conducted by Ellement & Ellement Ltd., Consulting Actuaries. The key actuarial assumptions include a rate of return of 6.50% (2012 - 6.50%), inflation of 2.0% (2012 - 2.0%), salary inflation rate increases of 3.75% (2012 - 3.75%), discount rate of 6.0% (2012 – 6.0%) and post-retirement indexing at two-thirds of the inflation rate. The service to date projected benefit method prorated on services has been applied and the liabilities (adjusted for a provision for adverse experience and a trust fund credit) have been estimated to March 31, 2015 all according to the formula prescribed by the consulting actuary.

The average remaining service life of this group of employees is six years. For 2014/15, the amortization of the net actuarial gain was \$63,000 (2014 - \$41,000).

Provision for employer's share of employees' pension plan	2015	2014
Accrued pension obligation, beginning of year	\$ 6,194	\$ 6,260
Interest accrued on benefits	405	415
Benefits paid	(348)	(429
Actuarial (gain) loss	(156)	(52
Accrued pension obligation, end of year	6,095	6,194
Unamortized actuarial gain	240	166
Provision, end of year	\$ 6,335	\$ 6,360
MASC's pension plan costs consist of the following:	2015	2014
Interest accrued on benefits	\$ 405	\$ 415
Interest earned	(11)	(16
Amortization of experience gain	(63)	(41
Pension cost	\$ 331	\$ 358

#### **18. COMMITMENTS**

	2015	2014
Approved, undisbursed loans	\$ 32,384	\$ 19,193
Estimated farm loan incentives	5,704	6,938
Operating leases	194	98
	\$ 38,282	\$ 26,229

The estimated farm loan incentives relate to future payments for the Young Farmer Rebate and Management Training Credit programs. The Young Farmer Rebate is based on rebates that clients under 40 years of age at the time of the loan application can earn for the first five years of a loan, with the rebate being applied to the client's loan balance. The Management Training Credit is deducted from the loan balance once the eligible training has been completed. Management Training Credits are no longer being offered, with the program in a run-off situation in respect of existing obligations.

The operating lease commitments are for equipment and vehicles.

#### 19. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

	Leasehold Improvements	Furniture and Equipment	Computer Hardware and Software	2015	2014
Cost					
Beginning of year	\$ 344	\$ 435	\$ 493	\$ 1,272	\$ 1,254
Additions	178	-	45	223	45
Disposals and write-downs	-	-	-	-	(27)
	522	435	538	1,495	1,272
Accumulated amortization					
Beginning of year	344	347	429	1,120	1,086
Amortization expense	9	20	32	61	58
Disposals and write-downs	-	-	-	-	(24)
	353	367	461	1,181	1,120
Net book value at March 31, 2015	\$ 169	\$ 68	\$ 77	\$ 314	\$ 152

#### 20. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Financial instruments comprise the majority of MASC's assets and liabilities. For lending operations, MASC borrows from the Province of Manitoba at fixed interest rates and then provides fixed term loans to clients at interest rates that generally earn a reasonable interest rate margin to cover associated administrative expenses. For insurance operations, MASC places the retained funds mainly in short-term investments, in order to have sufficient capital available to make insurance payments when losses exceed the current year's premium income plus interest revenue less reinsurance premiums.

MASC's risk management policies are designed to: identify and analyze risk, set appropriate risk limits and controls, and monitor the risks and adherence to limits by means of reliable and up-to-date information systems. The Board of Directors approves these policies and management is responsible for ensuring that the policies are properly carried out. The Board of Directors receives confirmation that the risks are being appropriately managed through regular reporting, third-party compliance reporting and by reviews conducted by MASC's internal auditors.

MASC is exposed to credit, liquidity and market risks in respect of its use of financial instruments.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the likelihood of one party to a financial instrument failing to discharge an obligation and causing financial loss to the counter party. The financial instruments that potentially subject MASC to credit risk mainly consist of accounts receivable, loans receivable and guarantees on loans. MASC's investments are held by the Province of Manitoba, which guarantees the associated payments of principal and interest.

MASC's maximum possible exposure to credit risk is as follows:

	2015	2014
Investments	\$ 350,596	\$ 310,822
Accounts receivable	4,490	4,914
Receivables from the Province of Manitoba	13,425	15,123
Receivables from the Government of Canada	8,330	12,115
Loans receivable	463,659	410,488
Loan guarantees	78,752	79,510
	\$ 919,252	\$ 832,972

Investments - MASC is not exposed to significant credit risk as its investments are held by the Province of Manitoba, with a guarantee of the associated payments of principal and interest.

Accounts Receivable - MASC's accounts receivable consist largely of insurance premiums due from participating producers. The insurance programs offer credit for producer premiums, which are due and payable at the time of billing. Interest is charged on premiums that are not paid by October 31 of that crop year, with March 31 being the final payment deadline. MASC terminates the insurance contracts of producers who do not make acceptable payment arrangements prior to the upcoming crop year. The importance of insurance programs to the financial well being of an ongoing farming operation serves to mitigate the credit risk associated with the non-payment of insurance premiums.

Receivables from the Province of Manitoba and the Government of Canada - MASC is not exposed to significant credit risk given the very high probability that payment in full will be collected when due.

Loans Receivable - Impairment provisions are provided for losses that have been incurred as of the end of the fiscal year. Significant changes in the economic well being of Manitoba's agricultural industry or the deterioration of specific sectors of the industry, which represent a concentration within MASC's overall loan portfolio, may result in losses that differ from those provided for as of the date of the Statement of Financial Position. Management of credit risk associated with loans is an integral part of MASC's activities, with careful monitoring and appropriate remedial actions.

The Board of Directors is responsible for approving and monitoring MASC's tolerance of credit exposures, which it does through review and approval of the guidelines for lending and loan guarantee programs and by setting general limits on credit exposures to individual clients. MASC has comprehensive policy and procedures manuals in place for all lending programs. In general, MASC emphasizes responsible lending, which is comprised of a combination of adequate loan security and a client's ability to pay.

MASC is also mandated to deliver higher risk special assistance loan programs on behalf of the Government of Manitoba and economic development loans as directed by the Manitoba Government, which fall outside the normal limits set out in regular loan policies. These loans have provisions for credit losses that are established by the Provincial Treasury Board. In addition, MASC closely monitors the performance of these loans in an effort to mitigate losses. Special assistance loans make up 4% of MASC's overall lending portfolio.

Summarized below are the loan balances that are past due but not impaired.

		2015					2014					
	Progra	Regular m Loans		Special Loans*		TOTAL	Progra	Regular nm Loans		Special Loans*		TOTAL
Less than 1 year in arrears	\$	3,340	\$	15	\$	3,355	\$	5,054	\$	158	\$	5,212
1 to 2 years in arrears		2,176		52		2,228		2,605		276		2,881
Over 2 years in arrears		-		-		-		20		87		107
	\$	5,516	\$	67	\$	5,583	\$	7,679	\$	521	\$	8,200

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Manitoba Hog Assistance, BSE Recovery, Producer Recovery, Flood Proofing Assistance and Enterprise Development Loans.

Loans that are past due but not impaired generally reflect situations where it is thought that the client has sufficient cash flow to meet their payment obligations and the loan is adequately secured. The majority of MASC's term loans have semi-annual payments and therefore a loan that is in the "Less than 1 year" category is generally only one payment in arrears. Two payments in arrears put the loan in the "1 to 2 years" category. In addition, Stocker Loans, which provide short-term financing for the purchase or retention of feeder cattle, are due at the end of the term, which is generally one year. Any delay in the sale of the cattle at the end of the term technically puts the loan in arrears, however, such loans are normally paid in full once the associated cattle are sold.

MASC's lending exposure, as provided in Note 12 is broken down by agricultural sector as shown in the table below:

## Loans Receivable by Agricultural Sector

		2015		2014					
	Regular Program Loans	Special Assistance Loans*	TOTAL	Regular Program Loans	Special Assistance Loans*	TOTAL			
Grains and oilseeds	\$ 280,549	\$ 1,941	\$ 282,490	\$ 256,744	\$ 2,329	\$ 259,073			
Potatoes	396	-	396	621	-	621			
Other crops	10,141	66	10,207	8,175	64	8,239			
Cattle	143,146	2,360	145,506	100,189	4,095	104,284			
Hogs	2,328	10,128	12,456	3,995	12,753	16,748			
Poultry	2,942	-	2,942	3,806	-	3,806			
Dairy	13,579	-	13,579	9,971	17	9,988			
Other	11,490	4,286	15,776	28,323	312	28,635			
Provisions and concessions	(5,212)	(14,481)	(19,693)	(4,454)	(16,452)	(20,906)			
	\$ 459,359	\$ 4,300	\$ 463,659	\$ 407,370	\$ 3,118	\$ 410,488			

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Manitoba Hog Assistance, BSE Recovery, Producer Recovery, Flood Proofing Assistance and Enterprise Development Loans.

Given that the Province of Manitoba provides funding for the full amount of loans that are written off, MASC's loans receivable risk is minimal.

Loan Guarantees - MASC provides loan guarantees to private sector financial institutions, which encourage the provision of credit to operations that financial institutions consider to be higher risk. Each loan guarantee request is reviewed to assess its viability and to ensure a fit within the established program parameters. Loan guarantees are approved based on a delegated approval authority. MASC's loan guarantee activity involves five separate programs: Operating Credit Guarantees for Rural Small Business and Rural Entrepreneur Assistance (REA), which are directed at rural non-agricultural businesses; Manitoba Livestock Associations Loan Guarantees, which are directed at the cattle industry; and Operating Credit Guarantees for Agriculture and Diversification Loan Guarantees, which are generally available to Manitoba's agricultural industry.

MASC's loan guarantee exposure by agricultural sector is summarized below:

## Loan Guarantees by Agricultural Sector

	Diversification Loan Guarantees		Operating Credit Guarant	tees	
_	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Grains and oilseeds	-	-	55%	53%	
Potatoes	5%	5%	5%	10%	
Other crops	1%	-	2%	4%	
Cattle	-	-	17%	14%	
Hogs	34%	39%	8%	10%	
Poultry	9%	8%	1%	1%	
Dairy	48%	45%	2%	2%	
Other	3%	3%	10%	6%	
	100%	100%	100%	100%	

The Province of Manitoba provides funding for all claims by private sector financial institutions on loan guarantees, resulting in minimal associated risk to MASC.

### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to investments, loans receivable and advances from the Province of Manitoba.

Investments - MASC's investment portfolio is mainly in short-term interest bearing investments. These investments are normally held to maturity so changes in interest rates do not affect the value of the investments. All of MASC's investments are placed through Manitoba Finance.

Loans Receivable/Loans from the Province of Manitoba - MASC borrows funds for lending operations from the Province of Manitoba at fixed rates and normally lends those funds to clients at 1.5 percentage points above the associated borrowing rate. The vast majority of loans from the Province of Manitoba have fixed interest rates for the full term of the advance and MASC only offers fixed interest rate loans to its clients. This arrangement mitigates MASC's interest rate risk; however, some interest rate risk is imparted through MASC's lending policy of allowing prepayment of loans without penalty, given that MASC does not have the offsetting ability to prepay the associated advances from the Province of Manitoba without penalty. MASC mitigates this risk by closely matching the cash flow from client loan payments, including estimated annual prepayments, to the cash flow required to repay advances from the Province of Manitoba.

		Scheduled Repayments							
	With	nin 1 Year	1 to 5 Years	6 to 10 Years	Over 10 Years	Not Interest Rate Sensitive*		2015	2014
Loans receivable	\$	55,116	130,899	115,472	173,668	(11,496)	\$	463,659	\$ 410,488
Average Interest Rate		4.82%	4.88%	4.92%	4.96%	-		4.91%	5.11%
Due to the Province of Manitoba	\$	96,276	187,683	115,217	83,373	-	\$	482,549	\$ 438,108
Average Interest Rate		3.42%	3.66%	3.65%	3.55%	-		3.59%	3.91%
	\$	(41,160)	(56,784)	255	90,295	(11,496)	\$	(18,890)	\$ (27,620)

<sup>\*</sup> Includes provisions for impaired loans, unamortized discount on loans with concessionary interest and accrued interest.

## **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk relates to MASC's ability to access sufficient funds to meet its financial commitments.

Advances from the Province of Manitoba have a direct correlation to the loans receivable, as the funds borrowed are directly lent to MASC clients. Funding is provided by the Province of Manitoba for the full amount of loans that are written off. Consequently, MASC has minimal liquidity risk on its lending portfolio in respect of advances from the Province of Manitoba.

MASC's primary liquidity risk relates to its liability for insurance claims. MASC does not have material liabilities that can be called unexpectedly at the demand of a lender or client, and has no material commitments for capital expenditures, or need for same, in the normal course of business.

Insurance indemnities are funded firstly out of current net revenue, which normally exceeds cash requirements. In addition, insurance program funds are retained and placed in short-term investments, making such funds available to pay claims in excess of current net revenue. Private sector reinsurance is in place for Agrilnsurance and Hail Insurance, providing significant protection against catastrophic losses. If all of the above are exhausted for Agrilnsurance, the Government of Canada and the Province of Manitoba have an agreement in place that provides for unlimited additional funding for claim payments (Note 23). MASC also has the ability to borrow funds from the Province of Manitoba for Agrilnsurance and Hail Insurance, if required.

## 21. ACTUARIAL REVIEW

Actuarial certifications of Agrilnsurance premium rates and the financial self-sustaining ability of the overall program were completed by Towers Watson, consulting actuaries, in July and October 2012, respectfully. The actuarial review concluded that: the premium rate methodologies are actuarially sound and therefore sufficient to meet expected claim costs over time; and that the entire program meets the overall financial self-sustaining criteria, as defined by the Government of Canada. The actuarial review of the methodologies used to establish the probable yields and coverage levels was completed in October 2013, and with the finding that the methodologies reflect the productive capabilities. MASC requires that all program changes receive actuarial approval prior to implementation and that the probable yield tests as prescribed by the Federal Government be completed annually.

## 22. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

MASC is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba departments, agencies and Crown corporations. MASC enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount.

Information is provided throughout these statements which disclose the significant related party transactions MASC entered into, with the exception of the following:

	2015	2014
Interest earned on investments from the Province of Manitoba	\$ 3,491	\$ 2,540
Interest paid on loans from the Province of Manitoba	\$ 16,619	\$ 15,583

## 23. REINSURANCE FUNDS

## **Agrilnsurance**

In accordance with the terms of the reinsurance agreement between the Government of Canada and the Province of Manitoba, the two levels of government maintain separate reinsurance accounts. MASC pays reinsurance premiums to the Crop Reinsurance Fund of Canada for Manitoba and to the Crop Reinsurance Fund of Manitoba, based on the amount of premiums collected and the cumulative financial balance of the Agrilnsurance Program.

When indemnities paid to insured producers exceed the funds retained by MASC, after accounting for private sector reinsurance recoveries, transfers are made from the reinsurance funds to MASC. Interest is not credited or charged to the respective reinsurance funds by the Government of Canada or the Province of Manitoba. The balances in the Crop Reinsurance Fund of Canada for Manitoba and the Crop Reinsurance Fund of Manitoba are held by the Government of Canada and the Province of Manitoba, respectively. Federal-provincial reinsurance is essentially an agreement on how to share the financing of any deficits in the Agrilnsurance Program.

	Crop Reinsurance Fund of Canada for Manitoba		Crop Reinsurance Fund of Manitoba		
	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Opening surplus	\$ 36,056	\$ 18,703	\$ 58,075	\$ 40,722	
Current year premium contributions (net)*	(16)	17,353	(15)	17,353	
Net book value	\$ 36,040	\$ 36,056	\$ 58,060	\$ 58,075	

<sup>\*</sup> For 2014/15, there were no current year premium contributions, as the reinsurance premium rates for the year were zero. The negative amounts are the result of prior year adjustments and are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, which is an expense of \$11,000 (2014 - \$8,000).

In addition to the financial protection provided by federal-provincial reinsurance as noted above, MASC entered into a one-year agreement with private sector reinsurers for the 2014 crop year. The agreement involves 34 reinsuring companies assuming 90% (2014 - 90%) of losses (including deemed losses for adjusting expenses and a deemed loss of premium as a result of insurable land that is unseeded due to excess moisture) from 15.0% to 27.5% of Agrilnsurance liability (coverage). Reinsurance premiums were \$33,272,000 (2014 - \$40,890,000). There was an \$81,000 private sector reinsurance claim reversal reimbursement (2014 - \$119,000 claim reversal reimbursement) for outstanding prior year claims.

#### **Hail Insurance**

For 2014/15, MASC entered into a one-year agreement with private sector reinsurers for the Hail Insurance Program. The agreement involves 18 reinsuring companies assuming 90% of hail insurance losses (including actual loss adjusting expenses) from 4.25% to 7.00% of hail insurance liability (coverage). Reinsurance premiums were \$1,586,000 (2014 - \$1,785,000), with no reinsurance recoveries (2014 - nil).

## Schedule 1: Schedule of Administrative Expenses

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

	2015	2014
Adjustors' wages, benefits and expenses	\$ 5,110	\$ 4,795
Advertising	323	345
Amortization expense	61	62
Appeal Tribunal	(256)	(1,178)
Audit fees and legal	363	253
Directors' remuneration and expense	95	112
Furniture and equipment	74	63
Information technology	658	418
Office rental and utilities	1,189	1,158
Other administrative expenses	891	541
Other administrative recoveries	(803)	(852)
Postage	180	143
Printing and office supplies	171	179
Salaries and employee benefits	11,840	12,176
Telephone	212	221
Travel and vehicle expenses	370	354
Total administrative expenses	\$ 20,478	\$ 18,790
Administrative expenses allocation:		
Lending Programs	\$ 4,311	\$ 4,517
Agrilnsurance Program	11,429	9,776
Hail Insurance Program	3,390	3,765
Wildlife Damage Compensation Program	448	494
Farmland School Tax Rebate Program	613	791
Western Livestock Price Insurance Program	1,067	751
Other Programs	(780)	(1,304)
Total administrative expenses	\$ 20,478	\$ 18,790

## Schedule 2: Schedule of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 | IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS

	LENI PROG			URANCE GRAM	HAIL INS PROG	
	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
REVENUE						
Insurance Premiums						
Insured producers	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94,298	\$ 116,905	\$ 26,511	\$ 30,387
Province of Manitoba	-	-	55,473	68,944	-	-
Government of Canada	-	-	83,209	103,418	-	-
	-	-	232,980	289,267	26,511	30,387
Interest from loans	22,011	20,296	-	-	-	-
Other contributions - Province of Manitoba	1,671	7,593	4,590	3,935	-	-
Other contributions - Government of Canada		_	6,857	5,865		
Investment income	52	24	2,363	1,461	- 1,197	1,204
Other income	408	643	(81)	(119)	1,197	1,204
Total revenue	24,142	28,556	246,709	300,409	27,708	31,591
EXPENSE	24,142	20,330	240,709	300,409	27,708	31,391
nsurance indemnities and compensation						
payments	-	-	169,732	95,163	12,274	24,480
Reinsurance premiums (Note 23)	-	-	33,250	75,605	1,586	1,785
nterest on borrowed funds	16,619	15,583	-	-	-	-
Provision (recoveries) for credit losses	(1,071)	(3,585)	145	3	23	8
Provision (recoveries) for guaranteed loan losses (Note 16)	134	(938)	-	-	-	-
Young farmer incentives	2,031	1,898	19	25	-	-
Loan interest concession	546	-	-	_	-	-
Farmland school tax rebates (Note 5)	-	-	-	_	-	-
Other program payments (Note 7)	-	-	-	_	-	-
Administrative expenses (Schedule 1)	4,311	4,517	11,429	9,776	3,390	3,765
Total expenses	22,570	17,475	214,575	180,572	17,273	30,038
Income (loss) for the year	1,572	11,081	32,134	119,837	10,435	1,553
Accumulated surplus (deficit),	1,512	11,001	32,13 <sup>-</sup> f	112,037	10,733	.,555
beginning of year	(33,313)	(44,394)	215,084	95,247	71,638	70,085
Surplus (deficit), end of year	\$ (31,741)	\$ (33,313)	\$ 247,218	\$ 215,084	\$ 82,073	\$ 71,638

WILDLIFE D		FARMLAND TAX REE PROGR	BATE	WESTERN LI PRICE INSU PROGR	JRANCE	OTH PROGR		TOTAL	TOTAL
2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 979	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$121,788	\$ 147,292
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55,473	68,944
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	83,209	103,418
-	-	-	-	979	-	-	-	260,470	319,654
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,011	20,296
1,915	1,692	33,982	32,522	427	301	(1,444)	(14,418)	41,141	31,625
2.252	2.005			640	450	2,197	4.453	11 047	12 772
2,253	2,005	-	-	640	450	·	4,452	11,947	12,772
-	-	39	61	6	-	117	144	3,774	2,894
 4 160	2 607	- 24.021		- 2.052	751	109	(0.703)	436	553
 4,168	3,697	34,021	32,583	2,052	751	979	(9,793)	339,779	387,794
3,720	3,203	-	-	-	-	-	-	185,726	122,846
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,836	77,390
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,619	15,583
-	-	10	1	-	-	147	(173)	(746)	(3,746)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	134	(938)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,050	1,923
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	546	-
-	-	33,398	31,791	-	-	-	-	33,398	31,791
-	-	-	-	-	-	1,612	(8,316)	1,612	(8,316)
 448	494	613	791	1,067	751	(780)	(1,304)	20,478	18,790
 4,168	3,697	34,021	32,583	1,067	751	979	(9,793)	294,653	255,323
-	-	-	-	985	-	-	-	45,126	132,471
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	253,409	120,938
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 985	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 298,535	\$ 253,409

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

## Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements and note disclosures are the responsibility of management of Manitoba Arts Council and have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board. The financial statements have been reviewed by the Audit/Finance/HR Committee and approved by the Council on June 22, 2015.

In management's opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality, incorporating management's best judgments regarding all necessary estimates and other data available as at the date of approval of the financial statements by the Council.

Management maintains internal controls to properly safeguard the assets and to provide reasonable assurance that the books and records from which the financial statements are derived accurately reflect all transactions and that established policies and procedures are being followed.

The financial statements have been audited by Magnus Chartered Accountants LLP, independent external auditors. The responsibility of the auditor is to express an independent opinion on whether the financial statements of Manitoba Arts Council are fairly presented, in all material respects, in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations. The Independent Auditors' Report outlines the scope of the audit and provides the audit opinion on the financial statements.

On behalf of Management of Manitoba Arts Council

Original Document Signed

Douglas Riske Executive Director



MAGNUS CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS LLP. ADVISORY. ASSURANCE. TAXATION. TRANSACTIONS

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of the Council of Manitoba Arts Council

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Arts Council, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, the statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Arts Council as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations.

June 22, 2015 Winnipeg, Canada

Magnus Chartered Accountants LLP

## **Statement of Financial Position**

March 31, 2015

\$0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$0 0 0 0	Total 2015  \$360,347     3,055     138,632 <b>502,034</b> 36,000  203,598  22,479 <b>\$764,111</b> \$133,770     426,377 <b>560,147</b>	Total 2014  \$470,505     7,368     165,355 <b>643,228</b> 36,000  200,401  14,986  \$894,615
\$0 0 0 0 0 0 \$0 \$0 0	\$360,347 3,055 138,632 <b>502,034</b> 36,000 203,598 22,479 <b>\$764,111</b> \$133,770 426,377	\$470,505 7,368 165,355 <b>643,228</b> 36,000 200,401 14,986
0 0 0 0 0 0 \$0 \$0 0	3,055 138,632 <b>502,034</b> 36,000 203,598 22,479 <b>\$764,111</b> \$133,770 426,377	7,368 165,355 <b>643,228</b> 36,000 200,401 14,986
0 0 0 0 0 \$0 \$0 0	138,632 502,034 36,000 203,598 22,479 \$764,111 \$133,770 426,377	165,355 643,228 36,000 200,401 14,986
0 0 0 0 <b>\$0</b> <b>\$0</b> 0	\$133,770 426,377	643,228 36,000 200,401 14,986
0 0 <b>\$0</b> <b>\$0</b> 0 0	203,598 22,479 \$764,111 \$133,770 426,377	200,401
\$0 \$0 \$0 0 0	\$764,111 \$133,770 426,377	14,986
\$0 \$0 0 0	<b>\$764,111</b> \$133,770 426,377	
\$0 0 <b>0</b>	\$133,770 426,377	\$894,615
0 0 0	426,377	
0 0 0	426,377	
0 0 0	426,377	\$136,110
0	560,147	467,293
		603,403
0	73,903	63,596
0		
U	22,479	14,986
0	107,582	212,630
0	130,061	227,616
\$0	\$764,111	\$894,615
	0	0 107,582 130,061

The accompanying notes are an integral component of these financial statements.

Statement of Operations Year ended March 31, 2015

	Grants &			
	Programs	Bridges	Total	Total
	Fund	Fund	2015	2014
REVENUE				
Province of Manitoba - Operating Grant	\$8,598,000	\$0	\$8,598,000	\$8,598,000
Province of Manitoba - Bridges Grant	0	875,000	875,000	875,000
Province of Manitoba - Manitoba Theatre Centre	0	150,000	150,000	150,000
Other	45,000		45,000	59,194
Investment Income	14,099	0	14,099	25,777
	8,657,099	1,025,000	9,682,099	9,707,971
EXPENSES ORGANIZATIONS				
Annual & Operating Grants				
Arts Training Schools	162,500	0	162,500	162,500
Arts Fraining Schools Arts Service Organizations	94,000	0	94,000	95,000
Dance Companies	882,500	0	882,500	900,000
Music Organizations	1,197,060	0	1,197,060	1,199,000
Theatre Companies	1,651,700	150,000	1,801,700	1,864,000
Visual Arts Organizations	881,840	0	881,840	889,000
Book Publishers	268,200	0	268,200	271,000
Periodical Publishers	207,690	0	207,690	211,225
	5,345,490	150,000	5,495,490	5,591,725
Touring Grants	304,000	0	304,000	320,000
Presentation Grants	363,380	0	363,380	363,936
Special Grants	1,000	29,000	30,000	1,000
Management & Governance	0	0	0	32,500
	6,013,870	179,000	6,192,870	6,309,161
INDIVIDUALS		<del></del>		<del></del>
Professional Development Grants	232,350	0	232,350	249,706
Creation and Production Grants	721,905	0	721,905	658,482
Touring Grants	25,000	0	25,000	18,000
Aboriginal Arts Grants	0	68,000	68,000	69,400
ADTO DEVEL OBJECT	979,255	68,000	1,047,255	995,588
ARTS DEVELOPMENT	404 705	•	404 705	404.054
Residencies	461,725	0	461,725	481,251
ArtsSmarts Projects	115,938	0	115,938	98,450
Award of Distinction	0 6 277	0 78 460	0 94 727	30,000
Special Projects Community Connections & Access	6,277	78,460 164 975	84,737 164,975	111,980 165,840
Community Connections & Access Arts Education Initiatives	0	164,975 21,000	164,975 21,000	165,840 22,000
AND EUROARUH HIRIARIVES	583,940	21,000 <b>264,435</b>	848,375	909,521
	303,340	204,433	040,373	303,321
	7,577,065	511,435	8,088,500	8,214,270
Arts Program Delivery Expenses (Schedule 1)	831,824	183,620	1,015,444	1,027,581
, , ,	8,408,889	695,055	9,103,944	9,241,851
Administrative Expenses (Schedule 2)	706,122	0	706,122	634,454
	9,115,011	695,055	9,810,066	9,876,305
Rescinded Commitments	(30,412)	0	(30,412)	(10,387)
Total Expenses	9,084,599	695,055	9,779,654	9,865,918
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenses	(\$427,500)	\$329,945	(\$97,555)	(\$157,947)

The accompanying notes are an integral component of these financial statements.

## Statement of Changes in Fund Balances Year ended March 31, 2015

	Grants & Program Fund		Bridges Fund		
	Invested In Capital Assets	General		Total 2015	Total 2014
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	\$14,986	\$212,630	\$0	\$227,616	\$385,563
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenses	(14,658)	(412,842)	329,945	(97,555)	(157,947)
Additions to Capital Assets	22,151	(22,151)	0	0	0
Interfund Transfers (Note 10)	0	329,945	(329,945)	0	0
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$22,479	\$107,582	<u>\$0</u>	\$130,061	\$227,616

The accompanying notes are an integral component of these financial statements.

## Statement of Cash Flow

Year ended March 31, 2015

	2015	2014
	2010	2014
Cash provided by (applied to)		
Operating activities:		
(Deficiency) of Revenue over Expenses	(\$97,555)	(\$157,947)
Adjustment for:		
Amortization of capital assets	14,658	11,804
	(82,897)	(146,143)
Changes in the following:		
Accounts receivable	4,313	17,453
Prepaid administrative and grant expenses	26,723	(150,437)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(2,340)	10,516
Commitments for grants and programs	(40,916)	100,778
Employee future benefits	10,307	9,996
	(1,913)	(11,694)
Cash (applied to) operating activities	(84,810)	(157,837)
Investing activities:		
Change in portfolio investments	(3,197)	(3,448)
Cash (applied to) investing activities	(3,197)	(3,448)
Capital activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets	(22,151)	(4,490)
Cash (applied to) capital activities	(22,151)	(4,490)
Change in cash and cash equivalents	(110,158)	(165,775)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	470,505	636,280
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$360,347	\$470,505

The accompanying notes are an integral component of these financial statements.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of Organization

The Arts Council Act established the Manitoba Arts Council (the "Council") in 1965 to "...promote the study, enjoyment, production and performance of works in the arts." The Council is a registered charity (public foundation) and, as such, is exempt from income taxes under The Income Tax Act (Canada).

#### 2. Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board, including the standards available to government not-for-profit organizations (PS 4200 - PS 4270).

#### 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Fund Accounting

The financial statements disclose the activities of the following funds maintained by the Council:

#### (i) Grants & Program Fund

This fund reflects the disbursement and administration of grants and programs in the spirit of the aims and objects of the Council as defined in *The Arts Council Act*.

#### (ii) Bridges Fund

This fund was established in June of 1999 to generate new initiatives in art development and practice, enhance public access to the arts and enhance administrative and governance skills for arts organizations. As well, the program will encourage new partnerships, provide more opportunities for professional development and assist in audience development. The excess of revenues over expenditures, if any, is transferred to the Grants & Programs Fund at an amount determined by the Council to fulfill similar goals and objectives.

#### (b) Revenue Recognition

#### (i) Contributions

The Council follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Externally restricted contributions are deferred and recognized as revenue in the applicable fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted and internally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the applicable fund when received or receivable and when collection is reasonably assured.

#### ( ii) Investment Income

Investment income is recognized on the accrual basis.

#### (c) Expenses

All expenses incurred are recognized on the accrual basis when the related goods or services are received.

#### (d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and short term deposits and investments with original maturities of three months or less.

#### (e) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. An allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded when there is uncertainty whether the amounts will be collected.

#### (f) Portfolio Investments

Portfolio investments include term deposits and investments with original maturities greater than three months. These investments are recognized at cost.

#### (g) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recognized at cost. Cost includes the purchase price and other acquisition costs. The costs of capital assets, less any residual value, are amortized over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Office furniture and equipment 5-10 years straight line Computer hardware and software 3 years straight line

### (h) Collections of Musical Instruments and Works of Visual Art

The Council has collections of musical instruments and works of visual art which are not recognized in the financial statements. See Note 7 for information relating to the Council's collections.

#### 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (i) Liabilities

Liabilities are present obligations as a result of transactions and events occurring at or prior to the end of the fiscal year, the settlement of which will result in the future transfer or use of assets or other form of settlement. Liabilities are recognized when there is an appropriate basis of measurement and a reasonable estimate can be made of the amount involved.

#### (j) Commitments for Grants and Programs

Grants and program commitments are recognized as expenses when funding is formally approved and committed by the Council. Cancellations of prior years' grant expenses are reflected as rescinded commitments in the statement of operations in the year of cancellation.

#### (k) Financial Instruments - Measurement

Financial instruments are classified into one of two measurement categories: (a) fair value; or (b) cost or amortized cost.

The Council records its financial assets at cost, which include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, portfolio investments and recoverable from the Province of Manitoba. The Council also records its financial liabilities at cost, which include accounts payable and accrued liabilities and commitments for grants and programs

Gains and losses on financial instruments measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the statement of operations in the period the gain or loss occurs. Gains and losses on any financial instruments measured at fair value are recorded in accumulated surplus as remeasurement gains and losses until realized; upon disposition of the financial instruments, the cumulative remeasurement gains and losses are reclassified to the statement of operations.

#### (I) Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### 4. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at March 31 is comprised of the following:

	2015	2014
Accrued interest	\$2,540	\$5,015
Other receivables	515	2,353
	\$3,055	\$7,368

#### 5. Portfolio investments

As at March 31, 2015, the market value of the Council's portfolio investments is \$205,781 (2014 - \$200,401).

#### 6. Capital Assets

•		2015		2014
•		Accumulated	Net Book	Net Book
	Cost	Amortization	Value	Value
Office furniture and equipment	\$132,775	\$130,636	\$2,139	\$3,192
Computer hardware and software	503,142	482,802	20,340	11,794
	\$635,917	\$613,438	\$22,479	\$14,986

## 7. Collections

#### Works of Visual Art

The Council's collection of works of visual art is comprised of 399 pieces of art currently in the care of the Arts Gallery of Southwestern Manitoba in Brandon, Manitoba and at Council's Winnipeg, Manitoba office. There were no acquisitions, disposals or expenditures on collection items incurred during the year (2014 - \$nil). The most recent appraisal of the visual art collection was completed in 2005 indicating a market value of \$449,222.

#### Musical Instruments

The Manitoba Arts Council jointly owns a collection of stringed instruments with the Unviersities of Manitoba and Brandon, Schools of Music which are for the exclusive use of the students. There were no acquisitions, disposals or expenditures on stringed instruments during the year (2014 - \$nil). The most recent valuation of these instruments indicated a value of \$104,796.

#### 8. Employee Future Benefits

#### Pension Benefits

Employees of the Council are provided pension benefits as a result of the participation of its eligible employees in the Civil Service Superannuation Act (CSSA). The Council participates on a fully funded basis and its contributions of \$50,531 (2014 - \$47,464) represents the total pension expense for the year. Pursuant to the CSSA, the Council has no further liability for pension benefits.

#### Severance Liability

Effective March 31, 1999, Manitoba Arts Council, as a Crown organization, is required to record a severance liability. The Province of Manitoba has recognized an opening liability of \$36,000 as at April 1, 1998 and the Council has recorded a corresponding recoverable from the Province; this recoverable from the Province is designated for future severance obligations of the Council. Any subsequent changes to the severance liability is the responsibility of the Council.

As at March 31, 2015, the Council recorded a severance liability of \$73,903 (2014 - \$63,596) based on the provision of its Employee Handbook and management's best assumptions regarding severance rates and compensation increases. The assumptions used parallel those used by the Province of Manitoba and include a 6% rate of return and 3.75% annual salary increases. The liability is based on actuarial calculations and is updated annually based on a formula included in the most recent actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2013.

The severance liability as at March 31 includes the following components:

	2015	2014
Severance liability, beginning of year	\$63,596	\$53,600
Actuarial (gains) losses	-	-
Interest cost	3,820	3,718
Current service cost	6,487	6,278
Severance benefits paid	-	-
	73,903	63,596
Less: Unamortized actuarial (gains) losses	-	-
Severance liability, end of year	\$73,903	\$63,596

#### 9. Commitments

The Council has entered into an agreement to lease office premises for ten years commencing April 1, 2012. The 2015 basic annual rent was \$127,609. The 2016 basic annual rent is estimated to be \$128,159. Expenses arising from an escalation clause for taxes, insurance, utilities and building maintenance are in addition to the basic rent.

#### 10. Interfund Transfers and Internally Restricted Fund Balances

In 2015, there were no internally restricted funds allocated to programs. In addition, \$329,945 (2014 - \$289,477) was transferred from the Bridges Fund to the Grants & Programs Fund in order to fund the cash outlays for Grants to Organizations and Arts Development Grants during the year.

## 11. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management

The Council does not have any significant financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value or denominated in a foreign currency therefore the Council did not incur any remeasurement gains or losses during the year (2014 - \$nil).

## Financial Risk Management - Overview

The Council has exposure to the following risks resulting from its financial instruments: credit risk; liquidity risk; market risk; interest rate risk; and foreign currency risk.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Council to credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, portfolio investments and recoverable from the Province of Manitoba.

The maximum exposure of the Council to credit risk at March 31 is:

	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents	\$360,347	\$470,505
Accounts receivable	3,055	7,368
Portfolio investments	203,598	200,401
Recoverable from the Province of Manitoba	36,000	36,000
	\$603,000	\$714,274

## Cash and Cash Equivalents and Portfolio Investments

The Council is not exposed to significant credit risk as these amounts are held by a reputable Canadian financial institution and the Minister of Finance.

## Accounts Receivable and Recoverable from the Province of Manitoba

The Council is not exposed to significant credit risk as any significant balances are due from the Province of Manitoba. The Council manages this credit risk through close monitoring and follow up of any overdue accounts. When necessary, the Council establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts that represent its estimate of potential credit losses. The balance in the allowance for doubtful accounts as at March 31, 2015 is \$nil (2014 - \$nil).

#### 11. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (continued)

## Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Council will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Council manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances to meet its obligations.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates, will affect the Council's results of operations or the fair values of its financial instruments.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to cash and cash equivalents and portfolio investments.

The interest rate risk on cash and cash equivalents is considered to be low because of their short-term nature. The interest rate risk on portfolio investments is considered to be low because the original deposits and investments are reinvested at similar rates with similar terms and conditions.

#### Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Council is not exposed to foreign currency risk as it does not have any significant financial instruments denominated in a foreign currency.

## SCHEDULE 1 - ARTS PROGRAM DELIVERY EXPENSES Year ended March 31, 2015

	Grants & Programs	Bridges	Total	Total
	Fund	Fund	2015	2014
Salaries and benefits	\$600,364	\$160,171	\$760,535	\$816,270
Jurors' fees and expenses	76,991	5,079	82,070	53,046
Rent	60,243	14,037	74,280	73,636
Communications	30,195	0	30,195	29,617
Professional fees	25,347	0	25,347	16,161
Staff travel and expenses	13,996	1,927	15,923	12,582
Postage, courier and telephone	9,415	2,164	11,579	12,849
Office supplies	1,671	242	1,913	1,261
Sundry	612	0	612	19
Memberships & partnerships	12,990	0	12,990	12,140
	\$831,824	\$183,620	\$1,015,444	\$1,027,581

## SCHEDULE 2 - ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Year ended March 31, 2015

	Grants & Prog	Grants & Programs Fund	
	2015	2014	
Salaries and benefits	\$452,675	\$411,122	
Council expenses	39,692	34,482	
Rent	54,994	53,377	
Postage, courier and telephone	14,759	8,787	
Office supplies, printing and stationery	12,007	12,628	
Communications:			
Recruitment costs	4,783	0	
Advocacy	1,344	3,610	
Annual report	11,072	153	
Strategic planning	1,855	4,600	
Amortization	14,658	11,804	
Equipment repairs and maintenance	33,042	27,147	
Professional fees	15,348	18,129	
Memberships and subscriptions	12,585	15,123	
Insurance and sundry	7,179	7,017	
Staff travel and expenses	15,129	11,475	
Other (Art Bank Administration)	15,000	15,000	
	\$706,122	\$634,454	

MANITOBA CATTLE ENHANCEMENT COUNCIL AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 WERE NOT AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF PRINTING THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA PUBLIC ACCOUNTS VOLUME IV		

Management Report

The accompanying financial statements of the Manitoba Centennial Centre Corporation (the

"Corporation") are the responsibility of management and have been prepared in accordance with

Canadian public sector accounting standards. We understand that fair presentation of these financial statements includes: providing sufficient information about certain transactions, or events

having an effect on the Corporation's financial position; results of operations and cash flows for

the periods presented that are of such size, nature and incidence that their disclosure is necessary

to understand that effect on the Corporation's financial statements; and providing information in a

manner that is clear and understandable.

Management are responsible for the design, implementation and operation of internal controls to

safeguard the assets of the corporation and to prevent, deter and detect fraud and error,

including internal controls over the financial reporting process.

The responsibility of KPMG is to express an independent, professional opinion on whether the

financial statements of the Corporation are fairly presented in accordance with Canadian public

sector accounting standards. The Auditors' Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and

provides their opinion.

On behalf of Management,

Original Document Signed

Robert Olson

Chief Executive Officer

Original Document Signed

Candace Trussler

Director, Finance & Administration

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KPMG LLP Suite 2000 - One Lombard Place Winnipeg MB R3B 0X3 Canada Telephone (204) 957-1770 Fax (204) 957-0808 Internet www.kpmg.ca

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Manitoba Centennial Centre Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Centennial Centre Corporation which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, the statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



## Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Centennial Centre Corporation as at March 31, 2015, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Signed "KPMG LLP"

**Chartered Accountants** 

June 17, 2015

Winnipeg, Canada

Financial Statements of

# MANITOBA CENTENNIAL CENTRE CORPORATION

Year ended March 31, 2015

## MANITOBA CENTENNIAL CENTRE CORPORATION

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 672,610	\$ 402,969
Term deposits - Province of Manitoba	611,117	767,455
Accounts receivable	424,014	375,108
Capital grant receivable - Province of Manitoba (note 10)	241,576	915,540
Inventory	49,779	40,737
Prepaid expenses	91,478	59,178
Vacation pay recoverable from the Province of		
Manitoba (note 4)	199,964	199,964
	2,290,538	2,760,951
Amounts recoverable - Province of Manitoba:		
Severance (note 4[b])	307,561	307,561
Pension (note 5)	6,490,000	6,368,000
Capital assets (note 6)	1,169,413	1,153,584
Other investments (note 9[b])	106,856	105,695
	\$ 10,364,368	\$ 10,695,791

	2015	2014
Liabilities, Deferred Contribution	s and Fund Balances	5
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued vacation liability (note 4[a]) Capital advances (note 10) Deferred income and rental deposits	\$ 585,746 272,344 48,434 79,040 985,564	\$ 1,161,668 286,185 48,434 39,215 1,535,502
Accrued severance pay (note 4[b]) Accrued sick leave (note 4[c]) Pension liability (note 5)	343,769 41,834 6,490,000	388,056 43,327 6,368,000
Deferred contributions related to capital assets (note 7)	952,615	835,069
Fund balances: Invested in capital assets (note 8) Internally restricted funds (note 9) Unrestricted funds:	216,798 434,123	318,515 425,695
General fund	899,665 1,550,586	781,627 1,525,837
	\$ 10,364,368	\$ 10,695,791
See accompanying notes to financial statements.		
On behalf of the Board:		
Original Document Signed Director	Original Document Signed	_ Director

**Statement of Operations** 

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

				Internally	2015	2014
	General		Capital	restricted	Total	Total
Revenue:						
Concert Hall	\$ 1,438,714	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 1,438,714	\$ 1,324,817
Rental fees	112,668	•	_	_	112,668	294,754
Concession sales	407,450		_	_	407,450	447,461
Parking fees	1,248,946		_	_	1,248,946	1,177,130
Miscellaneous	69,423		_	_	69,423	89,021
	3,277,201		_	_	3,277,201	3,333,183
Province of Manitoba grants:						
Operating	3,077,586		_	_	3,077,586	3,004,045
Amortization of deferred						
contributions (note 7)	_		173,271	_	173,271	183,521
Province of Manitoba -						
pension, net (note 5)	26,761		_	_	26,761	34,476
	3,104,347		173,271	-	3,277,618	3,222,042
City of Winnipeg grant:						
Strategic Economic						
Development grant	31,812		_	_	31,812	25,253
Recoveries of expenses	260,248		_	_	260,248	255,369
Investment income (note 9)	_		_	1,161	1,161	943
Total revenues, grants and						
recoveries	6,673,608		173,271	1,161	6,848,040	6,836,790
Expenses:						
Administration and general	712,751		_	_	712,751	640,831
Amortization of capital assets	· _		274,988	_	274,988	260,436
Bannatyne Condominium	_		_	_	_	108,000
Concession operations	275,000		_	_	275,000	245,356
Building services and						
maintenance	1,434,073		_	_	1,434,073	1,373,720
Host services and special						
projects	413,813		_	_	413,813	385,236
Manitoba Production Centre	245,444		_	_	245,444	252,568
Parking services	249,256		_	_	249,256	262,815
Pension (note 5)	379,335		_	_	379,335	342,405
Security services	552,775		_	_	552,775	523,085
Stage operations	440,684		_	_	440,684	433,492
	4,703,131		274,988	-	4,978,119	4,827,944
Expenses incurred on behalf						
of The Manitoba						
Museum (note 11)	1,845,172		_	_	1,845,172	1,845,606
Total expenses (schedule -						
operating expenses)	6,548,303		274,988	-	6,823,291	6,673,550
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenses	\$ 125,305	\$	(101,717)	\$ 1,161	\$ 24,749	\$ 163,240

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	General	Capital	Internally restricted	2015 Total	2014 Total
Fund balances, beginning of year	\$ 781,627	\$ 318,515	\$ 425,695	\$ 1,525,837	\$ 1,362,597
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	125,305	(101,717)	1,161	24,749	163,240
Transfer from Equipment Purchase Fund (note 9[a])	12,733	_	(12,733)	_	_
Transfer to Special Projects Fund (note 9[a])	(20,000)	_	20,000	_	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 899,665	\$ 216,798	\$ 434,123	\$ 1,550,586	\$ 1,525,837

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	2015	2014
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating:		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 24,749	\$ 163,240
Adjustments for:		
Amortization of deferred contributions	(173,271)	(183,521)
Amortization of capital assets	274,988	260,436
	126,466	240,155
Change in other investments	(1,161)	(943)
Change in accrued severance pay	(44,287)	39,389
Change in accrued sick leave	(1,493)	3,448
Change in non-cash working capital balances:	(	()
Accounts receivable	(48,906)	(86,860)
Inventory	(9,042)	(7,064)
Prepaid expenses	(32,300)	(301)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(575,922)	506,834
Accrued vacation liability	(13,841)	55,471
Deferred income and rental deposits	39,825 (560,661)	1,152 751,281
	(500,001)	751,201
Financing:		
Capital assets grants and advances - Province of Manitoba	964,781	(281,532)
Capital:		
Purchase of capital assets	(290,817)	(278,949)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	113,303	190,800
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,170,424	979,624
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,283,727	\$ 1,170,424
		· · · · ·
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:		
Cash	\$ 672,610	\$ 402,969
Term deposits - Province of Manitoba	611,117	767,455
	\$ 1,283,727	\$ 1,170,424

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of the Corporation's operations:

Manitoba Centennial Centre Corporation (the Corporation) was established in 1968 for the development and management of a permanent arts centre in the City of Winnipeg as the principal memorial in the Province to the centennial anniversaries of the Confederation of Canada and the inclusion of Manitoba as a Province. Its aim and objectives are to maintain and enhance the properties and facilities available to organizations and individuals involved in various elements of the visual and performing arts. The Corporation is exempt from income taxes under Sub-section 149(1) of the *Income Tax Act*.

#### 2. Properties of the Corporation:

The Corporation oversees properties on behalf of the Province of Manitoba. At March 31, 2015, registered titles to these properties, being the Manitoba Centennial Centre, Manitoba Production Centre, parkade, parking lots and other buildings, are held by the Province of Manitoba. These properties are made available at no direct charge to the Corporation.

The Corporation has included the financial results of the Manitoba Production Centre and Condominium property at 211 Bannatyne Avenue within its financial statements as per Letters of Understanding/Agreement between Manitoba Culture, Heritage and Tourism and Manitoba Centennial Centre Corporation dated December 14, 2005 and June 30, 2010, in which the Corporation agreed to manage these properties for the Province. Effective April 1, 2014, the responsibility for overseeing the Condominium property at 211 Bannatyne Avenue reverted back to the Province of Manitoba, with the financial results included in the Corporation's financial statements up to this date.

### 3. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards including PS4200 standards for government not-for-profit organizations.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

#### (a) Fund accounting:

The Corporation's financial statements have been prepared on a fund basis.

The General fund is used to account for the operations of the Corporation.

Internally restricted funds consist of the Foundation of the Future Fund which is to be used towards funding of youth based arts and culture, Manitoba Production Centre Fund which is to be reinvested in that facility, an Equipment Purchases Fund which is used to acquire capital equipment and a Special Projects Fund to support significant one-time expenditures as approved by the Board from time to time. Internally restricted funds cannot be expended without the approval of the Board of Directors.

The Capital Asset fund reports the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses related to capital assets other than assets that are funded by the Province of Manitoba (notes 2, 3[e] and 8).

#### (b) Revenue recognition:

The Corporation follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions which include donations and government grants.

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized to revenue on a straight-line basis corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Revenue from fees contracts and sales of goods is recognized when the services are provided or the goods are sold.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (c) Inventory:

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost, using the first-in, first-out basis, and net replacement cost.

### (d) Cash:

Cash includes cash on hand and balances with banks.

#### (e) Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the Corporation's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value.

Capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis using the following annual rates:

Asset	Rate
Computer equipment	20%
Concert hall refurbishments	10%
Concrete replacement	8%
Equipment and furnishings	20%
Marquee	20%
Office renovations	5% - 10%
Courtyard vestibule	2.5%
Physical plant and building controls	10%
Stage equipment	20%
Security equipment	20%
System and motor controls	10%

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Assets under construction are included in the appropriate asset category. Assets under construction are not amortized until asset construction is complete.

The financial statements of the Corporation exclude capital assets that are recorded as capital assets in the accounts of the Province of Manitoba. Expenditures on these excluded assets, and the related advances from the Province of Manitoba, are presented in note 10. Effective April 1, 2006, the Corporation began reflecting all other capital asset expenditures in its financial statements. Such assets are accounted for in accordance with the requirements of Canadian public sector accounting standards section 4230.

#### (f) Financial instruments:

Derivative instruments and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are reported at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value.

Investments consist of term deposits, and are recorded at cost plus accrued interest, which approximates fair value.

Unrealized changes in fair value, if any, are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses until they are realized, when they are transferred to the statement of operations.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the effective interest method.

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. When a decline is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is reported in the statement of operations and any unrealized gain is adjusted through the statement of remeasurement gains and losses.

When the asset is sold, the unrealized gains and losses previously recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses are reversed and recognized in the statement of operations.

The Corporation did not incur any remeasurement gains and losses during the year ended March 31, 2015 (2014 - nil) and therefore a statement of remeasurement gains and losses is not required to be included in these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

All financial instruments recognized at fair value are classified using a fair value hierarchy, which includes three levels of information that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Observable or corroborated inputs, other than level 1, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets or market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities; and
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets and liabilities.

## (g) Employee benefits:

The cost of the Corporation's vacation benefits is accrued when the benefits are earned by the employees. A provision for employee severance pay is recognized based on the number of eligible employees and year of service.

Pension payments are recognized as operating expenses as payments are made under provisions of *The Manitoba Civil Service Superannuation Act*. The provisions of this Act require the Corporation to contribute 50 percent of the pension payments being made to retired employees. In addition, a provision has been recorded in the accounts of the Corporation for the employer's share of current and past service pension obligations.

The accumulated non-vested sick leave benefits is calculated annually utilizing an internally developed valuation method which takes into account the average usage of sick days used in excess of the annual sick days earned, average employee service time to date and average employee compensation per day.

#### (h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 4. Employee benefits:

#### (a) Accrued vacation pay and amounts recoverable:

The Province of Manitoba funds a portion of the vacation pay benefits of the Corporation, which is limited to the amount estimated at March 31, 1995. Accordingly, the Corporation has recorded a recoverable in the amount of \$199,964 from the Province of Manitoba which reflects the estimated liability for accumulated vacation pay benefits at March 31, 1995. Each year the Corporation is expected to fund the change in the liability from annual funding provided by the Province of Manitoba.

### (b) Accrued severance pay and amounts recoverable:

Effective April 1, 1998, the Corporation commenced recording the estimated liability for accumulated severance pay benefits for its employees. At March 31, 2015, based on an actuarial estimate, the obligation for accrued severance pay is \$343,769 (2014 - \$388,056). The significant actuarial assumptions include a discount rate of 6.5 percent (2014 - 6.5 percent).

Severance pay, at the employee's date of retirement, will be determined by multiplying the eligible employee's years of service (to a maximum of 23 years) by the employee's weekly salary at the date of retirement. Eligibility will require that the employee has achieved a minimum of nine years of service and that the employee is retiring from the Corporation.

The amount of funding which will be provided by the Province of Manitoba for severance pay benefits of \$307,561, represents the amount accumulated to March 31, 1998 by the employees of the Corporation, and is recorded as amounts recoverable - Province of Manitoba on the statement of financial position. This receivable from the Province of Manitoba has no specified terms of repayment. The Corporation is responsible for funding liabilities for severance pay benefits accumulated after March 31, 1998 through its operating grants from the Province of Manitoba. As a result, the change in the accrued severance pay liability, including the interest accretion, is reflected in the funding for severance expense.

#### (c) Sick leave:

The Corporation provides accumulating sick leave benefits to employees. These benefits accumulate with employee service and benefit amounts are determined with reference to employees' final earnings at the time they are paid out. The significant assumptions adopted in measuring the Corporation's accumulated non-vested sick leave benefits include a discount rate of 6 percent (2014 - 6 percent) and a rate of salary increase of 3 percent (2014 - 3 percent).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 5. Pension liability:

The Corporation records the pension liability and the related pension expense, including an interest component, in its financial statements. Based on extrapolation from the most recent actuarial report as at December 31, 2013, the Corporation has recorded an amount of \$6,490,000 in its financial statements, representing the estimated unfunded liability for the Corporation's employees as at March 31, 2015 (2014 - \$6,368,000). Total pension expense of \$497,670 (2014 - \$452,621) has been recorded in the statement of operations (see schedule - operating expenses), or \$379,335 (2014 - \$342,405) net of expenses incurred on behalf of Manitoba Museum.

The Province of Manitoba has accepted responsibility for the pension liability and the related expense. The Corporation has therefore recorded an amount recoverable from the Province of Manitoba of \$6,490,000 (2014 - \$6,368,000) equal to the estimated value of its actuarially determined liability in its financial statements, and has recorded associated net revenue of \$26,761 (2014 - net revenue of \$34,476). The Province makes payments on the receivable when it is determined that the funding is required to discharge the related pension obligation.

Provision for employer's share of employees' pension plan:

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year Increase in trust account held by the Province of Manitoba Benefits accrued Interest accrued (6.5 percent; 2014 - 6.5 percent) Benefits paid Actuarial (gains) losses <sup>1</sup>	\$ 6,368,000 (20,418) 186,560 428,697 (468,105) (4,734)	\$ 6,261,273 (46,511) 159,824 420,176 (414,713) (12,049)
Balance, end of year	\$ 6,490,000	\$ 6,368,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The actuarial valuations as at December 31, 2013 and 2012 were completed in 2015 and 2014, respectively. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized over the estimated average remaining service life (EARSL) of the plan members of 9 years. Assumed salary rate increases are 3.75 percent (2014 - 3.75 percent).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 6. Capital assets:

				2015	2014
		Α	ccumulated	Net book	Net book
	Cost	a	amortization	value	value
Computer equipment Concert hall	\$ 100,058	\$	83,880	\$ 16,178	\$ 24,266
refurbishments	309,879		177,795	132,084	162,173
Concrete replacement	10,060		6,438	3,622	4,426
Equipment and furnishings	180,537		145,202	35,335	32,220
Marquee	382,230		382,230	_	_
Office renovations	578,096		410,788	167,308	185,151
Courtyard vestibule	250,017		100,007	150,010	175,012
Physical plant and building					
controls	235,031		153,085	81,946	95,149
Stage equipment	733,624		454,900	278,724	129,528
Security equipment	460,181		177,322	282,859	317,196
System and motor controls	71,158		49,811	21,347	28,463
	\$ 3,310,871	\$	2,141,458	\$ 1,169,413	\$ 1,153,584

## 7. Deferred contributions:

Deferred contributions represent the unamortized amount of externally restricted contributions that have been received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations.

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year Capital grants received and receivable Less amortized to revenue	\$ 835,069 290,817 (173,271)	\$ 746,732 271,858 (183,521)
Balance, end of year	\$ 952,615	\$ 835,069

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 8. Invested in capital assets:

Amounts invested in capital assets are as follows:

	2015	2014
Capital assets (note 6)	\$ 1,169,413	\$ 1,153,584
Amounts financed by deferred contributions (note 7)	(952,615)	(835,069)
	\$ 216,798	\$ 318,515

During the year, nil (2014 - \$7,091) was transferred from the General Fund to the Capital Asset Fund for capital assets additions.

## 9. Internally restricted funds and other investments:

## a) Internally restricted funds:

-	2015	2014
Foundation of the Future Fund:		
Balance, beginning of year Investment income	\$ 105,695 1,161	\$ 104,752 943
Balance, end of year	\$ 106,856	\$ 105,695
Manitoba Production Centre Fund:		
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
Balance, end of year	\$ 30,000	\$ 30,000
Equipment Purchases Fund:		
Balance, beginning of year Transferred (to) from general fund	\$ 190,000 (12,733)	\$ 130,000 60,000
Balance, end of year	\$ 177,267	\$ 190,000

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

### 9. Internally restricted funds and other investments (continued):

	2015	2014
Special Projects Fund:		
Balance, beginning of year Transferred from general fund	\$ 100,000 20,000	\$ _ 100,000
Balance, end of year	\$ 120,000	\$ 100,000
Total internally restricted funds, end of year	\$ 434,123	\$ 425,695

During the year ended March 31, 2015, \$12,733 was transferred to the General Fund from the Equipment Purchases Fund for the purchase of office equipment.

### Special Projects Fund:

During the year ended March 31, 2014, the Corporation established the Special Projects Fund, which is to be used as described in note 3(a). During the year ended March 31, 2015, the Corporation transferred \$20,000 from the General Fund to the Special Projects Fund.

### (b) Other investments:

Foundation of the Future funds are held in term deposits with the Province of Manitoba.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 10. Capital advances:

Changes in capital funds on projects awarded by the Province of Manitoba during fiscal 2015 and the remaining advances not yet undertaken at March 31, 2015 were as follows:

	2015	2014
Capital advances - Province of Manitoba:		
Advances brought forward from previous years Awarded during the year (including receivable at	\$ 48,434	\$ 48,434
vear end)	727,759	915,540
Allocated to other entity	_	(15,655)
	776,193	948,319
Capital expenditures recorded as capital assets		
in the accounts of the Province of Manitoba (note 3[e]):		
Tenant improvements	383,288	569,313
Fire Alarm System upgrade	2,538	17,518
Exterior lighting	5,120	29,696
Chiller Upgrade Plan	_	11,500
Lamp retrofit	45,996	_
<u> </u>	436,942	628,027
Capital expenditures reflected in the Corporation's		
financial statements (note 3[e])	290,817	271,858
Advances carried forward to future years	\$ 48,434	\$ 48,434

Included in the capital advances awarded during the year is capital grants receivable from the Province of Manitoba of \$241,576 (2014 - \$915,540).

### 11. Grant of service:

Manitoba Centennial Centre Corporation incurs expenses such as cleaning, utilities and maintenance on behalf of The Manitoba Museum. These expenses amounted to \$1,845,172 for the year ended March 31, 2015 (2014 - \$1,845,606). Included in these expenses is \$228,066 (2014 - \$212,289) of administration and general expenses of the Corporation that are allocated to The Manitoba Museum proportionately on a predetermined basis.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 12. Financial risk and concentration of credit risks:

#### (a) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Corporation is exposed to credit risk with respect to the accounts receivable, capital grant receivable - Province of Manitoba, amounts recoverable - Province of Manitoba for severance and pension, cash and term deposits - Province of Manitoba.

The Corporation assesses, on a continuous basis, accounts receivable and provides for any amounts that are not collectible in the allowance for doubtful accounts. The maximum exposure to credit risk of the Corporation at March 31, 2015 is the carrying value of these assets.

The carrying amount of accounts receivable is valued with consideration for an allowance for doubtful accounts. The amount of any related impairment loss is recognized in the statement of operations. Subsequent recoveries of impairment losses related to accounts receivable are credited to the statement of operations. There was no allowance for doubtful accounts at March 31, 2015. As at March 31, 2015, there were no accounts receivable past due.

There have been no significant changes to the credit risk exposure from 2014.

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Corporation manages its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Corporation prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are generally due within 60 days of receipt of an invoice.

There have been no significant changes to the liquidity risk exposure from 2014.

#### 13. Economic dependence:

The Corporation is economically dependent on funding received from the Province of Manitoba.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 14. Capital management:

The Corporation's objective when managing its capital is to maintain sufficient capital to cover its costs of operations, while fulfilling its mandate under the *Manitoba Centennial Centre Corporations Act*. The Corporation's capital consists of unrestricted funds, internally restricted funds and funds invested in capital assets. The Corporation's ability to meet its capital objectives is dependent on its cash flows, including operating and capital grants received from the Province of Manitoba.

The Corporation manages financial risk by maintaining a balance equivalent to approximately three months of salary and benefits in its unrestricted funds.

The Corporation is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

There were no changes in the Corporation's approach to capital management during the period.

Schedule - Operating Expenses

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

The following operating expenses include the expenses incurred on behalf of The Manitoba Museum.

		2015		2014
Administration and general:				
Salaries and employee benefits	\$	552,700	\$	486,878
Audit and legal	•	38,095	•	32,698
Insurance		83,357		79,947
Telephone and fax		32,975		24,393
Other		225,546		221,609
Marketing		8,143		7,595
		940,816		853,120
Bannatyne Condominium:				
Administration costs		_		78,184
Property taxes		_		29,816
Duilding continue and maintenance:		_		108,000
Building services and maintenance: Salaries and employee benefits		1 400 906		1 400 624
Repairs, maintenance and supplies		1,490,806 521,722		1,409,624 631,866
Utilities		851,722		793,274
Othities		2,864,497		2,834,764
Concession operations:		2,004,437		2,004,704
Salaries and employee benefits		123,109		98,249
Cost of goods sold		138,702		134,919
Other		13,189		12,188
		275,000		245,356
Host services and special projects:				
Salaries and employee benefits		394,278		358,660
Other		19,535		26,576
		413,813		385,236
Manitoba Production Centre:				
Salaries and employee benefits		11,003		11,425
Administration costs		55,452		61,548
Repairs, maintenance and supplies		38,075		60,384
Property taxes		96,451		75,786
Utilities		44,463 245,444		43,425
Parking services:		245,444		252,568
Salaries and employee benefits		183,796		158,349
Agency fees and expenses		48,676		86,763
Other		16,784		17,703
0.00		249,256		262,815
				,
Pension		497,670		452,621
Security services:				
Salaries and employee benefits		573,991		564,718
Other		47,132		20,424
Otana anastina		621,123		585,142
Stage operations:		200 404		040.004
Salaries and employee benefits		360,194		348,934
Repairs, supplies and equipment		80,490 440,684		84,558 433,492
		440,004		455,482
Total expenses of general fund	\$	6,548,303	\$	6,413,114
	Ψ	3,0 .0,000	Ψ	2, ,

**Financial Statements** 

Year Ended March 31, 2015

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chartered accountants LLP

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Commissioners of Manitoba Combative Sports Commission

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Combative Sports Commission, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of revenue and expenses, changes in net assets and cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Combative Sports Commission as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

## The Exchange

chartered accountants, LLP Winnipeg, Manitoba June 24, 2015

## Statement of Financial Position March 31, 2015

	THE STATE OF THE S	2015	m. marke u.e., a	2014
ASSETS				
CURRENT				
Cash	\$	94,410	\$	94,530
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,646	\$	3,500
Deposits received	***************************************	4,000		
		8,646		3,500
NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted	No.	85,764		91,030
	\$	94,410	\$	94,530

## ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

Original Document Signed

Original Document Signed Director

See notes to financial statements

## Statement of Revenue and Expenses

## Year Ended March 31, 2015

		2015		2014
REVENUE				
Grant - Province of Manitoba	\$	15,900	\$	15,900
Commission, licenses, and permits	•	1,926	•	136,627
Event administration fees		1,500		150,027
Other		450		7,035
Interest		174		139
	-	19,950		159,701
EXPENSES				
Administration		2,500		2,500
Advertising and promotion		-,		3,531
Card expenses - boxing		659		3,366
Conferences		275		4,887
Dues and subscriptions		125		12,738
Event official		2,000		28,560
Honoraria		3,900		3,800
Interest and bank charges		-		31
Office		1,261		1,310
Professional fees		6,145		5,650
Training		3,367		360
Travel	-	4,984		9,982
	•••	25,216		76,715
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES FROM OPERATIONS		(5,266)		82,986
OTHER INCOME Gain on disposal of assets		(0,200)		125
	***************************************		***************************************	143
XCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES	\$	(5,266)	\$	83,111

## Statement of Changes in Net Assets Year Ended March 31, 2015

	*	2015	2014
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$	91,030	\$ 7,919
Excess (Deficiency) of revenue over expenses	***************************************	(5,266)	 83,111
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	85,764	\$ 91,030

## Statement of Cash Flow

## Year Ended March 31, 2015

		2015		2014
OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Cash receipts from funders and others Cash paid to suppliers and others Interest received	\$	19,776 (20,070) 174	\$	159,701 (84,729) 139
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH		(120)		75,111
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	***************************************	94,530	······································	19,419
CASH - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	94,410	\$	94,530

## Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2015

#### DESCRIPTION OF OPERATIONS

Manitoba Combative Sports Commission was incorporated under the Province of Manitoba by a proclamation dated October 16, 1983.

On June 14, 2012 the Provincial government passed legislation changing the name of the Manitoba Boxing Commission and the name of The Boxing Commission Act. As per section 4 of The Statute Correction and Minor Amendments Act, 2012, the name of commission will be The Manitoba Combative Sports Commission and the Act will be The Boxing Act. The purpose of the organization is to regulate professional combative sport matches in the Province of Manitoba in accordance with regulations set down in the Act

Manitoba Combative Sports Commission is tax-exempt as a registered charity under paragraph 149(1)(f) of the Income Tax Act of Canada.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. Because a precise determination of many assets and liabilities is dependent upon future events, the preparation of financial statements for a period necessarily involves the use of estimates which have been made using careful judgement. The financial statements have, in management's opinion, been properly prepared within the reasonable limits of materiality and within the framework of the significant accounting policies summarized below:

## Financial instruments policy

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at amortized cost, and tested for impairment at each reporting date. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale, or issue of financial instruments are expensed when incurred.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are expensed in the year of acquisition.

#### Revenue recognition

Revenues are recognized when they are received or receivable if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Interest revenue is generated through interest received from bank. The revenue is recognized as interest when received.

## Notes to Financial Statements Year Ended March 31, 2015

#### 3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The commission is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the commission's risk exposure and concentration as of March 31, 2015.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The commission is exposed to credit risk from customers. In order to reduce its credit risk, the commission reviews a new customer's credit history before extending credit and conducts regular reviews of its existing customers' credit performance. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information. The commission has a significant number of customers which minimizes concentration of credit risk.

#### 4. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The organization is economically dependent on the Province of Manitoba which provides funding through an annual grant.

#### COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The prior year comparative figures were audited by another firm of chartered accountants.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2015

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## **Del Halliday**

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Email: delhalliday@mts.net

# Del Halliday, CMA Tom Tasker, CA

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Manitoba Community Services Council Inc.

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Community Services Council Inc., which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of changes in net assets and financial activities for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that I comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In my opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Community Services Council Inc. as at March 31, 2015 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations.

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

## MARCH 31, 2015

	Assets	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
Current assets Cash Guaranteed investment certificates (note 4) Accrued interest GST refund Prepaid expense		\$ 84,816 308,556 5,612 2,619 	\$ 141,504 298,000 5,318 2,874 5,887 453,583
Guaranteed investment certificates (note 4)		302,339	303,148
Capital assets (note 5)		_22,886	28,321
		\$ <u>729,880</u>	\$ <u>785,052</u>
	Liabilities		
Current liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Allocations not yet paid		\$ 10,876 389,857 400,733	\$ 6,845 438,754 445,599
	Net assets		
Invested in capital assets Funds for future allocation		22,886 306,261 329,147 \$ 729,880	28,321 311,132 339,453 \$ 785,052
Approved on Behalf of the Board			
Original Document Signed Director			

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

	2015	<u>2014</u>
Revenue		
Province of Manitoba		
Manitoba Housing and Community Development	\$ 1,704,000	\$ 1,704,000
Interest	11,767	11,801
	1,715,767	1,715,801
Allocations and expenses		
Administrative expenses		
Amortization	7,821	6,562
Bank charges	1,355	1,268
Communications	3,693	6,593
Computer expense	6,895	8,347
Insurance	5,737	5,573
Meeting costs and volunteer travel	29,064	32,973
Occupancy	33,505	34,243
Office supplies	10,690	10,428
Postage, courier and delivery	2,512	3,972
Professional and consulting fees	17,321	7,826
Salaries and benefits - regular	210,246	264,834
Salaries and benefits - retirement allowance	15,731	-
Telephone	5,824	5,436
•	350,394	388,055
Creat allocations recycler	1,133,702	1,209,339
Grant allocations - regular	270,055	143,177
Grant allocations - emergency capital	(28,078)	(31,000)
Grant allocations (recovered)		
	1,726,073	1,709,571
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over allocations and expenses	\$ <u>(10,306)</u>	\$6,230

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

	Invested in Capital Assets	Funds for Future Allocation	Total <u>2015</u>	Total <u>2014</u>
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 28,321	\$ 311,132	\$ 339,453	\$ 333,223
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over allocations and expenses	(7,821)	(2,485)	(10,306)	6,230
Purchase of capital assets	2,386	(2,386)		
Balance, end of year	\$ _22,886	\$ 306,261	\$ 329,147	\$ 339,453

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### MARCH 31, 2015

### 1. Purpose and objectives

Manitoba Community Services Council Inc. was incorporated under The Corporations Act of Manitoba on March 13, 1990 without share capital, created for the purpose of allocating funds and/or bingo events to non-profit, volunteer community service, recreation and health-related organizations in Manitoba.

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian Accounting Standards for Not-for-Profit Organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

The financial statements include the following significant accounting policies:

## a) Statement of cash flows

A statement of cash flows has not been presented since information concerning cash flows is evident from the financial statements presented.

## b) Guaranteed investment certificates

Guaranteed investment certificates are carried at cost. Interest earned but unpaid at the date of the statement of financial position is recorded as accrued interest receivable.

### c) Capital assets

Capital asset acquisitions are recorded in the year of purchase at cost. Amortization is provided for on a straight-line basis at the following rates which will amortize the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives:

Computer equipment	20%
Computer software	20%
Furniture and equipment	20%

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D

## MARCH 31, 2015

### 2. Summary of significant accounting policies, cont'd

### d) Revenue recognition

Funding for programs and grant allocations comes from the Province of Manitoba, Minister of Housing and Community Development. The fiscal period relates to the same fiscal period as the Province and is included in their fiscal budgets. If funding were approved and not received, it would be accrued at the end of the fiscal period.

Interest revenue is accrued based on the investment rate of return over the fiscal period.

#### 3. Financial instruments

The Council's financial instruments consist of cash, guaranteed investment certificates, accrued interest, accounts payable and allocations not yet paid. The Council initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value and subsequently carries all financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost. The Council manages its exposure to the risks associated with financial instruments that have the potential to affect its operating and financial performance in accordance with its Governance Policies. The objective of this policy is to reduce volatility in cash flow and earnings. The Council monitors compliance with risk management policies and reviews risk management policies on an annual basis.

The Council's investment policy is to invest funds not currently needed for operating purposes at the highest rate obtainable consistent with safety of the principal and their most effective possible utilization in serving the best interest of the general public. Investments must be guaranteed by the federal or provincial governments, a chartered bank or credit union or a CDIC member institution. The duration of the term of the deposit is not to exceed a period of three years.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the Council is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising from these financial instruments.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D

## MARCH 31, 2015

4.	Guaranteed investment certificates

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>
National Trust Company, bearing interest at 1.85% compounded annually, maturing April 13, 2015.	\$ 104,641	\$ 102,740
Scotia Mortgage Corporation, bearing interest at 1.75% compounded annually, maturing October 21, 2015.	203,915	200,408
Assiniboine Credit Union, bearing interest at 2.2% maturing June 3, 2016.	302,339	-
The Bank of Nova Scotia, matured during the year.		<u>298,000</u>
	\$ <u>610,895</u>	\$ <u>601,148</u>
Current portion due within one year Long-term portion	\$ 308,556 302,339	\$ 298,000 303,148
	\$ <u>610,895</u>	\$ <u>601,148</u>

## 5. Capital assets

oup.tur ussoris	2015		20	2014	
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	
Computer equipment Computer software Furniture and equipment	\$ 19,464 17,908 	\$ 8,176 12,528 31,904	\$ 19,464 17,908 <u>35,736</u>	\$ 4,283 11,155 29,349	
~	\$ <u>75,494</u>	\$ <u>52,608</u>	\$ <u>73,108</u>	\$ <u>44,787</u>	
Cost less accumulated amortization		\$ <u>22,886</u>		\$ <u>28,321</u>	

## 6. Provincial funding

The Province of Manitoba has committed funding in the amount of \$1,704,000 for the year ended March 31, 2016.

# MANITOBA COMMUNITY SERVICES COUNCIL INC.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONT'D

# MARCH 31, 2015

## 7. Commitment

The Council has leased realty pursuant to a lease agreement, until March 31, 2020. Under the terms of the lease, the Council is responsible for base rent and its proportionate share of property taxes and operating costs of the building. The minimum base rent payment for the year ended March 31, 2016 is \$14,715.

# 8. Pension plan

The employees of the organization participate in the Community Agencies' Retirement Plan, a multi-employer, defined benefit pension plan. The Council's pension contribution and expense for the year was \$9,924 (2014 - \$15,584).

In accordance with the provisions of the Manitoba Pensions Benefit Act the plan is required to calculate the value of its assets and actuarial liabilities on a going concern valuation, a hypothetical wind-up valuation and a solvency basis.

Following the most recent Actuarial Valuation Report (AVR) as at December 31, 2012, the Plan remains in a solvency deficiency. As a result, the Board of Trustees have elected to apply for the Special Payments Relief Regulation 2011 – solvency relief. This regulation permits the Plan's solvency deficiencies to be amortized over a 10 year period, rather than the normal 5 year period. It is possible to elect relief only once, provided funding payments are up to date, for the first AVR filed with the Office of the Superintendent – Pension Commission before January 2, 2014.

By electing, the Board of Trustees is hoping to alleviate the current financial strain in contributions by spreading the payments over a longer period of time. The election of the solvency relief will not affect the benefits accrued to the Members of the Plan.

The Province of Manitoba has committed annual on-going funding assistance to the member agencies, and as a result of these commitments, the Trustees of the Plan have committed to preserving the Plan as a defined benefit pension plan.

Based on the proposed employee and employer contribution rates and a 10 year solvency amortization, the proposed contributions should be sufficient to fund the current solvency deficiency without additional payments from the agencies.

## 9. Bingo earnings

The Council allocates a certain number of bingo events to various organizations that it funds.

The funds received from bingos are paid directly by the Manitoba Liquor & Lotteries to the above organizations. These funds are not reflected on the statement of financial activities.

Financial Statements of

# MANITOBA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Year ended March 31, 2015

Financial Statements
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Year ended March 31, 2015

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## MANAGEMENT REPORT

# Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of the management of Manitoba Development Corporation and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. In management's opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality, incorporating management's best judgment regarding all necessary estimates and all other data available to June 24, 2015.

Management maintains internal controls to properly safeguard the assets and to provide reasonable assurance that the books and records from which the financial statements are derived accurately reflect all transactions and that established policies and procedures are follows.

The responsibility of the external audit is to express an independent opinion on whether the financial statements of Manitoba Development Corporation are fairly represented in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The Independent Auditors' Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and provides the audit opinion.

On behalf of Management,
MANITOBA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION

Original Document Signed

Jim Kilgour, General Manager

June 24, 2015



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholder of Manitoba Development Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Development Corporation, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



# Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Development Corporation as at March 31, 2015, its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

# Comparative Information

The financial statements as at and for the period ended March 31, 2014 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on June 24, 2014.

## Other Matter

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information in Schedules A to D are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

**Chartered Accountants** 

KPMG LLP

June 24, 2015

Winnipeg, Canada

# MANITOBA DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	Н	PNP-B	Business support	MTI	2015 Total	2014 Total
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (note 4) Loans receivable (note 5) Portfolio investments (note 6) Restricted funds (note 9)	\$ 35,20 45 16,76 50,03	35,205,778 457,133 - 16,765,049 50,033,001	\$ 2,941,977 25,968 70,285,541 2,814,680 445,657	\$ 423,419 14,835 - 500,000	\$ 38,571,174 497,936 70,285,541 20,079,729 50,478,658	\$ 25,426,323 1,019,108 72,433,240 25,245,619 61,389,918
	\$ 102,460,961	0,961	\$ 76,513,823	\$ 938,254	\$ 179,913,038	\$ 185,514,208
Liabilities and Surplus						
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue (note 7)	\$ 5,29	5,297,635	\$ 409,503 415,607	\$ 3,579 23,710	\$ 5,710,717 439,317	\$ 3,978,118
Operating advance payable (note 8) Funds provided by the Province of Manitoba Deposits payable (note 9)	50,03	_ _ 50,033,001	70,716,198 -	200,000	500,000 70,716,198 50,033,001	500,000 72,864,464 61,060,459
	55,33	55,330,636	71,541,308	527,289	127,399,233	139,162,820
Accumulated surplus (note 10)	47,13	47,130,325	4,972,515	410,965	52,513,805	46,351,388
Commitments (note 11)						
	\$ 102,460,96	0,961	\$ 76,513,823	\$ 938,254	\$ 179,913,038	\$ 185,514,208
See accompanying notes to financial statements.						
On behalf of the Board:						
Original Document Signed Director		Origir	Original Document Signed		Director	

Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	Budget	2015	2014
Income:			
Income from portfolio investments \$	1,867,000	\$ 1,911,391	\$ 2,314,541
Interest income	8,943,000	3,634,504	4,530,028
Deposit retentions (note 9)	12,500,000	11,626,130	12,497,927
Application processing fees (note 9)	· · · · –	768,861	19,178
Cost recoveries	_	· _	13,504
Participation fees	170,000	48,827	150,766
Project revenue	625,800	311,669	76,568
Recovery of Business Support expenses from the Province of Manitoba:			
Provision for doubtful loans receivable	1,922,502	64,477	933,930
Provision for decline in value of investments	562,500	14,070	4,600,821
	26,590,802	18,379,929	25,137,263
Expenses:			
Program administration	3,650,800	1,525,376	1,692,392
Payment of Business Support interest on loans			
receivable to the Province of Manitoba	8,810,000	3,259,920	4,244,838
Provision for doubtful loans receivable	1,922,502	64,477	933,930
Provision for decline in value of investments	562,500	14,070	4,600,821
Project costs	_	311,669	76,568
	14,945,802	5,175,512	11,548,549
Transfers to the Department of Education and			
Advanced Learning (note 12)	208,000	208,000	208,000
Transfers to the Department of Labour and	_00,000	_00,000	_00,000
Immigration (note 12)	2,892,000	4,457,000	2,994,000
Transfers to the Department of Jobs and the	_,==,===	.,,	_,_,_,
Economy (note 12)	2,737,000	2,377,000	2,094,000
	20,782,802	12,217,512	16,844,549
Accumulated surplus	5,808,000	6,162,417	8,292,714
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		46,351,388	38,058,674
		\$ 52,513,805	\$ 46,351,388
Accumulated surplus, end of year		φ 52,513,605	φ 40,301,300

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	2015	2014
Annual surplus	\$ 6,162,417	\$ 8,292,714
Net financial assets, beginning of year	46,351,388	38,058,674
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 52,513,805	\$ 46,351,388

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	2015	2014
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Annual surplus	\$ 6,162,417	\$ 8,292,714
Adjustments for:		
Provision for doubtful loans receivable	64,477	933,930
Provision for decline in value of investments	14,070	4,600,821
Deposit retentions	(11,626,130)	(12,497,927)
Amortization of bond premiums	992,310	1,201,256
Capitalized interest	(118,172)	587,393
Capitalized interest written off	_	80,902
Reimbursement of Business Support expenses	(=0,=4=)	(= == 1)
to the Province of Manitoba	(78,547)	(5,534,751)
Change in non-cash operating working capital:	40.050.000	0.477.000
Restricted funds	10,252,292	3,477,062
Accounts receivable	521,172	139,786
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	1,732,599	894,329
Deferred revenue	(320,462)	(76,818)
Net change in deposits payable  Cash provided by operating activities	598,672 8,194,698	9,826,565 11,925,262
Cash provided by operating activities	0,194,090	11,925,262
Investing activities:		
Loans receivable principal repayments	11,767,843	17,301,543
Issuance of loans receivable	(9,566,449)	(7,657,608)
Change in accrued interest receivable	_	46,220
Purchase of portfolio investments	(21,213,909)	(1,816,762)
Redemption of portfolio investments	26,032,387	2,561,197
Cash provided by investing activities	7,019,872	10,434,590
Financing activities:		
Funds provided by the Province of Manitoba for		
Business Support	(2,069,719)	(12,344,371)
	( , , , ,	,
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	13,144,851	10,015,481
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	25,426,323	15,410,842
	20, :20,020	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 38,571,174	\$ 25,426,323
Cash and cash equivalents consists of the following:		
Cash	\$ 2,755,685	\$ 1,686,024
Cash equivalents	35,815,489	23,740,299
Cash equivalents	33,613,469	23,740,299
	\$ 38,571,174	\$ 25,426,323
Supplementary information:		
	<b>A A B B B B B B B B B B</b>	<b>.</b>
Cash paid for interest	\$ 3,259,920	\$ 4,244,838
Cash received for interest	7,051,616	8,122,461
	7,001,010	0,122,401

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 1. Nature of operations and economic dependence:

The Manitoba Development Corporation (the "Corporation") provides loans, guarantees and investments under the Manitoba Development Corporation Act. The objectives of the Corporation are to provide financial services and financial instruments on behalf of the Province of Manitoba to assist with economic development initiatives. There are three divisions administered by the Corporation: Business Support, the Provincial Nominee Program for Business (PNP-B) and the Manitoba Trade and Investment Division (MTI). Business Support administers the Manitoba Industrial Opportunities Program (MIOP) and the Third-Party Investment Funds Program (Investment Program). The PNP-B is a program for international entrepreneurs who wish to immigrate and establish a business in Manitoba. MTI delivers targeted programs and services to Manitoba small and medium sized enterprises to promote Manitoba as a destination for foreign direct investment.

The Province provides all financing for these initiatives and ultimately bears all costs, including any exposure for the financial assets due to interest rate fluctuations, changes to their fair value or credit risk relating to the realization of these assets. Losses are the responsibility of the Province and are charged directly against advances received from the Province.

The Corporation considers its capital to comprise its accumulated surplus (including share capital, restricted surplus and retained earnings). There have been no changes to what the Corporation considers to be its capital since the previous period.

As a government enterprise, the Corporation's operations are reliant on revenues generated annually. The Corporation has accumulated retained earnings over its history, which is included in retained earnings in the statement of financial position. A portion of these accumulated funds is retained as working capital (current assets less current liabilities) which may be required from time to time due to timing delays in receiving its primary funding.

The Province of Manitoba has directed that the balance of restricted retained earnings for the year to be equal to three years' operating expenses of the Business Immigration and Investment Branch (based on the most recent year's actual expenses) plus 25 percent of the previous year's PNP-B forfeitures as a reserve which would not be available for annual distribution to the Province. Any excess beyond that amount, once it has been released by the Province, would then be transferred to unrestricted accumulated surplus. For the year ended March 31, 2015, the Corporation has complied with these restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 2. Basis of presentation:

On April 1, 2014, Manitoba Development Corporation amalgamated with Economic Innovation and Technology Council and The Manitoba Trade and Investment Corporation. These financial statements have been prepared as though Manitoba Development Corporation, Economic Innovation and Technology Council and The Manitoba Trade and Investment Corporation had been combined since their inception. The financial statements have been prepared using the continuity of interest method of accounting whereby the assets and liabilities have been recorded at historical carrying values and the earnings and cash flows presented are those of Manitoba Development Corporation, Economic Innovation and Technology Council and The Manitoba Trade and Investment Corporation.

# 3. Significant accounting policies:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles as defined by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook.

## (a) Revenue recognition

Income from deposit retentions is recognized when depositors fail to meet their agreement terms thereby forfeiting their deposits. Interest income from portfolio investments and loans receivable is recognized on an accrual basis in the fiscal period in which it is earned.

# (b) Cash and cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks and short-term deposits with the Province of Manitoba and banks with maturities of three months or less.

## (c) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value or exchange amount on initial recognition. Derivative instruments and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are reported at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Corporation has not elected to carry any such group of financial instruments at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. When a decline is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is reported in the statement of operations.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the effective interest rate method.

# (d) Loans receivable under Business Support:

The Corporation maintains an allowance for loan impairment, which reduces the carrying value of loans receivable to their estimated realizable amounts. Estimated realizable amounts are determined with reference to the Corporation's historical loss experience on similar loans and estimates and assumptions regarding current market conditions, customer analysis and historical payment trends. Interest on loans is recorded as income on an accrual bases except for loans considered impaired. When a loan is classified as impaired, accrual of interest on the loan ceases.

Provisions are established for individual loans for which the estimated realizable amount is less than the carrying value. The amount of initial impairment and any subsequent changes are recorded through the provision for doubtful loans receivable as an adjustment of the provision.

## (e) Portfolio investments.

Portfolio investments consist of provincial bonds, term deposits, guaranteed investment certificates (GIC's) and equity investments.

The Corporation's investment in provincial bonds are recorded at amortized cost. Discounts and premiums arising on the purchase of these bonds are amortized over the term of the bond to maturity. The Corporation's investment in GIC's and term deposits are recorded at cost.

The Corporation's equity investments related to share capital investments are recorded at cost. The Corporation's investment in the CentreStone Ventures Limited Partnership and Manitoba Science and Technology Fund are accounted for using the cost method of accounting.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline in value, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss in the provision for decline in value of investments.

# (f) Restricted funds:

Restricted funds are deposits held under the PNP-B (note 9) and consist of balances with banks, provincial bonds and term deposits with maturities of three months or less held with the Province of Manitoba. The provincial bonds are recorded at amortized cost. Discounts and premiums arising on the purchase of these bonds are amortized over the term of the bond to maturity. Term deposits are recorded at cost.

## (g) Deferred revenue:

Deferred revenue represents funds received for specific projects for which expenditures will be incurred in future periods as well as fees received in advance of event days for specific trade projects.

#### (h) Government transfers:

Government transfers are recognized as expenses in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

#### (i) Contributed services:

During the year, the Province of Manitoba provided office space and other administrative services to the Corporation at no cost. Because of the difficulty of estimating the fair value of such expenses, no contributed services are recognized in the financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

# (j) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Significant items subject to estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of loans receivable and portfolio investments. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 4. Accounts receivable:

	2015	2014
Accrued interest: PNP-B Business support Other receivables	\$ 457,133 25,968 14,835	\$ 947,249 38,957 32,902
	\$ 497,936	\$ 1,019,108

# 5. Loans receivable managed for the Province of Manitoba:

	2015	2014
Business support:		
Manitoba Industrial Opportunities Program - repayable	\$80,088,924	\$ 75,182,970
Other loans receivable	11,038,498	18,368,662
	91,127,422	93,551,632
Provision for doubtful loans receivable	(20,841,881)	(21,118,392)
	\$ 70,285,541	\$ 72,433,240

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 5. Loans receivable managed for the Province of Manitoba (continued):

The Manitoba Industrial Opportunities Program (MIOP) provides flexible repayable financing to encourage companies to expand or locate in Manitoba. Loan principal is due as follows:

	2015	2014
2015	\$ -	\$ 3,159,037
2016	9,111,552	6,302,265
2017	9,997,272	8,588,152
2018	11,221,304	8,914,818
2019	9,582,336	8,119,779
2020	7,223,889	5,981,926
Subsequent to 2020	32,456,032	33,738,024
Accrued and capitalized interest	496,539	378,969
	80,088,924	75,182,970
Provision for doubtful loans receivable	(20,091,881)	(15,156,448)
	\$59,997,043	\$ 60,026,522

Interest rates charged for Manitoba Industrial Opportunities Program loans are fixed in reference to the Corporation's cost of borrowing from the Province of Manitoba at the time of the first disbursement of the loan proceeds to the debtor. In some cases, per the terms of individual loan agreements, interest rates may be adjusted during the term of the loan based on the Corporation's cost of borrowing from the Province of Manitoba at a date(s) specified in the loan agreement. In certain cases, the Corporation, under the direction of the Province, may charge interest rates which are less than its cost of borrowing to encourage investment and job creation in Manitoba, but this has not happened since 2003. In other cases, the Corporation charges rates in excess of its cost of borrowing to reflect risk conditions. Interest rates charged on loans are as follows:

	2015	2014
Greater than nil, less than 5% 5% or greater, less than 6% 6% or greater, less than 7%	\$ 43,551,280 34,814,438	\$ 38,789,740 34,035,331
7% or greater, less than 8% 8% or greater, less than 9%	1,226,667 –	1,686,667 —
Royalty-based interest repayment Accrued and capitalized interest	496,539 80,088,924	292,263 378,969 75,182,970
Provision for doubtful loans receivable	(20,091,881)	(15,156,448)
	\$ 59,997,043	\$ 60,026,522

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 5. Loans receivable managed for the Province of Manitoba (continued):

When possible, the Corporation obtains various forms of security on the Manitoba Industrial Opportunities loans with priority ranking subject to any prior existing charges.

At March 31, 2015, other loans receivable include non-interest bearing loans (2014 - bearing interest ranging from zero to 4.75 percent) and maturities ranging from no fixed terms of repayment to December 2022 (2014 - ranging from no fixed terms of repayment to December 2027). At March 31, 2015, the provision for doubtful loans receivable for these loans is \$750,000 (2014 - \$5,961,944).

#### 6. Portfolio investments:

Portfolio investments are comprised of provincial bonds, term deposits, GICs and equity investments.

	2015	2014
Provincial bonds GIC's Term deposits Equity investments	\$ 16,765,049 814,680 2,500,000	\$ 20,204,590 4,439,264 500,000 101,765
	\$ 20,079,729	\$ 25,245,619

The provincial bonds, which are included in PNP-B, bear interest at rates ranging from 2.05 percent to 4.50 percent (2014 - 3.25 percent to 5.50 percent) and mature between December 2015 and November 2019 (2014 - between September 2014 and December 2014). Interest earned on provincial bonds for the year ended March 31, 2015 totaled \$862,141 (2014 - \$938,125). Amortization of bond premiums for the year ended March 31, 2015 totaled \$333,342 (2014 - \$302,253). Fair value of the provincial bonds at March 31, 2015 is \$17,203,320 (2014 - \$20,493,650).

The GIC's and term deposits, which are included in Business Support and MTI, bear interest at rates ranging from 0.68 percent to 3.05 percent (2014 - 0.98 percent to 3.05 percent) and mature between June 2015 and February 2017 (2014 - May 2014 and February 2017). Fair values approximate cost. Interest earned on GIC's and term deposits for the year ended March 31, 2015 totaled \$112,698 (2014 - \$144,419).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 6. Portfolio investments (continued):

Equity investments managed for the Province of Manitoba included in Business Support consist of the following:

		2015		2014
Canterbury Park Capital Limited Partnership	\$	_	\$	437,095
CentreStone Ventures Limited Partnership	•	408,522	*	3,358,392
Manitoba Science and Technology Fund	,	830,918		1,829,602
	5,	239,440		5,625,089
Provision for decline in value of investments	(5,	239,440)	(	(5,523,324)
	\$	_	\$	101,765

# 7. Deferred revenue:

2015	2014	
Business Support		
BFO funding (geothermal program)	\$ 235,340	\$ 560,700
Electric vehicle initiative	143,691	154,073
Manitoba Hydro funding (shallow unconventional		
shale gas project)	26,871	31,051
Other unearned project receipts	9,705	9,705
	415,607	755,529
Manitoba Trade and Investment	23,710	4,250
Deferred revenue	\$ 439,317	\$ 759,779

# 8. Operating advance payable:

The Corporation has a \$500,000 non-interest bearing working capital advance from the Province of Manitoba for Manitoba Trade and Investment. The advance is payable on demand.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

## 9. Restricted funds and deposits payable:

As at March 31, restricted funds held under the PNP-B and invested with a Schedule 1 chartered bank and the Province of Manitoba were as follows:

	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents with a chartered bank Amounts invested with the Minister of Finance	\$ 1,304,996 48,728,005	\$ 5,506,224 55,554,235
	\$ 50,033,001	\$ 61,060,459

Included within amounts invested with the Minister of Finance are provincial bonds with a carrying value of \$25,227,444 (2014 - \$50,822,863) with the remainder consisting of term deposits with maturities of three months or less held with the Province of Manitoba.

The provincial bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 2.45 percent to 5.50 percent (2014 - 4.30 percent to 5.50 percent) and mature between December 2015 and December 2019 (2014 - between December 2014 and March 2016).

Interest earned on provincial bonds for the year ended March 31, 2015 totaled \$1,928,592 (2014 - \$2,433,253). Amortization of bond premiums for the year ended March 31, 2015 totaled \$658,698 (2014 - \$899,003). Fair value of the provincial bonds at March 31, 2015 is \$25,862,350 (2014 - \$52,007,100).

As at March 31, deposits payable under the PNP-B were as follows:

	2015	2014
Deposits payable	\$ 50,033,001	\$ 61,060,459

The Corporation, Manitoba Jobs and the Economy and Labour and Immigration operate a program known as the Provincial Nominee Program for Business (PNP-B), which offers individuals who wish to immigrate to Manitoba to establish and operate a business the opportunity to obtain a nomination certificate. During the 2003 fiscal year, the Corporation began entering into agreements with qualified individuals whereby the immigrants commit to invest specified amounts to establish approved businesses in Manitoba within a specified period of time after landing in Canada.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 9. Restricted funds and deposits payable (continued):

As evidence of their commitment, upon approval the immigrants are required to deposit \$100,000 (or \$75,000 under the Farm Strategic Recruitment Initiative) with the Corporation prior to receiving the nomination certificate. These deposits are held by the Corporation and are refundable to the immigrants based on the satisfaction of the conditions set out in the agreements. The final decision as to admission to Canada for permanent residence is made by the Government of Canada. In the event that the nominees are not granted permanent residence visas by the Government of Canada, the Corporation also refunds the deposits. The Corporation invests the deposits, retains all interest income earned on the deposits and, should immigrants fail to satisfy the conditions of the agreements, the Corporation also has the right, under the agreements, to retain the deposits.

In 2014, a number of changes were introduced to the PNP-B. The deposit for the PNP-B was raised to \$100,000 from \$75,000. The Young Farmer Program was replaced by a Farm Strategic Recruitment Initiative (FSRI) which is a special rural economic initiative under the auspices of the PNP-B. Approved immigrants under the FSRI are required to deposit \$75,000 with the corporation. Under both the PNP-B and the FSRI, a non-refundable application processing fee of \$2,500 was introduced. Total application fees collected during the year were \$768,861 (2014 - \$19,178).

Actual deposits retained during the year amounted to \$11,701,130 (2014 - \$12,797,962) and are presented net of an allowance adjustment of \$75,000 (2014 - \$300,035). Net deposits retained are \$11,626,130 (2014 - \$12,497,927).

# 10. Accumulated surplus:

Accumulated surplus is made up of the following:

				2015	2014
		Business			
	PNP-B	support	MTI		
Unrestricted surplus	\$ 40,052,754	\$ 4,971,515	\$ 410,965	\$ 45,435,234	\$ 39,104,138
Restricted surplus	7,077,571	_	_	7,077,571	7,246,250
Share capital	_	1,000	-	1,000	1,000
	\$ 47,130,325	\$ 4,972,515	\$ 410,965	\$ 52,513,805	\$ 46,351,388

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 11. Commitments:

Commitments and undisbursed balances of approved loans and equity investments:

	2015	2014
Manitoba Industrial Opportunities Program Manitoba Science & Technology Fund Canterbury Park Capital Limited Partnership CentreStone Ventures Limited Partnership	\$ 6,384,307 669,083 - 1,381,525	\$ 5,875,756 670,399 5,711,849 1,431,655
	\$ 8,434,915	\$ 13,689,659

# 12. Growing Through Immigration Strategy and Economic Development Support:

Funds transferred to support the Growing Through Immigration Strategy and Economic Development Support are made up of the following, as approved by the Treasury Board:

	2015	2014
Education and Advanced Learning Jobs and the Economy Labour and Immigration	\$ 208,000 2,377,000 4,457,000	\$ 208,000 2,094,000 2,994,000
	\$ 7,042,000	\$ 5,296,000

# 13. Related party transactions:

The Corporation is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba created departments, agencies and crown corporations. The Corporation enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 14. Financial risks and concentration of risk:

# (i) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instruments fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Corporation to credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents, portfolio investments, accounts receivable, loans receivable and trust funds.

The maximum exposure of the Corporation to credit risk at March 31 is:

	2015	2014
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Loans receivable Portfolio investments Restricted funds	\$ 38,571,174 497,936 70,285,541 20,079,729 50,478,658	\$ 25,426,323 1,019,108 72,433,240 25,245,619 61,389,918
	\$ 179,913,038	\$ 185,514,208

Cash and cash equivalents and restricted funds: the Corporation is not exposed to significant credit risk as the cash and cash equivalents and restricted funds are primarily held by the Minister of Finance and with a Schedule 1 Canadian chartered bank.

Accounts receivable, loans receivable and portfolio investments: the Corporation establishes an allowance that represents its estimate of potentially uncollectible loans and recoverable portfolio investments. The provision for doubtful loans receivable is determined with reference to the Corporation's historical loss experience on similar loans and management's estimates and assumptions regarding current market conditions, customer analysis and historical payment trends. These factors are considered when determining whether past due accounts are allowed for or written off. When there has been a loss in value that is other than a temporary decline in value, the respective investment is written down to recognize the loss in the provision for decline in value of estimates. Management of credit risk is an integral part of the Corporation's activities with careful monitoring and appropriate remedial actions being taken.

Management has determined that the allowance required for loans receivable as at March 31, 2015 is \$20,841,881 (2014 - \$21,118,392).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 14. Financial risks and concentration of risk (continued):

Management has determined that the allowance required for portfolio investments as at March 31, 2015 is \$5,239,440 (2014 - \$5,523,324).

## (ii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to term deposits with the Minister of Finance and a Schedule 1 Canadian chartered bank. The term deposits are interest bearing with short-term to maturity. As the term deposits are normally held to maturity, changes in interest rates do not affect their value.

## (iii) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due.

The Corporation manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances and by review from the Province of Manitoba to ensure adequate funding will be received to meet the obligations. Funds provided by the Province of Manitoba have a direct correlation to the loans receivable and equity investments as funds borrowed are used for these purposes. Funding is provided by the Province of Manitoba for the full amount of loans receivable and equity investments that are written off. Subsequently, the Corporation has minimal liquidity risk on its loans receivable and equity investments in respect of the funds provided by the Province of Manitoba.

## 15. Comparative information:

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

Schedule of Operations and Accumulated Surplus - PNP-B

Schedule A

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

		Budget	20	)15		2014
Income:						
Income from portfolio investments	\$ 1,	567,000	\$ 1,798,6	93	\$ 2	,170,122
Interest income		322,000	368,9	81		277,973
Deposit retentions	12,	500,000	11,626,1	30	12	,497,927
Application processing fees		_	768,8	861		19,178
	14,	389,000	14,562,6	65	14	,965,200
Expenses:						
Program administration	2,	752,000	1,390,3	845	1	,348,920
Transfers to the Department of Labour and						
Immigration	2,	892,000	4,457,0	000	2	,994,000
Transfers to the Department of Jobs and	,	•	, ,			, ,
the Economy	2,	737,000	2,377,0	000	2	,094,000
Transfers to the Department of Education and						
Advanced Learning		208,000	208,0	000		208,000
	8,	589,000	8,432,3	345	6	,644,920
Annual surplus	5,	800,000	6,130,3	320	8	,320,280
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year			41,000,0	005	32	,679,725
			÷1,000,0			
Accumulated surplus, end of year			\$ 47,130,3	325	\$ 41	,000,005

Schedule of Operations and Accumulated Surplus - Business Support

Schedule B

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	Budget	2015	2014
Income:			
Interest from portfolio investments \$	285,000	\$ 107,798	\$ 144,419
Interest income	8,621,000	3,265,523	4,246,711
Project revenue	625,800	311,669	76,568
Recovery of Business Support expenses	,	,	,
from the Province of Manitoba:			
Provision for doubtful loans receivable	1,922,502	64,477	933,930
Provision for decline in value of	, ,	,	,
investments	562,500	14,070	4,600,821
	12,016,802	3,763,537	10,002,449
Expenses:			
Program administration	103,000	78,786	98,209
Payment of Business Support interest on	100,000	7 0,7 00	00,200
loans receivable to the Province of Manitoba	8,810,000	3,259,920	4,244,838
Provision for doubtful loans receivable	1,922,502	64,477	933,930
Provision for decline in value of investments	562,500	14,070	4,600,821
Project costs	625,800	311,669	76,568
	12,023,802	3,728,922	9,954,366
Annual surplus (deficiency)	(7,000)	34,615	48,083
1 ( ),	( , ,	, , , ,	-,
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		4,937,900	4,889,817
Accumulated surplus, end of year		\$ 4,972,515	\$ 4,937,900

Schedule of Operations and Accumulated Surplus - MTI

Schedule C

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	Budget	2015	2014
Income:			
Income from portfolio investments	\$ 15,000	\$ 4,900	\$ 5,344
Cost recoveries Participation fees	170,000	- 48,827	13,504 150,766
<u> </u>	185,000	53,727	169,614
Expenses:			
Program administration	170,000	56,245	245,263
Annual surplus (deficiency)	15,000	(2,518)	(75,649)
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year		413,483	489,132
Accumulated surplus, end of year		\$ 410,965	\$ 413,483

Report of Assistance Granted or to be Granted

Schedule D

Year ended March 31, 2015

Under the Manitoba Development Corporation Act, the following new assistance was authorized in the current fiscal year:

MIOP	Term	Amount
Price Industries Limited 6381023 Manitoba Ltd.	10 year repayable term loan 10 year repayable term loan	\$10,000,000 \$3,000,000

# Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation Financial Statements

March 31, 2015



# Management's Responsibility

June 10, 2015

To the Board of Directors of Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation:

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada, and ensuring that all information in the annual report is consistent with the financial statements. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgment is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fairness of the financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting systems and related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are authorized, assets are safeguarded and financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of financial statements.

The Board of Directors and Finance and Planning Committee are composed entirely of Directors who are neither management nor employees of the Organization. The Finance and Planning Committee also undertakes the responsibilities of an Audit Committee. The Finance and Planning Committee is appointed by the Board to review the financial statements in detail with management and to recommend them to the Board prior to their approval of the financial statements for publication.

External auditors are appointed to audit the financial statements and report directly to the Finance and Planning Committee; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Finance and Planning Committee and management to discuss their audit findings.

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Original Document Signed	8
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Carole Vivier, CEO	Kevin Gabriel, Manager of Finance and Operations



# **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Directors of Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, the statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audit is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations, changes in net assets, and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Winnipeg, Manitoba

June 10, 2015

Chartered Accountants

# Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2015

	2015	2014
Assets		
Current		
Cash (Note 3)	1,403,379	1,511,581
Short-term investment (Note 4)	65,315	61,775
Accounts receivable	1,365	906
Prepaid expenses	59,703	52,914
	1,529,762	1,627,176
Capital assets (Note 5)	91,518	91,424
	1,621,280	1,718,600
Liabilities		
Current		
Accounts payable and accruals	176,790	179,739
Carry-over commitments (Note 6)	1,052,385	1,102,787
	1,229,175	1,282,526
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets	91,518	91,424
Unrestricted	300,587	344,650
	392,105	436,074
	1,621,280	1,718,600
Approved on behalf of the Board		
Original Document Signed	Original Document Signed	
	Discolor	
Director	Director	



# Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31, 2015

	2015	2014
Revenues		
Province of Manitoba	3,865,600	3,865,600
Federal Film Screening Initiative	75,000	-
Other	21,297	14,588
	3,961,897	3,880,188
Expenses (Schedule 1) Corporate Services Federal Film Screening Initiative Film Commission/Location Services Film and Television Programs Industry Support Music Programs Program Delivery - Film/Television, Tax Credits and Music Programs (Note 9)	223,987 79,260 368,172 2,059,553 200,550 534,000 710,731	216,833 - 348,862 1,944,992 302,215 551,800 695,149
	4,176,253	4,059,851
Excess of expenses over revenue before program recoupments	(214,356)	(179,663)
Program recoupments (Note 12)	170,387	151,289
Excess of expenses over revenue (Note 15)	(43,969)	(28,374)



# Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation Statement of Changes in Net Assets

For the year ended March 31, 2015

	Invested in capital assets	Unrestricted	2015	2014
Net assets beginning of year	91,424	344,650	436,074	464,448
Excess of expenses over revenue	(15,507)	(28,462)	(43,969)	(28,374)
Purchase of capital assets	15,601	(15,601)	-	-
Net assets, end of year	91,518	300,587	392,105	436,074



# Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2015

	2015	2014
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities		
Operating		
Excess of expenses over revenue	(43,969)	(28,374)
Amortization	15,507	15,368
	(28,462)	(13,006)
Changes in working capital accounts	, ,	, , ,
Accounts receivable	(459)	17,421
Prepaid expenses	(6,789)	879
Short-term investment	(3,540)	(61,775)
Accounts payable and accruals	(2,949)	73,696
Carry-over commitments	(50,402)	139,388
	(92,601)	156,603
Capital activity		
Purchase of capital assets	(15,601)	(7,544)
Increase (decrease) in cash resources	(108,202)	149,059
Cash resources, beginning of year	1,511,581	1,362,522
Cash resources, end of year	1,403,379	1,511,581



# Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of operations

Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation (the "Organization") is a statutory corporation created by the Province of Manitoba through The Manitoba Film and Sound Recording Development Corporation Act and is exempt from income taxes. The main objective of the Organization is to foster growth of the Manitoba film and music recording industries by providing financing and other assistance.

The Organization has been designated by the Minister of Finance to administer the Manitoba Film and Video Production Tax Credit Program, including registration of productions and review of tax credit applications.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are the representations of management, prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government non-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada, and include the following significant accounting policies:

## Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided using the straight-line method at rates intended to amortize the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives. The annual rates are as follows:

	Kale
Computer equipment	20 %
Equipment	20 %
Furniture and fixtures	20 %
Leasehold improvements	5 %
Website	30 %

# **Program funding**

The Organization provides grant funding to Manitoba companies and individuals in order to promote Manitoba's film and music recording artists and industries. The grant may take the form of equity financing from which, in the future, there may be a recovery of principal or return on investment.

# Revenue recognition

a) Program recoupments

Any recovery of principal or return on investment of programs funded is recorded as program recoupments when received.

b) Province of Manitoba funding

Province of Manitoba funding is based on the Province of Manitoba's annual allocation to the Organization and is recorded as revenue on an accrual basis.

c) Jump Start program recoupments

Any recovery of principal or return on investment of programs funded under the Jump Start program must be re-invested in the Organization's Market Driven Television Production and Market Driven Feature Film Production financing programs within the fiscal year that the recoupment occurs, if possible. If not possible, recoupments will be deferred to the following fiscal year and recognized as revenue at that time.

## Short-term investments

Short-term investments consist of guaranteed investment certificates held with the Organization's financial institution, and are measured at cost less impairment.



# Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

# 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

## Measurement uncertainty (use of estimates)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government non-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards, as issued by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectibility and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary. Amortization of capital assets is provided based on the estimated useful lives of capital assets.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in excess of revenues and expenses in the periods in which they become known.

#### Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets consist of capital assets. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies.

The Organization performs impairment testing on long-lived assets held for use whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset, or group of assets, may not be recoverable. Impairment losses are recognized when undiscounted future cash flows from its use and disposal are less than the asset's carrying amount. Impairment is measured as the amount by which the asset's carrying value exceeds its fair value. Any impairment is included in operations for the year.

#### Financial instruments

The Organization recognizes its financial instruments when the Organization becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. All financial instruments are initially recorded at their fair value.

At initial recognition, the Organization may irrevocably elect to subsequently measure any financial instrument at fair value. The Organization has not made such an election during the year.

The Organization subsequently measures investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market and all derivative instruments, except those designated in a qualifying hedging relationship or that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, at fair value. Fair value is determined by published price quotations. Investments in equity instruments not quoted in an active market and derivatives that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. With the exception of financial liabilities indexed to a measure of the Organization's performance or value of its equity and those instruments designated at fair value, all other financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized in the excess of revenues over expenses for the current period. Conversely, transaction costs and financing fees are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost or cost.



For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

#### Pension costs and obligations

The Organization provides pension benefits to its employees.

Employees of the Organization are provided pension benefits by the Civil Service Superannuation Fund (the "Fund"). Under paragraph 6 of the Civil Service Superannuation Act, the Organization is described as a "matching employer" and its contribution toward the pension benefits is limited to matching the employees' contributions to the Fund. The Organization's contribution for the year was \$52,502 (2014 - \$49,072) and is included in employees benefits expense.

In addition, certain employees of the Organization are entitled to enhanced pension benefits. A pension liability has been established for those employees whose annual earnings exceed the limit under the Civil Service Superannuation Fund Plan. The Organization's payments to eligible employees under the enhanced pension benefits plan for the year were \$nil (2014 - \$nil) and are included in the calculation of employees' benefits expense. The cost is actuarially determined using the projected benefit methods and reflects management's best estimate of salary increase and the age at which the employee will retire. The Organization has internally designated its short-term investment (see Note 4) to meet its obligations for providing enhanced pension benefits to eligible employees (see Note 11).

#### 3. Cash

	2015	2014
Cash	350,994	408,794
Internally designated cash	1,052,385	1,102,787
	1,403,379	1,511,581

Cash on deposit and internally designated cash earns monthly interest at the Chartered Bank's commercial rates. The Organization has internally designated a portion of its cash as noted above to satisfy commitments made as disclosed in Note 6 for carry-over commitments.

#### 4. Short-term investment

Short-term investments consist of a guaranteed investment certificate with a maturity date of March 30, 2016, bearing interest at a rate of 0.80% per annum.

#### 5. Capital assets

2015

	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value
Computer equipment	67,841	58,535	9,306
Equipment	10,042	8,077	1,965
Furniture and fixtures	59,211	57,048	2,163
Leasehold improvements	145,609	68,123	77,486
Website	28,663	28,065	598
	311,366	219,848	91,518



For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 5. Capital assets (Continued from previous page)

2014

	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value
Computer equipment	60,013	53,147	6,866
Equipment	9,243	7,184	2,059
Furniture and fixtures	58,692	56,348	2,344
Leasehold improvements	139,154	61,031	78,123
Website	28,663	26,631	2,032
	295,765	204,341	91,424

#### 6. Carry-over commitments

Due to lead times required to obtain all the resources necessary to complete film, television and music recording projects, the Organization approves applications for funding which may not be disbursed until subsequent fiscal periods. Particulars of such approved funding in fiscal year ended March 31, 2015 and prior years, which were not fully advanced as at March 31, 2015 are as follows:

	Year of Commitment			Total	
	2014-2015	2013-2014	2012-2013 & older	2015	2014
Development Financing Programs Production Financing Programs Emerging Talent Matching Funds Feature Film Marketing Program Access to Markets/Festivals Industry Support	43,115 640,116 9,478 2,100 5,000 	14,860 73,977 1,410 - - - - 90,247	-402 71,250 - - - - - - 70,848	57,573 785,343 10,888 2,100 5,000 - 860,904	123,823 775,747 14,472 7,500 5,000 2,500 <b>929,042</b>
Sound Recording Production Fund Level 1 Sound Recording Production Fund Level 2 Sound Recording Production Fund Level 3 Music Video Fund Record Product Marketing Fund Recording Artist Touring Fund Music Business Development Fund Market Access Fund	5,600 47,900 29,036 4,985 28,515 28,545 7,500 11,000 163,081 862,890	800 15,400 8,000 - 1,250 300 - - - 25,750 115,997	2,650 - - - - - - - - - 2,650 73,498	6,400 65,950 37,036 4,985 29,766 28,845 7,500 11,000 191,481 1,052,385	7,200 73,775 22,375 950 25,268 33,177 - 11,000 173,745 1,102,787

#### 7. Industry support

The Organization indirectly supports the on-going development of creative talent, business skills and capacity building of various film, television and music recording professionals by providing funding for specific programming administered by organizations such as Manitoba Music, On Screen Manitoba, the National Screen Institute Canada and the Winnipeg Film Group. Programs supported include Access to Markets, Aboriginal Music Program, Features First, Drama Prize, Totally Television, New Voices and WFG First Film, Post-Production and Marketing funds.



For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 8. Lease commitments

The Organization occupies leased premises subject to minimum monthly rent payments until August 2018, plus various equipment leases with quarterly payments until November 2019. Future minimum annual payments are as follows:

2016	79,393
2017	73,670
2018	76,926
2019	23,743
2020	568
	254,300

#### 9. Program delivery

Program delivery also includes the expenses associated with the delivery of the Manitoba Film & Video Production Tax Credit Program ("MTC"). While the value of the MTC does not flow through the Organization, the management of it does and is therefore determined to be worth noting. A total of 104 applications were received for processing during the 2015 fiscal year (2014 - 119). This represents production activity for projects which took place in the current and prior years, in excess of \$174 million worth of production activity (2014 - \$136 million). The tax credits are subject to approval by the Province of Manitoba. The cost to administer the Program in the fiscal year was approximately \$110,486 (2014 - \$88,302).

#### 10. Capital management

The Organization's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide financial and other assistance to applicants.

The Organization sets the amount of capital in proportion to risk and manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in light of changes to economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Organization may decrease expenses or seek other sources of funding.

The Organization manages the following as capital:

	2015	2014
Invested in capital assets Unrestricted net assets	91,518 300,587	91,424 344,650
	392,105	436,074

The Organization monitors capital on a quarterly basis, as well as annually, including the Board's input as to the capital management approach to take. There have been no significant changes in the Organization's capital management objectives, policies and processes during the year.



For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 11. Pension obligations

The Organization measures its accrued enhanced pension benefit obligation as of December 31 each year. The most recent actuarial report was December 31, 2013. Information about the Organization's enhanced pension benefit plan is as follows:

	2015	2014
Enhanced pension obligation		
Balance, beginning of year	61,775	36,324
Current service costs	5,069	3,252
Interest cost	3,937	2,315
Effect of changes in assumptions	908	-
Experience (gain) loss and transitional adjustment	(6,374)	19,884
Balance, end of year	65,315	61,775
Enhanced pension expense consists of the following:		
Current service cost	5,069	3,252
Interest cost	3,937	2,315
Effect of changes in assumptions	908	-
Experience (gain) loss and transitional adjustment	(6,374)	19,884
Balance, end of year	3,540	25,451
Significant actuarial assumptions:		
Discount rate	6.00%	6.00%
Rate of compensation increase	3.75%	3.75%

#### 12. Program recoupments

During the year the Organization received \$5,686 (2014 - \$2,481) in program recoupments related to the Jump Start program. These funds were reinvested into new projects during the year.

#### 13. Financial instruments

The Organization, as part of its operations, carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Organization is not exposed to significant interest, currency, liquidity, or other price risks arising from these financial instruments.

#### 14. Economic dependence

The Organization's primary source of income is derived from the Province of Manitoba in the form of an operating grant.

#### 15. Budget

During the year, the Board approved its operating budget based on planned expenses and the use of unrestricted net assets to cover any excess of expenses over revenue for the year.



### Manitoba Film & Sound Recording Development Corporation Schedule 1 - Schedule of Expenses For the year ended March 31, 2015

	For the year ended N	1arch 31, 2018
	2015	2014
Corporate services		
Salaries	144,387	144,806
Operating	79,600	72,027
- Operating		
	223,987	216,833
Federal Film Screening Initiative	79,260	-
Film Commission/Location Services	368,172	348,862
Film and Television Programs		
Development Funding	133,149	250,201
Production Financing	1,854,089	1,647,083
Emerging Talent Matching Funds	47,928	38,806
Feature Film Marketing	18,701	6,421
Jump Start	5,686	2,481
	2,059,553	1,944,992
Industry Support		
Film industry associations	50,000	50,000
Film sponsorships/partnerships	45,700	47,365
Music industry associations	75,000	185,000
Music sponsorships/partnerships	29,850	19,850
	200,550	302,215
Music Programs		
Music Recording Production Levels 1-3	170,458	169,492
Music Business Development Fund	25,000	-
Music Video	26,264	9,306
Record Product Marketing Support Recording Artist Touring Support	77,129 235,149	109,459 263,543
	534,000	551,800
Program Delivery - Film/Television, Tax Credits and Music		
Salaries	492,507	501,279
Operating	218,224	193,870
	710,731	695,149
Total expenses	4,176,253	4,059,851



Financial Statements of

## MANITOBA FLOODWAY AND EAST SIDE ROAD AUTHORITY

Year ended March 31, 2015



KPMG LLP Suite 2000 - One Lombard Place Winnipeg MB R3B 0X3 Canada

Telephone Fax Internet (204) 957-1770 (204) 957-0808 www.kpmg.ca

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Manitoba Floodway and East Side Road Authority

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Floodway and East Side Road Authority, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, the statements of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Floodway and East Side Road Authority as at March 31, 2015, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### Other Matter

The financial statements of Manitoba Floodway and East Side Road Authority as at and for the year ended March 31, 2014 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on July 10, 2014.

**Chartered Accountants** 

LPMG LLP

September 16, 2015

Winnipeg, Canada

#### Manitoba Floodway and East Side Road Authority

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

#### Year ended March 31

On behalf of the Board:

	2015 S	2014 \$
ASSETS Funds on deposit with Minister of Finance	25,101,734	15,305,271
·		
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	22,703,344	10,497,849
Due to the Province of Manitoba [Note 3]	2,398,390	4,807,422
Total Liabilities	25,101,734	15,305,271
Contractual Obligations and Contingencies [Notes 6 and 9]		
Net financial assets and accumulated surplus	<del></del>	
See accompanying notes		

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#### Manitoba Floodway and East Side Road Authority

#### STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

#### Year ended March 31

	Budget \$	2015 \$	2014 \$
REVENUE			
Floodway expansion	1,076,854	666,758	895,359
East side transportation initiative	9,231,978	7,269,392	7,446,561
Operating grants	8,967,228	6,077,273	1,323,665
opviming granis	19,276,060	14,013,423	9,665,585
EXPENSES			
Salaries and benefits	7,606,503	6,503,640	5,716,726
Other operating expenses			
Transportation	787,980	790,369	1,009,101
Communications	263,380	206,012	180,758
Supplies and services	1,448,945	1,156,285	1,632,305
	382,500	51,980	104,621
Minor capital	302,300		
Minor capital Other operating	8,786,752	5,305,137	1,022,074

See accompanying notes

#### Manitoba Floodway and East Side Road Authority

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### Year ended March 31

	2015 \$	2014 \$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Annual operating surplus for the year	-	-
Net change in non-cash working capital balances related to operations		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	82,051	177,222
Cash provided by operating activities	82,051	177,222
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Capital assets constructed on behalf of		
the Province of Manitoba	(78,544,696)	(71,757,900)
Net changes in non-cash working capital balances related to capital		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	12,123,444	4,727,603
Interest Payable	-	(1,838,092)
Contributions related to capital assets	78,544,696	71,757,900
Cash provided by investing activities	12,123,444	2,889,511
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Due to the Province of Manitoba	(2,409,032)	3,344,188
Cash provided by (usesd in) investing activities	(2,409,032)	3,344,188
Net increase in funds on deposit with		
the Minister of Finance during the year	9,796,463	6,410,921
Funds on deposit with the Minister of Finance,	7,770,103	0,110,721
beginning of year	15,305,271	8,894,350
Funds on deposit with the Minister of Finance,	10,000,271	0,071,000
end of year	25,101,734	15,305,271
<del>-</del>		

See accompanying notes

March 31, 2015

#### 1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The Manitoba Floodway Authority Act was proclaimed into effect on November 1, 2004. The Act established a crown corporation, the Manitoba Floodway Authority ["MFA"] and dissolved the Manitoba Floodway Expansion Authority Inc. ["MFEA"] which had been incorporated October 3, 2003. The one outstanding share of the MFEA was redeemed upon dissolution for \$1. The purpose of the Authority was to assume the existing operations of the MFEA and to act as the agent of the Manitoba Government in the construction and maintenance of the Red River Floodway.

On December 1, 2009, Bill 31, the Manitoba Floodway Authority Amendment Act was officially proclaimed establishing the Manitoba Floodway and East Side Road Authority ["the Authority"]. The expanded mandate includes constructing and maintaining an all-season road on the east side of Lake Winnipeg, and ensuring that the expansion of the floodway and east side road construction are carried out in a manner that provides increased benefits, and maximizes the benefits provided.

The Manitoba Floodway and East Side Road Authority is exempt from income taxes under *The Income Tax Act*.

#### 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles as defined by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook.

#### Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets in excess of \$10,000 are recorded at cost and are amortized on a straight-line basis according to their estimated useful life. Purchases under \$10,000 are expensed in the year of purchase. The Authority follows the same capital asset policy as the Province of Manitoba.

#### **Employee future benefits**

In accordance with the provisions of The Civil Service Superannuation Act ["Act"], employees of the Authority are eligible for pension benefits in accordance with the Act. Plan members are required to contribute to the Civil Service Superannuation Fund ["Fund"] at prescribed rates for defined benefits and will receive benefits based on the length of service and on the average of annualized earnings calculated on the best five years prior to retirement, termination or death that provides the highest earnings. The Authority is required to make contributions equal to the amounts contributed to the Fund by the employees. Under this Act, the Authority has no further pension liability. Contributions during the year amounted to \$321,499 (2014 - \$276,704).

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are classified in one of the following categories: [i] fair value or [ii] cost or amortized cost. The Authority determines the classification of its financial instruments at initial recognition. The Authority's financial instruments include funds on deposit with the Minister of Finance, amounts due to the Province of Manitoba, accounts payable and accrued liabilities and interest payable. These financial instruments are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently measured at cost, net of any provisions for impairment. It is management's opinion that the Authority is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risks arising

March 31, 2015

from these financial instruments. The book value of the Authority's financial assets and liabilities approximate their fair value due to the short-term nature of the balances.

#### Revenue

Revenue from government grants from the province of Manitoba are recognized in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenue. Revenue from government transfers are recognized when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met.

#### Expenses

Expenses are recorded on an accrual basis. The cost of all goods consumed and services received during the year is expensed.

#### **Accounting estimates**

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 3. DUE TO THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

The Authority receives interest bearing advances of approved funding from the Province of Manitoba at rates established by the Minister of Finance. At March 31, 2015, \$2,398,390 was payable to the Province of Manitoba [2014 - \$4,807,422].

#### 4. TRANSACTIONS RELATED TO OPERATIONS AND CAPITAL

The Province of Manitoba has a shared cost agreement with the Government of Canada for both capital and operating expenditures related to the Red River floodway expansion project. All eligible costs are shared equally. The Authority receives its funding from the Province of Manitoba. Claims under the shared cost agreement are submitted by the Authority on behalf of the Province of Manitoba with funds received from the Government of Canada recorded in the Operating Fund of the Province of Manitoba.

Government transfers from the Government of Canada under this shared cost agreement in the amount of nil [2014 - \$6,055,300] are recorded as revenue in the Operating Fund of the Province of Manitoba.

Grants from the Province of Manitoba of 6,077,273 [2014 – 1,323,665] related to operating expenses were reflected in the operations of the Authority. The Authority also received funding from the Province of Manitoba for operating expenses related to the floodway expansion project of 666,758 [2014 - 895,359] and 7,269,392 [2014 – 46,561] related to the east side road transportation initiative.

March 31, 2015

## 5. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS CONSTRUCTED ON BEHALF OF THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA

During the year, the Authority received \$78,544,696 [2014 - \$71,757,900] of funding from the Province of Manitoba for the construction of tangible capital assets on behalf of the Province of Manitoba. The funding was utilized for the construction of the floodway expansion and the east side road transportation initiative as outlined below.

As an agent of the Province of Manitoba, capital expenditures incurred and transferred to the Province of Manitoba during 2015 and 2014 for the floodway expansion are as follows:

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Administration	666,758	895,420
Contract Administration and Final Design	772,813	1,783,888
Environmental Mitigation	246,736	663,206
Floodway Channel	105,613	685,120
Inlet Structure	127,062	4,978,152
Insurance	-	332,561
Land	11,846	-
Outlet Structure	667	30,997
Railway Bridges		199,360
Total	1,931,495	9,568,704

Capital expenditures incurred and transferred to the Province of Manitoba during 2015 and 2014 for the east side road transportation initiative are as follows:

	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Administration	7,269,392	\$ 7,459,557
Contract Administration	4,873,120	4,198,389
Environmental Assessment and Licensing	3,385,421	2,424,691
Engineering Design	5,079,153	4,912693
Interest	1,041,188	1,017,860
Preconstruction Activities	20,173,141	19,629,434
Roads	21,833,436	14,662,640
Bridges	12,958,350	7,903,932
Total	76,613,201	62,189,196

#### 6. CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

As an agent of the Province of Manitoba, the Authority has entered into various contracts in all phases of the projects. Contractual obligations relating to the projects totalled \$139,674,833 at March 31, 2015 [2014 - \$96,320,202].

March 31, 2015

Contractual obligations for the lease of office space to the Province of Manitoba Department of Infrastructure and Transportation Services for the next year are as follows:

2016 \$ 429,387

#### 7. ECONOMIC DEPENDENCE

The Authority is economically dependent on funding received from the Province of Manitoba.

#### 8. PUBLIC SECTOR COMPENSTION DISCLOSURE

For the purpose of the Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act, all compensation for employees is disclosed in a separate audited financial statement available on request.

#### 9. CONTINGENCIES

The Authority may be involved in various legal matters arising in the normal course of business. As the outcomes of these matters are not determinable and amounts cannot be reasonably estimated, at this time, liabilities have not been recorded in the financial statements.

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2014/15





#### RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

The management of the Manitoba Habitat Heritage Corporation is responsible for the integrity, objectivity and reliability of the financial statements, accompanying notes and other financial information in the annual report.

Management maintains internal control systems to ensure that transactions are accurately recorded in accordance with established policies and procedures. In management's opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared and out of necessity, include some amounts based upon management's best estimate and judgments up to September 30, 2015.

The responsibility of the Auditor General and staff is to express an independent opinion on whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The independent auditor's report outlines the scope of the auditor's examination and provides the audit opinion.

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Chief Executive Officer

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**Business Manager** 

September 30, 2015



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba To the Board of Directors

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Habitat Heritage Corporation, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations and changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

office of the Ardita General

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Habitat Heritage Corporation as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Office of the Auditor General

September 30, 2015

Winnipeg, Manitoba

#### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As at March 31	2015	2014
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$641,169	\$1,019,906
Funds on deposit with Province of Manitoba (Note 3)	579,377	-
Accounts receivable		
Government of Canada	752,509	1,049,986
Province of Manitoba	203,150	156,534
U.S. Governments	137,768	312,110
Other	55,522	48,827
Prepaid expenses	64,087	60,282
	2,433,582	2,647,645
Capital Assets (Note 6)	20,565,369	12,989,920
TOTAL ASSETS	\$22,998,951	\$15,637,565
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$488,626	\$929,415
Deferred contributions related to operations (Note 4)	93,738	233,133
Deferred contributions related to future capital asset acquitions (Note 5 (a))	269,493	208,658
Deferred contributions related to capital assets acquired (Note 5 (b))	-	13,885
	851,857	1,385,091
FUND BALANCES		
Invested in Capital Assets	20,565,369	12,989,920
Unrestricted	852,627	673,815
Internally Restricted (Note 10)	729,098	588,739
	22,147,094	14,252,474
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES	\$22,998,951	\$15,637,565

On Behalf of the Board of Directors:

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Director

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#### STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the year ended March 31, 2015 (with comparative figures for 2014)

	North American Waterfowl Management Plan	Riparian Program	Wetland Restoration Program	Wetland Inventory Program	Capital Assets	Inter Plan / Program Eliminations	2015	2014
REVENUE								
Government of Canada	\$538,272	\$ -	\$191,795	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$730,067	\$868,931
Province of Manitoba	632,241	22,644	-	177,395	-	-	832,280	920,886
Highways Mitigation Fund, Province of Manitoba	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,623
U.S. Governments	394,124	-	-	-	-	-	394,124	180,683
Wildlife Habitat Canada	81,673	-	-	16,077	-	-	97,750	139,546
Royal Bank of Canada	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	75,000
Conservation districts	18,776	18,200	-	45,000	-	-	81,976	19,820
Donations	351	-	-	-	-	-	351	185,596
Interest income	11,169	-	-	-	-	-	11,169	8,646
Land use revenue	102,832	-	-	-	-	-	102,832	40,557
Mitigation for property damages	12,588	-	-	-	-	-	12,588	26,700
Amortization of deferred contributions (Note 5 (b))	-	-	-	-	13,885	-	13,885	14,025
Other	41,165	-	-	-	-	-	41,165	-
Management fees	42,959	-	-	-	-	(5,000)	37,959	36,092
	1,876,150	40,844	191,795	238,472	13,885	(5,000)	2,356,146	2,523,105
EXPENSES								
Gain on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	(639)	-	(639)	-
Amortization of capital assets	-	-	-	-	48,488	-	48,488	42,030
Service delivery - Schedule 1 (NAWMP)	1,614,481	-	-	-	-	-	1,614,481	1,560,876
- Schedule 2 (RP)	-	44,289	-	-	-	(5,000)	39,289	156,486
- Schedule 3 (WRP)	-	-	104,756	-	-	-	104,756	174,198
- Schedule 4 (WLI)		-	-	215,848	-	-	215,848	114,511
	1,614,481	44,289	104,756	215,848	47,849	(5,000)	2,022,223	2,048,101
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	261,669	(3,445)	87,039	22,624	(33,964)	-	333,923	475,004
FUND BALANCES								
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,155,325	3,445	103,784	-	12,989,920	-	14,252,474	12,397,824
Investment in capital assets	-	-	-	-	1,240,244	-	1,240,244	989,996
Donated land and land use rights	-	-	-	-	6,320,453	-	6,320,453	389,650
Interfund transfers (Note 7)	(26,092)	-	-	(22,624)	48,716	-	-	-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$1,390,902	\$ -	\$190,823	\$ -	\$20,565,369	\$ -	\$22,147,094	\$14,252,474

#### **STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**

For the year ended March 31, 2015 (with comparative figures for 2014)

	2015	2014
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$333,923	\$475,004
Items not affecting cash		
Amortization of deferred contributions	(13,885)	(14,025
Amortization of capital assets	48,488	42,030
Gain on disposal of capital assets	(639)	-
Net change in non-cash working capital	(890,630)	820,241
Net cash <used in=""> generated from operating activities</used>	(522,743)	1,323,250
CAPITAL ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of capital assets net of disposals	(36,668)	(83,687
Net change in accounts receivable for acquisition of land rights	406,162	(503,373
Restricted grants received for purchases of land rights	1,240,883	989,996
Acquisition of land rights with restricted grants	(1,266,817)	(1,038,108
Net change in accounts payable for acquisition of land rights	318,988	(487,403
Net change in deferred contributions related to capital assets	60,835	(40,820
Received donation of land and land rights	6,320,453	389,650
Acquisition of donated land and land rights	(6,320,453)	(389,650)
Net cash generated from <used in=""> capital activities</used>	723,383	(1,163,395
INVESTING AND FINANCE ACTIVITIES		
Net increase (decrease) in cash	200,640	159,855
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,019,906	860,051
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$1,220,546	\$1,019,906
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:		
Cash	\$641,169	\$1,019,906
Funds on deposit with Province of Manitoba	579,377	
	\$1,220,546	\$1,019,906
Supplementary Information	\$44.450	to co.
Interested received	\$11,168	\$8,694

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of Organization

The Manitoba Habitat Heritage Corporation (hereinafter called "the Corporation") was established in 1986 as a Crown Corporation under The Manitoba Habitat Heritage Act. The objectives of the Corporation are the conservation, restoration and enhancement of Manitoba fish and wildlife habitat and the associated fish and wildlife populations. Donations to the Corporation are tax deductible by the donor pursuant to The Income Tax Act, as gifts to Her Majesty. The Corporation is involved in the following initiatives:

#### a) The North American Waterfowl Management Plan (NAWMP)

Under Order-in-Council 634/89, the Corporation is authorized to be the Provincial agency responsible for coordinating the delivery of the North American Waterfowl Management Plan in Manitoba.

#### b) The Riparian Program (RP)

In January 1994, the Board of Directors of the Corporation directed staff to develop a strategy to deal with protection, restoration and enhancement of riparian habitat in agro-Manitoba. In fiscal year 2002/03, the name of the program was changed from Green Banks to the Riparian Stewardship Program. In 2006/07 it was changed to the Riparian Program to reflect the broadening of the program activities. This program was wound down in August, 2014.

A management fee is charged by the Corporation for services provided by NAWMP to this program.

#### c) Wetland Restoration Program (WRP)

In 2008/09, Manitoba Water Stewardship created the Wetland Restoration Incentive Program as a means to sequester carbon to help the Province meet its carbon reduction commitments under the Kyoto Agreement. Core funding was provided by Manitoba's Budgeting for Outcomes. In 2013/14 funding changed from the Province to Environment Canada's Lake Winnipeg Basin Stewardship Fund (LWBSF) and the word "Incentive" was also dropped from the name. This program is a partnership with the Corporation and Ducks Unlimited Canada as delivery agents. The Corporation administers all funds on behalf of the agents.

#### d) Wetland Inventory Project (WLI)

In 2012/13, Manitoba Conservation and Water Stewardship provided funds to the Corporation to set-up the Wetland Inventory Project. The project is currently focusing on the mapping of Boreal wetlands in Southeastern Manitoba. This ongoing work is utilizing remotely sensed data and geographic information system analyses to classify wetland types and size. The program provides the Province and the Corporation information to help manage Manitoba's wetland resources.

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### a) Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations (GNFPO).

#### b) Revenue Recognition

The Corporation follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Restricted contributions relating to land and land use rights, which are not amortized, are accounted for as increases in the Capital Assets Fund balance when the capital asset is purchased. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Management fees are recognized as revenue in the year the service is provided.

#### c) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, equities traded in an active market are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses, if applicable. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each statement of financial position date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost. No remeasurement gains/losses were reported in the year (2014 – nil).

#### d) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and funds on deposit with the Province of Manitoba.

#### e) Capital Assets

The Capital Assets Fund reports the Corporation's capital assets and related amortization expenses.

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost and donated capital assets are recorded at fair market value at the date the asset is donated.

Amortization of capital assets is recorded on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets at the rates indicated below

Computer hardware - 20%
Computer software - 33%
Equipment - 10%
Furniture and fixtures - 10%
Leasehold improvements - 10%

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### f) Use of Estimates

In preparing the Corporation's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectibility and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary. Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of capital assets. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the periods in which they become known.

#### 3. Funds on Deposit with Province of Manitoba

Funds on deposit with the Province of Manitoba will mature no later than June 23, 2015, yielding 0.56%.

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 4. Deferred Contributions Related to Operations

Deferred contributions reported in the respective funds relate to restricted funding received that is related to expenses of future periods. Changes in the deferred contributions balance reported in the respective funds are as follows:

	NAWMP	RP	WRP	WLI	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$126,843	\$10,180	\$ -	\$96,110	\$233,133	\$308,789
Less: Revenue recognized in the year	(7,001)	(9,800)	-	(238,472)	(255,273)	(228,925)
Add: Amounts transferred from/(to) Capital Fund	(26,999)	4,800	-	-	(22,199)	(5,201)
Add: Interfund transfer	(48,000)	-	-	48,000	-	-
Add: Revenue received related to						
the following year	-	-	-	138,077	138,077	158,470
Balance, end of year	\$44,843	\$5,180	\$ -	\$43,715	\$93,738	\$233,133

#### **NAWMP**

At March 31, 2015, the Corporation had \$44,843 from Manitoba Infrastructure and Transportation as mitigation for Highway 110 construction. At March 31, 2014, Manitoba Infrastructure and Transportation's contribution of \$76,843, and Manitoba Water Stewardship contribution of \$50,000 for Carp removal at Delta Marsh remained deferred.

#### RP

At March 31, 2015, the Whitemud Conservation District had \$5,180 remaining for riparian conservation and enhancement activities. At March 31, 2014, the Whitemud Conservation District contributed \$10,180 for riparian conservation and enhancement activities.

#### WLI

The deferred contributions balance of \$43,715 originated from the Province of Manitoba. The 2014 balance was \$96,110 also from the Province of Manitoba.

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 5. Deferred Contributions Related to Capital Assets

#### a) Deferred Contributions Related to Future Capital Asset Acquisitions

Deferred contributions reported in the Capital Assets Fund related to future capital asset acquisitions represent restricted contributions received with which land and land use rights will be purchased in future years. When the land and land use rights are purchased, the related restricted contributions will be transferred from deferred contributions related to future capital asset acquisitions to the Capital Assets Fund balance.

Changes in the deferred contributions balance in the Capital Assets Fund are as follows:

<u> </u>	NAWMP	RP	WRP	WLI	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$140,028	\$68,630	\$ -	\$ -	\$208,658	\$249,477
Add: Contributions received	-	133,200	-	-	133,200	79,065
Add: Amounts invested in capital assets	(92,164)	(2,400)	-	-	(94,564)	(125,085)
Add: Interfund transfer	(24,600)	24,600	-	-	-	-
Add: Amounts transferred from/(to) Operations Fur	nd 26,999	(4,800)	-	-	22,199	5,201
Balance, end of year	\$50,263	\$219,230	\$ -	\$ -	\$269,493	\$208,658

The balance of \$269,493 is restricted to signed conservation agreements (land use rights) with landowners, and staff time to complete the projects.

The deferred contributions at March 31, 2015 consist of \$9,673 from the R.M. of Riverside, \$34,600 from the Turtle Mountain Conservation District, \$66,900 from East Interlake Conservation District, \$10,230 from Whitemud Conservation District, \$40,590 from Wildlife Habitat Canada, \$80,000 from Upper Assiniboine Conservation District, \$10,800 from Pembina Valley Conservation District and \$16,700 from the La Salle Redboine Conservation District. The deferred contributions at March 31, 2014 consist of \$9,673 from the R.M. of Riverside, \$79,765 from the Turtle Mountain Conservation District, \$36,900 from East Interlake Conservation District, \$10,230 from Whitemud Conservation District, \$40,590 from Wildlife Habitat Canada, Upper Assiniboine Conservation District contributed \$10,000 and \$21,500 from the La Salle Redboine Conservation District.

#### b) Deferred Contributions Related to Capital Assets Acquired

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized amount of donated capital assets, or funds received for the purchase of capital assets. The amortization of capital contributions is recorded as revenue in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances at rates which match the amortization of the related capital asset purchased with the grant..

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$13,885	\$27,910
Add: Contributions received	-	-
Less: Amounts amortized to revenue	(13,885)	(14,025)
Balance, end of year	\$ -	\$13,885

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 6. Capital Assets

		Accumulated	Net Boo	ok Value
	Cost	Amortization	2015	2014
Land and land use rights	\$20,396,536	\$ -	\$20,396,536	\$12,809,266
Computer hardware	327,292	262,926	64,366	49,814
Computer software	166,517	128,994	37,523	54,519
Equipment	175,192	109,243	65,949	72,262
Furniture and fixtures	71,661	71,255	406	2,382
Leasehold improvements	4,942	4,353	589	1,677
Total capital assets	\$21,142,140	\$576,771	\$20,565,369	\$12,989,920

Purchases of capital assets in the period are as follows:

	2015	2014
Land and land use rights	\$7,587,269	\$1,427,758
Computer hardware	29,681	28,686
Computer software	10,361	21,412
Equipment	4,674	30,270
Furniture and fixtures	-	3,320
	\$7,631,985	\$1,511,446

The sources of funding for land and land use rights are as follows:

	2015	2014
Environment Canada	\$289,197	\$446,153
U.S. Fish & Wildlife / Delta Waterfowl Foundation	542,890	554,955
Manitoba Conservation and Water Stewardship	342,565	-
Manitoba Infrastructure and Transportation	32,000	-
Manitoba Conservation Districts	60,164	37,000
Donations	6,320,453	389,650
	\$7,587,269	\$1,427,758

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 7. Interfund Transfers

In 2015, \$26,092 was transferred from the NAWMP Operating Fund to the Capital Asset Fund in order to fund the cash outlays for capital asset acquisitions. \$22,624 was transferred from WLI operating funds for capital purchases. In 2014 a total of \$46,282 was transferred from NAWMP, \$1,214 from RP and \$36,191 was transferred from WLI for the same purpose.

#### 8. Operational Commitments

The Corporation leases space under existing leases for six NAWMP offices. The minimum annual lease payments for the next two fiscal years are as follows:

2016 \$52,8822017 \$1,200

The Corporation leases vehicles and office equipment under NAWMP. The minimum annual lease payments for the next four fiscal years are as follows:

2016 \$8,733 2017 \$7,509 2018 \$4,512 2019 \$2,372

#### 9. Capital Commitments

At March 31, 2015, the NAWMP had signed several commitments to purchase Conservation Agreements (CAs). These CAs are to be paid out upon filing of the caveats associated with each CA in the 2015 fiscal year. These commitments at March 31, 2015 totaled approximately \$79,070 (2014 - \$314,123).

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 10. Internally Restricted Fund Balances

#### a) Land Management and Legal Fund

In 2011, the Corporation established an internally restricted fund, funded by non-government revenues, to fund future cash outlays for legal fees required to defend its land and land use rights interests, as well as future management costs associated with these lands and interests. Funds of this nature are a common practice within environmental non-government organizations, such as the Nature Conservancy of Canada and Ducks Unlimited Canada, which have considerable habitat assets protected in perpetuity. The industry standard set by the Canadian Land Trust Alliance is to set aside 15% of total historical asset acquisition costs for this purpose, which would be estimated at \$3,059,480 at March 31, 2015 (2014 - \$1,921,400) for the Corporation.

The changes in the internally restricted fund balances during the year are as follows:

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$484,955	\$277,621
Less: Approved costs during the year	(72,939)	(90,973)
Add: Non-government operating revenue	125,908	112,711
Add: Donations	351	185,596
Balance, end of year	\$538,275	\$484,955

#### b) Wetland Restoration Program

In 2014 this program carried a small balance as it was winding down. However, the Corporation signed a new four-year contribution agreement with Environment Canada (EC) under the Lake Winnipeg Basin Stewardship Fund (LWBSF). Under this contribution agreement, EC forwarded a significant proportion of total project funding, however, there is a significant contingent liability in the form of future construction expenses for wetland restoration projects that are now being negotiated. Therefore, the Corporation is internally restricting a portion of received funds for these future liabilities.

The changes in these internally restricted fund balances during the year are as follows:

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$103,784	\$ -
Less: Approved costs during the year	(112,961)	(174,198)
Add: Transfer from unrestricted	-	7,982
Add: Contributions received	200,000	270,000
Balance, end of year	\$190,823	\$103,784

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 11. Employment Termination Notice Requirement

Under the terms of the Corporation's employment agreements with its full-time employees, the Corporation has an obligation to provide paid notice of contract termination based on years of service. If the Corporation had ceased operations at March 31, 2015, it would have been required to pay \$333,409 (2014 - \$322,645) in obligations to its employees, funded by unrestricted fund balances.

#### 12. Group Registered Pension Plan (RPP) Employee Benefits

Under the terms of the Corporation's RPP program, employee contributions to RPP's are matched by the Corporation on a current basis. As a result, the Corporation has no future pension benefit liability to employees, the plan is accounted for as a defined contribution plan. The amounts paid by the Corporation in 2015 were \$36,599 (2014 - \$36,630). All funds contributed to the RPP are paid to and administered by Manulife Financial.

#### 13. Trust Assets and Liabilities

The Corporation provides support to the Wildlife and Ecosystem Protection Branch of Manitoba Conservation for the Critical Wildlife Habitat Program (CWHP).

The Corporation holds title, in trust, to a portfolio of land and provides banking and financial services for CWHP funds held in trust. A management fee is allowed, under the agreement, to be charged by the Corporation to the CWHP for these services. Disbursements, from the funds held in trust, are made at the direction of the Wildlife and Ecosystem Protection Branch.

Trust assets held by the Corporation on behalf of this program as at March 31 are as follows:

	2015	2014
Cash and funds on deposit with Province of Manitoba	\$301,815	\$344,598
Land portfolio	241,214	593,280
	\$543,029	\$937,878

These amounts are not presented in the statement of financial position on the Corporation.

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 14. Management Fees

The Corporation charged the following amounts for services provided by NAWMP to other programs during the year:

	2015	2014
RP	\$5,000	\$1,898
WRP	-	-
CWHP	37,959	36,092
	\$42,959	\$37,990

#### 15. Economic Dependence

The Corporation is economically dependent on the Province of Manitoba to provide the majority of its operational funding.

#### 16. Related Party Transactions

The Corporation is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba departments, agencies and Crown corporations. The Corporation enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount.

#### 17. Contingency

A statement of claim has been filed by the Corporation, and a statement of defense has been received. It is management's opinion that costs for which the Corporation may become responsible, if any, will be covered by the Corporation's internally restricted fund balances (Note 10) and will therefore, not have a material effect on the Corporation's financial position or results of operations. As at the date of approval of the financial statements, the amount and likelihood of total costs which will be incurred in the future to settle this claim cannot be reliably determined.

#### 18. Financial Instrument Risk Management

#### General Objectives, Policies, and Processes

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the determination of the Corporation's financial instrument risk management objectives and policies and, whilst retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for designing and operating processes that ensure effective implementation of the objectives and policies to the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and Business Manager. The Board of Directors receives regular reports from the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer and Business Manager and through which it reviews the effectiveness of the processes put in place and the appropriateness of the objectives and policies it sets.

The Corporation's financial instruments are exposed to certain financial risks, including credit risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk.

There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk, policies or procedures used to manage financial instrument risks.

For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 18. Financial Instrument Risk Management (continued)

#### **Credit Risk**

The Corporation is exposed to credit risk through the possibility of non-collection of its accounts receivable and funds on deposit with Province of Manitoba. The majority of the Corporation's receivables are from government entities which minimizes the risk of non-collection. The Corporation also makes sure it meets all the eligibility criteria for the amounts to ensure they will collect the amounts outstanding. With respect to credit risk, the Board of Directors receives details of accounts receivable and monitors them regularly. The Corporation's maximum exposure to the credit risk is limited to the amount presented on the face of the statement of financial position for accounts receivable and funds on deposit with the Province of Manitoba.

#### **Liquidity Risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Corporation will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Corporation has a planning and budgeting process in place to help determine the funds required to support the Corporation's normal operating requirements on an ongoing basis. The Corporation ensures that there are sufficient funds to meet its short-term requirements, taking into account its anticipated cash flows from operations and its holdings of cash and cash equivalents.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The Corporation is exposed to interest rate risk arising from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the cash flows related to its funds on deposit with Province of Manitoba. The Corporation's interest rate risk is mitigated by following the Corporation's investment policy established by The Manitoba Habitat Heritage Act, S.M. 1985-86, c.15-Cap. H3.

#### 19. Capital Disclosures

The Corporation's objective when managing capital is to maintain sufficient capital to cover its costs of operations and to draw on the maximum funds available for environmental projects which fall under its mandate. Capital consists of the unrestricted fund balances in the amount of \$852,627 (2014 - \$673,815), \$729,098 (2014 - \$588,739) internally restricted for land management/legal costs (see note 10), and externally restricted funds recorded as Deferred Contributions (see notes 4 and 5). All externally restricted capital must be disbursed on predetermined expenses outlined by the funder or returned to the funder within a specified time period. There were no changes in the Corporation's approach to capital management during the period.

#### NORTH AMERICAN WATERFOWL MANAGEMENT PLAN

Schedule of Expenses for the year ended March 31, 2015 (with comparative figures for 2014)

#### **SCHEDULE 1**

	2015	2014
EXPENSES		
Habitat Activities		
Salaries and benefits	\$457,199	\$465,993
Field office operations	68,393	65,584
Staff support costs	91,355	92,827
Habitat development	137,318	81,868
Nest basket program	49,088	113,966
Land securement		2,341
Mitigation banks	37,133	22,794
Property taxes	40,934	39,332
	881,420	884,705
Evaluation	75,524	76,956
Communications		
Salaries and benefits	19,031	18,604
Program delivery	44,273	27,262
	63,304	45,866
Program Coordination		
Salaries and benefits	342,047	335,834
Rent	31,128	32,370
Office expenses	64,832	55,272
Staff support	15,464	16,870
Board remunerations	13,508	12,599
Professional fees	96,738	65,139
Other	30,516	35,265
	594,233	553,349
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$1,614,481	\$1,560,876

#### **RIPARIAN PROGRAM**

Schedule of Expenses for the year ended March 31, 2015 (with comparative figures for 2014)

#### **SCHEDULE 2**

	2015	2014
EXPENSES		
Habitat Activities		
Salaries and benefits	\$7,560	\$67,522
Field office operations	1,190	4,136
Staff support costs	1,774	11,500
Habitat management fees	5,000	-
	15,524	83,158
Evaluation	7,200	4,100
Program Coordination		
Salaries and benefits	16,884	53,960
Rent	2,114	6,158
Office expenses	1,694	3,934
Staff support	873	2,563
Board remunerations		4,220
Professional fees		291
	21,565	71,126
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$44,289	\$158,384

## WETLAND RESTORATION PROGRAM

Schedule of Expenses for the year ended March 31, 2015 (with comparative figures for 2014)

## **SCHEDULE 3**

	2015	2014
EXPENSES		
Habitat Activities		
Salaries and benefits	\$ -	\$9,855
Staff support costs	608	7,305
Project delivery		
MHHC	3,148	22,038
DUC	51,748	135,000
	55,504	174,198
Evaluation	49,252	-
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$104,756	\$174,198

## WETLAND INVENTORY PROGRAM

Schedule of Expenses for the year ended March 31, 2015 (with comparative figures for 2014)

## **SCHEDULE 4**

	2015	2014
EXPENSES		
Habitat Activities		
Salaries and benefits	\$159,987	\$77,628
Field office operations	29,512	13,065
Staff support costs	7,166	1,951
Aerial surveys	1,065	7,022
	197,730	99,666
Program Coordination		
Salaries and benefits	18,118	14,845
	\$215,848	\$114,511



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# MANITOBA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2015

## MANITOBA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION

# Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2015

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## Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of Manitoba Hazardous Waste Management Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Hazardous Waste Management Corporation, which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2015 and the statement of operations and deficit, and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Hazardous Waste Management Corporation as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Chartered Accountants

BDD Carada LLP

Winnipeg, Manitoba July 31, 2015

# MANITOBA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Balance Sheet

Assets         Current Assets       \$ 621,068       \$ 562,744         Long-term Investment       1,509,486       1,509,486         Miller Environmental Corporation (Note 3)       1,509,486       1,509,486         Capital Assets       170,305       170,305         Land, at cost       2,300,859       \$ 2,242,535         Liabilities and Equity       *** <ul> <li>Current Liabilities</li> <li>Accounts payable and accrued liabilities</li> <li>\$ 10,027</li> <li>\$ 10,160</li> </ul> Contingencies (Note 6)     *** <ul> <li>Equity</li> <li>Share capital (Note 4)</li> <li>Deficit</li> <li>(5,209,168)</li> <li>(5,267,625)</li> <li>2,290,832</li> <li>2,232,375</li> </ul> *** <ul> <li>2,290,839</li> <li>2,242,535</li> </ul>	March 31		2015	2014
Cash and bank       \$ 621,068       \$ 562,744         Long-term Investment Miller Environmental Corporation (Note 3)       1,509,486       1,509,486         Capital Assets Land, at cost       170,305       170,305         Liabilities and Equity       2,300,859       2,242,535         Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities       10,027       \$ 10,160         Contingencies (Note 6)       7,500,000       7,500,000       7,500,000         Equity Share capital (Note 4) Deficit       7,500,000       7,500,000       7,500,000       (5,267,625)         2,290,832       2,232,375	Assets			
Miller Environmental Corporation (Note 3)       1,509,486       1,509,486         Capital Assets		\$	621,068	\$ 562,744
Land, at cost       170,305       170,305         \$ 2,300,859       \$ 2,242,535         Liabilities and Equity       Current Liabilities       \$ 10,027       \$ 10,160         Accounts payable and accrued liabilities       \$ 10,027       \$ 10,160         Contingencies (Note 6)       7,500,000       7,500,000       7,500,000         Equity       7,500,000       7,500,000       7,500,000       5,267,625         Deficit       2,290,832       2,232,375			1,509,486	1,509,486
Liabilities and Equity         Current Liabilities       \$ 10,027 \$ 10,160         Contingencies (Note 6)       \$ 10,027 \$ 10,160         Equity       \$ 7,500,000 7,500,000 (5,209,168) (5,267,625)         Deficit       \$ (5,299,168) (5,267,625)			170,305	170,305
Current Liabilities       \$ 10,027 \$ 10,160         Contingencies (Note 6)       \$ 10,027 \$ 10,160         Equity       \$ 7,500,000 7,500,000 (5,209,168) (5,267,625)         Deficit       (5,209,168) (5,267,625)		\$	2,300,859	\$ 2,242,535
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities \$ 10,027 \$ 10,160  Contingencies (Note 6)  Equity Share capital (Note 4) Deficit  7,500,000 (5,209,168) (5,267,625)  2,290,832 2,232,375	Liabilities and Equity		r	
Equity Share capital (Note 4) Deficit  7,500,000 (5,209,168) (5,267,625)  2,290,832 2,232,375		\$	10,027	\$ 10,160
Share capital (Note 4)       7,500,000       7,500,000         Deficit       (5,209,168)       (5,267,625)         2,290,832       2,232,375	Contingencies (Note 6)			
	Share capital (Note 4)			
		_	2,290,832	2,232,375
		\$	2,300,859	\$ 2,242,535

On behalf of the Board:

Original Document Signed	_ Director
Original Document Signed	_ Director

# MANITOBA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Statement of Operations and Deficit

For the year ended March 31		2015		2014
Revenue	r.	00.000	ф	
Rent - Miller Environmental Corporation (Note 5) Pattern Energy Wind Rent	\$	90,000 800	\$	90,000 800
		90,800		90,800
Expenses General and administrative expenses	punnen	32,343		30,852
Net income for the year		58,457		59,948
Deficit, beginning of year		(5,267,625)		(5,327,573)
Deficit, end of year	\$	(5,209,168)	\$	(5,267,625)

# MANITOBA HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT CORPORATION Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31		2015	2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Net income for the year Changes in non-cash working capital balances	\$	58,457 \$	59,948
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	#Dodh Million	(133)	133
Increase in cash and cash equivalents for the year		58,324	60,081
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<del>annon m</del>	562,744	502,663
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	621,068 \$	562,744

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### (a) Nature of the Organization

The Manitoba Hazardous Waste Management Corporation was established under the Manitoba Hazardous Waste Management Corporation Act. The corporation, as an agent of the Government of the Province of Manitoba, is responsible to establish, operate, and maintain in accordance with all applicable laws in the province, a hazardous waste management system in Manitoba. This system must be operated and maintained in a manner that will protect the health and safety of the public and preserve the environment. Effective January 1, 1996, the corporation entered into various agreements with Miller Waste Systems, a division of Miller Paving Limited and Miller Environmental Corporation (Miller) for the continued operation of the hazardous waste management system in Manitoba.

These agreements provide for the transfer of certain assets and liabilities to Miller in exchange for 50% of the common shares and all the Class A special preferred shares of Miller. Under the agreements, the corporation retains title to its land holdings which are being leased to Miller for an indefinite term, contingent on Miller's continued existence and operation of the hazardous waste management system.

#### (b) Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the corporation are the responsibility of management. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations as established by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

#### (c) Revenue Recognition

Rental revenue is recognized over the term which it applies and when collectibility is reasonably assured.

#### (d) Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. In subsequent periods, financial assets with actively traded markets are reported at fair value, with any unrealized gains and losses reported in income. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each balance sheet date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

#### (e) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

#### 2. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management

The corporation is exposed to different types of risk in the normal course of operations. There have been no changes in risk exposure since the prior year.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the corporation to credit risk consist principally of cash and bank and long-term investments.

The maximum exposure of the corporation to credit risk at March 31, 2015 is:

Cash and bank Long-term investment	\$	621,068 1,509,486
	\$	2,130,554

Cash and bank: The corporation is not exposed to significant credit risk as the cash and bank deposits are primarily held by a Canadian chartered bank.

Long-term investment: The corporation is not exposed to significant credit risk as the long-term investment is in another reliable organization that had positive cash flows and net earnings for the past year. The long-term investment represents an investment in Miller and was written down to \$1,000,000 in 2003 due to it being impaired. Since 2003, the shareholders' equity of Miller has increased, which has resulted in the investment not being a significant credit risk to the corporation. During the 2011 year end, an additional \$509,486 was invested in Miller in settlement of rent arrears owing to the corporation.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the corporation will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they become due, and arises from the corporation's management of working capital. The corporation's policy is to ensure that it will have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities when they become due.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 2. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (continued)

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and foreign exchange rates, will affect the corporation's income or the fair values of its financial instruments. The significant market risks the corporation is exposed to are interest rate risk and foreign currency risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to cash and bank.

The interest rate risk on cash and bank is considered to be low because of the short-term nature of these financial instruments.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The corporation is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

#### 3. Long-term Investment - Miller Environmental Corporation

The investment in Miller is recorded at cost of \$3,000,000 less \$2,000,000 writedown in 2003 to represent the estimated value of the investment after taking into consideration an impairment in value at that time. In addition, on August 12, 2010 the outstanding rent receivable of \$509,486 (net of a \$45,000 payment received) from Miller was converted into an additional 1,242,648 Class A special preferred shares in Miller Environmental Corporation for a total of 4,242,648 shares.

#### 4. Share Capital

The authorized capital of the corporation is 350,000 shares for a maximum consideration of \$35,000,000.

The issued capital is as follows:

**2015** 2014 \$ **7,500,000** \$ 7,500,000

75,000 common shares

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 5. Rent - Miller Environmental Corporation

On March 1, 2008, a rental agreement was entered into with Miller requiring fixed monthly rent payments of \$7,500. The agreement was renewed for the period March 1, 2013 to February 28, 2018 with no change to the rent payments.

#### Contingencies

Under the terms of the agreements with Miller, the corporation would be responsible for any claims prior to January 1, 1996 not disclosed during the due diligence process. Any future removal and site restoration costs would be the responsibility of Miller and the Province of Manitoba. An estimate of these costs cannot be determined and therefore no provision has been made in the financial statements for any such costs.

#### 7. Economic Dependence

The corporation is economically dependent on Miller. The corporation's main future sources of revenue are site lease rental revenue and dividend income from its affiliate.

#### 8. Public Sector Compensation

Pursuant to the disclosure required by the Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act, the remuneration paid to Board members during the year, in aggregate, totalled \$7,739 (\$6,917 in 2014). No employee's compensation exceeded \$50,000 per year.

On behalf of the management,

Nardia Maharaj, CMA, MBA Assistant Deputy Minister and

Chief Financial Officer

#### MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management of Manitoba Health, Healthy Living and Seniors is responsible to the Minister of Health, Healthy Living and Seniors for the integrity and objectivity of the financial statements and schedules of the Manitoba Health Services Insurance Plan. The financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2015 have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Manitoba Health, Healthy Living and Seniors maintains a system of internal control designed to provide management with reasonable assurance that confidential data and other assets are safeguarded and that reliable operating and financial records are maintained. This system includes written policies and procedures, and an organization structure which provides for appropriate delegation of authority and segregation of responsibilities.

The Office of the Auditor General is responsible to express an independent, professional opinion on whether the financial statements are fairly presented in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The Auditor's Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and provides the audit opinion.

Management has reviewed and approved these financial statements. To assist in meeting its responsibility, an audit committee meets to review audit, financial reporting and related matters.

Winnipeg, Manitoba June 29, 2015



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba To the Minister of Health

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Manitoba Health Services Insurance Plan, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations and accumulated surplus and net debt, and cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Office of the auditor heneral

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Manitoba Health Services Insurance Plan as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Office of the Auditor General

June 29, 2015

Winnipeg, Manitoba

## **Statement of Financial Position**

As At March 31, 2015 (in thousands of dollars)

	2015	2014	
Financial Assets			
Cash	\$ 16,237	\$ 5,786	
Funds on deposit with the Province of Manitoba	391,863	273,932	
Due from:			
Province of Manitoba	-	11,890	
Province of Manitoba - vacation pay (Note 4)	121,663	121,663	
Province of Manitoba - post employment benefits (Note 4)	128,177	128,177	
Other Provinces and Territories	37,581	35,535	
Other	15,653	11,362	
	711,174	588,345	
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities (Note 5) Due to:	451,951	338,505	
Province of Manitoba	9,383	-	
Province of Manitoba - vacation pay (Note 4)	121,663	121,663	
Province of Manitoba - post employment benefits (Note 4)	128,177	128,177	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	711,174	588,345	
Accumulated Surplus and Net Debt	\$ -	\$ -	

(The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes form an integral part of these financial statements.)

#### **Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus and Net Debt**

For the Year Ended March 31, 2015

(in thousands of dollars)

	Budget	Actual	Actual
	2015	2015	2014
Revenue			
Province of Manitoba - Grants (Note 7)	\$ 5,258,335	\$ 5,249,282	\$5,065,349
Inter-provincial reciprocal recoveries - Hospital	65,977	58,495	64,937
Inter-provincial reciprocal recoveries - Medical	16,121	16,924	15,632
Third party recoveries	27,388	27,076	25,785
Miscellaneous	2,000	7,327	2,790
	5,369,821	5,359,104	5,174,493
Expenses			
Health Authorities and Facilities (Note 7)	3,697,336	3,697,089	3,640,248
Medical	1,216,644	1,234,370	1,160,562
Provincial programs	186,781	179,720	132,911
Pharmacare	269,060	247,925	240,772
	5,369,821	5,359,104	5,174,493
Annual Surplus and Net Debt	-	-	-
Accumulated Surplus and Net Debt, Beginning of Year	<u> </u>		
Accumulated Surplus and Net Debt, End of Year	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$

# MANITOBA HEALTH SERVICES INSURANCE PLAN Statement of Cash Flow

For the Year Ended March 31, 2015 (in thousands of dollars)

	2015	2014
Operating Activities		
Annual Surplus (Deficit)	\$ -	\$ -
Changes in Working Capital:		
Due from:		
Province of Manitoba	11,890	(11,890)
Other Provinces and Territories	(2,046)	(22,165)
Other	(4,291)	13,937
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities  Due to:	113,446	30,371
Province of Manitoba	9,383	(75,429)
	128,382	(65,176)
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Funds on deposit	128,382	(65,176)
Cash and Funds on deposit with the Province, Beginning of year	279,718	344,894
Cash and Funds on deposit with the Province, End of year	\$ 408,100	\$ 279,718
Consists of:		
Cash	\$ 16,237	\$ 5,786
Funds on deposit with Province of Manitoba	391,863	273,932
	\$ 408,100	\$ 279,718

**Notes to the Financial Statements** 

For the Year ended March 31, 2015 (in thousands of dollars)

#### 1. Nature of Operations

The Manitoba Health Services Insurance Plan (the Plan) operates under the authority of the Health Services Insurance Act. The Plan is not a separate entity with the power to contract in its own name and cannot sue or be sued. The mandate of the Plan is to provide health related insurance for Manitobans by funding the costs of qualified hospital, medical, personal care and other health services. The Plan's financial operations are administered outside of the Provincial Consolidated Fund.

Effective for the year ended March 31, 2015, the Plan includes the operations of the Selkirk Mental Health Centre.

#### 2. Significant Accounting Policies

#### a. General

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### b. Revenue Recognition

Grants from the Province of Manitoba are recognized in the period in which the funds are drawn from Provincial Appropriations.

Under inter-provincial reciprocal agreements Canadian residents can obtain necessary hospital and medical services while away from their home provinces or territories. Revenue related to reciprocal recoveries is recognized in the period that the services are provided.

Manitoba Health recovers amounts for hospital and medical services provided to individuals who are covered under other insurance plans, primarily Manitoba Public Insurance. Revenue related to third party recoveries is recognized in the period that the services are provided.

All other revenues are recognized at a gross amount on an accrual basis.

#### c. Financial Instruments

The financial instruments of the Plan consist of cash, funds on deposit, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and amounts due to the Province of Manitoba. All of the Plan's financial instruments are carried at cost.

Impaired financial assets are written down to their net recoverable value with the write-down being recognized in the statement of operations.

#### d. Net Debt

Net Debt is equivalent to accumulated surplus as there are no non-financial assets.

#### e. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Items requiring the use of significant estimates include any allowance for doubtful accounts related to accounts receivable, and the estimation of accrued liabilities related to Health Authorities, Medical Service Claims, Pharmacare Claims, and General.

Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended March 31, 2015

(in thousands of dollars)

#### f. Administrative and Operating Expenses

The financial statements do not include administrative salaries and operating expenses related to the Plan. These are included in the operating expenses of Manitoba Health.

#### 3. Financial Instrument Risk Management

The Plan has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit; interest rate, and liquidity risk. Based on the Plan's small amount of foreign currency denominated assets, a change in exchange rates would not have a material effect on its Statement of Operations. There have been no significant changes from the previous year in the exposure to risk or policies, procedures and methods used to measure the risk.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Plan to credit risk include cash, funds on deposit, and accounts receivable.

Cash and funds on deposit are not exposed to significant credit risk. Cash is held with a large reputable financial institution and funds on deposit are held by the Province of Manitoba.

Accounts receivable are not exposed to significant credit risk. The majority of the amounts is due from the Province of Manitoba and other provinces and territories; both typically pay in full. No allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Plan will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due.

The Plan manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances and by review from the Department of Health to ensure adequate funding will be received to meet its obligations.

#### 4. Employee Benefits

The Plan revised, in 2005, its funding arrangements related to vacation pay and post employment benefits. Prior to 2005, the Plan did not fund the annual vacation leave earned by employees of the Regional Health Authorities (Health Authorities) and Health Care Facilities (Facilities) until the year vacations were taken. As well, the Plan did not fund post-employment benefits earned by employees of Health Authorities and Facilities until those post-employment benefits were paid. Funding is now provided as vacation pay and post employment benefits are earned by employees subsequent to March 31, 2004.

The amount recorded as due from the Province – vacation pay was initially based on the estimated value of the corresponding liability as at March 31, 2004. Subsequent to March 31, 2004, the Province has included in its ongoing annual funding to the Plan, an amount equal to the current year's expense for vacation pay entitlements.

The amount recorded as due from the Province – post employment benefits is the value of the corresponding actuarial liability for post employment costs as at March 31, 2004. There has been no change to the value subsequent to March 31, 2004 because the Province has provided, in its ongoing annual funding to the Plan, an amount equivalent to the change in the post employment liability

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the Year ended March 31, 2015 (in thousands of dollars)

including annual interest accretion related to the receivable. The receivable will be paid by the Province when it is determined that the funding is required to discharge the related post employment liabilities.

#### 5. Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities

	2015	2014
Health Authorities and Facilities	\$326,095	\$218,617
Provincial Health Services	3,944	3,129
Medical Service Claims	72,904	66,993
Pharmacare Claims	2,856	13,460
General	46,152	36,306
	\$451.951	\$338.505

#### 6. Expenditures for Hospital, Medical, and Other Health Services

The following table summarizes expenditures including accrual impact during the fiscal year.

Hospital service payments include services that an insured person is entitled under the Plan to receive at any hospital, surgical facility or personal care home without payment except for any authorized charges that he or she may be liable to pay are:

- in-patient services and out-patient services in a hospital and out-patient services in a surgical facility;
- such services in a hospital as may be specified in the regulations as being additional hospital services that an insured person is entitled to receive under the Plan; and
- subject to any special waiting period in respect of personal care prescribed in the regulations, and subject to meeting the admission requirements for the personal care home personal care provided in premises designated as personal care homes.

Medical service payments include all services rendered by a medical practitioner that are medically required but does not include services excepted by the regulations.

Other health service payments include chiropractic, optometric, or midwifery services, or to services provided in hospitals by certified oral surgeons, or to the provision of prosthetic or orthotic devices, or to any or all of those services.

	2015	2014
Hospital Services	\$3,025,264	\$3,008,358
Medical Services	1,203,002	1,135,011
Other Health Services	46,613	42,807

#### 7. Special Warrant

The special warrant for supplementary funding of \$57,908 is included in the Budget for 2015.

#### 8. Economic Dependence

The Plan is economically dependent on the Province of Manitoba for its funding.

**Notes to the Financial Statements** 

For the Year ended March 31, 2015 (in thousands of dollars)

#### 9. Related Party Transactions

In addition to those related transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Plan is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba created departments, agencies and Crown corporations. The Plan enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount.

#### 10. The Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act

The Schedule of Payments pursuant to the provisions of The Public Sector Compensation Disclosure Act is included as part of the Annual Report of Manitoba Health.

#### 11. Comparative Figures

Certain of the 2014 comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the presentation adopted for 2015.

# MANITOBA HORSE RACING COMMISSION

Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2015

## **MANITOBA HORSE RACING COMMISSION**

## Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2015

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BDO Canada LLP/s.r.l. 700 - 200 Graham Avenue Winnipeg MB R3C 4L5 Canada

## Independent Auditor's Report

## To the Board of Commissioners of MANITOBA HORSE RACING COMMISSION

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of MANITOBA HORSE RACING COMMISSION, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, and the statement of operating revenue and expenses and fund balances and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, these financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Manitoba Horse Racing Commission as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Chartered Accountants

BDO Canada LCP

Winnipeg, Manitoba June 24, 2015

# MANITOBA HORSE RACING COMMISSION Statement of Financial Position

March 31													· · ·		2015	2	2014
									Restricted Funds	Fun	sp						
		General Fund	A	Capital Assets Fund	Pari-Mutuel Levy Fund	۸ Fina	Minister of Finance Fund		Rural Fund		H.B.P.A. Fund		C.T.H.S. Fund		Total		Total
Assets Current Assets	<del>\$</del>	130,690	↔		<del>⇔</del>	<del>\$</del>	23,417	<del>\$</del>	6,088	<b>\$</b>	88,941	<b>↔</b>	116,155	↔	365,291	\$ 266	266,719
Recelvable from the Province of Manitoba - pension	I	58,571		•			٠		٠		•		•		58,571	55	55,139
	1	189,261		•	•		23,417		6,088		88,941		116,155		423,862	321	321,858
Long-term investment (Note 2) Capital assets (Note 3)		269,532		- 11,289			1 1								269,532 11,289	267 12	267,153 12,900
		269,532		11,289	•						ı				280,821	280	280,053
	<del>\$</del>	458,793	↔	11,289	\$	\$	23,417	₩.	6,088	s	88,941	s	116,155	s	704,683	\$ 601	601,911
Liabilities and Fund Balances Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ \$	s 53,106	↔	•	ı <del>⇔</del>	<del>\$</del>	23,417	₩	6,088	<del>\$</del>	88,941	<b>↔</b>	116,155	↔	287,707	\$ 216	216,034
Provision for employee pension benefits (Note 4)		328,103		•	•		1				•		·		328,103	322	322,292
	1	381,209		•			23,417		6,088		88,941		116,155		615,810	538	538,326
Fund Balances Unrestricted Invested in capital assets	l	77,584		- 11,289											77,584 11,289	50	50,685 12,900
	I	77,584		11,289			•				•		•		88,873	63	63,585
	<del>⇔</del>	458,793	↔	11,289	- - - -	છ	23,417	<b>⇔</b>	6,088	₩.	88,941	₩.	116,155	€9-	704,683	\$ 601	601,911

Approved on behalf of the Commission:

_ Chairman	
Original Document Signed	Original Document Signed

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Controller

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Statement of Operating Revenue and Expenses and Fund Balances MANITOBA HORSE RACING COMMISSION

For the year ended March 31								2015	2014
					Restricted Funds	Funds			
	General Fund	Capital Assets Fund	Pari-Mutuel Levy Fund	Minister of Finance Fund	Rural Fund	H.B.P.A. Fund	C.T.H.S. Fund	Total	Total
Revenue Fees, licenses and fines (Note 5) Grant from Manitoba	\$ 190,230	<b>.</b>	<del>69</del>	<b>⇔</b> '	•	<b>↔</b> '	•	\$ 190,230	\$ 146,680
Agriculture, Food and Rural Development Interest Pari-mutuel levy	196,500 580 -		2,361,059		400,000			596,500 580 2,361,059	400,000 682 2,389,157
	387,310	,	2,361,059		400,000			3,148,369	2,936,578
Expenditures General Fund operating expenses (Schedule 1)	604,882	•	•	•	•	•	ı	604,882	475,226
Overnight purse support thoroughbred Owners/breeders incentive	•	•	•	354,142	•	1,389,066	373,380	2,116,588	2,141,056
thoroughbred Quarter Horse support Amortization of capital assets Standard rural Other		1,611			400,000			1,611 400,000	2,075 340,000
	604,882	1,611		354,142	400,000	1,389,066	373,380	3,123,081	2,958,357
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures for the year	(217,572)	(1,611)	2,361,059	(354,142)	•	(1,389,066)	(373,380)	25,288	(21,779)
Pari-Mutuel Levy Fund transfer	244,471	,	(2,361,059)	354,142	•	1,389,066	373,380	•	ı
Fund balances, beginning of year	50,685	12,900	•	•			•	63,585	85,364
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 77,584	\$ 11,289	•	\$ - \$	'	\$ -	•	\$ 88,873	\$ 63,585

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# MANITOBA HORSE RACING COMMISSION Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31	2015	2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures Amortization of capital assets	\$ 25,288 \$ 1,611	(21,779) 2,075
Changes in non-cash working capital balances	26,899	(19,704)
Receivable from Province of Manitoba - pension	(3,432)	(44,321)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	71,673	(3,582)
Provision for employee pension benefits (Note 4)	 5,811	47,244
	 100,951	(20,363)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Net change in investments	 (2,379)	(2,925)
Increase (decrease) in cash and bank during the year	98,572	(23,288)
Cash, beginning of year	 266,719	290,007
Cash, end of year	\$ 365,291 \$	266,719

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of the Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

#### Nature of the Organization

Manitoba Horse Racing Commission (the "Organization") was established under The Horse Racing Commission Act to govern, direct, control and regulate horse racing and the operations of horse race tracks in Manitoba. The Commission's sustainability is dependent upon on-going financial resources realized through The Horse Racing Commission Act.

The operating expenses of the Commission in excess of revenue derived from its regulatory activities are funded by a grant from the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Development, interest earned on the General Fund, as well as a proportionate share of the Pari-Mutuel Levy according to the Plan for Distribution.

Revenues and expenses related to program delivery and administrative activities of the Commission are reported in the General Fund.

Capital Asset Fund represents the net investment of the Commission in capital assets.

Effective April 1, 1997, Pari-Mutuel Levy Act (the "Act") was enacted. The Act provides for the establishment of a Pari-Mutuel Levy Fund for the promotion of horse racing in Manitoba. The levy is collected by the Commission and distributed in accordance with a Plan For Distribution, as required by the Act.

The Minister of Finance Fund is used for levies debucted and paid to the Minister of Finance as per the Act.

The Rural Fund is used for funding of the rural circuit as well as Quarter Horse racing. Funding for the Rural Fund is provided through a grant from the Department of Agriculture, Food and Rural Development.

Horsemen's Benevolent Protection Association (H.B.PA) Fund is to be used for overnight purses at Assiniboia Downs. Funding for the H.B.PA Fund is provided through the Pari-Mutuel Levy Act based on the Plan For Distribution approved by the minister responsible for the administration of the Act.

Canadian Thoroughbred Horsemen Society (C.T.H.S) Fund is to be used for breeder's and owner's incentives at Assiniboia Downs. Funding for the C.T.H.S Fund is provided through the Pari-Mutuel Levy Act based on the Plan For Distribution approved by the minister responsible for the administration of the Act.

#### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for government not-for-profit organizations, including the 4200 series of standards and include the following significant accounting policies:

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of the Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Accounting (continued)

#### **Fund Accounting**

The Commission follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions, and maintains seven funds: General Fund, Capital Asset Fund, Pari-Mutuel Levy Fund, Minister of Financial Fund, Rural Fund, H.B.PA Fund, and C.T.H.S. Fund.

#### Revenue Recognition

Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the appropriate restricted fund.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue of the General Fund in the year received or receivable if the amount to be received can be estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Funding from the Province of Manitoba includes the Commission's share of provisions recorded for unfunded pension liabilities.

#### **Pension Costs**

Employees of the Commission are pensionable under the Civil Service Superannuation Act. Pension costs consist of the employer's share of pension benefits paid to retired employees, as well as the increase in the employee pension benefits liability during the fiscal year. This liability is determined actuarially every three years with the balances for the intervening years determined by formula provided by the actuary. The most recent valuation was completed as at December 31, 2013. Actuarial gains and losses are amortized over the average remaining service life of employees, commencing in the year following when the actuarial gain or loss arises.

#### Measurement Uncertainty (Use of Estimates)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectibility and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary. Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of capital assets.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in excess of revenues and expenses in the periods in which they become known.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of the Organization and Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of Accounting (continued)

#### Fund Transfers

i) Capital asset fund transfer

Fund transfers represent allocations from the General Fund to the Capital Asset Fund for capital acquisitions.

ii) Pari-mutuel levy fund transfer

A pari-mutuel levy is collected by the Commission for the promotion of horse racing in Manitoba. The Pari-mutuel Levy Fund is then distributed in accordance with the Plan for Distribution.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives as follows:

Security equipment10 yearsComputer equipment5 yearsFurniture and fixtures10 - 20 years

#### Financial Instruments

The financial instruments of the Commission consist of cash, receivable from the Province of Manitoba - pension, long term investment, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

All of the Commission's financial instruments are carried at cost or amortized cost.

If an impairment loss is determined by The Commission and there is no realistic prospect of recovery the financial asset(s) are written down to net recoverable value with the writedown being recognized in the statement of operating revenue and expenses and fund balances.

#### 2. Long-term Investment

The Province of Manitoba has confirmed that it intends to pay in full the March 31, 2008 receivable balance related to prior years' funding for the pension liability. This payment was placed in an interest bearing trust account on March 31, 2009 and is held on behalf of the Manitoba Horse Racing Commission until the cash is required to discharge the related liabilities. Accordingly, this receivable is classified as current.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 3. Capital Assets

	_			2015			2014
		Cost	 cumulated mortization	Net Book Value	Cost	 ccumulated mortization	Net Book Value
Security equipment Furniture & fixtures Computer equipment	\$	13,118 7,571 12,299	\$ 7,699 7,182 6,818	\$ 5,419 389 5,481	\$ 13,118 7,571 12,299	\$ 6,519 6,550 7,019	\$ 6,599 1,021 5,280
	\$	32,988	\$ 21,699	\$ 11,289	\$ 32,988	\$ 20,088	\$ 12,900

#### 4. Provision for Employee Pension Benefits

The Commission follows the accrual method of accounting for its employee pension benefits liability.

An actuarial valuation of the employee pension benefit liability as at December 31, 2013 was conducted by Ellement & Ellement Ltd., Consulting Actuaries. The key actuarial assumptions were a rate of return of 6.00% (2012 - 6.00%), 2.00% inflation (2012 - 2.00%), salary rate increases of 3.75% (2012 - 3.75%), discount rate of 6.00% (2012 - 6.00%) and post retirement indexing at 2/3 of the inflation rate. The service to date projected benefit method was used and the liabilities have been estimated to March 31, 2015 using a formula provided by the actuary and adjusted for a provision for adverse experience and a trust fund credit.

The average remaining service life of employees is 2.78 years. During 2015 amortization of the net actuarial loss was \$(9,551).

Provision for employer's share of employees' pension plan:

	 2015	2014
Accrued benefit obligation, beginning of year Benefits accrued Interest accrued on benefits Benefits paid Actuarial gain	\$ 322,292 \$ 10,673 15,002 (25,756)	275,046 8,443 14,204 (28,642) 49,582
Accrued benefit obligation, end of year	322,211	318,633
Unamortized actuarial gain (loss)	 5,892	3,659
Provision, end of year	\$ 328,103 \$	322,292

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### 4. Provision for Employee Pension Benefits (continued)

The Commission's pension plan costs consist of the following:

		2015	2014
Benefits accrued	<b>\$</b>	10.673 \$	8.443
Interest accrued on benefits	•	15,002	14,204

Amortization of actuarial loss		15,002 (9,551)	(3,748)
Pension cost	<b>\$</b>	16,124 \$	18,899

#### 5. Fees, Licenses and Fines

		2015	2014
Assiniboia Downs			
Daily licenses	\$	142,695	\$ 108,840
Fees and licenses		28,340	30,445
Fines		17,005	5,905
		188,040	145,190
Rural Circuit			
Fees and licenses		1,355	1,040
Fines		835	450
	_	2,190	1,490
	\$	190,230	\$ 146,680

#### 6. Financial Instruments

The Commission has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the possibility of the Commission having insufficient financial resources to meet its financial obligations when they come due. The Commission mitigates this risk through cash management. Accounts payable and accrued liabilities are typically paid when due.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to cash and long term investment. The interest rate risk on cash and long term investment is considered to be low due to their short term nature and the long term investment is reinvested annually.

#### For the year ended March 31, 2015

#### **6. Financial Instruments** (continued)

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Commission to credit risk consist principally of cash, long term investment, accounts receivable and receivable from Province of Manitoba - pension.

Cash is not exposed to significant credit risk as cash is held with a large reputable financial institution.

Long term investment and receivable from Province of Manitoba - pension are not exposed to significant credit risk as both are with the Province of Manitoba.

Accounts receivable is not exposed to significant credit risk as payment in full is typically collected when due. No allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

#### Foreign Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign currency rates. The Commission is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

#### 7. Related Party Transactions

In addition to those related party transactions disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Commission is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba created departments, agencies and Crown corporations. The Commission enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount.

# MANITOBA HORSE RACING COMMISSION Schedule of General and Administrative Expenses

For the year ended March 31		2015		2014
Commissioners' per diem and honoraria	\$	18,141	\$	21,056
Drug, alcohol and security		18,691		18,089
Employee benefits		31,238		29,345
Equipment and office furniture		4,080		3,391
Insurance		2,110		1,144
Membership and dues		5,132		5,194
Office		28,606		12,615
Pension cost		16,124		18,899
Professional fees		54,859		25,478
Repairs and Maintenance		41,789		-
Salaries:				
Administration		167,009		147,925
Security		7,352		5,621
Stewards and judges		100,050		86,202
Veterinarian services		55,054		51,809
Support grant		32,786		28,529
Telephone		10,833		10,305
Travel		11,028		9,624
	\$	604,882	\$	475,226

MANITOBA HOSPITAL CAPITAL FINANCING AUTHORITY AUDITED FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 WERE NOT AVAILABLE AT
THE TIME OF PRINTING THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA PUBLIC ACCOUNTS
VOLUME IV

# **APPENDIX 5**

Manitoba Housing and Renewal Corporation (MHRC)
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDING
MARCH 31, 2015



# **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba To the Board of Directors of The Manitoba Housing and Renewal Corporation

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Manitoba Housing and Renewal Corporation, which comprise of the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, and the statements of operations, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Office of me Arditar General

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Manitoba Housing and Renewal Corporation as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Office of the Auditor General

August 28, 2015 Winnipeg, Manitoba

#### Statement of Financial Position

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative figures for 2014

	2015	2014
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (note 3)	\$ 73,808,952	\$ 95,749,875
Accounts receivable (note 4)	27,212,281	24,492,016
Prepaid expenses	4,599,294	4,205,065
Current portion of loans and mortgages receivable (note 5)	7,985,777	7,475,178
	113,606,304	131,922,134
Other long-term receivables (note 4)	28,417,023	22,982,634
Loans and mortgages receivable (note 5)	104,847,443	112,697,019
Land inventory (note 6)	70,735,423	68,198,413
Capital assets (note 8)	620,980,590	528,487,789
	\$ 938,586,783	\$ 864,287,989
Liabilities, Deferred Contributions and Net Assets		
Current liabilities:	A 50 705 040	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 52,705,949	\$ 63,012,486
Current portion of long-term debt (note 9)	43,914,736 96,620,685	
Long-term debt (note 9)		100,748,875
	96,620,685	100,748,875 828,722,041
Long-term debt (note 9) Other long-term liabilities (note 10)	96,620,685 914,035,278	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423
Long-term debt (note 9) Other long-term liabilities (note 10) Deferred revenue (note 11)	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423
Long-term debt (note 9)  Other long-term liabilities (note 10)  Deferred revenue (note 11)  Deferred contributions: (note 12)	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423 13,386,633
Long-term debt (note 9) Other long-term liabilities (note 10) Deferred revenue (note 11)	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885 11,220,235	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423 13,386,633 9,486,116
Long-term debt (note 9)  Other long-term liabilities (note 10)  Deferred revenue (note 11)  Deferred contributions: (note 12)  Expenses of future periods	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885 11,220,235 8,193,444	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423 13,386,633 9,486,116 14,887,541
Long-term debt (note 9)  Other long-term liabilities (note 10)  Deferred revenue (note 11)  Deferred contributions: (note 12)  Expenses of future periods  Capital assets	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885 11,220,235 8,193,444 19,813,934 13,080,444 11,394,471	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423 13,386,633 9,486,116 14,887,541 22,644,297 18,744,854
Long-term debt (note 9)  Other long-term liabilities (note 10)  Deferred revenue (note 11)  Deferred contributions: (note 12)  Expenses of future periods  Capital assets  Funds held for third party expenses	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885 11,220,235 8,193,444 19,813,934 13,080,444	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423 13,386,633 9,486,116 14,887,541 22,644,297 18,744,854
Long-term debt (note 9)  Other long-term liabilities (note 10)  Deferred revenue (note 11)  Deferred contributions: (note 12)  Expenses of future periods  Capital assets  Funds held for third party expenses  Housing Development and Rehabilitation Fund	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885 11,220,235 8,193,444 19,813,934 13,080,444 11,394,471	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423 13,386,633 9,486,116 14,887,541 22,644,297 18,744,854
Long-term debt (note 9)  Other long-term liabilities (note 10)  Deferred revenue (note 11)  Deferred contributions: (note 12)  Expenses of future periods  Capital assets  Funds held for third party expenses  Housing Development and Rehabilitation Fund	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885 11,220,235 8,193,444 19,813,934 13,080,444 11,394,471	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423 13,386,633 9,486,116 14,887,541 22,644,297 18,744,854 65,762,808
Long-term debt (note 9)  Other long-term liabilities (note 10)  Deferred revenue (note 11)  Deferred contributions: (note 12)  Expenses of future periods  Capital assets  Funds held for third party expenses  Housing Development and Rehabilitation Fund  Net assets:  Unrestricted  Commitments (note 25)	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885 11,220,235 8,193,444 19,813,934 13,080,444 11,394,471 52,482,293	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423 13,386,633 9,486,116 14,887,541 22,644,297 18,744,854 65,762,808
Long-term debt (note 9)  Other long-term liabilities (note 10)  Deferred revenue (note 11)  Deferred contributions: (note 12)  Expenses of future periods  Capital assets  Funds held for third party expenses  Housing Development and Rehabilitation Fund  Net assets:  Unrestricted  Commitments (note 25)  Contingencies (note 24)	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885 11,220,235 8,193,444 19,813,934 13,080,444 11,394,471 52,482,293	100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423 13,386,633 9,486,116 14,887,541 22,644,297 18,744,854 65,762,808
Long-term debt (note 9)  Other long-term liabilities (note 10)  Deferred revenue (note 11)  Deferred contributions: (note 12)  Expenses of future periods  Capital assets  Funds held for third party expenses  Housing Development and Rehabilitation Fund	96,620,685 914,035,278 15,214,885 11,220,235 8,193,444 19,813,934 13,080,444 11,394,471 52,482,293	37,736,389 100,748,875 828,722,041 14,886,423 13,386,633 9,486,116 14,887,541 22,644,297 18,744,854 65,762,808 (159,218,791

See accompanying notes to financial statements

On behalf of the Board:

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Original Document Signed

Director

# **Statement of Operations**

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative figures for 2014

	2015	2014
Revenue:		
Grants from the Province of Manitoba (note 13)	\$ 70,859,367	\$ 71,240,597
Contributed services (note 14)	2,487,000	2.536.400
Rental revenue (note 15)	77,721,640	72,648,883
Other government contributions (note 16)	65,327,617	62,137,293
Housing Development and Rehabilitation Fund (note 12)	38,162,048	6,498,139
Recoveries related to advance agreement (note 17)	1,293,872	(4,002,229)
Amortization of deferred contributions (note 12)	622,928	738,231
	256,474,472	211,797,314
Interest:		
Loans and mortgages	10,072,236	10,681,580
Bank and other	195,466	244,735
	10,267,702	10,926,315
Sales of land:		
Joint venture (note 7)	1,016	(6,164)
Waverley West (note 12)	28,884,716	32,330,153
Other land holdings	2,255,654	25,305,000
	31,141,386	57,628,989
Gain on disposal of capital assets	1,400,318	1,121,028
Other	1,345,114	902,290
Total revenue	300,628,992	282,375,936
Expenses:		
Housing operations - excluding amortization and interest (note 15)	129,845,306	129,014,931
Housing operations amortization (note 15)	27,007,136	20,832,090
Housing operations interest (note 15)	27,776,303	25,193,285
Rental subsidies (note 18)	37,751,093	36,133,260
Grants and subsidies (note 19)	5,238,779	5,092,866
Interest expense	11,476,109	12,127,010
Administrative services	4,886,700	5,137,900
Provision (recovery) for loss and write downs	55,080	(510,007)
Cost of land sales - joint venture (note 7)	1,016	(6,164)
Cost of land sales - Waverley West (note 12)	28,884,716	32,330,153
Cost of land sales - other land holdings	30,366	1,400,000
Housing program supports (note 20)	17,312,810	13,227,071
Pension (note 21)	36,506	396,349
Expenses related to advance agreement (note 17)	1,293,872	(4,002,229)
Other amortization	177,378	104,196
Other	623,624 292,396,794	954,343 277,425,054
	292,390,794	211,425,054
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 8,232,198	\$ 4,950,882

See accompanying notes to financial statements

# **Statement of Changes in Net Assets**

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative figures for 2014

	2015	2014
Net assets, beginning of year	\$ (159,218,791)	\$ (164,169,673)
Excess of revenue over expenses	8,232,198	4,950,882
Net assets, end of year	\$ (150,986,593)	\$ (159,218,791)

See accompanying notes to financial statements

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative figures for 2014

	2015	2014
Operating activities:		
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ 8.232.198	\$ 4.950.882
Non-cash changes in operations:	<b>v</b> 0,202,100	ų .,000,00 <u>2</u>
Amortization of capital assets	27,007,136	20,832,090
Amortization of other capital assets	177,378	104,196
Amortization of deferred contributions related to capital assets	(622,928)	(738,231)
Provision for loss and write downs	55,080	(510,007)
Gain on disposal of capital assets	(1,400,318)	(1,121,028)
Change in non-cash working capital:	(1,400,010)	(1,121,020)
Accounts receivable	(2,720,265)	1,647,989
Prepaid expenses	(394,229)	240.827
Other long-term receivables	(5,434,389)	(4,200,640)
Land inventory	(2,537,010)	(775,648)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	* ' '	, , ,
Other long-term liabilities	(10,306,537) 328,462	(7,202,244) (4,898,772)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net increase/(decrease) in deferred revenue	(2,166,398)	(4,495,385)
Net increase/(decrease) in deferred contributions related to expenses of future periods	(1,292,672)	53,972
Net increase/(decrease) in deferred contributions related to Housing Development and Rehabilitation Fund	(7,350,383)	12,980,860
Net increase/(decrease) in deferred contributions related to funds held for third party expenses	(9,563,853)	3,788,602
	(7,988,728)	20,657,463
Capital activities:		
Net increase in deferred contributions related to capital assets	5,549,321	-
Proceeds from disposal of land	74,400	54,009
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	2,008,390	1,198,055
Purchase of capital assets	(120,392,831)	(137,016,351)
	(112,760,720)	(135,764,287)
Investing activities:		
Additions to loans and mortgages receivable	(2,463,472)	(575,374)
Proceeds from repayment of loans and mortgages receivable	9,780,412	8,431,346
	7,316,940	7,855,972
Financing activities:		
Repayment of long-term debt	(195,170,700)	(210,518,529)
Proceeds from long-term debt	286,662,285	317,385,716
1 1000000 Hormony tolin dubt	91,491,585	106,867,187
Net decrease in cash	(21,940,923)	(383,665)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	95,749,875	96,133,540
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 73,808,952	\$ 95,749,875

See accompanying notes to financial statements

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. General

The Manitoba Housing and Renewal Corporation (MHRC) operates under the authority of The Housing and Renewal Corporation Act, being Chapter H 160 Revised Statutes of Manitoba 1987. The purposes and objectives of the Act are:

- a) to ensure that there is an adequate supply of housing stock in Manitoba;
- b) to enhance the affordability of, and accessibility to, adequate housing for Manitobans, particularly those of low and moderate income and those with specialized needs:
- c) to maintain and improve the condition of existing housing stock; and
- d) to stimulate and influence the activities of the housing market to the benefit of Manitobans as a whole.

MHRC is under the management and control of a Board of Directors appointed by the Lieutenant Governor in Council. The board shall consist of not fewer than five members and not more than 13 members and the Lieutenant Governor in Council may designate one of the members of the board as chairperson and one member as vice-chairperson.

MHRC is economically dependent on the Government of the Province of Manitoba.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

#### a) Basis of presentation

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards including PS 4200 series for government not-for-profit organizations.

#### b) Revenue recognition

MHRC follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Under the deferral method of accounting for contributions, restricted contributions related to expenses of future periods are deferred and recognized as revenue in the period in which the related expenses are incurred. Contributions restricted for the purchase of capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight-line basis at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Rental revenue is recognized in the fiscal period during which the service is provided.

Land sales are recognized in the period in which the ownership is transferred, except for the profit component associated with land development revenue. Land development profits are restricted in use by Legislation and therefore revenue recognition is deferred until the profits are used to support eligible expenditures (note 12).

Interest is recognized on an accrual basis in the fiscal period in which it is earned.

#### c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks and highly liquid trust deposits with the Province of Manitoba that are convertible to cash within three months or less.

#### d) Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value or exchange amount on initial recognition. Derivative instruments and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost using the effective interest method, unless management has elected to carry a group of financial instruments at fair value in accordance with its risk management or investment strategy. MHRC has not elected to carry any such group of financial instruments at fair value.

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. When a decline is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is reported in the statement of operations.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs. These costs are amortized using the effective interest method.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### e) Loans and mortgages receivable

MHRC maintains an allowance for loan impairment, which reduces the carrying value of loans and mortgages receivable to their estimated realizable amounts. Depending on the program under which the loan or mortgage is made, estimated realizable amounts are determined with reference to MHRC's historical loss experience on similar loans or the appraised value of the project financed by the loan or mortgage.

Specific allowances are established for individual loans and mortgages for which the estimated realizable amount is less than the carrying value. MHRC does not provide an additional non-specific, general provision for loan impairment. MHRC's Board of Directors has approved a policy which defines whether an individual mortgage or loan balance is to be considered impaired based on the time period that it has been in arrears.

Loan forgiveness for forgivable loans is approved in accordance with the terms of the loan agreements. MHRC records an asset valuation allowance equal to the amount of the loan at the time the loan is granted. As forgiveness conditions are met by the borrower, MHRC records the annual forgiveness by reducing both the forgivable loan and the accompanying valuation allowance. Any Federal contributions towards forgivable loans are recorded as revenue as loans are disbursed.

#### f) Capital assets

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution. Construction in progress is transferred to the appropriate capital asset category when the project is completed and the asset is placed in service at which time, amortization commences. Cost includes direct construction costs, land acquisition costs and interest and other related carrying charges incurred during the period of construction. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend or improve the life of an asset are capitalized. When a capital asset no longer contributes to the MHRC's ability to provide services, its carrying amount is written down to its residual value. Amortization is provided on a straight-line basis at the following rates:

Asset	Rate
Buildings	25 and 40 years
Building improvements	15 years
Leasehold improvements	Over the lease term
Computer - major application	15 years
Computer software - other	4 years
Computer system - hardware	4 years
Furniture and equipment	8 years

#### g) Land inventory

Land under development includes the value of land and all costs directly related to the land improvement. Development costs include but are not limited to site preparation, architectural, engineering, surveying, fencing, landscaping and infrastructure for electrical, roads and underground works.

Land held for future development or sale is valued at the lower of cost or appraised value adjusted for estimated disposition costs. Cost includes the original purchase price and related acquisition costs.

#### h) Interest in joint ventures

The interest in joint venture is recognized using the proportionate consolidation method. Proportionate consolidation is a method of accounting and reporting whereby MHRC's pro-rata share of each of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the joint venture is combined on a line by line basis with similar items in MHRC's financial statements.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

#### i) Employee future benefits

MHRC accrues its obligations under the defined benefit plans as the employees render the services necessary to earn the pension, severance, compensated absences and other retirement benefits. The actuarial determination of the accrued benefit obligations for pensions and other retirement benefits uses the projected benefit method prorated on service (which incorporates management's best estimate of future salary levels, other cost escalation, retirement ages of employees and other actuarial factors).

Actuarial gains/(losses) on plan assets arise from the difference between the actual return on plan assets for a period and the expected return on plan assets, if applicable, for that period. Actuarial gains/(losses) on the accrued benefit obligation arise from differences between actual and expected experience and from changes in the actuarial assumptions used to determine the accrued benefit obligation. The net accumulated actuarial gains/(losses) are amortized over the expected average remaining service life (EARSL) of active employees. The average remaining service period of the active employees covered by the pension plan is 11 years (2014 - 11 years).

Past service costs arising from plan amendments are recognized immediately in the period the plan amendments occur.

Current service contributions for Direct Managed employees are recognized as operating expenses.

#### j) Contributed services

Under an agreement entered into between MHRC and the Province of Manitoba in 1984, the Department of Housing and Community Development provides administrative services to MHRC at no cost. The value of these contributed and administrative services is recorded as revenue and expenses.

#### k) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of capital assets, accounts receivable, loans and mortgages receivable, accrued liabilities, and other long-term liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### I) Adoption of new accounting policy

MHRC adopted Public Sector Accounting Board Standard PS 3260, Liability for Contaminated Sites, effective April 1, 2014. Under PS 3260, contaminated sites are defined as the result of contamination being introduced in air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. This standard relates to sites that are not in productive use and sites in productive use where an unexpected event resulted in contamination. MHRC adopted this standard on a retroactive basis and there were no adjustments as a result of the adoption of this standard.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 3. Cash and cash equivalents

	2015	5	2014
On deposit with the Minister of Finance:			
Trust deposits	\$ 12,89	9,271	\$ 15,320,492
Risk Reserve related to Social Housing Agreement	8,19	3,444	9,176,737
	21,09	2,715	24,497,229
Bank	52,70	8,312	71,244,796
Petty cash		7,925	7,850
	\$ 73,80	18,952	\$ 95,749,875

#### 4. Accounts receivable

	2015	2014
Current accounts receivable:		
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation	\$ 11,214,745	\$ 10,461,144
Government of the Province of Manitoba and its agencies	683,041	759,103
Rent receivables - net of allowance of \$6,478,104 (2014 - \$6,663,921)	2,829,217	2,861,354
Accrued interest on loans and mortgages receivable	228,844	248,233
City of Winnipeg	833,753	141,096
Other - net of allowance of \$10,885 (2014 - \$5,609)	10,885 (2014 - \$5,609) 11,422,68	10,021,086
	\$ 27,212,281	\$ 24,492,016

	2015	2014	
Other long-term receivables:			
Government of the Province of Manitoba:			
Pension recoverable (note 21)	\$ 9,657,492	\$ 9,62	ე,98
Severance benefits (note 22)	1,446,105	1,44	3,10
	11,103,597	11,06	7,09
Securities for Waverley West installation of services - City of Winnipeg	14,307,693	11,91	5,54
Other long-term receivables	3,005,733		-
	\$ 28,417,023	\$ 22,98	2,63

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 5. Loans and mortgages receivable

#### a) Composition of loans and mortgages receivable

	2015	2014
Federal/Provincial Housing Programs:		
Private Non-Profit Housing	\$ 73,329,047	\$ 77,697,232
Rural and Native Housing	318,655	514,412
Urban Native Housing	11,584,646	12,950,704
	85,232,348	91,162,348
Market Rental Programs:		
Co-operative HomeStart	5,186,288	5,446,169
Co-operative Index Linked	2,536,533	3,282,221
	7,722,821	8,728,390
Other Programs:		
Community Residences	1,469,171	1,632,541
Homeowner Rehabilitation	36,393	55,777
Affordable Rental Housing	15,300,782	14,146,140
Other	6,023,076	7,417,001
	22,829,422	23,251,459
	115,784,591	123,142,197
Less - allowance for loan impairment	(2,951,371)	(2,970,000)
Subtotal repayable loans and mortgages receivable	112,833,220	120,172,197
Forgivable loans	241,561,364	227,677,254
	354,394,584	347,849,451
Less - forgivable loans asset valuation allowance	(241,561,364)	(227,677,254)
Loans and mortgages receivable	\$ 112,833,220	\$ 120,172,197
Current portion of loans and mortgages receivable	\$ 7,985,777	\$ 7,475,178
Long-term portion of loans and mortgages receivable	104,847,443	112,697,019
Loans and mortgages receivable	\$ 112,833,220	\$ 120,172,197

Loans and mortgages receivable bear interest at various rates between 0% and 14.25% (2014 - 0% and 14.25%) with maturities at various dates to 2053.

The loans and mortgages receivable for Federal/Provincial Housing Programs, Market Rental Programs, Community Residences and Affordable Rental Housing are secured by a mortgage on the underlying property.

Principal repayments on the loans and mortgages maturing in the next five years are estimated as follows:

2016	\$	7,985,777
2017		7,897,030
2018		8,152,184
2019		8,351,241
2020		8,608,544
Thereafter		74,789,815
	\$	115,784,591
	_	

#### b) Allowance for loan impairment

The allowance for loan impairment is comprised of the following specific provisions:

	2015	2014
Other programs	\$ 2,951,371	\$ 2,970,000
	\$ 2,951,371	\$ 2,970,000

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 6. Land inventory

	2015	2014
Land under development Future development or sale	\$ 69,512,010 1,223,413	\$ 66,957,69 1,240,71
-	\$ 70,735,423	\$ 68,198,41

#### 7. Joint venture

MHRC contributed 179 acres of land, at appraised value, to a joint venture with Ladco Company Limited on May 11, 1989. The joint venture activities include the servicing, development and sale of approximately 476 acres of land in the City of Winnipeg, Manitoba.

Joint venture profits are recorded under deferred revenue - Housing Development and Rehabilitation Fund until such time as the profits are required for expenditures. The amount of increase in 2015 from the sales of land for deferred revenue was \$1,016 (2014 - \$6,164 decreased).

The following is a summary of MHRC's pro rata share at 37.6% of the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the Ladco Company Limited joint venture.

		2015		2014
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	609,301	\$	1,849,037
Prepaid expenses	•	6,133	•	12,014
Accounts receivable from land sales		44,709		99,629
7 loosante 1999 italia al		660,143		1,960,680
Long-term assets:		,		.,,
Development costs to complete		(69,537)		(69,537)
2010lopinoni ocolo lo completo		(00,001)		(55,551)
	\$	590,606	\$	1,891,143
Command Park Plate				
Current liabilities:	Φ.	0.070	•	2 202
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	2,873	\$	2,393
Net assets		587,733		1,888,750
Net assets		301,133		1,000,730
	\$	590,606	\$	1,891,143
		2015		2014
Sales of land	\$	_	\$	_
Cost of land sales - recovery	Ψ	(8,607)	Ψ	(658)
Gross margin		8,607		658
Cross margin		0,007		330
Expenses		7,591		6,822
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	\$	1,016	\$	(6,164)
Livess (deliciency) of revenue over expenses	Ψ	1,010	Ψ	(0,104)

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 8. Capital assets

	2015	2014
Land	\$ 31,010,702	\$ 30,587,718
Buildings and improvements	942,887,139	762,976,998
Less - accumulated amortization	(444,281,272)	(418,760,304)
Buildings - net book value	498,605,867	344,216,694
Under construction	86,512,786	149,507,421
Total land and buildings	616,129,355	524,311,833
Other assets	6,868,032	5,834,233
Less - accumulated amortization	(2,016,797)	(1,658,277)
Other assets - net book value	4,851,235	4,175,956
Net book value	\$ 620,980,590	\$ 528,487,789

MHRC has capitalized \$2,328,074 (2014 - \$2,499,870) of interest during fiscal 2015 to construction in progress.

# 9. Long-term debt

		2015		2014
Government of the Province of Manitoba:				
Advances, interest only payments until construction is complete, at which point it is converted into long-term advances. The interest rate as at March 31, 2015 was 2.10% (2014 - 2.25%).	\$	293,684,580	\$	282,466,391
Long-term advances, at interest rates from 2.625% to 13.375% (2014 - 2.75% to 13.375%) maturing at various dates to 2055 and requiring annual principal and interest payments of \$65,501,689 (2014 -				
\$57,668,845).		551,601,578		463,959,755
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation:				
Long-term advances, at interest rates from 5.675% to 8.0% (2014 - 5.675% to 8.0%) maturing at various				
dates to 2030 and requiring annual principal and interest payments of \$14,449,688 (2014 - \$14,449,688).		112,262,605		119,613,050
Mortgages payable (assumed on property acquisitions), at an interest rate of 10.5% (2014 - 10.5%)				
maturing at various dates to 2028 and requiring annual principal and interest payments of \$50,337 (2014				
- \$50,337).		401,251		419,234
	\$	957,950,014	\$	866,458,430
Current portion of long-term debt	\$	43,914,736	\$	37,736,389
Long-term debt	Ψ	914,035,278	Ψ	828,722,041
g		,555,2. 0		,
	\$	957,950,014	\$	866,458,430

Principal repayments on the long-term debt, excluding unfixed term advances of \$293,684,580 are estimated as follows:

2016	\$ 43,914,736
2017	45,385,096
2018	44,907,643
2019	44,625,953
2020	47,134,655
Thereafter	438,297,351
	\$ 664,265,434

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 10. Other long-term liabilities

	2015	2014
Pension liability (note 21) Severance liability (note 22)	\$ 9,657,492 4,857,460	\$ 9,620,986 4,594,417
Sick leave liability	699,933	671,020
	\$ 15,214,885	\$ 14,886,423

#### 11. Deferred revenue

	2015	2014
Tenant prepaid rent	\$ 2,563,379	\$ 2,460,250
Prepaid land lease	37,821	39,360
Lot options - land under development	8,389,635	10,885,523
Deposit for future sales	229,400	1,500
	\$ 11,220,235	\$ 13,386,633

#### 12. Deferred contributions

#### a) Expenses of future periods

Deferred contributions related to expenses of future periods represent restricted funding received under various agreements primarily to mitigate future operating risks.

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 9,486,116	\$ 9,432,144
Adjustment to third party equity accounts	(309,379)	16,252
Amount reclassified from accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2,802	4,959
Amount (disbursed)/recovered from loans and mortgages receivable	(986,095)	32,761
Balance, end of year	\$ 8,193,444	\$ 9,486,116

#### b) Capital assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized amount of grants and other contributions received for the construction and rehabilitation of capital assets.

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 14,887,541	\$ 15,625,772
Contributions received	5,549,321	-
Amount amortized to revenue in the year	(622,928)	(738,231)
Balance, end of year	\$ 19,813,934	\$ 14,887,541

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 12. Deferred contributions (continued)

#### c) Funds held for third party expenses

Deferred contributions related to funds held for third party expenses represents restricted funding received under three agreements with the Federal government. They consist of the Investment in Affordable Housing (IAH), Affordable Housing Initiative (AHI) agreements and the advance agreement for Dauphin River First Nation (DRFN). The balances as of March 31, 2015 for IAH was \$10,665,552 (2014 - \$18,015,745), AHI was \$1,707,650 (2014 - \$2,627,437) and DRFN was \$707,242 (2014 - \$2,001,115).

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 22,644,297	\$ 18,855,695
Contributions received	9,764,151	12,419,465
Interest earned	(191,525)	158,359
Commitment paid	(19,136,479)	(8,789,222)
Balance, end of year	\$ 13,080,444	\$ 22,644,297

#### d) Housing Development and Rehabilitation Fund

On November 8, 2007, The Housing and Renewal Corporation Amendment Act provided for the establishment of a fund known as the "Housing Development and Rehabilitation Fund".

The fund is to be credited with suburban land development profits realized by MHRC in respect of land owned or developed by it or by a partnership or joint venture in which MHRC is or was a participant. The gross proceeds from land development was \$59,521,602 (2014 - \$51,725,088) and the cost of land sales was \$28,885,732 (2014 - \$32,323,989) during the year ended March 31, 2015. Interest earned on the amounts is to be credited to the fund. The fund may be used to provide support for housing projects in areas of need within a municipality in which MHRC realized profits, including the development of new housing or the rehabilitation of existing housing.

All costs allocated to the portions of land sold in a land development project are deducted from the gross proceeds realized from sale of those portions of land in order to determine land development profits. MHRC uses the net yield method to allocate costs to the individual portions which are sold as part of a land development project. Common costs for the development project are allocated to portions which are sold based on acreage, and the cost allocation includes both an allocation of actual land development costs incurred as well as an allocation of costs which are required to complete those portions of the land which are reported as sold.

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 18,744,854	\$ 5,763,994
Land development profits	30,635,870	19,401,099
Interest earned	175,795	77,900
Current year disbursements	(38,162,048)	(6,498,139)
Balance, end of year	\$ 11,394,471	\$ 18,744,854

#### 13. Grants from the Province of Manitoba

	2015	2014
Department of Housing and Community Development:		
MHRC operating programs	\$ 52,239,220	\$ 50,631,300
MHRC administration	15,059,780	16,690,700
Grants and subsidies	3,432,473	3,377,41
	70,731,473	70,699,41
Grants recovered from the Department of Finance:		
School Tax Assistance for Tenants 55 Plus Program	91,388	144,83
Change to pension obligation (note 21)	36,506	396,349
	127,894	541,18
	\$ 70,859,367	\$ 71,240,597

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 14. Contributed services

		2015	2014
Administrative services provided by Departments of the Province of Manitoba were allocated as follow	vs:		
Included in Statement of Operations, administrative services	\$	1,058,700	\$ 1,064,500
Included in administrative expenses in note 15, direct managed housing operations		1,141,800	1,194,900
Included in administrative expenses in note 15, sponsor managed housing operations		30,900	33,600
Included in rental subsidies, note 18		142,200	135,600
Included in Statement of Operations, housing program supports, note 20		113,400	107,800
	\$	2,487,000	\$ 2,536,400

#### 15. Housing operations

The management and operation of all MHRC owned social housing projects are direct managed and sponsor managed. The operating results are as follows:

			2015		_				2014		
	Dii	rect Managed	Sponsor Managed		Total	Dir	ect Managed		Sponsor Managed		Total
Revenue:											
Rental revenue	\$	59,561,172	\$ 18,160,468	\$	77,721,640	\$	56,741,602	\$	15,907,281	\$	72,648,883
Expenses:											
Administrative (note 14)		38,641,961	3,332,207		41,974,168		38,351,212		3,507,309		41,858,521
Property operating		56,006,831	14,983,843		70,990,674		57,645,171		13,510,487		71,155,658
Grants in lieu of taxes		14,131,364	2,749,100		16,880,464		13,558,115		2,442,636		16,000,751
Amortization		20,312,100	6,695,036		27,007,136		17,121,108		3,710,982		20,832,090
Interest		22,328,802	5,447,501		27,776,303		21,329,686		3,863,599		25,193,285
		151,421,058	33,207,687	•	184,628,745	•	148,005,292	•	27,035,014	•	175,040,306
Operating loss	\$	91,859,886	\$ 15,047,219	\$	106,907,105	\$	91,263,690	\$	11,127,733	\$	102,391,423

#### 16. Other government contributions

Pursuant to the Social Housing Agreement executed by MHRC and CMHC, CMHC will pay pre-established annual contributions to MHRC for individual housing projects over the remainder of the CMHC subsidy commitment period. The Agreement took effect October 1, 1998 and has a funding expiration date of August 31, 2031.

	2015	2014
Federal contributions Municipal contributions	\$ 64,634,961 692,656	\$ 61,549,579 587,714
	\$ 65,327,617	\$ 62,137,293

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 17. Advance agreement

During 2014, the agreement with Little Saskatchewan First Nation was terminated and unexpended funds were returned to MHRC in March 2014. MHRC reflected the \$4,002,229 returned funds as cash, reduced the outstanding accounts receivable from the Federal government which was no longer due as a result of the termination of the agreement and return of funds, and was reflected as a deferred contribution, funds held for third party expense equal to the Province's share (50%) of the returned funds (note 12).

MHRC, on behalf of the Province, entered into an Advance Agreement with Dauphin River First Nation and the Government of Canada for the acquisition and installation of 47 homes at Dauphin River First Nation. The funds reflected as deferred contribution, funds held for third party expense will be applied to the new agreement with Dauphin River First Nation.

During 2015, MHRC started preparing for the move of the homes to Dauphin River First Nation with \$1,293,872 of costs incurred under the Advance Agreement and an equal recovery from deferred contribution, funds held for third party expense.

#### 18. Rental subsidies

Rental subsidies are provided in accordance with project operating agreements with third parties which establish the basis of eligibility for subsidy assistance. The net rental subsidies required by these organizations are as follows:

	2015	2014
Not-for-Profit Housing Co-operative Housing Private Landlords	\$ 26,097,305 3,898,102 7,755,686	\$ 25,548,960 3,839,942 6,744,358
	\$ 37,751,093	\$ 36,133,260

#### 19. Grants and subsidies

	2015	2014
Portable Housing Benefit	\$ 1,775,521	\$ 1,720,459
Emergency Shelter Assistance	1,656,952	1,656,952
School Tax Assistance for Tenants 55 Plus	91,388	144,837
Elderly & Infirm Persons Housing	143,973	143,973
Co-op HomeStart	88,785	93,908
Homeless Strategy	1,482,160	1,332,737
	\$ 5,238,779	\$ 5,092,866

#### 20. Housing program supports

	2015	2014
Forgivable loans (note 5) Administration and delivery agent fees	\$ 14,747,666 2,565,144	\$ 10,835,802 2,391,269
_	\$ 17,312,810	\$ 13,227,071

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 21. Pension obligations

Employees of MHRC and Direct Managed employees are eligible for pensions under the Manitoba Civil Service Superannuation Fund (Superannuation Fund). This pension plan is a defined benefit plan. For Direct Managed employees, MHRC is required to contribute an amount approximately equal to the employees' contribution to the Superannuation Fund for current services. Such payments are charged to housing operations as incurred and MHRC has no further liability associated with the annual cost of pension benefits earned by Direct Managed employees at this time. Pension expense recorded for Direct Managed employees for the year ended March 31, 2015 was \$1,583,179 (2014 - \$1,425,763).

MHRC has a liability associated with the annual cost of pension benefits earned by employees' of MHRC. This liability is determined by an actuarial valuation each year based on data provided by MHRC with the balance for the intervening year being estimated by a formula provided by the actuary. The most recent valuation was completed at March 31, 2015.

		2015		2014
Pension liability per actuarial valuation:				
Balance at beginning of year	\$	9.497.120	\$	9,224,637
Interest cost on benefit obligations	·	617.313	•	599.601
Current service costs		655,873		674,803
Benefits paid		(1,225,419)		(878,055)
Experience (gain)/loss (amortized over EARSL)		413,719		(123,866)
Balance at end of year		9,958,606		9,497,120
Unamortized actuarial gain/(loss)		(301,114)		123,866
Pension liability balance at end of year	\$	9,657,492	\$	9,620,986

At March 31, 2015, the unamortized actuarial (gain)/loss to be recognized in future periods are as follows:

	2015	2014
Unamortized actuarial gain/(loss):		
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 123,866	\$ -
In year gain amortized over EARSL - 2015 - 11 years (2014 - 11 years)	(413,719)	123,866
Amortization of actuarial gain	(11,261)	-
Balance at end of year	\$ (301,114)	\$ 123,866

	2015	2014
Change to pension obligation:		
Interest cost on benefit obligations	\$ 617,313	\$ 599,601
Current service costs	655,873	674,803
Benefits paid	(1,225,419)	(878,055)
Amortization of actuarial gain	(11,261)	-
Change to pension obligation	\$ 36,506	\$ 396,349

The above liability is in respect of active employees only and does not reflect any liability with respect to retired or former employees. The key actuarial assumptions were a rate of return of 6.0% (2014 - 6.0%), 2.0% inflation (2014 - 2.0%), general salary rate increases of 2.75%, excluding the 1.0% service and merit increases (2014 - 2.75%) and post retirement indexing at 2/3 of the inflation rate. The projected benefit method was used and the liability has been calculated as at March 31, 2015 by the actuary.

The Province of Manitoba has accepted responsibility for funding MHRC's liability and related expense which includes an interest component. Therefore, MHRC has recorded a receivable from the Province of Manitoba equal to the estimated value of its actuarially determined pension liability of \$9,657,492 as of March 31, 2015 (2014 - \$9,620,986) and has recorded an increase in revenue for fiscal 2015 equal to the related pension liability increase of \$36,506 (2014 - \$396,349 increase). The Province of Manitoba makes payments on the receivable when it is determined that the cash is required to discharge the related pension obligation.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 22. Severance

#### a) Severance pay liability

Effective April 1, 1998, MHRC commenced recording the estimated liability for accumulated severance pay benefits for its Direct Managed employees. The amount of this estimated liability is determined and recorded annually using the method of calculation set by the Province of Manitoba.

Severance pay, at the Direct Managed employee's date of retirement, will be determined by multiplying the eligible employee's years of service by the employee's weekly salary (to a maximum compensation of 22 weeks). Eligibility will require that the employee has achieved a minimum of ten years of service and that the employee is retiring from MHRC.

Severance pay, at the Former Department of Family Services and Housing employee's date of retirement, will be determined by multiplying the eligible employee's years of service by the employee's weekly salary (to a maximum compensation of 23 weeks). Eligibility will require that the employee has achieved a minimum of nine years of service and that the employee is retiring from MHRC.

An actuarial report was completed for the severance pay liability as at March 31, 2015. MHRC's actuarially determined liability relating to the Direct Managed employees as at March 31, 2015 was \$3,364,228 (2014 - \$3,288,228). The report provides a formula to update the liability on an annual basis.

MHRC recorded a severance liability as at April 1, 2003 in the amount of \$569,000 associated with the severance benefits earned by the former Department of Family Services and Housing employees who were transferred to MHRC on February 8, 2003. The amount of this estimated liability is determined and recorded annually using a method of calculation set by the Province of Manitoba.

An actuarial report was completed for the severance pay liability as at March 31, 2015. MHRC's actuarially determined liability relating to the former Department of Family Services and Housing employees as at March 31, 2015 was \$1,255,040 (2014 - \$1,252,711). The report provides a formula to update the liability on an annual basis.

	2015	2014
Severance liability per actuarial valuation:		
Direct Managed employees:		
Balance at beginning of year	\$ 3,288,228	\$ 2,895,595
Interest cost on benefit obligations	213,735	188,214
Current service costs	292,972	266,517
Benefits paid	(286,027)	(123,794)
Experience (gain)/loss (amortized over EARSL)	(144,680)	61,696
Balance at end of year	3,364,228	3,288,228
Former Department of Family Services and Housing employees:		
Balance at beginning of year	1,252,711	1,217,330
Interest cost on benefit obligations	81,426	79,126
Current service costs	85,987	88,961
Benefits paid	(120,750)	(17,532)
Experience gain (amortized over EARSL)	(44,334)	(115,174)
Balance at end of year	1,255,040	1,252,711
Unamortized actuarial gain	238,192	53,478
Severance liability balance at end of year	\$ 4,857,460	\$ 4,594,417

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 22. Severance (continued)

At March 31, 2015, the unamortized actuarial (gain)/loss to be recognized in future periods are as follows:

		2015		2014
Unamortized actuarial gain/(loss):				
Direct Managed employees:				
Balance at beginning of year	\$	(61,696)	\$	_
In year gain/(loss) amortized over EARSL - 2015 - 10 years (2014 - 10 years)	Ψ	144.680	Ψ	(61,696
Amortization of actuarial loss		6.170		(01,000)
Direct Managed employees balance at end of year		89,154		(61,696)
Former Department of Family Services and Housing employees:				
Balance at beginning of year		115,174		-
In year gain amortized over EARSL - 2015 - 11 years (2014 - 11 years)		44,334		115,174
Amortization of actuarial gain		(10,470)		-
Former Department of Family Services and Housing employees balance at end of year		149,038		115,174
Balance at end of year	\$	238,192	\$	53,478
		2015		2014
		20.0		
Change to severance obligation:				
Direct Managed employees:				
Interest cost on benefit obligations	\$	213,735	\$	188,214
Current service costs	·	292,972	•	266,517
Benefits paid		(286,027)		(123,794)
Amortization of actuarial loss		6,170		-
		226,850		330,937
Former Department of Family Services and Housing employees:				
Interest cost on benefit obligations		81,426		79,126
Current service costs		85,987		88,961
Benefits paid		(120,750)		(17,532)
Amortization of actuarial gain		(10,470)		
		36,193		150,555
Change to severance obligation	\$	263,043	\$	481,492

The key actuarial assumptions were a rate of return of 6.0% (2014 - 6.0%), 2.0% inflation (2014 - 2.0%), and general salary rate increases of 2.75%, excluding the 1.0% service and merit increases (2014 - 2.75%). The projected benefit method was used and the liability has been calculated as at March 31, 2015 by the actuary.

#### b) Severance pay receivable

The Province of Manitoba has accepted responsibility for the severance pay benefits accumulated to March 31, 1998 by MHRC's employees. Accordingly, MHRC recorded effective April 1, 1998, a receivable of \$877,105 from the Province of Manitoba, which was initially based on the estimated value of the corresponding actuarially determined liability for severance pay as at March 31, 1998. Subsequent to March 31, 1998, the Province provides annual grant funding for severance expense. As a result the change in the severance liability each year is fully funded. The interest component related to the receivable is reflected in the funding for severance expense. The receivable for severance pay will be paid by the Province when it is determined that the cash is required to discharge the related severance pay liabilities.

The amount recorded as a receivable from the Province for severance pay of \$569,000 for former Department of Family Services and Housing employees was initially based on the estimated value of the corresponding actuarially determined liability for severance pay as at April 1, 2003. Subsequent to April 1, 2003, the Province provides annual grant funding for severance expense. As a result the change in the severance liability each year is fully funded. The interest component related to the receivable is reflected in the funding for severance expense. The receivable for severance pay will be paid by the Province when it is determined that the cash is required to discharge the related severance pay liabilities.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 23. Financial instruments and financial risk management

Financial instruments comprise the majority of MHRC assets and liabilities. MHRC risk management policies are designed to: identify and analyze risk, set appropriate risk limits and controls, and monitor the risks and adherence to limits by means of reliable and up-to-date information systems. The Board of Directors approves these policies and management is responsible for ensuring that the policies are properly carried out. The Board of Directors receives confirmation that the risks are being appropriately managed through regular reporting, third party compliance reporting and by reviews conducted by MHRC.

MHRC is exposed to credit, interest, and liquidity risks in respect of its use of financial instruments.

#### a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. The financial instruments that potentially subject MHRC to credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable, loans and mortgages receivable and guarantees on loans. MHRC's deposits are held by the Province of Manitoba who guarantees the associated payments of principal and interest.

MHRC's maximum possible exposure to credit risk is as follows:

	2015	2014
On deposit with the Minister of Finance (note 3)	\$ 21,092,715	\$ 24,497,229
Accounts receivable (note 4)	55,629,304	47,474,650
Loans and mortgage receivable (note 5)	112,833,220	120,172,197
Loan guarantees (note 26)	9,591,768	10,394,570
	\$ 199,147,007	\$ 202,538,646

MHRC establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts that represents its estimate of potential credit losses. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based on MHRC's estimates and assumptions regarding customer analysis, historical payment trends and statutes of limitations. These factors are considered when determining whether past due accounts are allowed for or written off.

The change in the allowance for doubtful accounts during the year was as follows:

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of the year Provision for receivable impairment Amounts written off	\$ 6,669,530 236,023 (416,564)	\$ 6,886,217 581,185 (797,872)
Balance, end of the year	\$ 6,488,989	\$ 6,669,530

As at March 31, 2015, \$4,450,954 (2014 - \$3,278,360) of accounts receivable and nil (2014 - nil) of loans and mortgages receivable were past due, but not impaired.

#### On deposit with the Minister of Finance

MHRC is not exposed to significant credit risk as its investments are held by the Province of Manitoba and the Province of Manitoba guarantees the associated payments of principal and interest.

#### Accounts receivable

The accounts receivable partially consists of \$11,214,745 (2014 - \$10,461,144) due from Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation, \$11,786,638 (2014 - \$11,826,194) from the Province of Manitoba and \$15,141,446 (2014 - \$12,056,639) from the City of Winnipeg.

#### Loans and mortgage receivable

Impairment provisions are provided for losses that have been estimated as of the Statement of Financial Position date. Management of credit risk is an integral part of MHRC's activities with careful monitoring and appropriate remedial actions being taken.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 23. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued)

#### b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to on deposit with the Minister of Finance, loans and mortgages receivable, and long-term debt.

#### On deposit with the Minister of Finance

MHRC's cash equivalents on deposit with the Minister of Finance consists mainly of short-term interest bearing investments. These investments are normally held to maturity so changes in interest rates do not affect the value of the investments.

#### Loans and mortgage receivable/loans from the Province of Manitoba

MHRC borrows funds for lending operations from the Province of Manitoba at fixed rates and normally lends those funds to clients at reasonable percentage above the associated borrowing rate. For long-term advances that have fixed interest rates for the full term of the advance and MHRC only offers fixed interest rate loans to its clients. Due to this corresponding arrangement, MHRC does not incur significant interest rate risk. However, some interest rate risk may result due to MHRC's lending policy of allowing prepayment of loans without penalty, given that MHRC does not have the offsetting ability to prepay the associated advances from the Province of Manitoba without penalty. MHRC mitigates this risk by closely matching the cash flow from client loan payments, including estimated annual prepayments, to the cash flow required to repay advances from the Province of Manitoba.

In addition, MHRC's advance from the Province of Manitoba have variable interest rates which expose MHRC to cash flow interest rate risk. At March 31, 2015, had prevailing interest rates increased or decreased by 1%, the estimated impact on interest expense would be approximately \$2,936,846 (2014 - \$2,824,664).

#### c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk relates to MHRC's ability to access sufficient funds to meet its financial commitments.

Advances from the Province of Manitoba have a direct correlation to the loans receivable as the funds borrowed are directly lent to MHRC clients. Funding is provided by the Province of Manitoba for the full amount of loans that are written off. Subsequently, MHRC has minimal liquidity risk on its lending portfolio in respect of advances from the Province of Manitoba.

#### 24. Contingencies

MHRC is involved in legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business, the outcome of which cannot be predicted at this time. In the opinion of management, the disposition of these cases will not materially affect the financial position of MHRC. Any settlement will be recognized in the year the settlement occurs.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 25. Commitments

MHRC has the following commitments as at March 31, 2015:

Capital assets:

a) Housing project enhancements and new construction \$ 171,350,879
b) Third party repair, renovation and new construction \$ 22,223,289

Public housing operations:

As a result of the Social Housing Agreement dated September 3, 1998, MHRC is fully responsible for the funding commitments of all Social Housing Projects in Manitoba. These commitments will expire on a staggered basis over the period ending 2031, concurrent with the Social Housing Agreement funding expiration date of August 31, 2031. An estimate of these commitments for each of the next five years is as follows:

2016	\$ 97,656,000
2017	108,932,800
2018	120,494,000
2019	131,960,000
2020	136.276.900

#### 26. Guarantees

MHRC has guaranteed the repayment of mortgages and has issued letters of credit which guarantee the terms and conditions of land development agreements and construction contracts. The total authorized for MHRC is \$20,000,000. The outstanding guarantees are as follows:

	2015	2014
Waverley West Letters of Credit	\$ 9,583,696	\$ 9,517,096
Mobile Home Loan Guarantee Program	8,072	10,874
Housing Opportunity Partnership Inc.	-	800,000
River Point Centre	-	35,400
Oddy at Westland Letter of Credit	=	31,200
	\$ 9,591,768	\$ 10,394,570

#### 27. Related party transactions

MHRC is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba created departments, agencies and Crown corporations. MHRC enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of business. These transactions are recorded at the exchange amount.

#### 28. Comparative figures

Certain comparative figures in the financial statements have been restated to conform with the presentation of the current year.

Financial Statements of

# MANITOBA OPPORTUNITIES FUND LTD.

Year ended March 31, 2015

Financial Statements
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Year ended March 31, 2015

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#### MANAGEMENT REPORT

# Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Opportunities Fund Ltd. are the responsibility of the management and have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. In management's opinion, the financial statements have been properly prepared within reasonable limits of materiality, incorporating management's best judgment regarding all necessary estimates and all other data available to June 24, 2015.

Management maintains internal controls to properly safeguard the assets and to provide reasonable assurance that the books and records from which the financial statements are derived accurately reflect all transactions and that established policies and procedures are followed.

The responsibility of the external audit is to express an independent opinion on whether the financial statements of Manitoba Opportunities Fund Ltd. are fairly represented in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The Independent Auditors' Report outlines the scope of the audit examination and provides the audit opinion.

On behalf of Management,

Manitoba Opportunities Fund Ltd.

Original Document Signed

Jim Kilgour, General Manager

June 24, 2015



KPMG LLP Suite 2000 - One Lombard Place Winnipeg MB R3B 0X3 Canada

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# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Shareholder of Manitoba Opportunities Fund Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Manitoba Opportunities Fund Ltd., which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, the statements of operations and accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



# Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manitoba Opportunities Fund Ltd. as at March 31, 2015, and its results of operations, its changes in net financial assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

#### Comparative information

The financial statements of Manitoba Opportunities Fund Ltd. as at and for the period ended March 31, 2014 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements on June 24, 2014.

**Chartered Accountants** 

LPMG LLP

June 24, 2015

Winnipeg, Canada

Statement of Financial Position

March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

		2015	2014
Financial Assets			
Cash equivalents (note 4) Portfolio investments (note 5) Accrued interest receivable		964,306 641,372 15,100	\$ 3,784,185 283,939,564 107,685
	\$ 248,	620,778	\$ 287,831,434
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Borrowings (note 6)	239,	345,140 825,844	\$ 1,587,500 281,811,538
	240,	170,984	283,399,038
Net financial assets	\$ 8,	449,794	\$ 4,432,396
Non-Financial Assets			
Deferred charges	\$ 6,	132,661	\$ 8,380,073
Accumulated surplus	\$ 14,	582,455	\$ 12,812,469

On behalf of the Board:	
Original Document Signed	_ Director
Original Document Signed	_ Directo

Statement of Operations and Accumulated Surplus

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	Budget	2015	2014
Investment income	\$ 5,478,900	\$ 5,929,100	\$ 6,860,958
Expenses:			
Amortization of deferred charges	3,584,600	3,416,785	3,677,672
Amortization of bond premium	· · · -	66,578	94,102
Program administration	20,000	4,751	6,792
	3,604,600	3,488,114	3,778,566
Operating income for the year	1,874,300	2,440,986	3,082,392
Growing Through Immigration Strategy Support			
and Economic Development (note 7)	3,781,000	671,000	1,582,000
Annual surplus	(1,906,700)	1,769,986	1,500,392
Accumulated surplus, beginning of year	12,812,469	12,812,469	11,312,077
Accumulated surplus, end of year	\$ 10,905,769	\$ 14,582,455	\$ 12,812,469

Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	2015	2014
Annual surplus	\$ 1,769,986	\$ 1,500,392
Deferred charges: Additions of deferred charges Amortization of deferred charges Change in prepaid expenses	(1,169,373) 3,416,785 ————————————————————————————————————	(3,714,773) 3,677,672 84,981 47,880
Increase in net financial assets	4,017,398	1,548,272
Net financial assets, beginning of year	4,432,396	2,884,124
Net financial assets, end of year	\$ 8,449,794	\$ 4,432,396

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended March 31, 2015, with comparative information for 2014

	2015	2014
Cash provided by (used in):		
Operating activities:		
Annual surplus	\$ 1,769,986	\$ 1,500,392
Amortization of deferred charges	3,416,785	3,677,672
Amortization of bond premium	66,578	94,102
Increase in present value of portfolio investments Changes in:	(5,524,179)	(6,264,949)
Accrued interest receivable	92,585	(1,476)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,242,360)	822,000
Prepaid expenses		84,981
Net cash used in operating activities	(1,420,605)	(87,278)
Investing activities:		
Purchase of portfolio investments	(17,850,182)	(58,694,598)
Redemption of portfolio investments	76,605,975	58,241,702
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	58,755,793	(452,896)
Financing activities:		
Repayment of borrowings	(61,994,745)	(58,335,804)
Advances of borrowings	18,839,678	61,218,236
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(43,155,067)	2,882,432
Increase in cash equivalents	14,180,121	2,342,258
Cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,784,185	1,441,927
Cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 17,964,306	\$ 3,784,185

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 1. Nature of operations and economic dependence:

Manitoba Opportunities Fund Ltd. (the organization) was incorporated under the laws of Manitoba on April 3, 2003. The organization was formed due to the requirements of the Fund Agreement between the Minister of Citizenship and Immigration and the Manitoba Fund dated October 21, 2003 to function as an "approved fund" under the Immigrant Investor Program. The Minister of Finance holds the one class A common share issued as a designated representative of Her Majesty the Queen in Right of the Province of Manitoba with a value of nil. The organization considers itself to be an Other Government Organization as defined by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook.

The objective of the organization is to hold and invest the Provincial allocation of immigrants' investments made through the Federal Department of Citizenship and Immigration Canada's (CIC) Immigrant Investor Program. The Federal Immigrant Investor Program (FIIP) seeks to attract experienced persons and capital to Canada. Prior to December 1, 2010 investors had to demonstrate business experience, a minimum net worth of CDN \$800,000 and make an investment of CDN \$400,000. CIC made changes to the FIIP in 2010. Effective December 1, 2010, applicants were required to meet a minimum Personal Net Worth requirement of \$1.6 million, and make an investment deposit of \$800,000. The funds invested are distributed among participating Provinces. After five years, the organization returns the Provincial allocation, without interest, to the CIC who then returns the funds to the individual investors who have become permanent residents. However, prior to the approval and issuance of a Permanent Resident's Visa an investor may withdraw from the program and CIC will request that the organization repay the Provincial allocation of the individual investment at such time.

Manitoba, as a participating Province, through the organization invests the Provincial allocation funds for a period of five years and uses the interest income generated on the funds to create jobs and help the Manitoba economy grow.

In February 2014, CIC announced it plans to phase out the Federal Immigrant Investor Program. The Manitoba Opportunities Fund will continue to invest allocations until the program is phased out by CIC. Once CIC stops allocating to provinces, there will be a 5 year repayment period during which the organization will continue to operate.

The organization is economically dependent on the Province of Manitoba as the Province of Manitoba is liable for the borrowings payable to the Federal Government.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

# 2. Basis of accounting:

The organization's financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles as defined by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Public Sector Accounting Handbook.

#### 3. Significant accounting policies:

#### (a) Revenue recognition

Interest revenue on temporary investments is recorded on an accrual basis. Investment income on portfolio investments is determined by the difference in the present value of the term note and the cost of the term note.

#### (b) Government transfers:

Government transfers are recognized as expenses in the period in which events giving rise to the transfer occur, providing the transfers are authorized, any eligibility criteria have been met, and reasonable estimates of the amounts can be made.

#### (c) Contributed services:

During the year, the Province of Manitoba provided office space and other administrative services to the organization at no cost. Because of the difficulty of estimating the fair value of such expenses, no contributed services are recognized in the financial statements.

#### (d) Deferred charges:

Deferred charges, which reflect the handling fee to be paid to the Government of Canada upon repayment of funds, are amortized over the five year term the related deposits are held.

#### (e) Cash equivalents:

Cash equivalents include term deposits with the Province of Manitoba with maturities of up to three months.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 3. Significant accounting policies (continued):

#### (f) Portfolio investments:

Portfolio investments consist of provincial bonds and term notes with the Province of Manitoba and are recorded at cost. The organization's investment in provincial bonds are recorded at amortized cost. Discounts and premiums arising on the purchase of these bonds are amortized over the term of the bond to maturity. The term notes are recorded at cost which represents the discounted value of the term notes. Over time, the value of the term notes increase equal to the effective interest rates on the term notes. The increase in the present value of term notes during the year is recorded as an increase in the portfolio investments and as investment income.

#### (g) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value or exchange amount on initial recognition. Derivative instruments and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are reported at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently recorded at cost or amortized cost unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Corporation has not elected to carry any such group of financial instruments at fair value.

All financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis. When a decline is determined to be other than temporary, the amount of the loss is reported in the statement of operations.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs, which are amortized using the effective interest method.

#### (h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 4. Cash equivalents:

Cash equivalents consist of 30 to 90 days term deposits held by the Province of Manitoba.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

#### 5. Portfolio investments:

Portfolio investments are comprised of provincial bonds and term notes.

	2015	2014
Provincial bonds Term notes	\$ – 230,641,372	\$ 15,066,579 268,872,985
	\$230,641,372	\$283,939,564

The term notes are made up of five-year zero coupon term notes which the organization purchases on a monthly basis from the Province of Manitoba. The maturity dates range monthly from April 2015 to March 2020 (2014 - April 2014 to March 2019). The effective interest rates range from 0.55 percent to 3.07 percent (2014 - 1.45 percent to 3.07 percent) payable at the end of the 5-year term.

At March 31, 2014, the provincial bonds bore interest at rates ranging from 3.25 percent to 5.50 percent and matured between September 2014 and December 2014. Interest earned on provincial bonds for the year ended March 31, 2015 totaled \$310,279 (2014 - \$570,000). Amortization of bond premiums for the year ended March 31, 2015 totaled \$66,578 (2014 - \$94,102).

#### 6. Borrowings:

The borrowings represents the Provincial allocation of immigrants' investments repayable to the Federal Government five years after the Federal Government has distributed these funds to Manitoba Opportunities Fund Ltd. A handling fee is deducted prior to the funds being advanced to Manitoba Opportunities Fund Ltd.

2015	\$ 66,448,481
2016	54,728,852
2017	34,194,999
2018	64,895,989
2019	19,557,523 \$ 239,825,844

### MANITOBA OPPORTUNITIES FUND LTD.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

### 7. Growing Through Immigration Strategy and Economic Development Support:

Funds transferred to support the Growing Through Immigration Strategy Support and Economic Development are made up of the following, as approved by the Treasury Board:

	2015	2014
Labour and Immigration Education and Advanced Learning Jobs and the Economy	\$ _ 151,000 520,000	\$ 1,392,000 - 190,000
	\$ 671,000	\$ 1,582,000

#### 8. Financial risks and concentration of risk:

#### (i) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instruments fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Corporation to credit risk consist principally of cash equivalents and portfolio investments.

The maximum exposure of the Corporation to credit risk at March 31 is:

	2015	2014
Cash equivalents Portfolio investments	\$ 17,964,306 230,641,372	\$ 3,784,185 283,939,564
	\$ 248,605,678	\$ 287,723,749

The organization is not exposed to significant credit risk as the term deposits and term notes are primarily held by the Minister of Finance.

### (ii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to term deposits with the Minister of Finance. The term deposits are interest bearing with short-term to maturity. As the term deposits are normally held to maturity changes in interest rates do not affect their value.

### MANITOBA OPPORTUNITIES FUND LTD.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended March 31, 2015

### 8. Financial risks and concentration of risk (continued):

### (iii) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the organization will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due.

The organization manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalent balances and matching its purchasing of five-year zero coupon bonds with the allocation of immigrants' investments and the related borrowings.

### 9. Comparative information:

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to the financial statement presentation adopted in the current year.

MANITOBA POTASH COPORATION AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2015 WERE NOT AVAILABLE AT THE TIME OF PRINTING THE PROVINCE OF MANITOBA PUBLIC ACCOUNTS VOLUME IV



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Legislative Assembly of Manitoba
To the Board of Directors of The Manitoba Water Services Board

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Manitoba Water Services Board, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, and the statements of operations, change in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

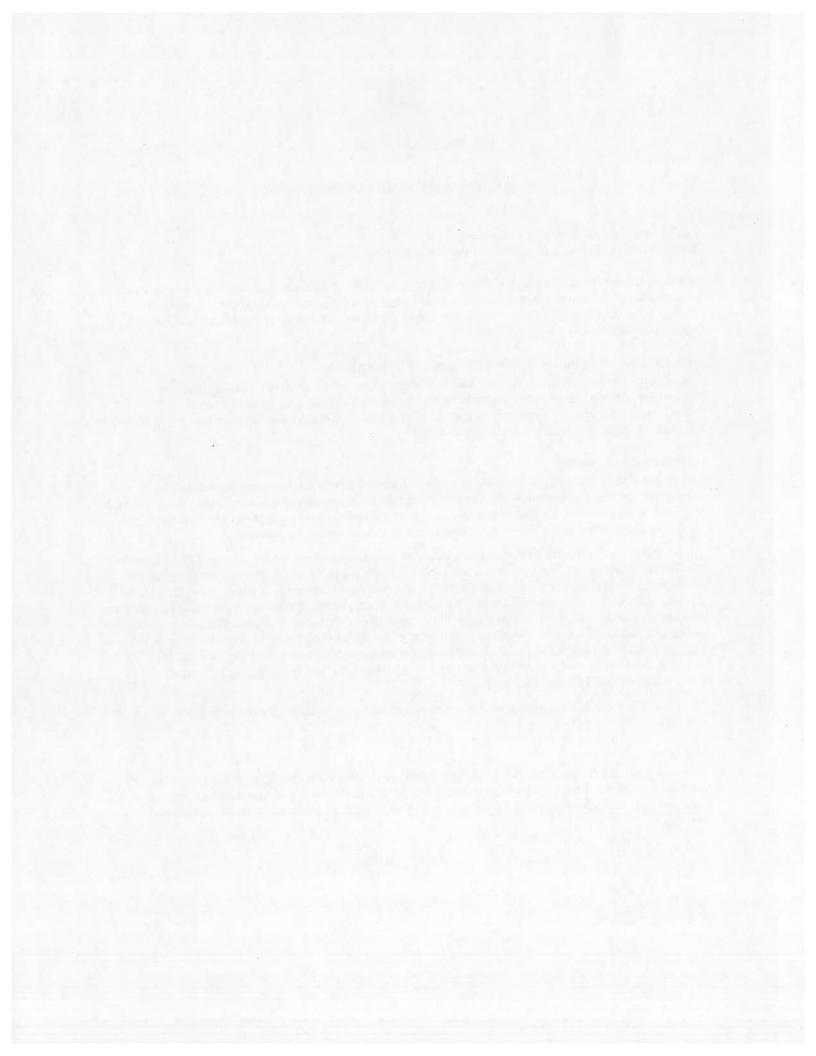
In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Manitoba Water Services Board as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations, changes in net debt and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Office of the Auditor General

Office of the Auditor General

July 23, 2015

Winnipeg, Manitoba



Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2015

	March 31,	March 31,		
	2015	2014		
Financial assets				
Accounts Receivable	\$ 5,527,516	S 6,196,954		
Accrued Interest	9,079	6,357		
	5,536,595	6,203,311		
Liabilities				
Bank Indebtedness (note 15)	145,902	1,626,824		
Accounts payable and accrued charges Advances from The Province of Manitoba	7,533,443	3,147,089		
payable on demand (note 13)	21,100,000	7,500,000		
	28,779,345	12,273,913		
Net Debt	(23,242,750)	(6,070,602)		
Non-financial assets				
Construction in progress (note 4)	19,968,703	4,314,997		
Tangible capital assets (note 5)	10,494	10,494		
Prepaid supplies	64,577	63,277		
	20,043,774	4,388,768		
Accumulated surplus (deficit) (note 6)	\$ (3,198,976)	\$ (1,681,834)		
Commitments (note 9)				
Contingencies (note 10)				
See accompanying notes to financial statements				
On behalf of Board:				
Original Document Signed Chair				

Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31, 2015

		Budget		2015		2014
		(note 14)		2013		2014
Revenues:						
Sale of Water	\$	4,195,578	S	4,063,291	S	3,913,366
Administrative expenses paid by the Province						
of Manitoba (note 8)		2,643,000		2,291,490		2,226,951
Interest		3,000		5,660		4,026
		6,841,578		6,360,441		6,144,343
Expenses:						
Direct expenses for water supply plants:						
Interest expense		160,000		363,082		196,465
Interest allocated to new construction		(225,000)		(397,560)		(182,815)
		(65,000)		(34,478)		13,650
Chemicals		420,499		341,016		407,981
Heat, telephone, light and power		881,232		922,918		866,594
Professional services		559,138		655,672		680,574
Salaries and benefits		1,015,832		1,210,180		1,085,308
Repairs and maintenance		626,661		696,926		610,845
Administrative (note 8)		2,643,000		2,291,490		2,226,951
		6,081,362		6,083,724		5,891,903
Annual surplus		760,216		276,717		252,440
Accumulated surplus (deficit), beginning of year		(1,681,834)		(1,681,834)		(481,798
Disposition of funds (note 6)		(845,000)		(1,793,859)		(1,452,476
Accumulated deficit, end of year	s	(1,766,618)	\$	(3,198,976)	\$	(1,681,834

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Change in Net Debt

For the year ended March 31, 2015

	Budget		
	(note 14)	 2015	2014
Annual Surplus	\$ 760,216	\$ 276,717	\$ 252,440
New construction costs Funds recovered from:	(57,024,788)	(69,399,309)	(30,631,482)
Province of Manitoba	16,688,700	16,277,788	12,851,007
Municipalities	40,336,088	37,467,815	18,172,754
	0	(15,653,706)	392,279
Decrease (increase) in prepaid supplies	1,000	(1,300)	14,275
Disposition of funds	 (845,000)	 (1,793,859)	(1,452,476)
Increase in net debt	(83,784)	(17,172,148)	(793,482)
Net debt, beginning of year	(6,070,602)	(6,070,602)	(5,277,120)
Net debt, end of year	\$ (6,154,386)	\$ (23,242,750)	\$ (6,070,602)

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 3:	1. 2015
-----------------------------	---------

	2015	17112	2014
Cash provided by (used in):			
Operating activities:			
Annual surplus	\$ 276,717	S	252,440
Change in non-cash operating working capital:			
Accounts receivable	669,438		(2,816,515)
Prepaid supplies	(1,300)		14,275
Accounts payable and accrued charges	4,386,354		(450,868)
Accrued Interest	(2,722)		(2,185)
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	5,328,487		(3,002,853)
Financing activities:			
Advances received	19,800,000		9,600,000
Advances repaid	(6,200,000)		(6,600,000)
Cash provided by (used in) financing activities	13,600,000		3,000,000
Capital activities:			
New construction costs	(69,399,309)		(30,631,482)
Funding recovered from:			
Province of Manitoba	16,277,788		12,851,007
Municipalities	37,467,815		18,172,754
Increase in construction in progress	(15,653,706)		392,279
Disposition of funds	(1,793,859)		(1,452,476)
Cash used in capital activities	(17,447,565)		(1,060,197)
Increase in cash	1,480,922		(1,063,050)
Cash, beginning of year	(1,626,824)		(563,774)
Cash, end of year	\$ (145,902)	\$	(1,626,824)

Supplementary Financial Information

Interest paid \$363,082 (2014 - \$196,465) Interest received \$397,580 (2014 - \$182,815)

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 1. Nature of operations:

The Manitoba Water Services Board (the Board) was established in July 1972 under The Manitoba Water Services Board Act to assist in the provision of water and sewage facilities to the residents of rural Manitoba. The Board assists municipalities with the development of sustainable water and wastewater works, including; water supply, treatment, storage and distribution; collection and treatment of sewage; the disposal of treated effluent and waste sludge in an environmentally sustainable manner and the provision of drought resistant, safe water supplies to rural residents for domestic and livestock needs.

### 2. Significant accounting policies:

### (a) Basis of accounting:

The financial statements have been prepared using Canadian public sector accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board.

### (b) Tangible capital assets and construction in progress:

Tangible capital assets represent water supply plants owned by the Board. They are recorded at cost and amortization is calculated on a straight-line basis over the following terms:

Asset	Term
Plants constructed prior to January 1, 1972:	
Equipment	18 years
Bulldings	35 years
Plants constructed after January 1, 1972:	
Equipment	20 years
Buildings	20 years

Tangible capital assets which are constructed by the Board are recorded as construction in progress until the capital asset is put into use and ownership is transferred to the appropriate municipality. Financing costs are included in the construction in progress amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 2. Significant accounting policies (continued):

### (c) Revenue recognition:

Revenue from the sale of water is recognized in the period when consumed by the town or municipality.

### (d) Administrative expenses paid by the Province of Manitoba:

Administrative expenses are paid by the Province of Manitoba on behalf of the Board and recorded at the exchange amount agreed to by the related parties in the financial statements.

### (e) Pension costs and obligations:

The Board's employees are eligible for membership in the provincially-operated Civil Service Superannuation Plan. The pension liability for Board employees is included in the Province of Manitoba's liability for the Civil Service Superannuation Fund. Accordingly, no provision is recorded in the financial statements related to the effects of participation in the pension plan by the Board and its employees.

### (f) Use of estimates:

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the carrying amount of accounts receivable and tangible capital assets. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 3. Financial instruments and financial risk management:

(a) Classification and measurement of financial instruments:

Financial instruments are classified into one of the two measurement categories: (a) fair value; or (b) cost or amortized cost.

The Board records its financial assets at cost or amortized cost, which include cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accrued interest. The Board also records its financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost, which include accounts payable and accrued charges and advances from the Province of Manitoba.

Amortized cost is determined using the effective interest method.

Gains and losses on financial instruments measured at fair value are recorded in accumulated surplus as remeasurement gains and losses until realized. Upon disposition of the financial instruments, the cumulative remeasurement gains and losses are reclassified to the statement of operations. Gains and losses on financial instruments measured at cost or amortized cost are recognized in the statement of operations in the period the gain or loss occurs.

The Board did not incur any remeasurement gains and losses during the year (2014 - nil).

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 3. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued):

(b) Financial risk management - overview:

The Board has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Interest rate risk, and
- Foreign currency risk

The Board manages its exposure to risks associated with financial instruments that have the potential to affect its operating performance. The Board's Directors have the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Board's objectives, policies and procedures for measuring, monitoring and managing these risks.

The Board has exposure to the following risks associated with its financial instruments:

#### Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Board to credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable and accrued interest.

The maximum exposure of the Board's credit risk is as follows:

		March 31, 2015		March 31, 2014
Accounts receivable Accrued interest	\$	5,592,093 9,079	\$	6,196,954
Accided interest	S	5,601,172	S	6,357

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 3. Financial instruments and financial risk management (continued):

Accounts receivable: The Board is not exposed to significant credit risk as the receivables are with Municipal and other government entities and payment in full is typically collected when it is due. Credit evaluations are done for each Rural Municipality.

The aging of accounts receivable are as follows:

	March 31, 2015	March 31 2014
Current 30-60 days past billing date 60-90 days past billing date	\$ 3,224,488 2,280,668 22,360	\$ 4,631,295 1,170,908 394,751
	\$ 5,527,516	\$ 6,196,954

Accrued Interest: The Board is not exposed to significant credit risk as the accrued interest relates to one receivable with a municipality for ongoing construction and payment is anticipated at the completion of the work.

### Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Board will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they come due. The Board manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash balances and by appropriately utilizing working capital advances as required. The Board prepares and monitors detailed forecasts of cash flows from operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. Identified capital supply requirements are reviewed and approved by the Minister of Finance to ensure adequate funding will be available to meet the Board's obligations utilizing bridge financing through The Loan Act. The Board continuously monitors and reviews both actual and forecasted cash flows through periodic financial reporting.

### Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The interest rate exposure relates to accounts receivable, accrued interest, accounts payable and accrued charges, and advances from the Province of Manitoba.

The interest rate risk on the above exposures is considered to be low because of their short-term nature.

**Notes to Financial Statements** 

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 4. Construction in progress:

		March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$	4,314,997	\$ 4,707,276
New construction costs		69,399,309	30,631,481
		73,714,306	35,338,757
Funding recovered from:			
Municipalities		37,467,815	18,172,754
Province of Manitoba		16,277,788	12,851,006
		53,745,603	31,023,760
Construction in progress	S S	19,968,703	\$ 4,314,997

### 5. Tangible capital assets:

March 31, 2015	Cost	Accumulated amortization			
Land and easements Buildings Equipment	\$ 10,494 \$ 522,722 132,628	522,722 132,628	\$	10,494	
	\$ 665,844\$	655,350	\$	10,494	

March 31, 2014	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value
Land and easements Buildings Equipment	\$ 10,494 \$ 522,722 132,628	522,722 132,628	\$ 10,494 =
	\$ 665,844\$	655,350	\$ 10,494

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 6. Accumulated Surplus/(Deficit):

Accumulated surplus/(deficit) consist of accumulated excess revenues over expenses pertaining to the water supply plants operated by the Board for the benefit of municipalities and pertaining to plants operated by the Board under agreements with municipalities. Separate equity accounts are maintained for each plant operated by the Board. Municipalities are responsible for any deficit balances and are given credit for surplus balances whenever plant operating responsibilities are transferred to the municipalities.

	No.	 March 31, 2015	No.	March 31 2014
Plants operated by the Board:				
Plants with a deficit Plants with a surplus	7 3	\$ (4,586,255) 1,287,279	6	\$ (3,581,586) 1,799,752
Total funds retained (deficit), water supply plants	10	(3,298,976)	10	(1.781,834
Interest and adjustment fund account (note 7)		100,000		100,000
		\$ (3,198,976)		\$ (1,681,834

The Board is responsible for all ongoing capital repairs and improvements necessary for the water plants it operates. Disposition of funds relating to this during 2014/2015 include capital works approved by the Board for the Baldur water treatment plant and regional systems operated by the Board including, Cartier Regional, Southwest Regional, and the Yellowhead Regional Water Co-operatives and amount to \$1,793,859 (2014-\$1,452,476)

### 7. Interest and adjustment fund account:

The Board allocates interest costs to construction projects and to the operations of water supply plants at a rate comparable to the Board's cost of borrowing. The interest allocated and the actual net interest costs incurred by the Board are recorded in the Interest Adjustment Fund Account. Board policy is to maintain a balance of \$100,000 in the Interest Adjustment Fund Account to absorb any shortfall in the allocation of actual net interest costs for the year. Interest costs were fully allocated for both the current and the preceding year.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 8. Administrative expenses paid by the Province of Manitoba:

Administrative expenses paid by the Province of Manitoba and included in expenses are as follows:

	2015	2014
Professional services	\$ 8,225	\$ 14,392
Salaries and benefits Telephone and utilities	2,029,901 17,474	1,945,002 17,539
Travel Rental for office premises	1,721 144,942	834 150,102
Other administrative	89,227	99,082
	\$ 2,291,490	\$ 2,226,951

### 9. Commitments:

	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2014
Signed agreements and offers for construction of sewer and water systems for municipalities and cooperatives	\$ 60,452,043	\$ 57,024,788
These commitments are expected to be funded as follows:		
Subsidization of construction costs — Province of Manitoba	\$14,996,000	\$16,688,700
Recovery of construction costs – Municipalities and cooperatives	45,456,043	40,336,088
	\$ 60,452,043	\$ 57,024,788

### 10. Contingencies:

The Board is involved in legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business, the outcome of which cannot be predicted at this time. In the opinion of management, the disposition of these cases will not materially affect the financial position of the Board. Any settlement will be recognized in the year the settlement occurs.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

### 11. Related party transactions:

The Board is related in terms of common ownership to all Province of Manitoba created Departments, Agencies and Crown Corporations. The Board enters into transactions with these entities in the normal course of operations and they are measured at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

### 12. Economic dependency:

The Board is economically dependent on the Province of Manitoba.

### 13. Advances from The Province of Manitoba payable on demand:

The Board finances construction in progress by borrowing advances from the Province through The Loan Act. The Board pays interest on these unfixed advances. Interest payable is set at Prime less 0.75 percent. During 2014/2015 the rate of interest charged was between 2.10 and 2.25 percent on a quarterly basis. These advances are repaid once funding is received from the municipalities and cooperatives and the Province for their share of the eligible project costs.

As at March 31, 2015, the Province had unused authority of \$62,846,000 under The Loan Act - 2014 to provide future financing to the Board for construction of municipal sewer and water facilities on behalf of municipalities and cooperatives.

### 14. Budgeted figures:

The budgeted figures presented in these financial statements have been derived from the estimates approved by the Board.

#### 15. Bank Indebtedness:

The Board does not have an overdraft in place on its bank account. However, funds could be borrowed from the Province of Manitoba as needed to fund cash deficits. The bank overdraft is the result of outstanding cheques that have not been cashed at March 31, 2015. The Board anticipates it will have sufficient funds in place to cover these outstanding disbursements.

## METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY

Financial Statements
For the year ended March 31, 2015

### **METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY**

### **Financial Statements**

For the year ended March 31, 2015

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### Independent Auditor's Report

### To the Directors of the METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY, which comprise the statements of financial position as at March 31, 2015, and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY as at March 31, 2015, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

BDO Canada UP

Chartered Accountants

Winnipeg, Manitoba July 14, 2015

## METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Statement of Financial Position

March 31		2015		2014
Assets				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Accounts receivable (Note 3) Prepaid expenses Deposit for leasehold improvement	<b>\$</b>	881,668 113,334 251,520 46,125 1,292,647	\$	1,508,132 294,331 19,023 46,125 1,867,611
Advances Due from Agencies (Note 5)		4,567,500		4,567,500
Capital Assets (Note 4)		110,507		90,215
	\$	5,970,654	\$	6,525,326
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Current Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 6) Deferred revenue (Note 7)	\$	454,206 656,598 1,110,804	\$	426,814 1,258,788 1,685,602
Advance Due to Province of Manitoba (Note 5)		4,567,500		4,567,500
Deferred Contributions Related to Capital Assets (Note 8)	_	156,466	·	136,340
Commitments (Note 11)		5,834,770		6,389,442
Net Assets Unrestricted net assets (Page 4)		135,884		135,884
	\$	5,970,654	\$	6,525,326
Approved on behalf of the Board of Directors:				_
Original Document Signed Director				
Original Document Signed				

## **METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Statement of Operations and Changes in Net Assets**

For the year ended March 31	2015	2015	2014
	Budget	Actual	Actual
Revenue			
Province of Manitoba (Note 9)	\$ 18,511,734	\$ 18,525,092	\$ 19,203,367
Amortization of deferred contributions (Note 8)	30,000	27,534	32,128
Interest	12,000	15,733	18,046
	18,553,734	18,568,359	19,253,541
Expenses		•	
Agency operations (Schedules 3 and 4)	15,258,296	15,258,296	16,588,419
Salaries and benefits	2,519,214	2,606,488	1,773,201
Professional fees	126,324	55,621	133,136
Office	270,900	269,679	263,047
Agency education and training	127,000	97,682	149,577
Information technology	70,000	58,401	62,274
Board expenses	47,000	55,345	39,782
Amortization of capital assets	30,000	27,534	32,128
Annual general meeting	17,000	14,191	18,338
Staff expenses	32,000	14,824	16,517
Other	-	9,803	15,187
Insurance	12,000	11,796	11,427
Professional development	23,000	4,993	10,385
Communications	20,000	9,742	7,225
Bank charges	1,000	864	773
Standing committee programming	_	73,100	132,125
	18,553,734	18,568,359	19,253,541
Deficiency of revenue over expenses		-	-
Net assets, beginning of year		135,884	135,884
Net assets, end of year		\$ 135,884	\$ 135,884

## METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31	 2015	2014
Adjustments for non-cash items	\$ -	\$ -
Amortization of capital assets  Amortization of deferred contributions related to capital assets	27,534 (27,534)	32,128 (32,128)
Changes in non-cash working capital items Accounts receivable Due to agencies Prepaid expenses Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Deferred revenue	180,998 (163,662) (232,664) 191,054 (602,190)	207,645 (82,845) 1,316 (50,958) (309,634)
	(626,464)	(234,476)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Purchase of capital assets Contributions received for purchase of capital assets Deposit for leasehold improvement	(47,660) 47,660 -	(56,804) 102,929 (46,125)
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents for the year	(626,464)	(234,476)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,508,132	 1,742,608
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 881,668	\$ 1,508,132

### For the years ended March 31, 2015

### 1. Nature of the Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Nature of the Organization

The Metis Child and Family Services Authority (the "Authority") was incorporated on November 24, 2003 under the Province of Manitoba through The Child and Family Services Authority Act, S.M. 2002, c. 35 excerpt section 20; the Act came into force by proclamation on November 24, 2003.

The Authority was established as a non-profit organization with the responsibility for administering and providing for the delivery of a system of child and family services to Metis and Inuit people. In partnership with the Manitoba Metis Federation and the Province of Manitoba, the Authority is committed to establishing a jointly coordinated child and family services system that recognizes the distinct rights and authorities of Metis and Inuit people in Manitoba.

The Authority is a non-profit organization and as such is exempt from income taxes under The Income Tax Act (the "Act"). In order to maintain its status as a non-profit organization under the Act, the Authority must meet certain requirements within the Act. In the opinion of management, these requirements have been met.

### Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

### Revenue Recognition

The Authority follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets funded by the Province of Manitoba are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization and the related funding is recorded as deferred contributions.

Deferred contributions are amortized in accordance with the estimated useful lives of the assets to which they relate.

Other capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization.

Capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis as follows:

Computer equipment
Office furniture and equipment

5 years 5 years

### For the years ended March 31, 2015

### 1. Nature of the Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent consist of cash on hand, bank balances and investments in cashable instruments.

### Pension Plan

The Authority maintains defined contribution pension plans for its personnel. Expenses for this plan are equal to the Authority's required contribution for the year.

### Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value when acquired or issued. All other financial instruments are reported at cost or amortized cost less impairment, if applicable. Financial assets are tested for impairment when changes in circumstances indicate the asset could be impaired. Transaction costs on the acquisition, sale or issue of financial instruments are expensed for those items remeasured at fair value at each balance sheet date and charged to the financial instrument for those measured at amortized cost.

### 2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents contains guaranteed investment certificates in the amount of \$10,000. The GICs bear interest rate of 0.80% and mature in August and November 2015.

#### 3. Accounts Receivable

	·	2015	2014
Due from Province of Manitoba GST receivable Other	\$	87,419 7,738 18,177	\$ 272,961 4,925 16,445
	\$	113,334	\$ 294,331

### For the years ended March 31, 2015

### 4. Capital Assets

				 2015		-	 2014
	_	Cost	 cumulated nortization	Net Book Value	Cost	cumulated mortization	Net Book Value
Computer equipment Furniture and fixtures	\$	253,881 87,232	\$ 163,753 66,853	\$ 90,128 20,379	\$ 221,100 72,353	\$ 143,211 60,027	\$ 77,889 12,326
	\$	341,113	\$ 230,606	\$ 110,507	\$ 293,453	\$ 203,238	\$ 90,215

### 5. Advances due from Agencies and Advance due to Province of Manitoba

The Province of Manitoba advanced the Authority a working capital advance in the amount of \$4,567,500 (\$4,567,500 in 2014), which in turn was advanced by the Authority to the Agencies. The advances are repayable by the Authority if the Authority's operations cease. The amounts due from the Agencies have no fixed terms of repayment and are non-interest bearing.

			2015	2014
	Metis Child, Family and Community Services Michif Child & Family Services	\$ —	3,813,048 754,452	\$ 3,813,048 754,452
		\$	4,567,500	\$ 4,567,500
6.	Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	_	2015	 2014
	Due to agencies	\$	11,191	\$ 174,853
	Trade payables Accrued expenses	_	53,575 389,440	 34,448 217,513

### For the years ended March 31, 2015

### 7. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represents funds received during the year, which have been deferred to periods when their specified expenditures are expected to be incurred.

	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	\$ 1,258,788 \$	1,568,422
Unspent contributions received: Province of Manitoba - Core operations Province of Manitoba - Standing Committee	381,948 191,608	417,312 141,638
	573,556	558,950
Less amounts recognized as revenue in the year Core operations Standing Committee	(417,313) (758,433)	(408,817) (459,767)
	(1,175,746)	(868,584)
Balance, end of year	\$ 656,598 \$	1,258,788

Deferred contributions are restricted for the following programs as at March 31:

		2015	 2014_
Core operations Standing committee operations Standing committee - differential response	\$	381,948 274,650	\$ 417,312 341,476 500,000
	· \$	656,598	\$ 1,258,788

### For the years ended March 31, 2015

### 8. Deferred Contributions Related to Capital Assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represents funds received during the year for the purpose of purchasing furniture, computers and other equipment. These contributions are deferred and subsequently amortized on the same basis as the related assets.

	_	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year Funds received by Province of Manitoba Amortization	\$	136,340 47,660 (27,534)	\$ 65,539 102,929 (32,128)
Balance, end of year	\$	156,466	\$ 136,340
9. Revenue from Province of Manitoba		2015	2014
Revenue as per Province of Manitoba confirmation	<u>\$</u>	18,146,588	\$ 19,062,390
Add Deferred revenue amounts recognized as revenue in the year Funding claims subsequent to confirmation	_	1,175,746 37,985	868,584 22,566
		1,213,731	 891,150
Deduct Unspent contributions received Grants related to capital assets Funding of prior year accounts receivable Amount refunded Other	-	573,556 47,660 89,427 27,540 97,044	558,950 102,929 88,294 - - 750,173
Revenue from Province of Manitoba	\$	18,525,092	\$ 19,203,367

### 10. Related Party Disclosures

The Authority rents office space from the Manitoba Metis Federation Inc. as disclosed in Note 11. Manitoba Metis Federation Inc. is related by virtue of its appointment of the Board of Directors of the Authority.

This transaction is in the normal course of operations and is measured at the exchange value (the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties), which approximates the arm's length equivalent value for the leased premises.

### For the years ended March 31, 2015

#### 11. Commitments

The Authority leases office space from the Manitoba Metis Federation Inc. The Authority expects the minimum annual lease payments of \$120,146 until May 31, 2022.

The Authority has also entered into various agreements to purchase and maintain computers and office equipment until March 31, 2016.

Minimum annual lease payments over the next five years are as follows:

2016	\$ 164,003
2017	162,591
2018	150,379
2019	122,336
2020	120,146

### 12. Financial Risk Management

The Authority is exposed to different types of risk in the normal course of operations, including credit risk, market risk and liquidity risk. The Authority's objective in risk management is to optimize the risk return trade-off, within set limits, by applying integrated risk management and control strategies, policies and procedures throughout the Authority's activities.

### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument fails to discharge an obligation and causes financial loss to another party. Financial instruments which potentially subject the Authority to credit risk consist principally of accounts receivable.

The Authority's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of any collateral or other credit enhancements is \$113,334 (\$294,331 at March 31, 2014).

The Authority is not exposed to significant credit risk as the majority of the receivables are from the Province of Manitoba and agencies funded by the Authority.

### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, foreign exchange risk and other price risk.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The Authority is not exposed to significant interest rate risk as its cash and investments are held in short-term or variable rate products.

### For the years ended March 31, 2015

### 12. Financial Risk Management (continued)

### Market Risk (continued)

The Authority is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as it does not have any financial instruments denominated in foreign currency.

### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Authority will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they become due, and arises from the Authority's management of working capital. The Authority's policy is to ensure that it will have sufficient cash to allow it to meet its liabilities when they become due.

### Fair Value

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities approximate their fair value due to the relatively short periods to maturity of these items or because they are receivable or payable on demand.

### 13. Pension

During the year the Authority contributed \$39,857 (\$38,273 in 2014) to a defined contribution pension plan. Contributions are made at 3% of employee salaries and invested in RRSPs held with Great-West Life.

### 14. Economic Dependence

The Authority's primary source of income is the grant funding received from the Province of Manitoba Department of Family Services and Housing. The Authority's ability to continue viable operations is dependent upon maintaining its ability to obtain funding. As at the date of these financial statements, the Authority believes that the grant funding from the Province of Manitoba will continue.

### 15. Comparative Amounts

Comparative amounts have been restated as a result of the current year presentation.



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### Auditor's Comments on Supplementary Financial Information

### To the Directors of METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY

We have audited the financial statements of the METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015 and the statements of operations and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and have issued our report thereon dated July 14, 2015 which contained an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. The audit was performed to form an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. Schedules 1, 2, 3, and 4 are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such supplementary information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

### Restriction on Distribution and Use

The supplementary information is prepared to assist the METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY to meet the requirements of the Province of Manitoba Department of Family Services and Housing, Child Protection Branch (the "Province"). As a result, the supplementary information is not presented in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards and may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY and the Minister and should not be distributed to or used by parties other than the METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY or the Province.

Chartered Accountants

BDO Canada LLP

Winnipeg, Manitoba July 14, 2015

## METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Schedule 1 - Statement of Program Operations: Core Operations

For the year ended March 31		2015	2015		2014
		Budget	Actual		Actual
Revenue					
Grant - Province of Manitoba					
Core	\$	1,879,723	\$ 1,868,142	\$	1,718,294
Other		325,648	330,072		325,648
Education and training		127,000	97,682		149,577
Centralization		729,430	710,355		-
Standing committee IT revenue		36,000	36,000		18,000
Amortization of deferred contributions related		ŕ	·		
to capital assets		30,000	27,534		24,972
Interest		12,000	15,733	*	5,881
		3,139,801	3,085,518		2,242,372
		0,100,001	0,000,010		2,272,012
Expenses					
Salaries and benefits		2,368,577	2,456,743		1,621,647
Office		267,900	269,679		179,714
Agency education and training		127,000	97,682		149,577
Professional fees		129,324	55,621		93,136
Information technology	•	70,000	58,401		61,014
Board expenses		47,000	55,345		39,782
Amortization of capital assets		30,000	27,534		24,972
Annual general meeting		17,000	14,191		18,338
Other		_	9,803		15,187
Staff expenses		30,000	13,124		14,542
Professional development		20,000	4,993		8,847
Insurance		12,000	11,796		7,618
Communications		20,000	9,742		7,225
Bank charges		1,000	864		773
		3,139,801	3,085,518		2,242,372
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-

## METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Schedule 2 - Statement of Program Operations: Office of the Child and Family Services Standing Committee

For the year ended March 31		2015		2015		2014
		Budget		Actual		Actual
Revenue Grant - Province of Manitoba						
Current year funding	\$	191,637	\$	187,445	\$	141,638
Prior year funding	Ψ	101,007	Ψ	73,100	Ψ	279,791
Interest		_		.0,.00		12,165
Amortization of deferred contributions						12,100
related to capital assets		-		-		7,156
		191,637		260,545		440,750
Expenses		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1111-1		
Professional fees		15,000		15,000		40,000
Salaries and benefits		150,637		149,745		151,554
Office		18,000		18,000		83,333
Information technology		3,000		3,000		19,260
Amortization of capital assets		_		-		7,156
Insurance		_		-		3,809
Staff expenses		2,000		1,700		1,975
Professional development		3,000		-		1,538
Standing committee programming		-		73,100		132,125
	<u> </u>	191,637		260,545		440,750
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$	-	\$	_	\$	

## METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Schedule 3 - Statement of Program Operations: Metis Child, Family and Community Services Agency Inc

For the year ended March 31	2015	2015	2014
	Budget	Actual	Actual
Revenue Grant - Province of Manitoba Core and Operational Other	\$ 10,088,532 119,060	\$ 10,088,532 119,060	\$ 10,814,758 687,218
	10,207,592	10,207,592	11,501,976
Expenses Grant to Agency Core and Operational Other	10,088,532 119,060	10,088,532 119,060	10,814,758 687,218
Other	10,207,592	10,207,592	11,501,976
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

# METIS CHILD AND FAMILY SERVICES AUTHORITY Schedule 4 - Statement of Program Operations: Michif Child and Family Services Inc.

For the year ended March 31		2015	 2015	2014
		Budget	Actual	Actual
Revenue Grant - Province of Manitoba Core and Operational Other	\$	5,018,061 32,643	\$ 5,018,061 32,643	\$ 4,875,375 211,068
		5,050,704	 5,050,704	5,086,443
Expenses Grant to Agency Core and Operational Other		5,018,061 32,643	5,018,061 32,643	 4,875,375 211,068
	_	5,050,704	5,050,704	5,086,443
Excess of revenue over expenses	\$		\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>