SITE ASSESSMENT

FOR LARGE LIVESTOCK OPERATION PROPOSALS (300 ANIMAL UNITS OR MORE)



1.0 Purpose

The establishment or expansion of a livestock operation that has 300 Animal Units or more is subject to Part 7 of <u>The Planning Act</u>. When such proposals are considered a conditional use by a municipal council or planning district board, approval of a conditional use permit is required. This includes a review by the Technical Review Committee (TRC) appointed by the Minister of Indigenous and Municipal Relations. The <u>Technical Review Committee Regulation</u> requires a site assessment be undertaken by the proponent to help the committee complete its review and allow the public affected by the livestock operation to comment on the proposal.

2.0 Assistance

For assistance in completing the Site Assessment Form, the following resources are available:

- Glossary of Terms for definitions
- Manitoba Agriculture for animal unit and suitable spread field acreage calculations
- Manitoba Sustainable Development for information on regulatory requirements
- Government agencies to obtain any required reports. For example, a
 Conservation Data Centre report is required as per Section 12.0 of the Site Assessment
- Contact the Technical Review Coordination Unit for additional help.

3.0 **Description of Livestock Operation** Operation legal name, if other than the owner's name: Reutter Dairy Operation location (project site)¹: SW 19-5-5E Rural Municipality (RM): Hanover Legal description: quarter, section, township, range, meridian or river lot(s): SW 19-5-5E Manitoba Premises Identification Number: 1019889 Municipal Tax Roll Number(s): 207000.000 Illustrate the location of the operation (project site) on a map. (See Location Map for example). Location Map Attached Nature of Project² 4.0 Please indicate if the proposal is for a new or expanding livestock operation. If the operation is expanding, please identify when the operation was established. ☐ New Operation **Expansion of Existing Operation** Nov 1985 Date Established: Describe what is being proposed: It is proposed to expand dairy operation from existing 300 cows plus associated livestock to 600 cows plus associated livestock.

All existing buildings will be reused				
5.0 Current and Proposed T	ype and Size	of Operatio	n ³	
sing the Manitoba Agriculture Animal nimals and animal units for each animal roposed operation (if applicable).				of
Table 5-1: Current a				
Animal Categories (Column B from Animal Units Calculator)	Current Number of Animals (Column D)	Current Number of Animal Units (Column E)	Proposed Number of Animals (Column F)	Operation Proposed Number of Animal Uni (Column G
Mature cows including associated livestock	300	600	600	1,200
	Total Current	600	Total Proposed	1,200
Manitoba Agriculture Animal Units 6.0 Animal Confinement ⁴ Based on the nature of the proposed please check more than one category			nimal confinem	nent. (Note

include a feedlot or a grazing area.

<u>/</u>	Confined Livestock Area ⁵ – means an outdoor, non-grazing area where livestock are affined by fences or other structures, and includes a feedlot, paddock, corral, exercise yard,	
holding area and hoop structures. Other (Describe what is being proposed)		
	Yes	
•	es, what is the current capacity (livestock places and animal units)?0 mature cows and associated livestock (600 AU)	
pro for	ensure the proposed livestock operation can be built in a way the environment is otected, a permit is required for construction and expansion of confined livestock area(s) operations with 300 Animal Units or more. Permits are required by the Livestock Manure Mortalities Management Regulation (M.R. 42/98), under The Environment Act.	
no	permit under the <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation</u> (M.R. 42/98) is trequired for an indoor housing area or barn unless there is a manure storage facility thin the building (an under barn storage capable of storing manure for 30 days or more).	
pe the Sho	te that agricultural buildings such as barns over 600 meters (6,458 sq ft) require a building rmit from the Fire Commissioner's Office under <i>The Building and Mobile Home Act</i> and Manitoba Building Code. We all existing, proposed buildings and additions to existing buildings on the project site in See Project Site Plan example and the Project Site Plan Guide for help creating your site in See Project Site Plan example and the Project Site Plan Guide for help creating your site in See Project Site Plan Example and the Project Site Plan Guide for help creating your site in See Project Site Plan Example and the Project Site Plan Guide for help creating your site in See Project Site Plan Example and See Project Site Plan Guide for help creating your site in See Project Site Plan Example See Project Site Plan Example See Project Site Plan Example See Project See	
	Project Site Plan attached	
7.0) Water	
	7.1 Project Sites Unsuitable for Development	
	To protect water quality, the <u>Nutrient Management Regulation</u> (M.R. 62/2008), under The Water Protection Act, prohibits the construction or expansion of nutrient generating facilities in Nutrient Management Zone 4 (Agriculture Capability Class 6, 7 and unimproved organic soils) and Nutrient Buffer Zones. Nutrient generating facilities include barns, confined livestock areas and manure storage facilities.	
	A Nutrient Buffer Zone, as defined in section 3(3) of the regulation, includes areas of land along water bodies such as rivers, lakes, streams and drains.	
	The proposed indoor housing area, barn, confined livestock area and/or manure storage facility:	
	will will will not be located within Nutrient Management Zone 4 (Class 6, 7 and unimproved organic soils) or any Nutrient Buffer Zone.	

Determine the agriculture capability class(es), including their limitations, of the soils for the project site.

Individuals with GIS mapping software can access information through <u>Manitoba Land Initiative</u> (MLI) website. In addition, information from MLI can also be viewed on Google Earth. Both the download for Google Earth and the registration for MLI are free.

Click <u>here</u> for instructions under the MLI website.

7.2	Water Source ⁷
	ustainable, a livestock operation must have access to a sufficient quantity and quality r for livestock.

or water for investock.	
Water source for operation:	
Pipeline (public) Proposed well River Dugout - dimensions:xx If using an existing well, provide a copy of the war property. Logs can be obtained from Manitoba Su 945-6959 in Winnipeg; 1-800-214-6497 toll free.	
7.3 Source Water Analysis Reports	
Annual <u>livestock source water quality monitoring</u> Sustainable Development for any operations of 3	
Has the operation submitted an annual source was Yes No If yes, please indicate year of last submission:	ter monitoring report? N/A (new operation or existing operation <300 AU currently)
Will livestock have direct access to surface water Yes	(not including dugouts)?
If yes, identify the name of the surface water feat	ture:
List any steps that will be taken to prevent direct	access of livestock to the water body:

7.4 Water Requirements

Protecting the interests of domestic users and the environment, in addition to existing licensees, is the intended purpose of the water rights licensing scheme.

In order to protect the sustainability of water sources, all operations using more than 25,000 litres (5,499 imperial gallons) per day must possess a Water Rights License required by the <u>Water Rights Regulation</u> (MR 126/87) under The Water Rights Act.

For more information on the Water Rights Licensing process, contact the Water Use Licensing Section at (204) 945-3983 in Winnipeg; 1-800-214-6497 toll free.

Water Use9

To calculate the total water use for non-dairy operations, go to the <u>Water Requirement</u> Calculator.

For dairy operations, go to the Dairy Barn Water Requirement Estimator.

Maximum daily use for the operation:	28,295		
imperial gallons	litres		
Maximum annual use for the operation: imperial gallons	10,327,538		
	☐ cubic decameters		
Water Requirement Calculator attached Dairy Barn Water Requirement Estimator attached			

7.5 Groundwater (Contamination Risk Protection)

Improper storage and handling of manure or mortalities increases the risk of contaminating groundwater. Beneficial management practices (BMP), mitigation measures and requirements for the permit process reduce this risk. Soil testing, manure management planning and proper engineering, along with construction and management of manure storage structures, reduce the risk of contaminating groundwater.

All unused or abandoned well(s) on site and spread fields should be properly sealed and a seal well report filed with the Groundwater Management Section of Manitoba Sustainable Development. Information on well sealing is available from Manitoba Sustainable Development at (204) 945-6959 or refer to the <u>technical information document</u>. It is recommended that all but the most basic wells should be sealed by a well drilling professional.

Check off the mitigation measures used for the existing components of the operation that may pose a risk of contamination. Also check off any measures that may be used with the proposed components for this expansion, if applicable:

	Existing	Proposed	Not <u>Applicable</u>	
Manure is stored in a storage facility built by permit or is registered by Manitoba Sustainable Development	V			
Storage includes leak detection system	✓			
Earthen storage has between 400 and 500 days storage		~		
Steel/concrete tank has between 250 and 500 days storage	V			•
Manure storage facility meets required setbacks	/			•
Field storage (solid manure) locations are changed annually	V			
Field storage meets required setbacks	/			
All fields to receive manure are soil tested annually for nitrate-N and Olsen phosphorus	V			
All manure is applied according to a registered manure management plan	V			
Licensed commercial manure applicator is used to apply manure	V			Solid by owner
Operator applies manure	V			Liquid custom applicato
Abandoned wells have been properly sealed			V	
Other:				
				

7.6 Building in Flood Areas:

The <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation</u> prohibits an operator from constructing a manure storage facility within the boundaries of the 100-year flood plain elevation. <u>Manure storage facilities</u> that are constructed with protection for a flood-water level at least 0.6 meters higher than the 100-year flood water level are exempt.

The <u>Designated Flood Area Regulation</u> under *The Water Resources Administration Act* requires a Designated Flood Area Permit before a proposed structure (such as a barn) can be built within a Designated Flood Area

The flood protection level for structures located within a Designated Flood Area is the site specific design flood level plus freeboard, as provided by the Hydraulic Forecasting Branch of Manitoba Infrastructure. Contact the Hydrologic Forecasting Branch at (204) 945-2121 in Winnipeg; 1-800-214-6497 toll free, for more information.

· ·
The proposed site:
☐ is not
located in a Designated Flood Area: <u>Upper Red River Valley Designated Flood Area</u> or
Lower Red River Designated Flood Area.
Note: At the time of permit issuance, verification is needed to ensure any proposed structure(s) are located within the 100-year flood plain elevation; or at an elevation set by Manitoba Infrastructure.
7.7 Watershed Management Planning
Integrated watershed management planning is a co-operative effort by local residents, stakeholders and governments to create a long term plan to manage water and land-based activities for watersheds.
What are the names of the watershed and sub-watershed where the livestock operation and the fields identified for manure application are located?
Name of watershed(s): Rat-Marsh River Watershed
Name of sub-watershed(s): Lower Rat River Sub-watershed
Name of Integrated Watershed Management Plan for the proposed project site, if applicable:

8.0 Manure

The <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation</u> (M.R. 42/98) sets requirements for the use, management and storage of livestock manure in agricultural operations, to ensure it is handled in an environmentally sound manner. For more information on this, call Manitoba Sustainable Development at (204) 945-4384 in Winnipeg.

For more on Integrated Watershed Management Planning, call Watershed Planning and

Programs at (204) 945-7408 in Winnipeg; 1-800-214-6497 toll free.

Improper storage, handling and/or land application of manure can contaminate water and soil, as well as potentially cause unacceptable odours for neighbours. The following is used to assess the manure management system.

	8.1 Manure Ty	pe			
The type of manure generated and used by the operation influences storage, handling and land application options available.					
	What type(s) of man	nure will be generated?	■ Liquid		
	8.2 Manure Vo	olume or Weight			
	Manure production can be estimated using the <u>Manure Production Calculator</u> . The sizing of the manure storage is the responsibility of the operator and must be constructed in accordance with the <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation</u> . Design and construction of a manure storage facility is dependent on the type of structure; earthen manure storage facilities must have between 400 and 500 days capacity, a steel or concrete storage tank must have between 250 and 500 days capacity. This ensures the facility has sufficient capacity eliminating the need for winter application of manure.				
What will be the total volume or weight of manure generated annually by the livestock operation?					
Liquid volume: 1,178,658 cu ft/year		·			
AND/OR Solid volume: 132,495 cu ft/year					
	Manure Production Calculator attached				
3	.3 Manure Stora	age Type and Capacity			

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The type of storage system used will affect the capacity requirements for the manure storage facility or field storage area.

Is the operation planning to construct, modify or expand a manure storage facility or use an existing manure storage facility?

Construct	Use existing
☐ Expand	☐ Not applicable
☐ Modify	

What type of manure stor	age will be used by the o	operation?
☐ Concrete tank(s) m facility	anure storage	☐ Molehill manure storage facility
Earthen manure st	orage facility	Steel tank(s) manure storage
☐ Engineered solid m		facility
facility		Under-barn concrete manu
Field storage		storage facility
	construction permit nu	e an existing manure storage facility for thumber or facility registration number:
	n the proposed operation	oposed manure storage facilities that will k on or expansion. (See Existing and Propos
If an existing manure store proposed expansion has a sampling and reporting to	age facility that will be use leak detection system Manitoba Sustainable I	ty Dimensions Table attached used to store any of the manure from the (monitoring wells or sump pit), annual Development is required. Has the system a Sustainable Development?
Not applicable		
If yes, please indicate year	or of last submission: $\underline{\underline{tc}}$	o be completed
If a manure storage facilit system may be required.	y is proposed in a geolo	ogically sensitive area, a leak detection
	•	rage facility permit, please contact ntal Approvals Branch at (204) 945-5081.
8.4 Odour Control M	leasures (project site)	·
•	. —	cant sources of livestock odours. The use on the case of this, particularly for neighbours in the
What odour control meas Manure storage cover:	ures are you planning to	o use?
☐ Yes	■ No	☐ Not Applicable
If yes, type of cover:		
Shelterbelt planting:	□ No	Existing shelterbelt

Other measure (specify):		
8.5 Manure Treatment		
Pig operations:		
expansion, or construction of a manumber of animal units for pigs, un another environmentally sound tredigestion, according to Manitoba treatment has been defined in the	irector must not issue a permit for the modification nure storage facility accommodating an increase in the less the manure is treated using anaerobic digestion or atment that is similar to, or better than, anaerobic Sustainable Development. Environmentally sound though Production Pilot project. For more information or and the requirements of the Hog Production Pilot project uncil.	
 Subject the manure to treatr separation including multi-ce Have access to sufficient s generated by the operation; Maintain soils below 60 ppm 	orate pig manure on tilled land. Perennial forages, in	
New and expanding pig operations sh	ould also consider odour control practices.	
If this Site Assessment is for a <u>pig</u> ope in the Hog Production Pilot Protocol? Yes	eration, does your proposal meet all the criteria outline No	
If this Site Assessment is for a pig oper Pork Council under the Hog Production Yes	eration, have you included a letter from the Manitoba on Pilot Protocol? No	
Letter from Manitoba Pork Cou	ıncil attached (if applicable)	
Manure treatment:		
Is manure treatment proposed for the	ne operation?	

If yes, please describe treatment process, including intended end use of treated manure:		
depending on the type of treatment or in for a license is determined by Manitoba	gger the requirement for an Environment Act License stended use of the treated products. The requirement Sustainable Development during their review of the modification or expansion of a manure treatment	
	, additional approvals may be required in advance of ucers should note that no discharge or burning of	
-	require additional supporting documentation pect to the treatment facility. Please contact nation will be required.	
8.6 Manure Application Method		
	anagement Regulation requires the registration of ew or expanding operations with 300 Animal Units or	
Does the operation currently file an annu Sustainable Development?	ual <u>Manure Management Plan</u> (MMP) with Manitoba	
Yes No	☐ N/A (new operation or existing operation <300 AU currently)	
If yes, please indicate most recent MMP	Registration #: 2018-403LS	
• •	ason in which manure is applied affect odour, base requirements and the risk of water	
Proposed application method: Broadcast Broadcast and incorporate within 48	☐ Injection	

Using the Manure Application Fi	eld Characteristi		the information req	uested.
Total land available for manure a	application:	1,847 ———————	_acres	
Suitable Land:				
Sufficient <u>suitable</u> land must be a that is to be land applied. Suitab				ation
Under the <u>Livestock Manure and Management Regulation</u> , applica Class 6, 7 and unimproved organ Buffer Zones. In addition, only fighter phosphorus (P) in the top six incl	ation of nutrients ic soils (Nutrient elds with less tha	is not permitte Management Z n 60 parts per m	d on Agriculture Capa one 4) and within Nu nillion (ppm) Olsen	ability Itrient
The Nutrient Buffer Zones and r Nutrient Management Regulation Management Regulation (42/98) from Water Features Table.	on (62/2008) and	the Livestock N	Manure and Mortalit	ies
Have the setback areas for all was calculations for this operation?	ater features bee		excluded from land	base
Yes		☐ No		
Total <u>suitable</u> area available for	manure applicati	on:1,	818 	_acres
For all suitable lands, copies of <u>s</u> demonstrate that soil phosphoru centimeters) of soil must be included	us levels are belo	w 60 ppm Olser		
Manure Application Field ChSoil test reports for the requ			ation attached	
8.8 Land Required for Man	ure Application			
Long term land base requirementhe quantity of nutrients (nitrogoremoval of nutrients by the prop	en and phosphor	•		
The quantity of nitrogen and pho	osphorus excrete	d by the livesto	ck depends on the ty	pe,

8.7

Land Available for Manure Application

The utilization of nitrogen and removal of phosphorus by crops depends on the crops grown and the historical crop yield averages. (See <u>Crop Rotation Table</u>).

number and size of livestock, the quantity and availability of nitrogen and phosphorus fed to the livestock, the amount retained by the livestock and the amount contained in milk and eggs.

"Certain Areas":

The <u>Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation</u> requires the proponent demonstrate sufficient land is available, to the satisfaction of the director, in order to implement an appropriate manure management plan before Manitoba Sustainable Development will issue a permit for a manure storage facility or confined livestock area. Sufficient suitable land must be available for the manure nitrogen and phosphorus that will land applied.

"Certain Areas" are defined by the Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation (M.R. 42/98) as areas where the amount of phosphorus in the manure produced annually by livestock in an area of not less than 93.24 km² is greater than two times the annual crop removal rate of P_2O_5 in that area.

In "certain areas" it is Manitoba Sustainable Development's policy to consider a manure storage facility permit if the operation can demonstrate it has access to sufficient suitable land, within a reasonable distance¹⁰, to apply manure at a rate equivalent to one times the crop removal rate of phosphorus. In areas which are not considered to be "certain areas", Manitoba Sustainable Development may consider a manure storage facility or confined area permit, subject to all applicable legislation, if the operation demonstrates it has access to sufficient suitable land to apply manure at a rate equivalent to two times the crop removal rate of phosphorus.

Currently the rural municipalities of Hanover and La Broquerie are considered to be "certain areas". A livestock operation is considered to be located within a "certain area" if any part of the operation is located within the defined area. This may include, but not limited to, barn(s), confined livestock area(s), field storage location(s), manure storage facility(ies), and/or spread field(s).

Is the livestock operation located in	"certain areas" (i.e. Hanover or La Broquerie)?
■ Yes	□ No

Land Base Requirement Calculation:

It is recommended that proponents use Manitoba Agriculture's Land Base Calculator to calculate the minimum area required for manure application and contact Manitoba Agriculture at (204) 945-3869 in Winnipeg for assistance with the land base calculator prior to submitting their site assessments.

Table 8-1: Land Base Requirements

Total acres required for crop utilization of the manure N ^a	1,155	acres
Total acres required for two times crop P ₂ O ₅ removal ^a	851	acres
Total acres required for one times crop P ₂ O ₅ removal ^{b,c}		acres
	1,607	

^aAll operations must demonstrate sufficient suitable land for crop N utilization and two times crop P_2O_5 .

^bDue to high livestock density and reduced land availability for manure application, all livestock operations proposed in "certain areas" (i.e. Hanover and La Broquerie) must demonstrate

sufficient suitable land to balance phosphorus over the long-term (one times crop P_2O_5).

^c Under the Hog Production Pilot Project, pig operations must also demonstrate enough land to balance phosphorus over the long-term (one times crop P_2O_5).

Crop Rotation Table attached

Manitoba Agriculture's Land Base Calculator attached

8.9 Land Base Requirement Summary

By comparing the total suitable land available for manure application with the land required for manure application, state whether sufficient suitable land for manure application:

☐ has not	been identified
has been	n identified to meet nitrogen utilization
has been	n identified for two times the crop removal rate of phosphorus
has been	n identified for one times the crop removal rate of phosphorus (for pig
operations a	and operations in "certain areas" [i.e. Hanover and La Broquerie])

8.10 Long-Term Environmental Sustainability

The Government of Manitoba has included phosphorus as a nutrient by which applications of manure, synthetic fertilizer and municipal waste sludge to agricultural lands may be limited.

Over the short-term for fields with low phosphorus, regulations allow manure to be applied to meet the nitrogen requirements of the crop. This often results in over- application of phosphorus and a build-up of phosphorus in soils. When soil test phosphorus levels reach 60 ppm Olsen P, manure application rates must consider how much phosphorus will be removed in the harvested portion of the crop. At 60 ppm, but less than 120 ppm Olsen P, the amount of phosphorus that can be applied cannot exceed twice (two times) what the crop can remove in order to slow the build-up of soil phosphorus. Once soil test phosphorus levels reach 120 ppm Olsen P, applications of phosphorus are restricted to no more than what the crop can remove (one times) in order to stop further soil test phosphorus build-up. At 180 ppm Olsen P, no additional phosphorus may be applied.

It should be noted that soil-test phosphorus levels of 60 ppm Olsen P or greater are agronomically very high and at these levels most crops will not benefit from additional phosphorus beyond starter phosphorus. As phosphorus levels build up in soils, the concentration of phosphorus in runoff to waterways increases.

Therefore, to remain environmentally sustainable over a long-term planning horizon of 25 years or more, phosphorus applications from applied manure and other nutrient sources such as commercial fertilizers must be balanced with crop removal to avoid further build-up in soils. Consequently, sufficient land must be available in relatively close proximity to the operation so that manure can be applied at no more than one times the crop removal rate.

	I acknowledge that up to table above) may be require operation.	1,607 ed for the long	_acres (one times crop P_2O_5 removal from term environmental sustainability of the
9.0	Mortalities (Dead An	imal) Dispos	al
use, lives betw	management and storage of tock mortalities are handled i	livestock morta n an environm	ent Regulation establishes requirements for the alities in agricultural operations. This helps ensure entally sound manner. Winter application, of the following, of composted mortalities is
[e of Disposal: Rendering Composting Burial		☐ Incineration (in approved incinerator only)
	s the proposal include a perm Yes	nanent site for	composting mortalities?
utiliz	zes a substantial amount of m	nanure (>15% b	t facility is required if the composting process by weight) as a primary substrate. Please 204) 945-5081 for more information.
	.1 Mass Mortalities A plan for mass mortalitie	s is in place	
W	What steps will be taken in the	e case of mass	moralities?
N	Manitoba Sustainable Deve	lopment will b	e contacted in the event of mass mortalities
ir	n the future. Burial on site o	or removal to	an approved landfill site will be the preferred
n	nethod of disposal.		
_			

10.0 Project Site Description: Land Use Planning Considerations

For assistance contact your Community and Regional Planning Regional Office.

10.1 Development Plan and Zoning Bylaw

The Planning District or Municipal Development Plan and Zoning By-law adopted under <u>The Planning Act</u>, set policy and regulations for the use and development of land. A proposed livestock operation must comply with the requirements of both documents. In the absence of such documents, the Provincial Planning Regulation under <u>The Planning Act</u> applies.

10.2 Development Plan

Every Development Plan must contain a livestock operation policy (LOP) that identifies areas where new or expanded livestock operations may be allowed. It must also set general standards for the location and setback of livestock operations. Identifying the Development Plan's land use designation and policies (for the planning district or municipality that affect the site) will help confirm the project site's compliance. The Development Plan designations for the spread fields (if something other than agricultural) will indicate the potential loss of the fields in the future due to possible development.

Table 10-1: Development Plan

Name of Planning District	Hanover Development Plan. RM of De Salaberry Development Plan.
Development Plan by-law number	2170 (RM of Hanover). 2362-18 (RM of De Salaberry).
Land use designation of project site	Rural Area (RM of Hanover). General Agriculture (RM of De Salaberry).
Livestock operation policies – quote supportive policy numbers	3.3.5(a), 3.3.5(b), 3.3.7 and 3.3.14 (RM of Hanover). 3.1.3, 3.1.4, 3.1.8, 3.1.17, 3.1.18.2, 3.1.20, 3.1.21.1, 3.1.21.4, 3.1.23.1&4 (RM of De Salaberry).
Other Development Plan policies – quote supportive policy numbers	Goal 9, 3.2.4, 3.2.5 and 3.3.2(b) (RM of Hanover). 2.1.12, 2.3.5, 2.3.6 (RM of De Salaberry).
Non-supportive Development Plan policies	

The Development Plan livestock operation policies support the size and location of the proposed operation.

The Development Plan designations support the long term use of the proposed spread fields.

10.3 Zoning By-law

Identifying the zoning for the project site, the proposed spread fields and the related zoning provisions, helps determine the project's compliance and the minimum separation distances needed between the operation and property boundaries and other natural features and land uses. The Zoning By-law contains specific regulations that govern location and setback of livestock operations.

Identify the minimum project site requirements stated in the Zoning By-law.

Table 10-2: Zoning By-law

	Project Site Dimensions	Minimum Zoning By-Law Site Requirements
Minimum Site Area	155 acres	160 acres
Minimum Site Width	2,620 ft	1,000 ft
Minimum Front Yard	1,077 ft	164 ft
Minimum Side and Rear Yard	445 ft side and 470 ft rear	164 ft

If any project (front, side or rear) yard site dimensions are less than the Zoning Bylaw minimum, a Variation Order from the Municipality will be required.

10.4 Separation Distances (Zoning By-law or Provincial Planning Regulation)¹¹

Using the proposed size of the operation (see <u>Animal Units Calculator</u>) and the type of animal housing and manure storage facility, complete the following table.

Indicate the distance from:

A. earthen manure storage facility OR B. feedlot and

C. animal confinement facility OR D. non-earthen manure storage facility...

Table 10-3: Separation Distances

to the following land use features (if applicable)	Indicate minimum separation distance required in the Zoning By-law or Provincial Planning Regulation (If applicable) Check appropriate box(es)		If land use feature is less than the minimum separation distance required in the Zoning By-law or Provincial Planning Regulation	
	⊒ A □ B	⊒ c ⊒ D	Provide actual distance	Provide location or name of feature (e.g. Red River)
Residence/ dwelling	1,968 ft	984 ft	3,743 ft	SE 19-5-5E
Designated area 12(non- agricultural)	7,874 ft	5,249 ft	7,500 ft	Residential area to NE
Livestock operation	N/A	N/A	1,236 ft	NW 19-5-5E
Other significant features/land uses				

In cases where minimum separation distances are not stated in the Zoning By-law or Development Plan, the minimum separation distances in the Provincial Planning Regulation apply. If any separation distance is less than the Zoning By-law minimum, a Variation Order will be required from the Municipality.

Indicate on a Land Use and Spread Field Map (See Land Use and Spread Field Map Example 13):

- a) location of the project site, location and ownership of spread fields
- b) land uses and significant features including dwellings
 - i) within a 1 mile radius of the project site
 - ii) within and adjacent to each spread field.

10.5 Buffer Area from Crown Lands

Indicate in the table below if the proposed <u>livestock operation</u> (project site and spread fields) is located **within 1 mile** of any designated parcel of Crown land which would include: Provincial Park, Wildlife Management Area, Ecological Reserve, Provincial Forest, and Wildlife Refuge/Sanctuary. If applicable, also indicate the name of the Designated Crown Land.

Please complete the following table.

Table 10-4: Buffer Areas

Type of Designated Crown Land	Distance from perimeter of Designated Crown Land	Name of Designated Crown Land (e.g. Spruce Woods Provincial Park)
Provincial Park	☐ 1 mile or less☐ Greater than 1 mile	St Malo Provincial Park
Wildlife Management Area	☐ 1 mile or less☐ Greater than 1 mile	St Malo Wildlife Management Area
Ecological Reserve	☐ 1 mile or less☐ Greater than 1 mile	None in close proximity
Provincial Forest	☐ 1 mile or less☐ Greater than 1 mile	Sandilands Provincial Forest
Wildlife Refuge/Sanctuary	☐ 1 mile or less☐ Greater than 1 mile	None in close proximity

If any Crown land parcel is to be utilized as part of the proposed planned works where the proposed works will involve the installation of infrastructure (e.g., pipe/hose) that will be placed on the surface of the land, the appropriate Crown land disposition may be required (e.g., General Permit/Work Permit¹⁴). The proponent is encouraged to contact the Regional Lands Manager with Manitoba Sustainable Development for further discussion. Contact the Crown Lands and Property Agency at http:\clp.gov.mb.ca or toll free at 1-866-210-9589 or 1-204-239-3510.

10.6 Setback Distances

Use the following table to indicate setback distances, as required under the <u>Livestock Manure</u> and <u>Mortalities Management Regulation</u> (M.R. 42/98).

Table 10-5: Setback Distances

Feature	Structures	Minimum setback distance required (m)	Actual Setback distance (m)	Provide location or name of feature (e.g. Red River)
	Manure storage facility	100 m	143 m	Tributary of Joubert Creek
Surface watercourses, sinkholes, spring or well	Field storage	100 m	>100 m	All water features
	Composting site	100 m	344 m	Roadside ditch
	Confined livestock area	100 m	63 m	Tributary of Joubert Creek
	Manure storage facility	100 m	143 m	West property line
Property Line	Composting site	100 m	226 m	North property line
	Confined livestock area	100 m	140 m	South property line

If any setback distances have not been met, please provide explanation below:

An existing confined livestock area south of the proposed site is currently closer to the tributary of Joubert Creek than the minimum setback distance. This confined livestock area will be eliminated as part of the proposed expansion.

11.0 Truck Haul Routes and Access Points¹⁵

One consideration with new or expanding livestock operations is the potential impact on existing public roads (municipal and provincial), access and the need for improvements or mitigation. Complete the following table.

Access from PTH/PR onto Access onto PTH/PR from **Estimated Average** site will mainly require a site will mainly require a Number of Times per **Left or Right Hand Turn Left or Right Hand Turn Day Accessing** Please check one Please check one Vehicle **Provincial Provincial Provincial** Type **Provincial Trunk Provincial** Trunk Provincial Trunk Road (PR) Road (PR) Highway Road (PR) Highway Highway (PTH) (PTH) (PTH) LEFT RIGHT LEFT RIGHT LEFT RIGHT LEFT RIGHT 2 Truck X X Tractor Trailer Other, 4 X X specify

Table 11-1: Truck Haul Routes and Access Points

Identify what roads and access points will be used for the proposed operation? (See <u>Truck Haul Routes and Access Points Map</u> for an example).

■ Truck Haul Routes and Access Point Map attached

12.0 Conservation Data Centre Report

A Conservation Data Centre Report must be requested and the response attached to this site assessment. The request may be submitted electronically at: www.gov.mb.ca/conservation/cdc.

Were rare species identified in the Conse	rvation Data Centre Report?
☐ Yes	⊒ No

13.0 Supporting Documents

Check the supporting documents included in this submission:

	Contact Information and Privacy and Publication Notice
	Location Map (shows proposed project within rural municipality)
	Project Site Plan (proposed operation showing current and proposed structures)
	Animal Units Calculator
	Water Requirement Calculator
	Dairy Barn Water Requirement Estimator
	Manure Production Calculator
	Existing and Proposed Manure Storage Facility Dimension Tables (if applicable)
	Manure Treatment Supporting Documentation (if applicable)
	Manure Application Field Characteristics Table
	Crop Rotation Table
	Recent manure application field soil sample results (Olsen Phosphorus – ppm at 0-6 inch
	depth)
	Manitoba Agriculture Land Base Calculator
	Letter from the Manitoba Pork Council under the Hog Production Pilot Protocol (pigs
onl	
	Land Use and Spread Field Map (location and ownership of operation, location and
	distance to non-agricultural uses, development plan designation, zoning for project site and spread fields)
	Truck Haul Routes and Access Points Map (with routes and access points on
	municipal/provincial roads and/or provincial trunk highways)
	Response from the Conservation Data Centre
	Other, please specify:

14.0 Additional Information:

Committee to review your proposal.
It is proposed to expand the existing dairy operation located on SW 19-5-5E in the RM of Hanover from
the existing 300 mature cows plus associated livestock to 600 mature cows plus associated livestock.
The existing buildings will continue to serve the existing operation and a new barn and a new earthen
manure storage lagoon will be constructed north of the existing manure storage tanks to facilitate
the increased livestock inventory. Sufficient land base has been identified in the RM of De Salaberry and
RM of Hanover for manure spreading to ensure long-term environmental sustainability. Moreover,
filing of an annual manure management plan will ensure monitoring of sustainability. The existing
Water Rights Licence will be expanded to facilitate the increase in the livestock population.
Because of expropriation of a parcel of land for road allowance within the quarter section, the
actual project site area (155 acre) is less than the minimum zoning by-law site requirement of 160 acre.
Consequently, a consensus of treating the actual project site area as 160 acre for the purpose of this
project was obtained from Amos Wiebe of the Rural Municipality of Hanover thus no variance is necessary.
However, as the proposed earthen manure storage is located closer to the rural residential area
located on NW 29-5-5E than the required separation distance a variance application has been
submitted to the RM of Hanover in support of varying this separation distance.

15.0 Declaration

•	verify that the information contained in the Site Assessment, and all pporting Documents, are accurate and complete to my knowledge.
Date:	2018/12/14 (YYYY/MMM/DD)
Name:	Peter Grieger (Please Print Clearly)
Signature: _.	ft A;

If a plan is required, the proponent may attach the acceptance letter from the director of Manitoba Sustainable Development in an appendix to the Site Assessment as supporting documentation, demonstrating compliance with section 12.2(1) of the Livestock Manure and Mortalities Management Regulation (M.R. 42/98). For more information, contact Manitoba Sustainable Development at (204) 945-4384.

¹¹" Agricultural operations are a source of traffic, noise, dust and odours. One of the key elements to successful siting of a livestock operation is to observe appropriate separation distances between potentially conflicting land uses. This is particularly important for the effective dispersion and dilution of odours from pig production facilities. When deciding where to build a new livestock operation, it is best to choose a site with as few neighbours as possible."

Section 6.2 Setbacks and Other Steps to Avoid Conflicts - Farm Practice Guidelines for Pig Producers in MB (April 2007)

Identifying the distance to the nearest land use features such as a neighbouring agricultural operation or nonagricultural designated uses (such as residential or recreational designated areas in the Development Plan), sensitive areas such as wildlife management areas or critical habitat, individual dwellings and various water bodies and drains

¹ Identifying the location of the project is needed to determine the compliance with zoning and other by-laws. The inclusion of a location map helps to identify the project site within the municipality.

² Indicating if the operation is new or expanding helps determine what regulation requirements are needed to be met for the proposal.

³ The regulatory requirements such as municipal by-laws and provincial regulations will vary with type and size of a livestock operation.

⁴ The regulatory requirements such as provincial regulations will vary with the type of housing.

⁵ Confined livestock areas most commonly refer to outdoor, open livestock facilities such as beef feedlots or cowcalf operation facilities ("open confined livestock areas"). The LMMMR includes covered structures, open to the elements, used for the rearing of livestock that feature a floor design that constitutes an effective water barrier, such as concrete ("Covered Confined Livestock Areas"). For example biotech shelters for feeder pig production and hoop structures.

⁶ The site plan is needed to ensure that required yard and other requirements can be met. Noting other features such as dwellings, shelterbelts, water source locations, drainage patterns, access points and the property dimensions enable the applicant to ensure proper site planning and sufficient separation distances between features to meet provincial regulations.

⁷ The province regulates the use of surface and ground water. Identifying the source of water will be required for resource management and licensing purposes.

⁸ A water well log is a report completed by the well driller after the construction of the well. Copies of the report are left with the well owner, the well drilling contractor and the Water Science and Management Branch of Manitoba Sustainable Development. Water well logs provide useful information on the geology of the well site and can be used to assess the potential vulnerability of the site to groundwater contamination.

⁹ The Province regulates the use of surface and ground water. Identifying the amount of water needed will be required for resource management and licensing purposes.

¹⁰New or expanding livestock operations in certain areas must have access to additional lands suitable for the application of livestock manure located within a reasonable distance, in the opinion of the director of Manitoba Sustainable Development. Reasonable distance is considered to be within a 10 mile radius of the operation for liquid manure. If land is identified beyond the 10 mile radius, a producer must submit a plan to the director of Manitoba Sustainable Development for approval describing the action taken and proposed to be taken to achieve and maintain soil phosphorus levels below 60 ppm.

enable the applicant to ensure that minimum separation distances are maintained between those various uses and the proposed animal confinement facility and manure storage facilities.

Any clearing activity, related construction activity, or works associated with the manure spreading application will also require the appropriate permitting under applicable legislation (e.g., The Crown Lands Act, The Forestry Act etc. Please contact the Regional Lands Manager or Conservation Officer for additional information.

¹²Is an area identified on a Development Plan Map based on its current or future use?

¹³ The mapping of the project site, neighbouring designated residential areas, individual residences and surface water features enables the applicant to describe the geographic setting and general suitability of the area for the project. This may also assist the applicant in determining appropriate setbacks for field storage of manure, composting manure, and composting mortalities. By identifying a 3-kilometer area around the project site, the applicant is made aware of all land owners that will be notified regarding the public Conditional Hearing that will take place as part of the review process.

¹⁴ If undesignated Crown lands will be used for manure spreading purposes; including the laying of pipe, including draglines, or clearing activity, it will require the proponent to obtain a Crown Lands General Permit disposition that will authorize the use and access of the subject Crown Land(s).

¹⁵Identifying truck haul routes and access points on municipal and Provincial Roads and/or Provincial Trunk Highways assists the province and municipality in planning and identifies any potential required access permits. The information also allows other stakeholders to determine potential impacts on existing roads and adjacent land uses.